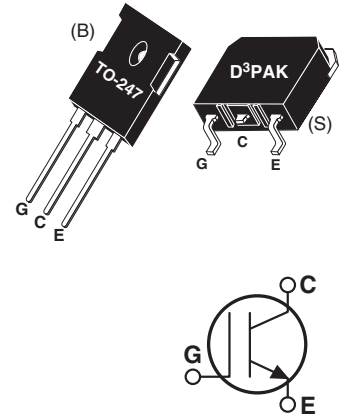


Utilizing the latest Field Stop and Trench Gate technologies, these IGBT's have ultra low $V_{CE(ON)}$ and are ideal for low frequency applications that require absolute minimum conduction loss. Easy paralleling is a result of very tight parameter distribution and a slightly positive $V_{CE(ON)}$ temperature coefficient. Low gate charge simplifies gate drive design and minimizes losses.

- 600V Field Stop
- Trench Gate: Low $V_{CE(on)}$
- Easy Paralleling
- 6 μ s Short Circuit Capability
- 175°C Rated



Applications: Welding, Inductive Heating, Solar Inverters, SMPS, Motor drives, UPS

MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings: $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	APT20GN60B_S(G)	UNIT
V_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	600	Volts
V_{GE}	Gate-Emitter Voltage	± 30	
I_{C1}	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	40	Amps
I_{C2}	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	24	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ^① @ $T_C = 175^\circ\text{C}$	60	
SSOA	Switching Safe Operating Area @ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$	60A @ 600V	
P_D	Total Power Dissipation	136	Watts
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_L	Max. Lead Temp. for Soldering: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.	300	

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	Units
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 2mA$)	600			Volts
$V_{GE(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 290\mu A, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	5.0	5.8	6.5	
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 20A, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	1.1	1.5	1.9	
	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 20A, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$)		1.7		
I_{CES}	Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 600V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$) ^②			25	μA
	Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 600V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$) ^②			TBD	
I_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current ($V_{GE} = \pm 20V$)			300	nA
$R_{G(int)}$	Integrated Gate Resistor		N/A		Ω



CAUTION: These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

APT20GN60B_S(G)

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	Capacitance $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		1110		pF
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance			50		
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			35		
V_{GEP}	Gate-to-Emitter Plateau Voltage	Gate Charge $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 300V$ $I_C = 20A$		9.5		V
Q_g	Total Gate Charge ^③			120		nC
Q_{ge}	Gate-Emitter Charge			10		
Q_{gc}	Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge			70		
SSOA	Switching Safe Operating Area	$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}, R_G = 4.3\Omega^{⑦}, V_{GE} = 15V, L = 100\mu\text{H}, V_{CE} = 600V$	60			A
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	$V_{CC} = 360V, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, R_G = 4.3\Omega^{⑦}$	6			μs
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	Inductive Switching (25°C) $V_{CC} = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 20A$ $R_G = 4.3\Omega^{⑦}$ $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$		9		ns
t_r	Current Rise Time			10		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			140		
t_f	Current Fall Time			95		
E_{on1}	Turn-on Switching Energy ^④			230		μJ
E_{on2}	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) ^⑤			260		
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy ^⑥			580		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	Inductive Switching (125°C) $V_{CC} = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 20A$ $R_G = 4.3\Omega^{⑦}$ $T_J = +125^\circ\text{C}$		9		ns
t_r	Current Rise Time			10		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			160		
t_f	Current Fall Time			130		
E_{on1}	Turn-on Switching Energy ^④			250		μJ
E_{on2}	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) ^⑤			450		
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy ^⑥			750		

THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (IGBT)			1.1	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (DIODE)			N/A	
W_T	Package Weight		5.9		gm

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

② For Combi devices, I_{ces} includes both IGBT and FRED leakages

③ See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471.

④ E_{on1} is the clamped inductive turn-on energy of the IGBT only, without the effect of a commutating diode reverse recovery current adding to the IGBT turn-on loss. Tested in inductive switching test circuit shown in figure 21, but with a Silicon Carbide diode.

⑤ E_{on2} is the clamped inductive turn-on energy that includes a commutating diode reverse recovery current in the IGBT turn-on switching loss. (See Figures 21, 22.)

⑥ E_{off} is the clamped inductive turn-off energy measured in accordance with JEDEC standard JESD24-1. (See Figures 21, 23.)

⑦ R_G is external gate resistance, not including $R_{G(int)}$ nor gate driver impedance. (MIC4452)

Microsemi Reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT20GN60B_S(G)

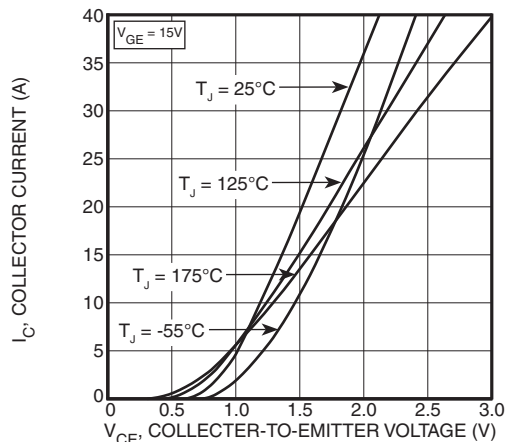


FIGURE 1, Output Characteristics($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

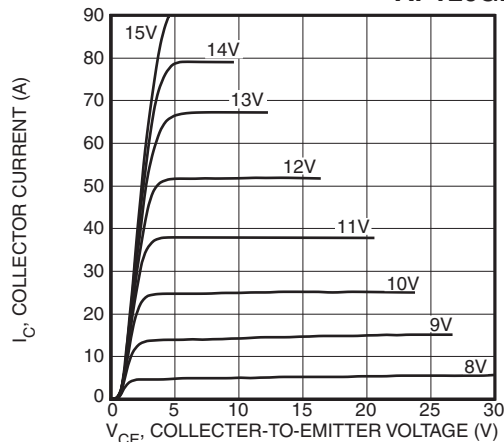


FIGURE 2, Output Characteristics ($T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$)

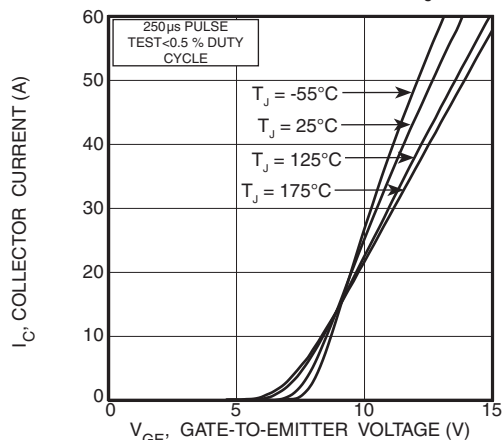


FIGURE 3, Transfer Characteristics

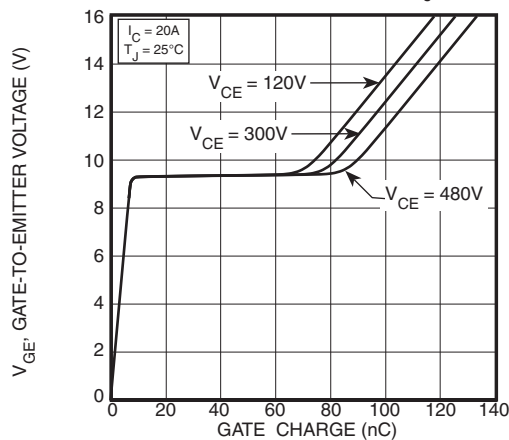


FIGURE 4, Gate Charge

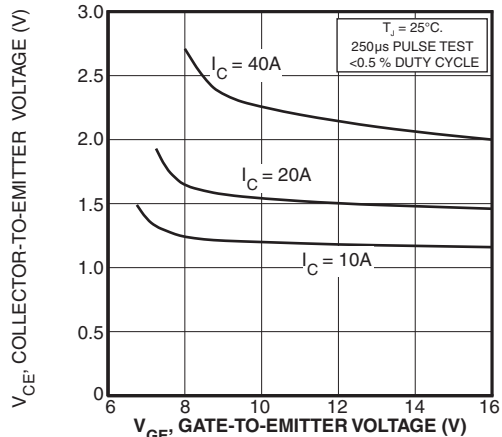


FIGURE 5, On State Voltage vs Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

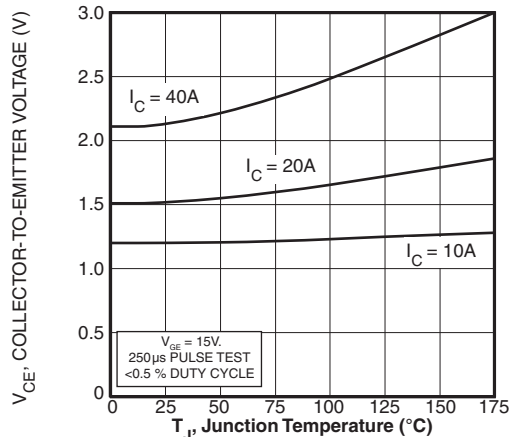


FIGURE 6, On State Voltage vs Junction Temperature

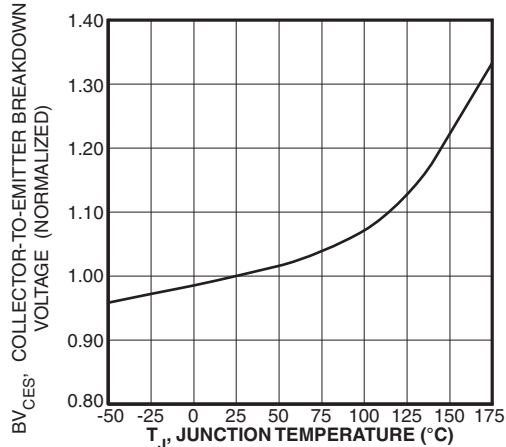


FIGURE 7, Breakdown Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

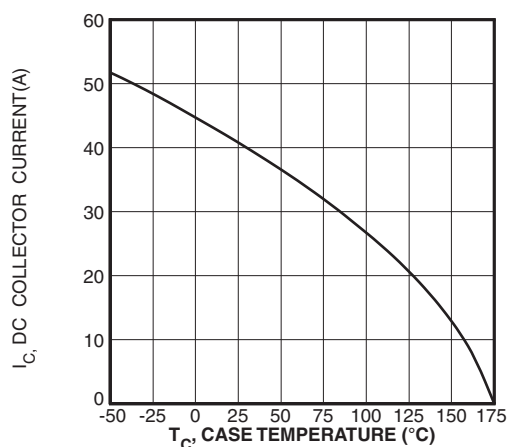


FIGURE 8, DC Collector Current vs Case Temperature

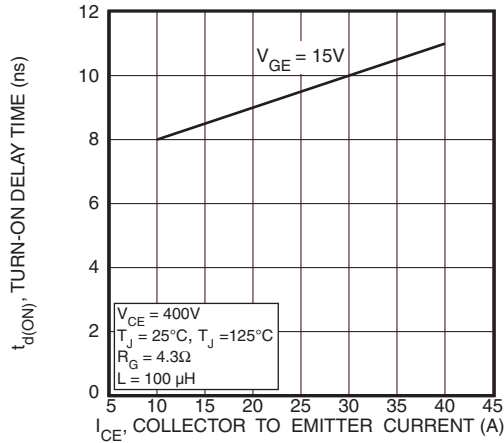


FIGURE 9, Turn-On Delay Time vs Collector Current

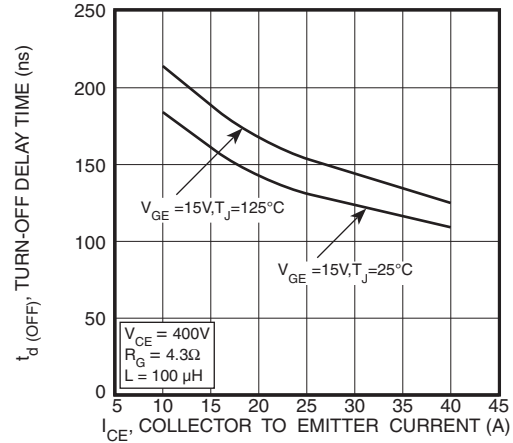


FIGURE 10, Turn-Off Delay Time vs Collector Current

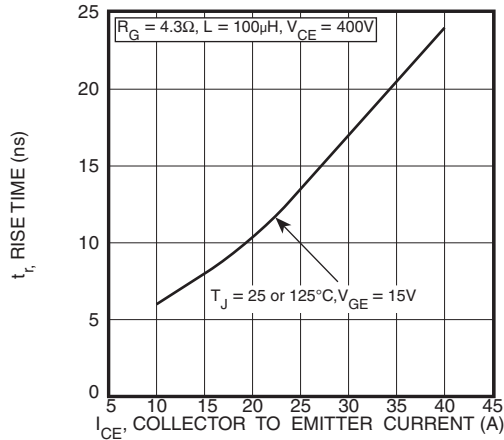


FIGURE 11, Current Rise Time vs Collector Current

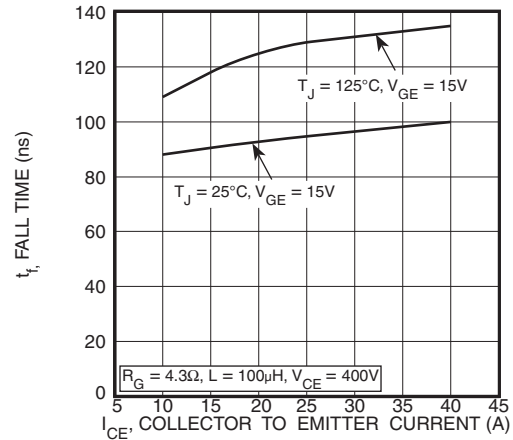


FIGURE 12, Current Fall Time vs Collector Current

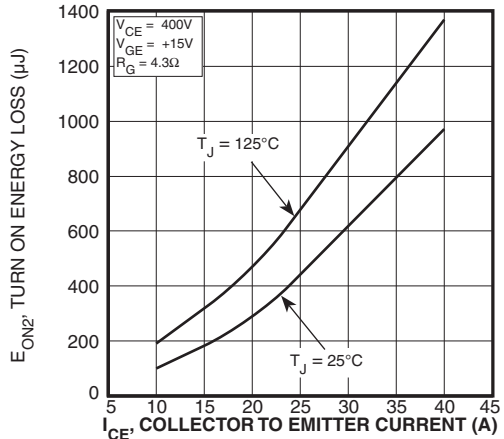


FIGURE 13, Turn-On Energy Loss vs Collector Current

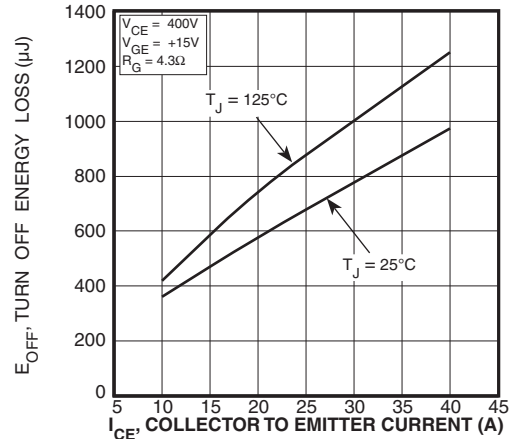


FIGURE 14, Turn Off Energy Loss vs Collector Current

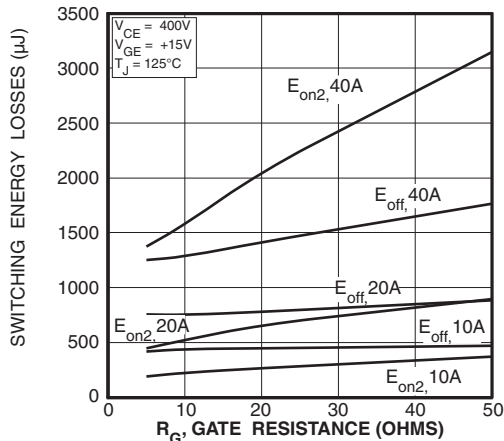


FIGURE 15, Switching Energy Losses vs. Gate Resistance

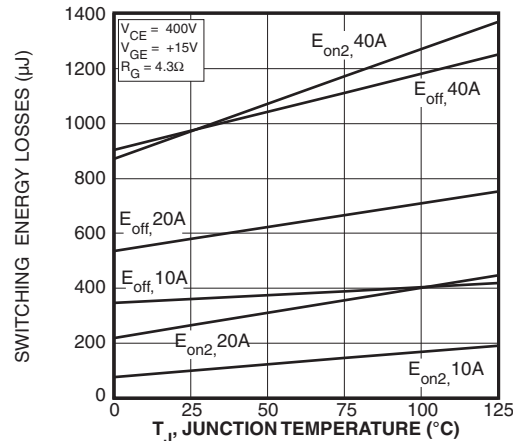


FIGURE 16, Switching Energy Losses vs Junction Temperature

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

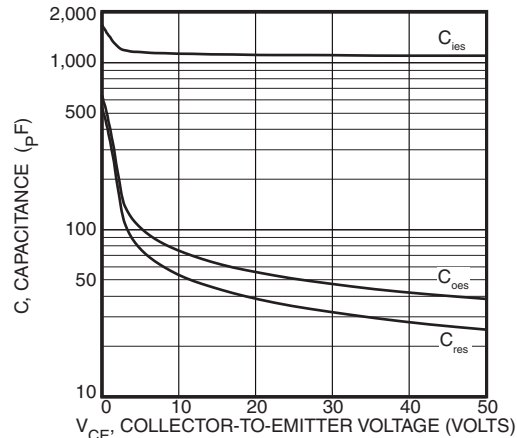


Figure 17, Capacitance vs Collector-To-Emitter Voltage

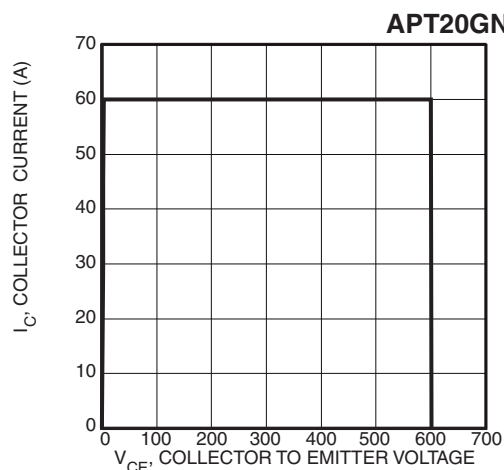


Figure 18, Minimum Switching Safe Operating Area

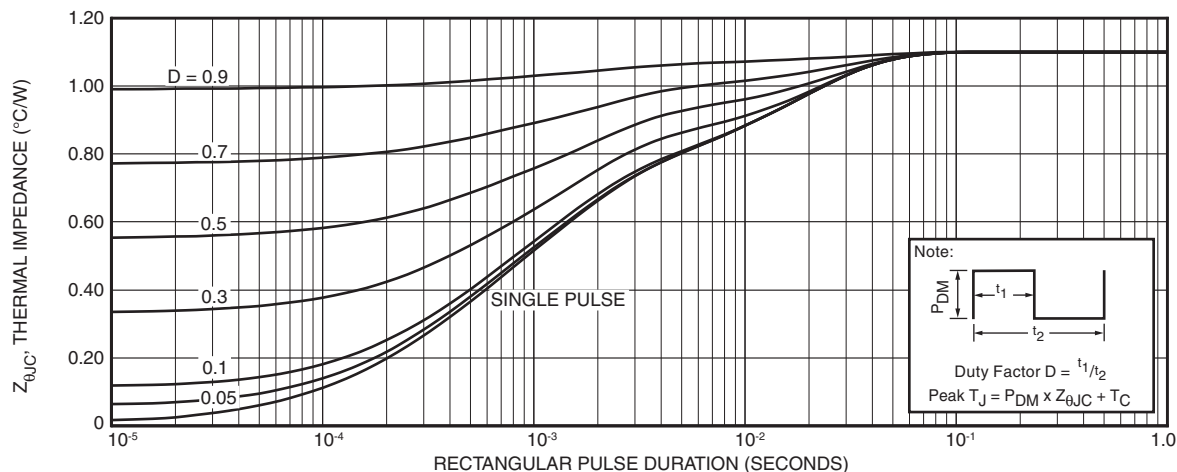


Figure 19, Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-To-Case vs Pulse Duration

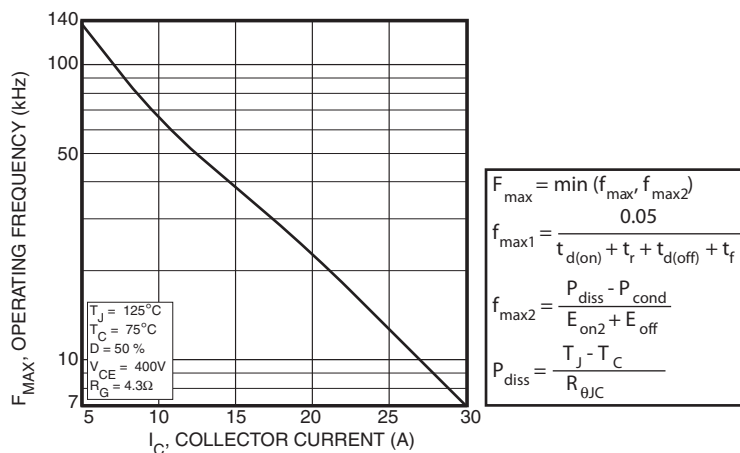


Figure 20, Operating Frequency vs Collector Current

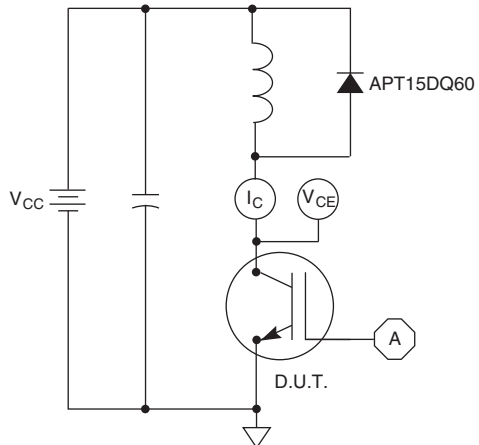


Figure 21, Inductive Switching Test Circuit

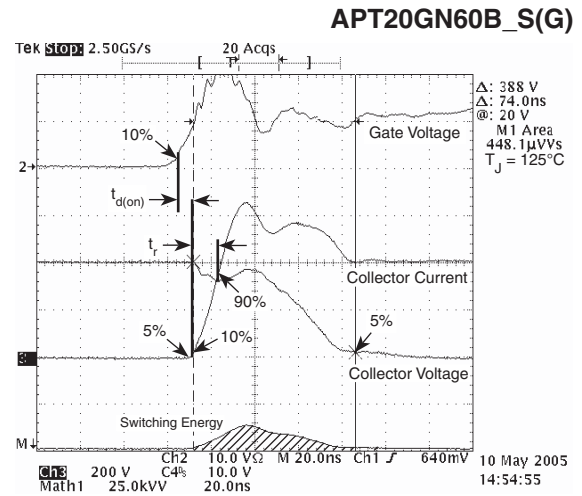


Figure 22, Turn-on Switching Waveforms and Definitions

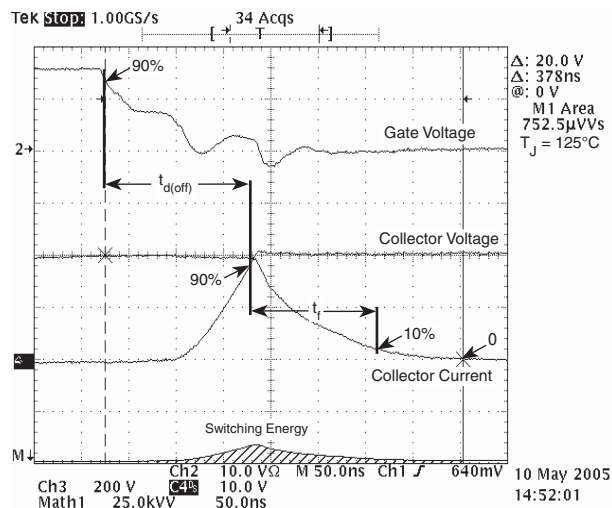
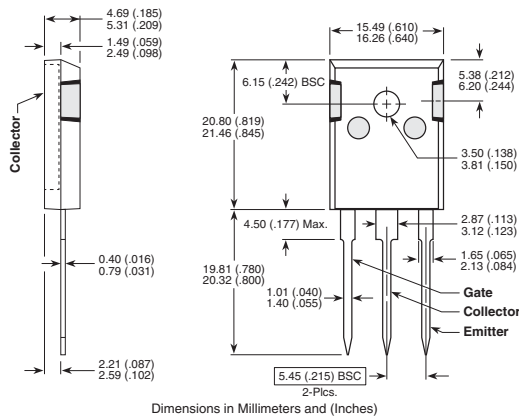


Figure 23, Turn-off Switching Waveforms and Definitions

TO-247 Package Outline

e1 SAC: Tin, Silver, Copper



D³PAK Package Outline

e3 SAC: Tin, Silver, Copper

