



Ferrites and accessories

PM 114/93
Core and accessories

Series/Type: **B65733, B65734**
Date: September 2006

PM 114/93

Core

B65733

- To IEC 61247
- For power transformers
>1 kW (20 kHz) and energy storage chokes
- Delivery mode: sets

Magnetic characteristics (per set)

$$\Sigma l/A = 0.116 \text{ mm}^{-1}$$

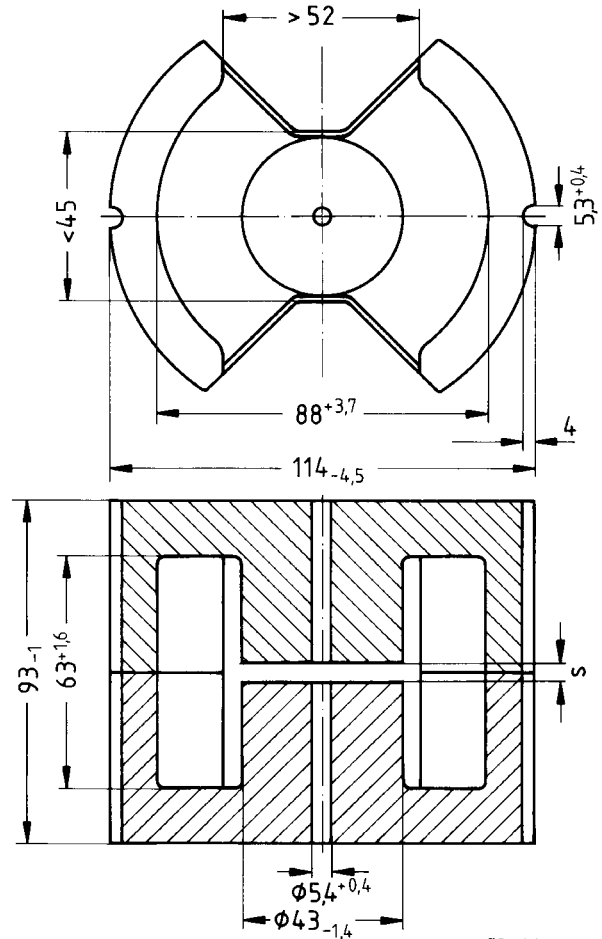
$$l_e = 200 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_e = 1720 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_{\min} = 1380 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$V_e = 344000 \text{ mm}^3$$

Approx. weight 1940 g/set



FPK0016-B

Gapped

Material	A_L value nH	s approx. mm	μ_e	Ordering code
N27	$630 \pm 3\%$ $6300 \pm 15\%$	3.80 0.22	58 583	B65733A0630A027 B65733A6300L027

Ungapped

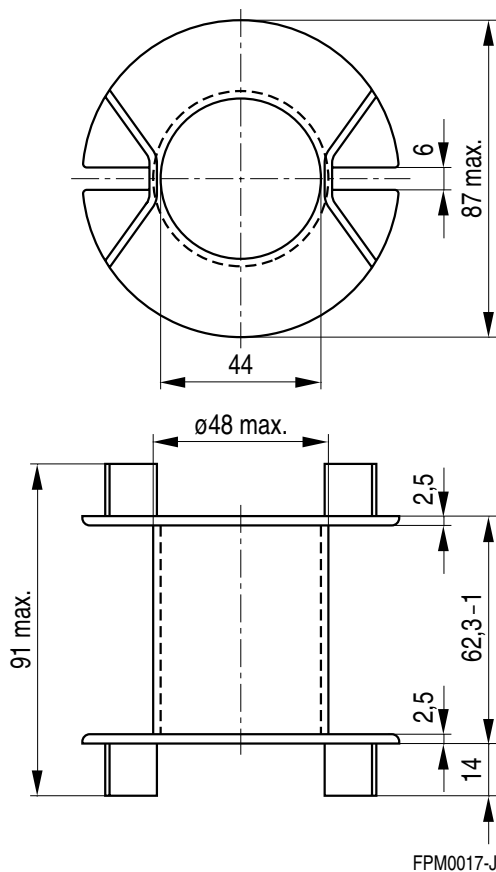
Material	A_L value nH	μ_e	P_V W/set	Ordering code
N27	$16000 +30/-20\%$	1480	< 14.0 (100 mT, 25 kHz, 100 °C)	B65733A0000R027
N87	$16000 +30/-20\%$	1480	< 10.0 (50 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65733A0000R087

Coil former without solder pins

Material: Polyphenylene sulphide (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 85:
F $\triangleq$ max. operating temperature 155 °C), color code black
Ryton R-4, [E54700 (M)], CHEVRON PHILLIPS CHEMICAL CO L P

Winding: see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

Sections	A_N mm ²	l_N mm	A_R value $\mu\Omega$	Ordering code
1	1070	210	6.75	B65734B1000T001



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Cautions and warnings

Mechanical stress and mounting

Ferrite cores have to meet mechanical requirements during assembling and for a growing number of applications. Since ferrites are ceramic materials one has to be aware of the special behavior under mechanical load.

As valid for any ceramic material, ferrite cores are brittle and sensitive to any shock, fast changing or tensile load. Especially high cooling rates under ultrasonic cleaning and high static or cyclic loads can cause cracks or failure of the ferrite cores.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "General – Definitions, 8.1".

Effects of core combination on A_L value

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "General – Definitions, 8.2".

Heating up

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

NiZn-materials

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.

Processing notes

- The start of the winding process should be soft. Else the flanges may be destroyed.
- Too strong winding forces may blast the flanges or squeeze the tube that the cores can no more be mounted.
- Too long soldering time at high temperature (>300 °C) may affect coplanarity or pin arrangement.
- Not following the processing notes for soldering of the J-leg terminals may cause solderability problems at the transformer because of pollution with Sn oxide of the tin bath or burned insulation of the wire. For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.2".
- The dimensions of the hole arrangement have fixed values and should be understood as a recommendation for drilling the printed circuit board. For dimensioning the pins, the group of holes can only be seen under certain conditions, as they fit into the given hole arrangement. To avoid problems when mounting the transformer, the manufacturing tolerances for positioning the customers' drilling process must be considered by increasing the hole diameter.

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