



Power line chokes

Current-compensated frame core double chokes
250 V AC, 0.45 ... 1.6 A, 10 ... 100 mH

Series/Type: **B82732F**

Date: October 2008

Rated voltage 250 V AC

Rated current 0.45 A to 1.6 A

Rated inductance 10 mH to 100 mH

Construction

- Current-compensated double choke
- Closed magnetic circuit with frame construction
- 4-section winding with direct winding of the core
- Height 14 mm
- Clearance and creepage distances >3 mm

Features

- High inductance with low resistance
- Excellent differential-mode suppression
- High pulse-handling capability
- Industry best inductance/rated current ratio
- Suitable for wave soldering
- Design complies with EN 60938-2 (VDE 0565-2)
- VDE and UL approval  
- RoHS-compatible

Applications

- Electronic ballasts for lamps
- High power switch-mode power supplies for consumer electronics

Terminals

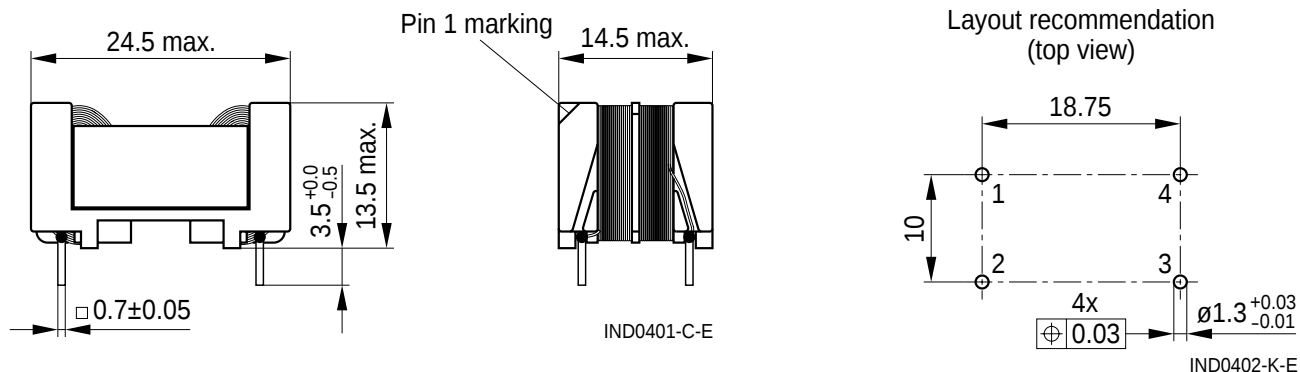
- Lead-free
- Pins 0.7×0.7 (mm)
- Pins in the lead spacing 10×18.75 (mm)

Marking

Manufacturer, date of manufacture (YYWW), production place, rated inductance, rated current, ordering code, pin 1 marking



Dimensional drawing and layout recommendation



Dimensions in mm

Technical data and measuring conditions

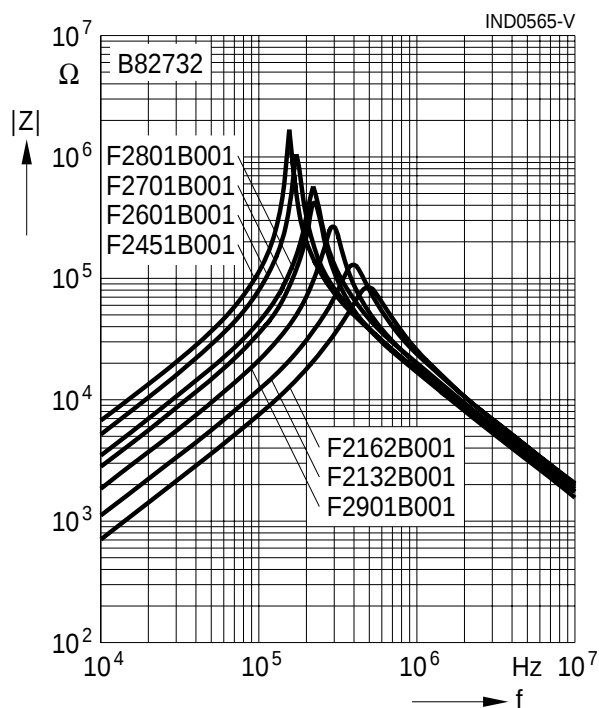
Rated voltage V_R	250 V AC (50/60 Hz)
Test voltage V_{test}	1500 V AC, 2 s (line/line)
Rated temperature T_R	40 °C
Rated current I_R	Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature
Rated inductance L_R	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 0.1 mA, 20 °C Inductance is specified per winding.
Inductance tolerance	-30/+50% at 20 °C
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I_R , 20 °C
Stray inductance $L_{stray,typ}$	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 5 mA, 20 °C, typical values
DC resistance R_{typ}	Measured at 20 °C, typical values, specified per winding
Solderability (lead-free)	Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: (245 ±5) °C, (3 ±0.3) s Wetting of soldering area ≥ 95% (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)
Resistance to soldering heat (wave soldering)	(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)
Climatic category	40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)
Storage conditions (packaged)	-25 °C ... +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH
Weight	Approx. 18 g
Approvals	EN 60938-2, UL 1283

Characteristics and ordering codes

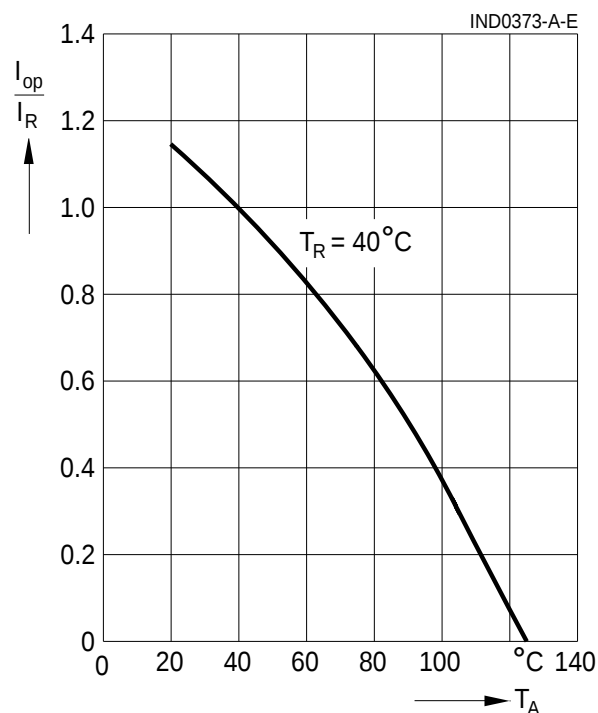
I_R A	L_R mH	$L_{\text{stray,typ}}$ μH	R_{typ} $\text{m}\Omega$	Ordering code	Approvals	
						
0.45	100	1930	2930	B82732F2451B001	×	×
0.6	68	1340	1970	B82732F2601B001	×	×
0.7	47	920	1260	B82732F2701B001	×	×
0.8	39	760	1100	B82732F2801B001	×	×
0.9	27	520	770	B82732F2901B001	×	×
1.3	15	290	430	B82732F2132B001	×	×
1.6	10	200	290	B82732F2162B001	×	×

× = approval granted

Impedance $|Z|$ versus frequency f
measured with windings in parallel at 20 °C
typical values



Current derating I_{op}/I_R
versus ambient temperature T_A



Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

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The following applies to all products named in this publication:

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