

CY7C10612DV33

16-Mbit (1M x 16) Static RAM

Features

- High speed □ t_{AA} = 10 ns
- Low active power □ I_{CC} = 175 mA at 10 ns
- Low CMOS standby power □ I_{SB2} = 25 mA
- Operating voltages of 3.3 ± 0.3V
- 2.0V data retention
- Automatic power down when deselected
- TTL compatible inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion with \overline{CE} and \overline{OE} features
- Available in Pb-free 54-Pin TSOP II package

Functional Description

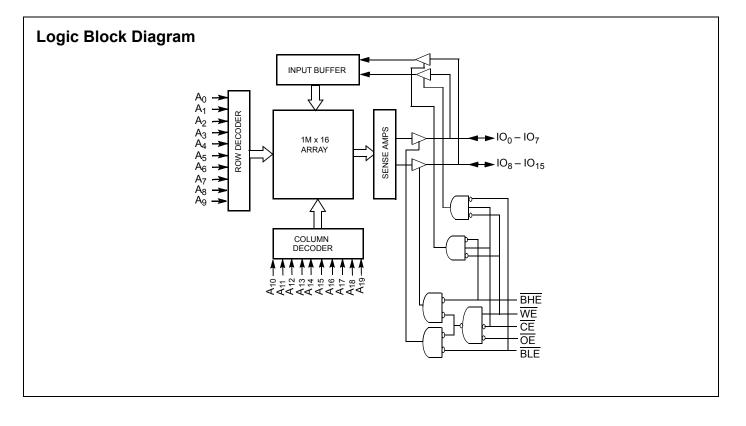
The CY7C10612DV33 is a high performance CMOS Static RAM organized as 1,048,576 words by 16 bits.

To write to the device, take Chip Enables $\overline{(CE)}$ and Write Enable $\overline{(WE)}$ input LOW. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from IO pins (IO₀ through IO₇), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A₀ through A₁₉). If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from IO pins (IO₈ through IO₁₅) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A₀ through A₁₉).

To read <u>from</u> the device, take Chip Enables ($\overline{\text{CE}}$) and Output Enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) LOW <u>while</u> forcing the Write Enable (WE) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by <u>the</u> address pins appears on IO₀ to IO₇. If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from memory appears on IO₈ to IO₁₅. See the Truth Table on page 9 for a complete description of Read and Write modes.

The input or output pins (IO_0 through IO_{15}) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected (CE HIGH), the outputs are disabled (OE HIGH), the BHE and BLE are disabled (BHE, BLE HIGH), or during a write operation (CE LOW and WE LOW).

The CY7C10612DV33 is available in a 54-Pin TSOP II package with center power and ground (revolutionary) pinout.



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Selection Guide

Description	–10	Unit
Maximum Access Time	10	ns
Maximum Operating Current	175	mA
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	25	mA

Pin Configuration

IO ₁₂ 🗖 1	54 🔲 IO ₁₁
V _{CC} 2	53 🗌 V _{SS}
IO ₁₃ 🗖 3	52 🗍 IO ₁₀
IO ₁₄ _ 4	51 🗌 IO ₉
V _{SS} 🗖 5	50 🗌 V _{CC}
IO ₁₅ 🗌 6	49 🗌 IO ₈
A ₄ 7	48 🗌 A ₅
A ₃ 🗌 8	47 🗖 A ₆
A ₂ 9	46 🗌 A ₇
$A_1 \square 10$	45 🗖 A ₈
	44 🗖 A ₉
	43 🗖 NC
V _{CC} 14	41 🗌 V _{SS}
WE 15	40 🗖 NC
NC 🗌 16	39 🗌 BLE
A ₁₉ 🗌 17	38 🗌 A ₁₀
A ₁₈ 🗌 18	37 🗖 A ₁₁
A ₁₇ 🗖 19	36 🛛 A ₁₂
A ₁₆ 20	35 🗌 A ₁₃
A ₁₅ □ 21	34 🗌 A ₁₄
IO ₀ 22	33 🗌 IO ₇
V _{CC}	32 🗌 V _{SS}
IO ₁ 🗌 24	31 🔲 IO ₆
IO ₂ □25	30 🗌 IO ₅
V _{SS} 26	29 🗌 V _{CC}
10 ₃ 🗌 27	28 🗆 IO ₄

Figure 1. 54-Pin TSOP II (Top View) ^[1]



Maximum Ratings

Exceeding the maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage Temperature	–65°C to +150°C
Ambient Temperature with Power Applied	-55°€ to +125°€
Supply Voltage on V _{CC} Relative to GN	
DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Z State ^[2]	–0.5V to V _{CC} + 0.5V

DC Input Voltage ^[2]	–0.5V to V _{CC} + 0.5V
Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage	>2001V
(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	
Latch Up Current	>200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	v _{cc}	
Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	$3.3V\pm0.3V$	

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Deremeter	Description	Test Conditions	_	Unit		
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min Max		Onit	
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = -4.0 mA	2.4		V	
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 8.0 mA		0.4	V	
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage [2]		-0.3	0.8	V	
I _{IX}	Input Leakage Current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{CC}$	-1	+1	μA	
I _{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	$GND \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$, Output disabled	-1	+1	μA	
I _{CC}	V _{CC} Operating Supply Current	V_{CC} = Max, f = f _{MAX} = 1/t _{RC} , I _{OUT} = 0 mA CMOS levels		175	mA	
I _{SB1}	Automatic CE Power Down Current — TTL Inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max } V_{CC}, \ \overline{CE} \geq V_{IH}, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{IH} \ \text{or} \ V_{IN} \leq V_{IL}, \ f = f_{MAX} \end{array}$		30	mA	
I _{SB2}	Automatic CE Power Down Current —CMOS Inputs	$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Max } V_{CC}, \ \overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3V, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3V, \ \mbox{or } V_{IN} \leq 0.3V, \ \mbox{f} = 0 \end{array} $		25	mA	



Capacitance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	TSOP II	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	T _A = 25°C, f = 1 MHz, V _{CC} = 3.3V	6	pF
C _{OUT}	IO Capacitance		8	pF

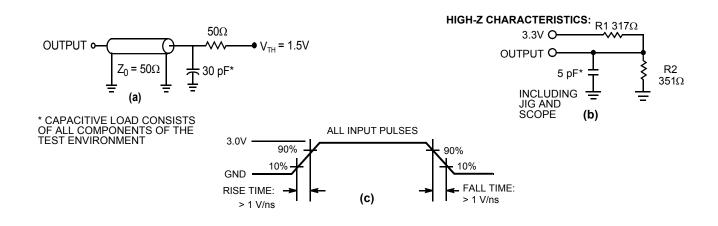
Thermal Resistance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	Description Test Conditions		TSOP II	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four layer printed circuit board	24.18	°C/W
Θ _{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		5.40	°C/W

The AC Test Loads and Waveforms diagram follows. [3]

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms



Note

Valid SRAM operation does not occur until the power supplies have reached the minimum operating V_{DD} (3.0V). 100 μs (t_{power}) after reaching the minimum operating V_{DD}, normal SRAM operation begins including reduction in V_{DD} to the data retention (V_{CCDR}, 2.0V) voltage.



AC Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range [4]

Demonster	Description		10	11 14
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle		•		
t _{power}	V _{CC} (Typical) to the First Access ^[5]	100		μs
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	10		ns
t _{AA}	Address to Data Valid		10	ns
t _{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	3		ns
t _{ACE}	CE LOW to Data Valid		10	ns
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to Data Valid		5	ns
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to Low Z	1		ns
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to High Z ^[6]		5	ns
t _{LZCE}	CE LOW to Low Z ^[6]	3		ns
t _{HZCE}	CE HIGH to High Z ^[6]		5	ns
t _{PU}	PU CE LOW to Power Up ^[7]			ns
t _{PD}	CE HIGH to Power Down ^[7]		10	ns
t _{DBE}	Byte Enable to Data Valid		5	ns
t _{LZBE}	Byte Enable to Low Z	1		ns
t _{HZBE}	Byte Disable to High Z		5	ns
Write Cycle ^[8, 9]	· ·			
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	10		ns
t _{SCE}	CE LOW to Write End	7		ns
t _{AW}	Address Setup to Write End	7		ns
t _{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0		ns
t _{SA}	Address Setup to Write Start	0		ns
t _{PWE}	WE Pulse Width	7		ns
t _{SD}	Data Setup to Write End	5.5		ns
t _{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0		ns
t _{LZWE}	WE HIGH to Low Z ^[6]	3		ns
t _{HZWE}	WE LOW to High Z ^[6]		5	ns
t _{BW}	Byte Enable to End of Write	7		ns

Notes

t_{POWER} gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply is at typical V_{CC} values until the first memory access is performed. 5.

t_{JZOE}, t_{JZCE}, t_{IZCE}, t_{LZCE}, t_L 6.

These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.
The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE = V_{IL}. Chip enable must be active and WE and byte enables must be LOW to initiate a write, and the transition of any of these signals can terminate. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle No. 2 (WE controlled, OE LOW) is the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}.

Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, and input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V. Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading shown in part a) of AC Test Loads and Waveforms, unless specified otherwise. 4.

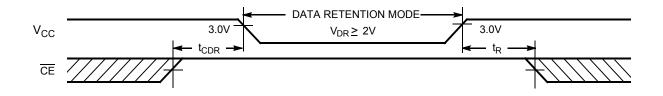


Data Retention Characteristics

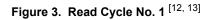
Over the Operating Range

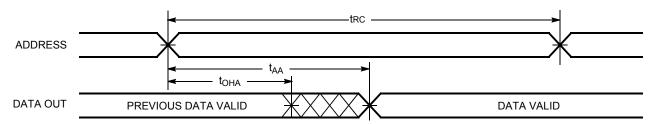
Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{DR}	V _{CC} for Data Retention		2			V
I _{CCDR}	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = 2V, \overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V,$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V \text{ or } V_{IN} \le 0.2V$			25	mA
t _{CDR} ^[10]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0			ns
t _R ^[11]	Operation Recovery Time		t _{RC}			ns

Data Retention Waveform



Switching Waveforms





Notes

- 10. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters. 11. Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC}(min.) \ge 50 \ \mu s$ or stable at $V_{CC}(min.) \ge 50 \ \mu s$. 12. The device is continuously selected. OE, CE = V_{IL} , BHE, BLE or both = V_{IL} . 13. WE is HIGH for read cycle.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

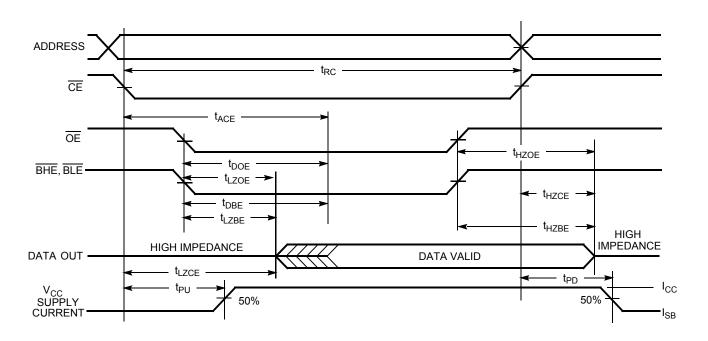
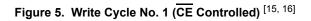
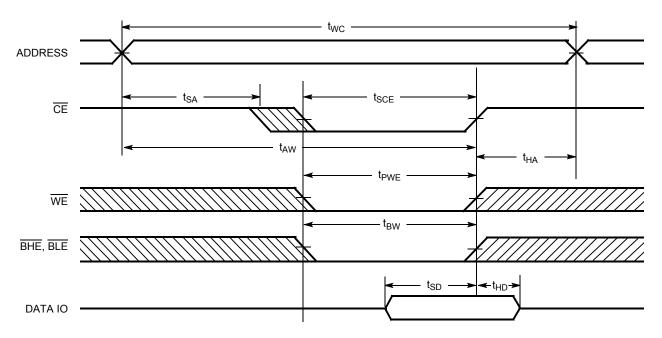


Figure 4. Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled) ^[13, 14]





Notes

Address valid before or similar to CE transition LOW.
 Data IO is high impedance if OE, BHE, and/or BLE = V_{IH}.
 If CE goes HIGH simultaneously with WE going HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

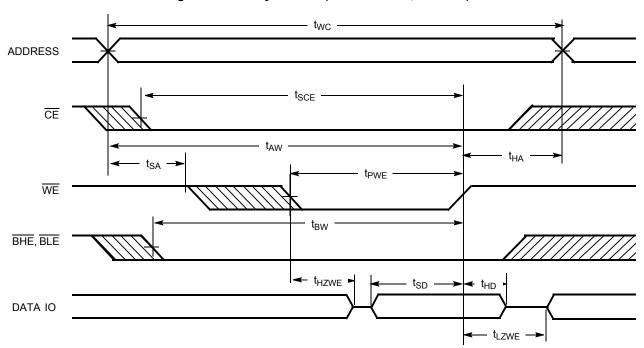
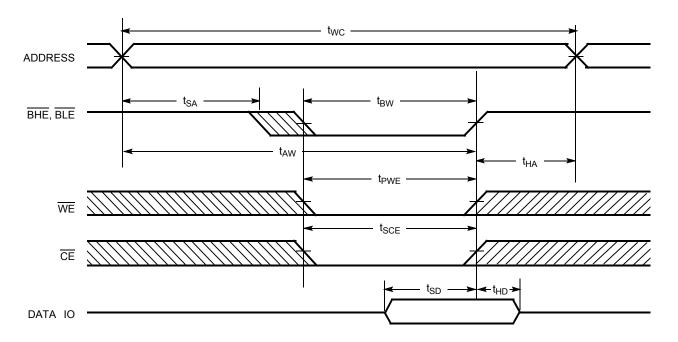


Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled, OE LOW) ^[15, 16]

Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 3 (BLE or BHE Controlled) ^[15]





Truth Table

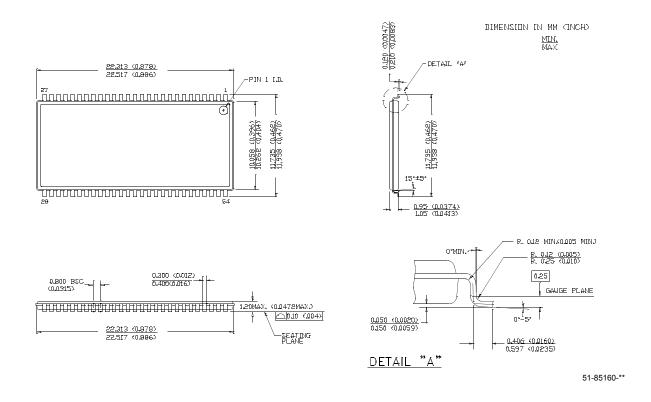
CE	OE	WE	BLE	BHE	10 ₀ –10 ₇	10 ₈ –10 ₁₅	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
L	L	Н	L	L	Data Out	Data Out	Read All Bits	Active (I _{CC})
L	L	Н	L	Н	Data Out	High-Z	Read Lower Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	L	Н	Н	L	High-Z	Data Out	Read Upper Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	Х	L	L	L	Data In	Data In	Write All Bits	Active (I _{CC})
L	Х	L	L	Н	Data In	High-Z	Write Lower Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	Х	L	Н	L	High-Z	Data In	Write Upper Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I _{CC})

Ordering Information

	eed 1s)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
1	10	CY7C10612DV33-10ZSXI	51-85160	54-Pin TSOP II (Pb-Free)	Industrial

Package Diagrams

Figure 8. 54-Pin TSOP Type II





Document History Page

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Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change			
**	2589743	VKN/PYRS	10/15/08	New datasheet			
*A	2718906	VKN	06/15/2009	Post to external web			

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