



**1.0 Hz to 100 kHz
Fixed Frequency**

**32 Pin DIP
6-Pole Filters**

Description

The D76 and DP76 Series of low-power, fixed-frequency, linear active filters are high performance, 6-pole filters in a compact package. These Butterworth and Bessel low-pass and Butterworth high-pass filters (D76 only) combine linear active filter design with the space savings of a 32-pin dual in-line package (DIP). Each model comes factory tuned to a user-specified corner frequency between 1 Hz and 100 kHz (DP76, 1 Hz to 5kHz). These fully self-contained units require no external components or adjustments and operate with dynamic input voltage range from non-critical $\pm 5V$ to $\pm 18V$ power supplies.

Features/Benefits:

- Low cost solution for low frequency signal conditioning
- Compact DIP design minimizes board space requirements
- Plug-in ready-to-use, reducing engineering design and manufacturing time
- Factory tuned, no external clocks or adjustments needed saving time and labor of other discrete assembly solutions
- Low harmonic distortion and wide signal-to-noise ratio to 12 bit resolution

Applications

- Anti-alias filtering
- Vibration & shock analysis
- Automatic test equipment
- Aerospace, navigation and sonar
- Communication systems
- Medical electronics
- Sound and vibration testing
- Noise elimination
- Process control



Available Low-Pass Models:

D76L6B	6-pole Butterworth		.2
DP76L6B	6-pole Butterworth (Low Power)		.2
D76L6L	6-pole Bessel		.2
DP76L6L	6-pole Bessel (Low Power)		.2

Available High-Pass Models:

D76H6B	6-pole Butterworth		.2
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General Specifications:

Pin-out/package data & ordering information	...	.3
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Fixed Frequency

6-Pole Low-Pass and High-Pass Filters

Model	D76L6B & DP76L6B		D76L6L & DP76L6L		Model	D76H6B	
Product Specifications	Low-Pass		Low-Pass			High-Pass	
Transfer Function	6-Pole, Butterworth		6-Pole, Bessel		Transfer Function	6-Pole, Butterworth,	
Size					Size		
D76 1.00 Hz to 1.00 kHz	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.5"		1.8" x 0.8" x 0.5"		D76 1.00 Hz to 1.00 kHz	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.5"	
D76 1.01 kHz to 100 kHz	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"		1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"		D76 1.01 kHz to 100 kHz	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"	
DP76 1.00 Hz to 5.00 kHz	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.5"		1.8" x 0.8" x 0.5"				
Range f_c					Range f_c		
D76	1 Hz to 100 kHz		1 Hz to 100 kHz		D76	1 Hz to 100 kHz	
DP76	1 Hz to 5 kHz		1 Hz to 5 kHz				
Theoretical Transfer Characteristics	Appendix A Page 8		Appendix A Page 3		Theoretical Transfer Characteristics	Appendix A Page 28	
Passband Ripple (theoretical)	0.0 dB		0.0 dB		Passband Ripple (theoretical)	0.0 dB	
DC Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	0 ± 0.1 dB typ.		0 ± 0.1 dB typ.		Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	0 ± 0.1 dB to 100 kHz	
Stopband Attenuation Rate	36 dB/octave		36 dB/octave		Stopband Attenuation Rate	36 dB/octave	
Power Bandwidth					Power Bandwidth	120 kHz	
Small Signal Bandwidth					Small Signal Bandwidth	(-6 dB) 1 MHz	
Cutoff Frequency Stability	f _c ± 2% max.		f _c ± 2% max.		Cutoff Frequency Stability	f _c ± 2% max.	
Amplitude	± 0.03% /°C		± 0.03% /°C		Amplitude	± 0.03% /°C	
Phase	-3 dB -270°		-3 dB -155°		Phase	-3 dB -270°	
Filter Attenuation (theoretical)	0.29 dB	0.80 f _c	1.89 dB	0.80 f _c	Filter Attenuation (theoretical)	80.0 dB	.21 f _c
	3.01 dB	1.00 f _c	3.01 dB	1.00 f _c		60.0 dB	.32 f _c
	60.0 dB	3.16 f _c	60.0 dB	5.41 f _c		3.01 dB	1.00 f _c
	80.0 dB	4.64 f _c	80.0 dB	7.99 f _c		0.00 dB	2.50 f _c
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz					Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz		
D76	<-70 dB		<-70 dB		D76	<-70 dB	
DP76	<-70 dB		<-70 dB				
Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	200 μVrms typ.		200 μVrms typ.		Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	400 μVrms typ.	
Narrow Band Noise (20 Hz - 100 kHz)	50 μVrms typ.		50 μVrms typ.		Narrow Band Noise (20 Hz - 100 kHz)	100 μVrms typ.	
Filter Mounting Assembly	FMA-01A		FMA-01A		Filter Mounting Assembly	FMA-01A	



D76 & DP76 Series

Specification

(25°C and Vs ± 15 Vdc)

Analog Input Characteristics¹

Impedance	10 kΩ min.
Voltage Range	± 10 V _{peak}
Max. Safe Voltage	± Vs

Analog Output Characteristics

Impedance	1 Ω
Linear Operating Range	± 10 V
Maximum Current ²	
D76	± 10 mA
DP76	± 5 mA
Offset Voltage	20 mV max. 3 mV typ.
Offset Temp. Coeff.	20 μV / °C typ.

Power Supply (±V)

Rated Voltage	± 15 Vdc
Operating Range	± 5 to ± 18 Vdc
Maximum Safe Voltage	± 18 Vdc
Quiescent Current D76	9 mA max. 6.5 mA typ.
Quiescent Current DP76	2.0 mA max. 1.2 mA typ.

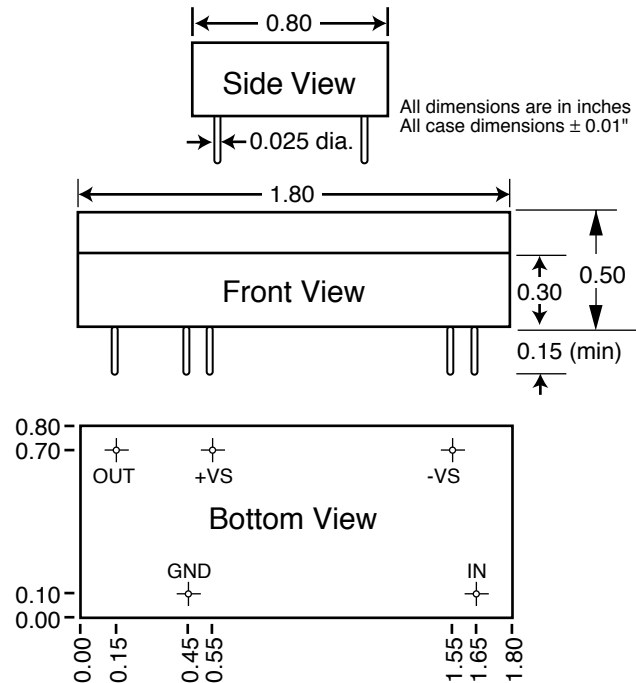
Temperature

Operating	0 to + 70 °C
Storage	- 25 to + 85 °C

Notes:

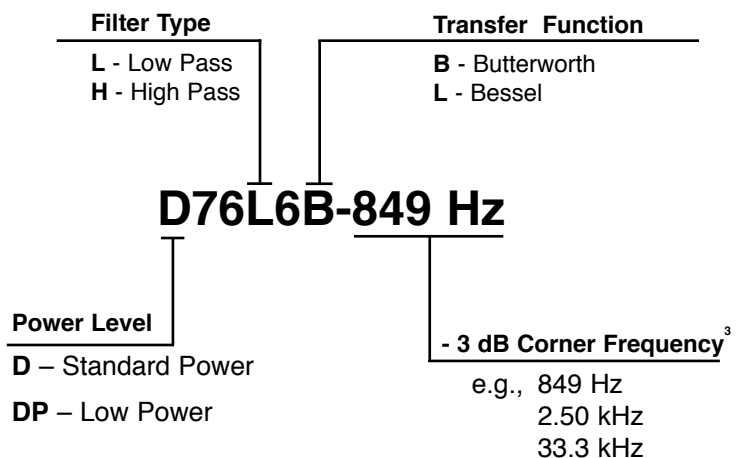
1. Input and output signal voltage referenced to supply common.
2. Output is short circuit protected to common. DO NOT CONNECT TO ±Vs.

Pin-Out and Package Data Ordering Information



Filter Mounting Assembly-See FMA-01A

Ordering Information



3. How to Specify Corner Frequency:

Corner frequencies are specified by attaching a three digit frequency designator to the basic model number. Corner frequencies can range from 1 Hz to 100 kHz.



Appendix A

Theoretical Transfer Characteristics

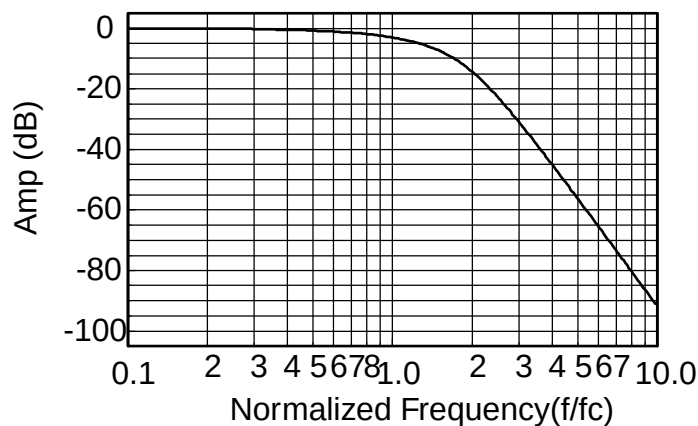
f/fc (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay¹ (sec)
0.00	0.00	0.00	.430
0.10	-0.029	-15.5	.430
0.20	-0.116	-31.0	.430
0.30	-0.261	-46.5	.430
0.40	-0.465	-62.0	.430
0.50	-0.728	-77.4	.430
0.60	-1.05	-92.9	.430
0.70	-1.44	-108	.430
0.80	-1.89	-124	.430
0.85	-2.15	-132	.430
0.90	-2.42	-139	.430
0.95	-2.70	-147	.430
1.00	-3.01	-155	.430
1.10	-3.68	-170	.429
1.20	-4.44	-186	.428
1.30	-5.29	-201	.426
1.40	-6.23	-216	.422
1.50	-7.29	-232	.416
1.60	-8.46	-246	.401
1.70	-9.74	-261	.393
1.80	-11.1	-275	.376
1.90	-12.6	-287	.357
2.00	-14.2	-300	.335
2.25	-18.3	-328	.279
2.50	-22.6	-351	.228
2.75	-26.7	-369	.187
3.00	-30.7	-385	.156
3.25	-34.5	-398	.131
3.50	-38.1	-408	.111
4.00	-44.7	-426	.083
5.00	-55.9	-449	.052
6.00	-65.2	-465	.036
7.00	-73.2	-476	.026
8.00	-80.1	-484	.020
9.00	-86.2	-490	.015
10.0	-91.6	-495	.013

1. Normalized Group Delay:

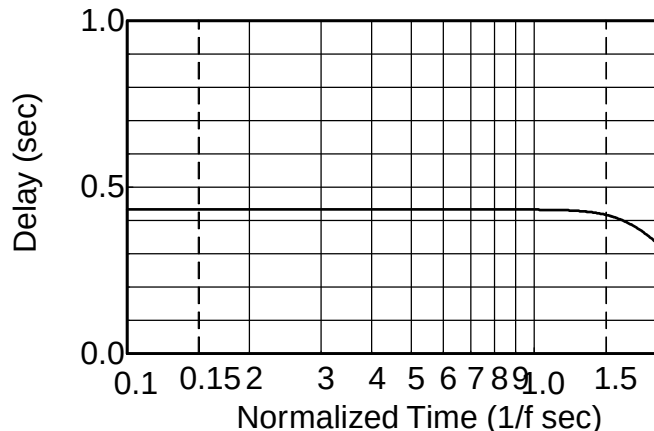
The above delay data is normalized to a corner frequency of 1.0Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual corner frequency (fc).

$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Corner Frequency (fc) in Hz}}$$

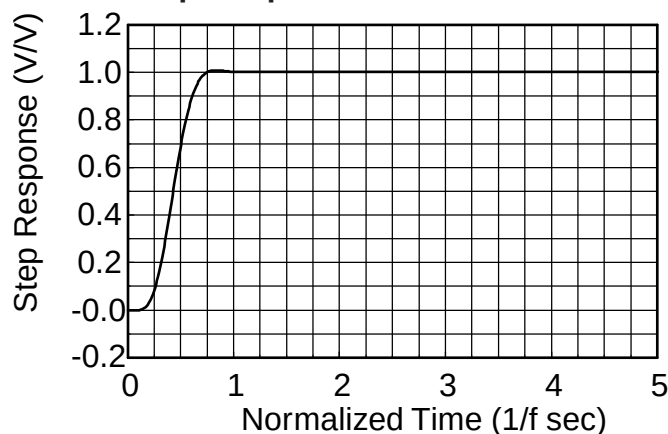
Frequency Response



Delay (Normalized)



Step Response





Appendix A

Theoretical Transfer Characteristics

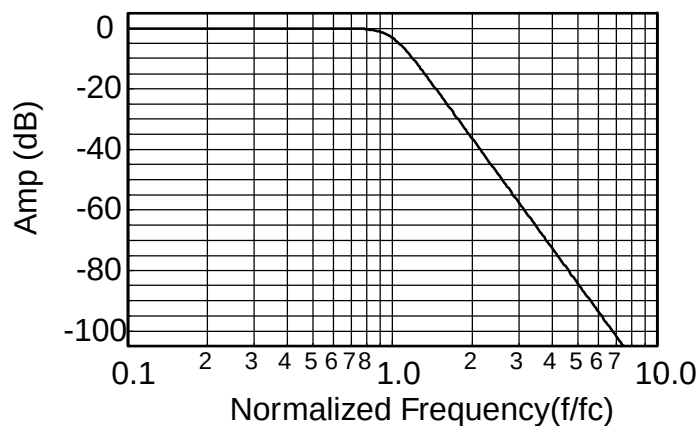
f/fc (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay¹ (sec)
0.00	0.00	0.00	.615
0.10	0.00	-22.2	.617
0.20	0.00	-44.5	.624
0.30	0.00	-67.2	.637
0.40	0.00	-90.4	.656
0.50	-0.001	-115	.685
0.60	-0.009	-140	.731
0.70	-0.060	-167	.803
0.80	-0.289	-198	.911
0.85	-0.578	-215	.970
0.90	-1.080	-233	1.02
0.95	-1.88	-252	1.03
1.00	-3.01	-270	1.00
1.10	-6.17	-304	.845
1.20	-9.96	-331	.660
1.30	-13.9	-352	.518
1.40	-17.6	-368	.417
1.50	-21.2	-382	.345
1.60	-24.5	-393	.291
1.70	-27.7	-403	.251
1.80	-30.6	-412	.219
1.90	-33.5	-419	.193
2.00	-36.1	-425	.171
2.25	-42.3	-439	.132
2.50	-47.8	-450	.105
2.75	-52.7	-458	.086
3.00	-57.3	-465	.071
3.25	-61.4	-471	.060
3.50	-65.3	-476	.052
4.00	-72.2	-484	.039
5.00	-83.9	-496	.025
6.00	-93.4	-503	.017
7.00	-101	-508	.012
8.00	-108	-512	.0097
9.00	-115	-515	.0076
10.0	-120	-518	.0062

1. Normalized Group Delay:

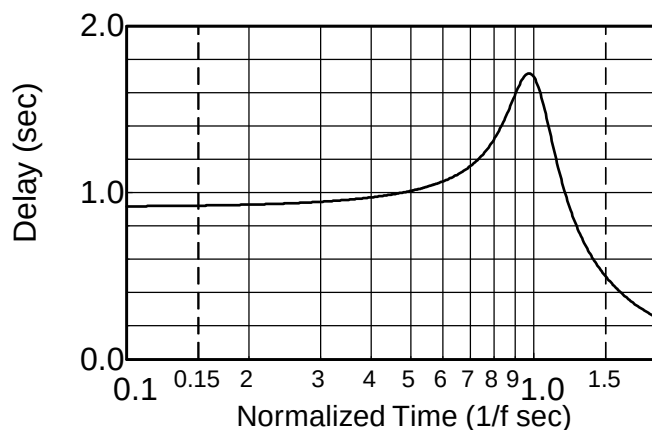
The above delay data is normalized to a corner frequency of 1.0Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual corner frequency (fc).

$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Corner Frequency (fc) in Hz}}$$

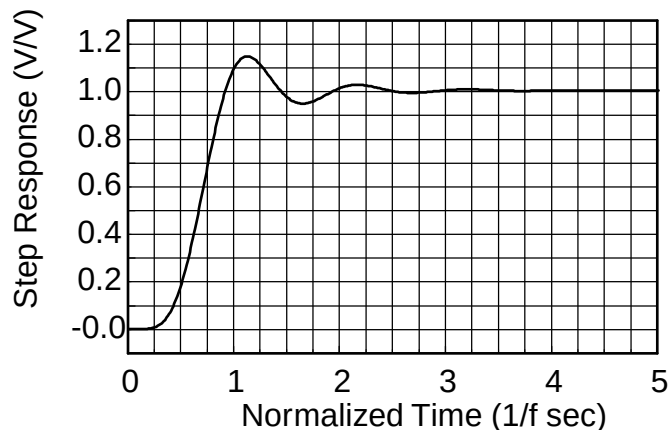
Frequency Response



Delay (Normalized)



Step Response

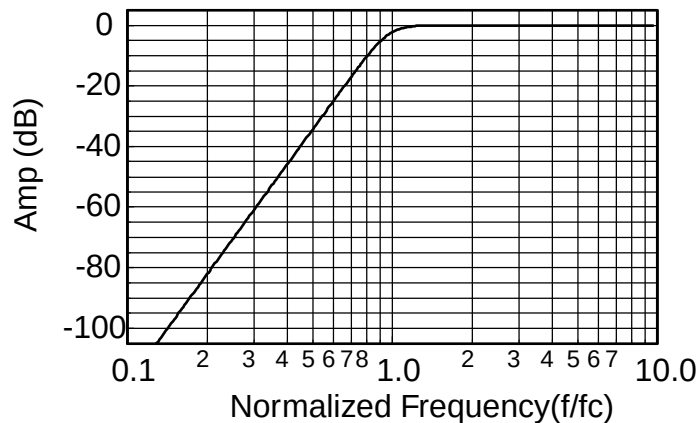




Theoretical Transfer Characteristics

f/fc (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay¹ (sec)
0.10	-120	518	0.617
0.20	-83.9	496	0.624
0.30	-62.7	473	0.637
0.40	-47.8	450	0.656
0.50	-36.1	425	0.685
0.60	-26.6	400	0.731
0.70	-18.6	373	0.803
0.80	-11.9	342	0.911
0.85	-9.05	325	0.970
0.90	-6.57	307	1.017
0.95	-4.55	288	1.033
1.00	-3.01	270	1.005
1.20	-0.46	209	0.660
1.40	-0.08	172	0.417
1.60	-0.02	147	0.291
1.80	-0.00	128	0.219
2.00	-0.00	115	0.171
2.50	-0.00	90.4	0.105
3.00	-0.00	74.8	0.071
4.00	0.00	55.8	0.039
5.00	0.00	44.5	0.025
6.00	0.00	37.0	0.017
7.00	0.00	31.7	0.013
8.00	0.00	27.7	0.010
9.00	0.00	24.6	0.008
10.0	0.00	22.2	0.006

Frequency Response



1.Normalized Group Delay:

The above delay data is normalized to a corner frequency of 1.0Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual corner frequency (fc).

$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Corner Frequency (fc) in Hz}}$$