

OC-192/STM-64 SFF Transponder

(1550nm, 40/80km transmission)

Members of Softac Family



Standard

Compliant with 300-PIN MSA
Compliant with ITU-T G.691
Compliant with ITU-T G.959.1
Compliant with Telcordia GR-253
Compliant with IEEE 802.3ae
Compliant with OIF SFI-4 interface
Compliant with Telcordia GR-468-Core
Compliant with IEC-60825-1 Class I

Features

- ◆ Compliant with the 300 pin MSA in a compact size
- ◆ Support transmission distance of 40km and 80km
- ◆ Support multi-rate operation from 9.953Gb/s to 11.318 Gb/s
- ◆ DWDM externally EA modulated laser
- ◆ Wide dynamic range InGaAs PIN or APD receiver
- ◆ 1:16 MUX/DEMUX integrated
- ◆ 16-bit parallel 622.08Mbps LVDS data interface
- ◆ Selectable dual fixed-rate jitter clean-up which can be bypassed for multi-rate operation
- ◆ Compliant I2C MSA (Edition 4.0) interface for monitoring/control
- ◆ Supply voltage: +1.8V, +3.3V, +5.0V, -5.2V
- ◆ Operating case temperature: -5°C to +70°C

Applications

- ◆ Metro network SDH / SONET system
- ◆ 10 Gigabit Ethernet system
- ◆ Forward Error Correction (FEC) system
- ◆ Optical Transport Network (OTN) System

Description

The transponders are intended for 1550nm system applications with reaches of up to 40km and 80km, which is designed to provide high optical performance for SONET OC-192 / SDH STM-64.

The transmitter converts the electrical data into 10Gbit/s optical signal, which uses 1550nm externally EA modulated laser with specified driving circuit.

At the receiving side, the incoming data stream is received at 10Gb/s PIN or APD receiver, which converts it into a 10Gb/s electrical data stream.

The MUX section multiplexes 16 parallel 622Mb/s electrical channels into a 10Gb/s series data stream and sent it to the transmitter. And the DEMUX section demultiplexes the 10Gb/s electrical data stream into 16 parallel 622Mb/s electrical channels. The parallel data is sent out to and get from the 300-pin MSA (Multi Source Agreement) compliant connector.

The transmitter and receiver reference clock rates are selectable for divide by 16 or 64.

Block Diagram

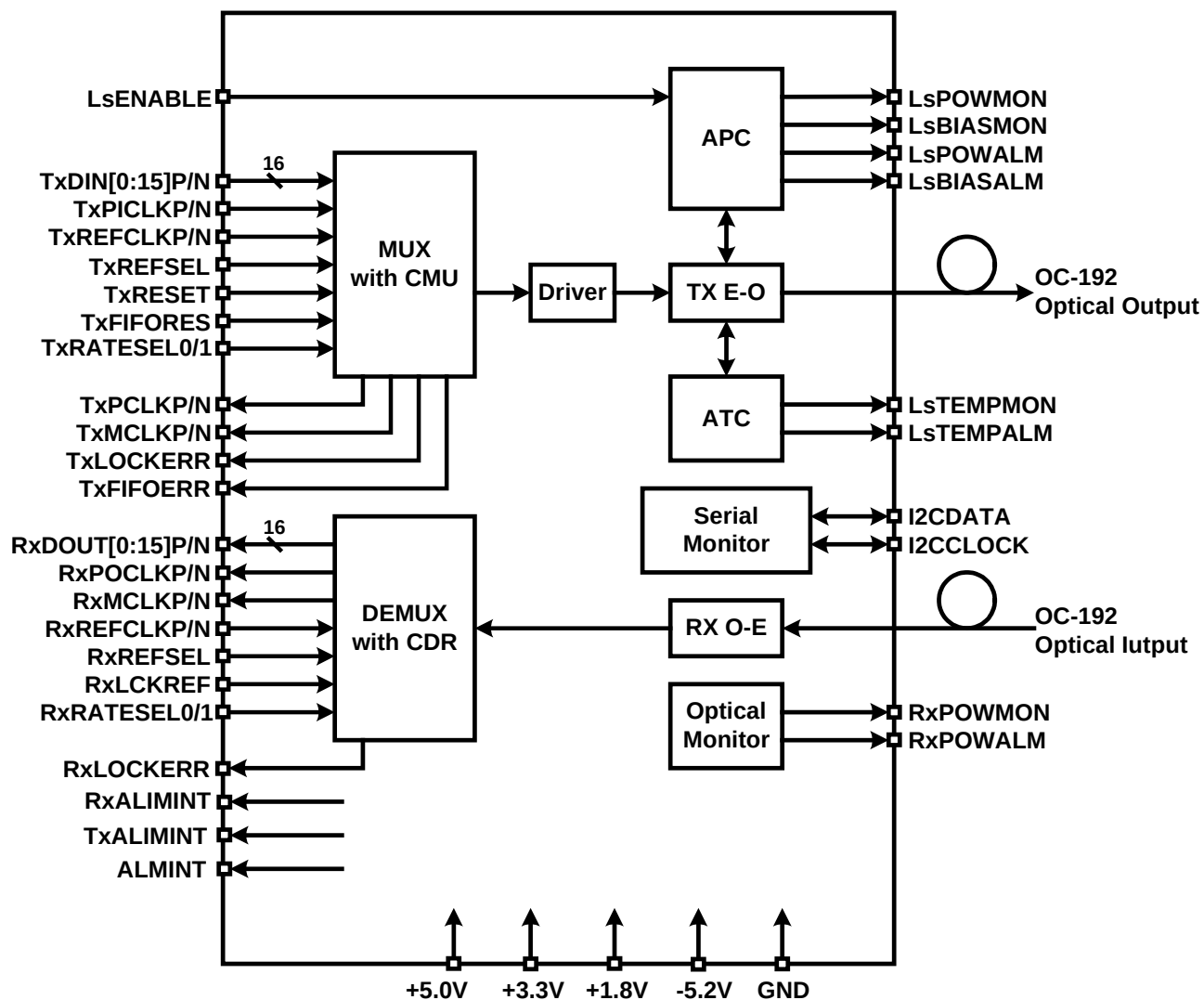


Figure 1, Block Diagram of Transponder

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the Absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device.

Table 1- Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature		T_S	-40	+85	°C
Operating Case Temperature		T_{cm}	-10	+75	°C
Supply Voltage		V_{cc}	-0.5	+6.0	V
		V_{dd1}	-0.5	+4.2	V
		V_{dd2}	-0.5	+3.3	V
		V_{ee}	-7.0	+0.5	V
Operating Relative Humidity (non-condensing)		RH		85	%
Electro-Static Discharge		ESD		2000	V
Input Optical Power	PIN	P_{in}		+3	dBm
	APD			+1	

Recommended Operating Conditions

Specified performance is maintained over all conditions in the table below, and damage to the device may occur over an extended period of time.

Table 2 - Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	T_C	-5		+70	°C
Supply Voltage	V_{cc}	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
	V_{dd1}	3.13	3.3	3.46	V
	V_{dd2}	1.62	1.8	1.98	V
	V_{ee}	-5.46	-5.2	-4.94	V
Supply Current	I_{cc}		100	150	mA
	I_{dd1}		300	750	mA
	I_{dd2}		700	850	mA
	I_{ee}		450	600	mA
Power consumption	P_d		5.00	7.00	W
Power supply noise rejection				50	mVp-p

Optical Interface Characteristics

Table 3 - Optical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter							
Centre Wavelength		λ_C	1528		1563	nm	
Wavelength Accuracy		$\Delta\lambda_C$	-0.1		+0.1	nm	
Output Power		P _{Out}	-1		+2	dBm	1
Output Power Stability			-0.5		+0.5	dBm	
Output Power at laser disable		P _{Out}			-45	dBm	
Spectral Width (-20dB)		Δ_{20}			0.3	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio		SMSR	35			dB	
Extinction Ratio	40km	ER	9			dB	
	80km		10				
Chromatic Dispersion	40km				800	ps/nm	
	80km				1600		
Output Optical Eye		Compliant with Telcordia GR-253-CORE and ITU-T G.691					
Jitter Generation		B1			0.3	UI	2
		B2			0.1	UI	2
Receiver							
Centre Wavelength		λ_C	1290		1600	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity	PIN	Pin		-19	-17	dBm	3
	APD			-26	-24		
Receiver Overload	PIN	Pin	-1	0		dBm	3
	APD		-6	-5			
Optical Path Penalty					2	dB	
Reflection of Receiver					-27	dB	
Jitter Tolerance		Compliant with Telcordia GR-253 and ITU-T G.825					
Jitter Transfer		Compliant with Telcordia GR-253 and ITU-T G.825					

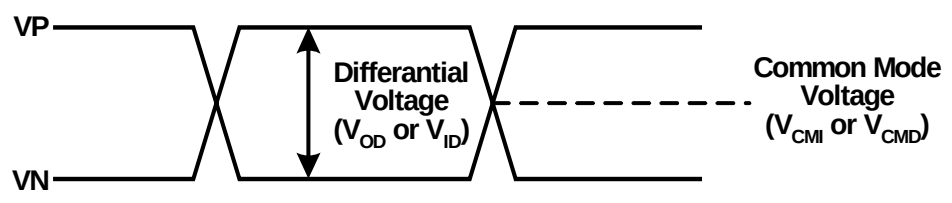
Notes:

1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
2. Measured with a NRZ PRBS $2^{31}-1$ test pattern @ 9.95328Gbps.
3. Measured with a NRZ PRBS $2^{31}-1$ test pattern @ 9.95328Gbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$.

Electrical Interface Characteristics

Table 4 - LVDS Input/Output Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
LVDS interface						
Input Differential Voltage	V_{ID}	200			mV	
Input Differential impedance	R_{ID}	80	100	120	Ω	
Output Differential Voltage	V_{OD}	500		1000	mV	
Output Common Mode Voltage	V_{CMO}					
Output Differential impedance	R_{OD}	80	100	120	Ω	
Rise Time/Fall time	$T_{rise/fall}$			250	ps	
Clock Signal Duty Cycle		45	50	55	%	



Definition of Differential Voltage Levels

Table 5 - Input Reference Clocks

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Input Differential Voltage	V_{ID}	400		1800	mV	
Differential Input Impedance	R_{ID}	80	100	120	Ω	
Clock signal Duty Cycle	T_w/T_o	45		55	%	

Table 6 - LVTTTL Input/Output Pin Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Input High Voltage		2.0		Vdd	V	
Input Low Voltage		GND		0.8	V	
Output High Voltage		2.4		Vdd	V	
Output Low Voltage		GND		0.4	V	

Transponder Clock Interfaces and Control

There are seven clock interfaces to the transponder. This section details the specific functions, capabilities, and limitations of each. Note that all clock rates shown are at STM-64/OC-192 rate, but should be scaled appropriately for other data rates.

The LVPECL TxREFCLK, provided via the 300-pin interface, may be at 1/16 or 1/64 of the transmitted serial data rate. The TxREFCLK must be synchronous with the TxPICLK. There are several approaches to ensure this synchronous relationship. The two most common are

- 1) locking the TxPICK to the TxPCLK out of the transponder
 - 2) generating TxPICK and TxREFCLK from the same clock on the line-card.
- The LVPECL RxREFCLK may be at 1/16 or 1/64 of the incoming data rate also.

Table 7 - Reference Clock characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Frequency	TxREFCLKP TxREFCLKN	155.52/622.08			MHz	Serial data-rate is 9.953Gbps
Frequency tolerance		-100		+100	ppm	
Rise/Fall time	Tr/Tf			300	ps	
Duty Cycle		40	50	60	%	
Receiver						
Frequency	RxREFCLKP RxREFCLKN	155.52/622.08			MHz	Serial data-rate is 9.953Gbps
Frequency tolerance		-100		+100	ppm	
Rise/Fall time	Tr/Tf			300	ps	
Duty Cycle		40	50	60	%	

Table 8 - Transmitter/Receiver Parallel Data/Clock Interface

Parameter	Symbol	Level	Notes
Transmitter 16-bit parallel Data Input	TxDin[0:15]P/N	LVDS	TxDin0:LSB, TxDin15:MSB
Transmitter Source synchronous Parallel Input Clock	TxPICKP/N	LVDS	
Transmitter Counter Clock	TxPCLKP/N	LVDS	
Receiver 16-bit parallel Data Output	RxDout[0:15]P/N	LVDS	RxDout0:LSB, RxDout15:MSB
Receiver Source synchronous Parallel Output Clock	RxPOCLKP/N	LVDS	

Table 9 - Transmitter/Receiver Parallel Data/Clock Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter Data/Clock Timing: SERDES Input Timing at SERDES pin						
TxPICK	Duty Cycle	Tw/To	40	60	%	
	Rise and Fall time	Tr/Tf		300	ps	20 – 80%
TxDin	Setup time	Ts	300		ps	
	Hold time	Th	300		ps	

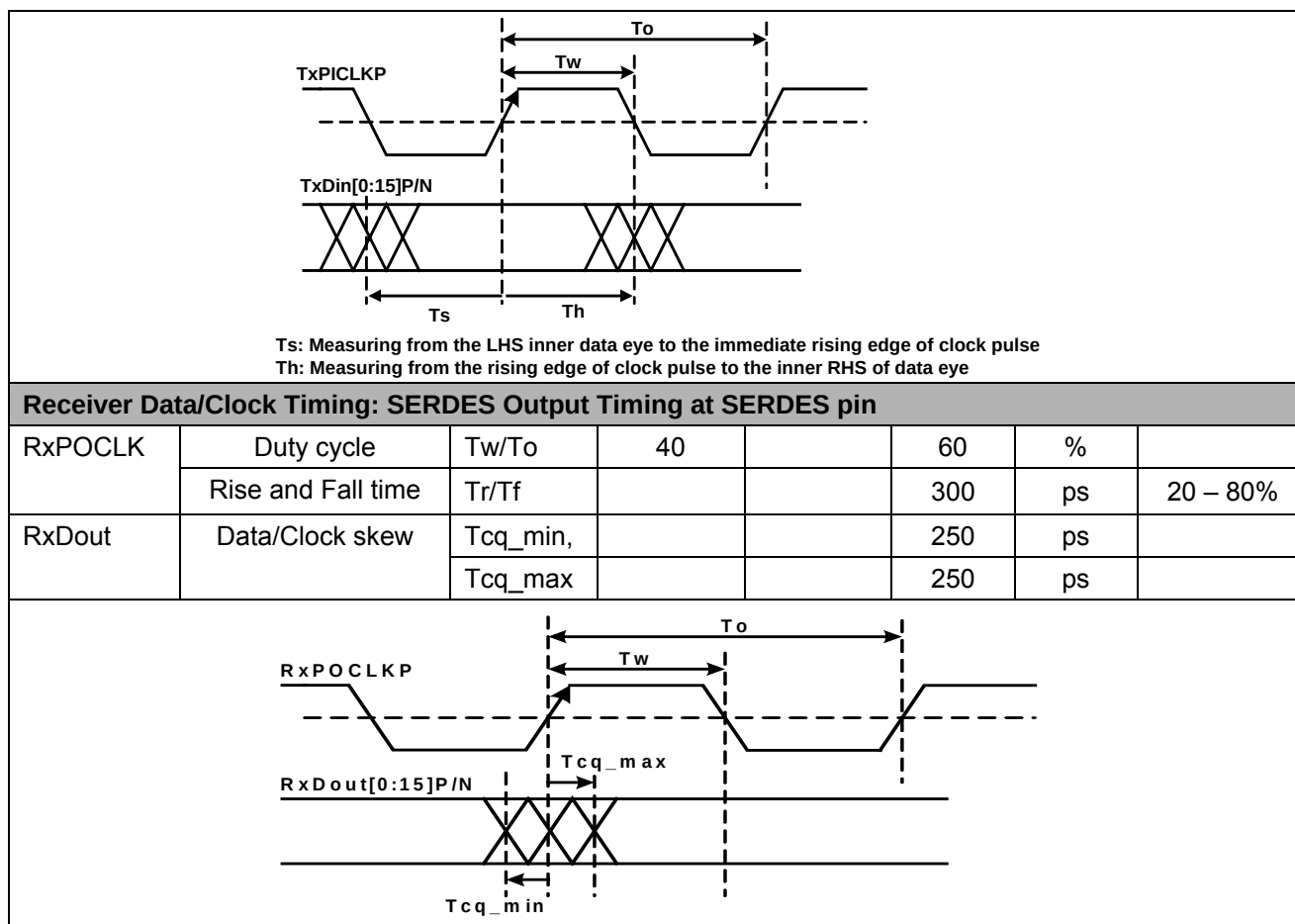


Table 10 - Monitor Clock

Parameter	Symbol	Level	Notes
Transmitter monitor clock	TxMCLKP/N	LVDS	The LVDS TxMCLK is either a 1/16 or 1/64 replica of the clock used to time the serial data output. The rate of the TxMCLK is always the same as that of the TxREFCLK
Receiver monitor clock	RxMCLKP/N	LVDS	The LVDS RxMCLK is a 1/16 or 1/64 replica of the clock recovered from the incoming data

Table 11 - Serial Data Rate selection

(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)

TxRATESEL1/ RxRATESEL1	TxRATESEL0/ RxRATESEL0	Function		
		Tx/Rx Serial Data Rate	Parallel Data Rate TxDIN[0:15]/RxOUT[0:15]	TxPICKLP/RxPOCLK
L	L	10.3125Gbps	644.54Mbps	644.54Mbps
L	H	11.049/11.095/ 11.318Gbps	690.56/693.43/ 707.37Mbps	690.56/693.43/ 707.37Mbps
H	L	10.519/10.664/ 10.709Gbps	657.43/666.51/ 669.32Mbps	657.43/666.51/ 669.32Mbps
H	H	9.95328Gbps	622.08Mbps	622.08Mbps

Digital Control Signal

Table 12 - Input Digital signals

Function	Symbol	Level		Description	Note
Module RESET	MOD_RESET	LVTTL	L	Module reset	Reset both Tx and Rx section (LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	Normal operation	
Diagnostic Loop-back	DLOOPENB	LVTTL	L	Enable	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	Normal operation	
Line Loop-back	LLOOPENB	LVTTL	L	Enable	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	Normal operation	
Transmitter					
Select serial data rate	TxRATESEL1, 0	LVTTL	0,0	10.3125Gbps	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			0,1	11.049/11.095/11.318Gbps	
			1,0	10.519/10.664/10.709Gbps	
			1,1	9.95328Gbps	
Select the frequency of TxREFCLK	TxREFSEL	LVTTL	L	1/64 data-rate	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	1/16 data-rate	
Select the frequency of TxPICKLK	TxPICKLSEL	LVTTL	L	1/16 data-rate	(LVTTL with pull-down resistor)
			H	1/32 data-rate	
Enable internal Line Timing	TxLINETIMSEL	LVTTL	L	Enable	On multi-rate units without jitter clean up, this pin is ignored. (LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	Normal operation	
Select delay of TxPICKLK	TxSKEWSEL0,1	LVTTL	0,0	Delays 915ps	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			0,1	Delays 1015ps	
			1,0	Delays 715ps	
			1,1	Delays 815ps	
Enable/Disable Laser	LsENABLE	LVTTL	L	Normal operation	(LVTTL with pull-down resistor)
			H	Laser disabled	
Asynchronous system reset	TxRESET	LVTTL	L	MUX reset	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	Normal operation	
MUX FIFO reset	TxFIFORES	LVTTL	L	MUX FIFO reset	Internally the TxFIFORES is connected to TxFIFOERR. TxFIFOERR will initiate a FIFO reset (LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	Normal operation	
Low frequency transmitter input	Tx_TRACE	Analog (0~2.5V)		AC-coupled low frequency transmitter input	

Receiver					
Select data rate	TxRATESEL1,0	LVTTL	0,0	10.3125Gbps	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			0,1	11.049/11.095/ 11.318Gbps	
			1,0	10.519/10.664/ 10.709Gbps	
			1,1	9.95328Gbps	
Select the frequency of RxREFCLK	RxREFSEL	LVTTL	L	1/64 data-rate	(LVTTL with pull-down resistor)
			H	1/16 data-rate	
Select the frequency of RxMCLK	RxMCLKSEL	LVTTL	L	1/64 data-rate	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	1/16 data-rate	
Lock RxPOCLK to RxREFCLK	RxLCKREF	LVTTL	L	Lock to RxREFCLK	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	Normal operation	
Mutes the RxDOOUT[0:15]	RxMUTEDOUT	LVTTL	L	Mutes the RxDOOUT[0:15]	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	Normal operation	
Mutes the receiver output monitor clock	RxMUTEMCLK	LVTTL	L	Mutes the RxMCLK	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	Normal operation	
Mutes receiver parallel output clock RxPOCLK	RxMUTEPOCLK	LVTTL	L	Mutes the RxPOCLK	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	Normal operation	
Rx synchronous system reset	RxRESET	LVTTL	L	Asynchronous reset	(LVTTL with pull-up resistor)
			H	Normal operation	
Low frequency receiver output	Tx_TRACE	Analog (20V/mA)		AC-coupled low frequency receiver output	Long reach modules support only

Digital Alarm Signal

Table 13 - Alarms Digital signals

Function	Symbol	Level	Description		Note
Common Digital Signal					
Indicates all alarm active	ALMINT	LVTTL	L	Any alarm from both transmitter and receiver	Activation Time: 10ms Deactivation Time: 10ms
			H	Normal operation	
Transmitter					
Loss of Tx PLL lock	TxLOCKERR	LVTTL	L	Alarm active	Loss of transmitter PLL lock Activation Time: 1ms Deactivation Time: 1ms
			H	Normal operation	
MUX FIFO error	TxFIFOERR	LVTTL	L	Alarm active (FIFO overflow)	TxError is internally connected to TxFIFO RES. (Default) Customer may have control of TXFIFO RES without internal loopback (Optional)
			H	Normal operation	
Laser bias out of range	LsBIASALM	LVTTL	L	Alarm active (laser bias current alarm)	Alarm when laser bias changes by a factor of 2 from beginning of life or if monitor reaches maximum level corresponding to approximate150mA. Activation Time: 10 ms Deactivation Time: 10 ms
			H	Normal operation	
Laser temperature out of range	LsTEMPALM	LVTTL	L	Alarm active	Laser temperature 5°C from nominal, Activation Time : 10ms Deactivation Time : 10ms
			H	Normal operation	
Laser output power out of range	LsPOWALM	LVTTL	L	Alarm active	Output power degrades 3dB below the BOL Activation Time : 10ms Deactivation Time : 10ms
			H	Normal operation	
Tx alarms	TxALMINT	LVTTL	L	Alarm from transmitter	Activation Time: 10 ms; Deactivation Time: 10 ms
			H	Normal operation	
Receiver					
Loss of Rx PLL lock	RxLOCKERR	LVTTL	L	Alarm active	Activation Time: 1ms Deactivation Time: 1ms
			H	Normal operation	
Loss of receiver average power alarm	RxPOWALM	LVTTL	L	Alarm active	Activation Time: <1ms Deactivation Time: <1ms
			H	Normal operation	
Rx alarms	RxALMINT	LVTTL	L	Alarm from transmitter	Activation Time: 10 ms; Deactivation Time: 10 ms
			H	Normal operation	

Analog Monitoring Signal

Table 14 - Monitor Signals

Function	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Transmitter					
Normalized laser power monitor voltage BOL	LsPOWMON	0.47	0.5	0.53	V
Laser power monitor voltage slope		0.25 V change for 50% power variation (mW)			
Laser bias monitor voltage offset	LsBIASMON	0.2	0	2	V
Laser bias monitor voltage slope		18	20	22	mV/mA
Normalized laser temperature Monitor voltage	LsTEMPMON	2.4	2.5	2.6	V
Laser temperature Monitor voltage slop		23	25	27	mV/°C
Receiver					
Input optical power monitor voltage slope-PIN	RxPOWMON		1.0		V/mW
Input optical power monitor voltage slope-APD			8.0		V/mW
Input optical power monitor error		-1.5		+1.5	dB

I2C Serial Interface

Table 14 – I2C Interface

Function	Symbol	Level	Description	Note
I2C Address	I2CAD0	LVTTL	I2C address input for module addressing (LSB)	(LVTTL with pull-down resistor)
	I2CAD1	LVTTL	I2C address input for module addressing	(LVTTL with pull-down resistor)
	I2CAD2	LVTTL	I2C address input for module addressing (MSB)	(LVTTL with pull-down resistor)
I2C Clock	I2CCLOCK	Open collector	I2C clock input/output for remote access	N/A
I2C Data	I2CDATA	Open collector	I2C data input/output for remote access	N/A

Pin Definitions

Table 15 - Pin Function Definitions

	K	J	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A
1	+5V	RxTRACE	GND	RxDout12P	+1.8V	RxDout8P	GND	RxDout4P	GND	RxDout0P
2	+5V	FFU	GND	RxDout12N	+1.8V	RxDout8N	GND	RxDout4N	GND	RxDout0N
3	RxRATESEL0	RxRATESEL1	FFU	GND	RxPOWMON	GND	I2CAD0	GND	RxDTV	GND
4	+3.3V	NUC	GND	RxDout13P	+3.3V	RxDout9P	GND	RxDout5P	GND	RxDout1P
5	+3.3V	NUC	GND	RxDout13N	+3.3V	RxDout9N	GND	RxDout5N	GND	RxDout1N
6	Rx_Reset	NUC	DLOOPENB	GND	RxPOWALM	GND	I2CAD1	GND	RxMUTE DOUT	GND
7	+3.3V	FFU	GND	RxDout14P	+3.3V	RxDout10P	GND	RxDout6P	GND	RxDout2P
8	+3.3V	FFU	GND	RxDout14N	+3.3V	RxDout10N	GND	RxDout6N	GND	RxDout2N
9	RxMUTEPOCLK	NUC	FFU	GND	FFU	GND	I2CAD2	GND	RxLCKREF	GND
10	-5.2V	NUC	GND	RxDout15P	-5.2V	RxDout11P	GND	RxDout7P	GND	RxDout3P
11	-5.2V	NUC	GND	RxDout15N	-5.2V	RxDout11N	GND	RxDout7N	GND	RxDout3N
12	RxMUTEMCLK	NUC	FFU	GND	FFU	GND	MOD RESET	GND	RxMCLKSEL	GND
13	-5.2V	FFU	GND	FFU	-5.2V	RxPOCLKP	GND	RxMCLKP	GND	RxREFCLKP
14	-5.2V	RxALMINT	GND	FFU	-5.2V	RxPOCLKN	GND	RxMCLKN	GND	RxREFCLKN
15	I2CCLOCK	NUC	FFU	GND	RxREFSEL	GND	FFU	GND	RxLOCKERR	GND
16	+5V	TxALMINT	GND	TxDin12P	+1.8V	TxDin8P	GND	TxDin4P	GND	TxDin0P
17	+5V	FFU	GND	TxDin12N	+1.8V	TxDin8N	GND	TxDin4N	GND	TxDin0N
18	I2CDATA	NUC	FFU	GND	LsBIASMON	GND	LsPOWMON	GND	TxSKEWSEL0	GND
19	+3.3V	FFU	GND	TxDin13P	+3.3V	TxDin9P	GND	TxDin5P	GND	TxDin1P
20	+3.3V	FFU	GND	TxDin13N	+3.3V	TxDin9N	GND	TxDin5N	GND	TxDin1N
21	TxRATESEL0	TxRATESEL1	FFU	GND	LsENABLE	GND	LsTEMPMON	GND	TxSKEWSEL1	GND
22	+3.3V	FFU	GND	TxDin14P	+3.3V	TxDin10P	GND	TxDin6P	GND	TxDin2P
23	+3.3V	FFU	GND	TxDin14N	+3.3V	TxDin10N	GND	TxDin6N	GND	TxDin2N
24	TxRESET	NUC	FFU	GND	LsBIASALM	GND	FFU	GND	FFU	GND
25	-5.2V	NUC	GND	TxDin15P	-5.2V	TxDin11P	GND	TxDin7P	GND	TxDin3P
26	-5.2V	NUC	GND	TxDin15N	-5.2V	TxDin11N	GND	TxDin7N	GND	TxDin3N
27	TxFIFORES	NUC	LLOOPENB	GND	LsTEMPALM	GND	FFU	GND	TxPICKSEL	GND
28	-5.2V	FFU	GND	TxPICKLP	-5.2V	TxPCLKP	GND	TxMCLKP	GND	TxREFCLKP
29	-5.2V	TxTRACE	GND	TxPICKLN	-5.2V	TxPCLKN	GND	TxMCLKN	GND	TxREFCLKN
30	TxFIFOERR	NUC	LINETIMESEL	GND	TxREFSEL	GND	LsPOWALM	GND	TxLOCKERR	GND
FFU: Reserved for Future Use				NUC: No Use Connection						

Mechanical Design Diagram

The mechanical design diagram is shown in Figure 2.

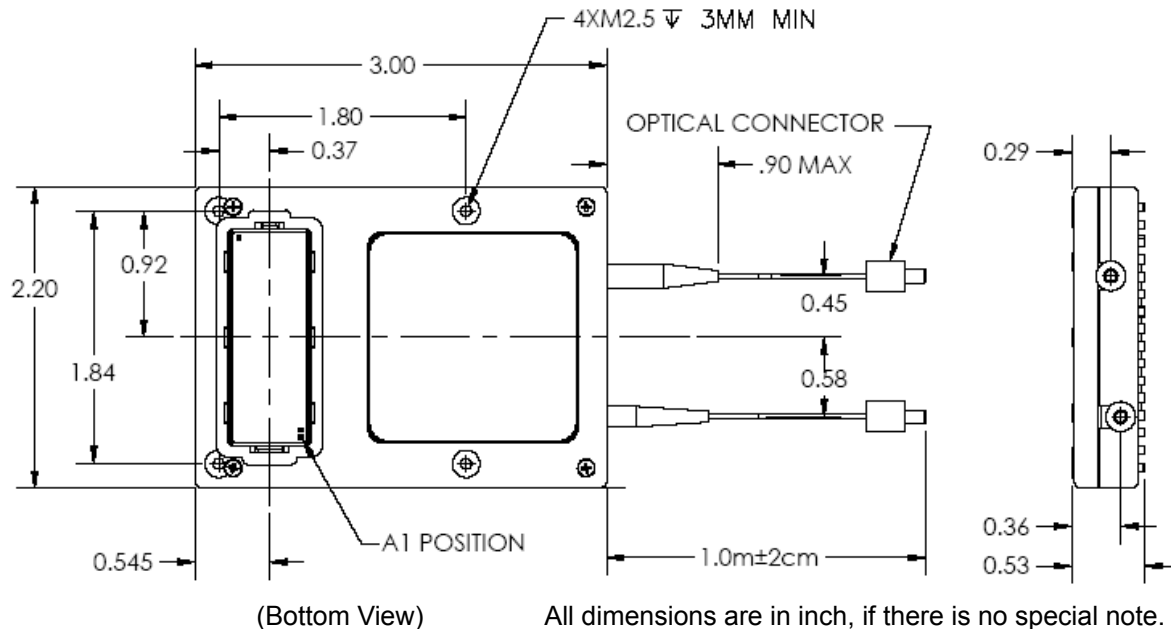
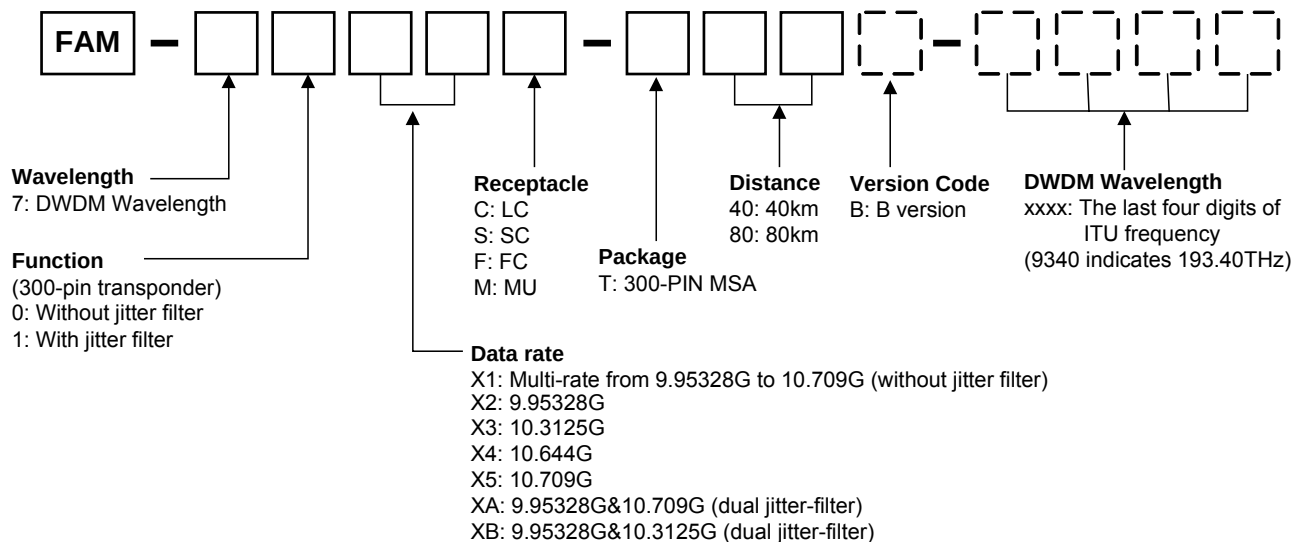


Figure 2, Mechanical Diagram

Ordering Information



Part No.	Product Description
FAM-70X1S-T40-xxxx	DWDM wavelength, 100G grid, 10Gbps, 40km laser, PIN receiver, 300-Pin, SC connector, without jitter filter, -5°C~+70°C,
FAM-70X1S-T40B-xxxx	DWDM wavelength, 100G grid, 10Gbps, 40km laser, APD receiver, 300-Pin, SC connector, without jitter filter, -5°C~+70°C,

FAM-70X1S-T80-xxxx	DWDM wavelength, 100G grid, 10Gbps, 80km laser, APD receiver, 300-Pin, SC connector, without jitter filter, -5°C~+70°C,
FAM-70X1S-T80B-xxxx	DWDM wavelength, 100G grid, 10Gbps, 80km laser, PIN receiver, 300-Pin, SC connector, without jitter filter, -5°C~+70°C,

Related Documents

For further information, please refer to the following documents:

- Application Note for Fiberxon 10G Transponder I2C Serial Interface Specifications
- Reference Document for 300 pin Multi Source Agreement for 10 Gigabit Transponders (SERDES Transceivers), Edition 4, August 14, 2002
- I2C Reference Document for 300-PIN MSA 10G and 40G Transponders, Edition 4, July 24, 2002.

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