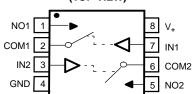
#### **FEATURES**

- Isolation in Powered-Down Mode, V₁ = 0
- Low ON-State Resistance (0.9 Ω)
- Control Inputs Are 5.5-V Tolerant
- Low Charge Injection
- Excellent ON-State Resistance Matching
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)
- 1.65-V to 5.5-V Single-Supply Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

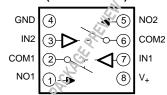
## SSOP OR VSSOP PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Cell Phones
- PDAs
- Portable Instrumentation
- Audio and Video Signal Routing
- Low-Voltage Data-Acquisition Systems
- Communication Circuits
- Modems
- Hard Drives
- Computer Peripherals
- Wireless Terminals and Peripherals

## YEA, YEP, YZA, OR YZP PACKAGE (BOTTOM VIEW)



### **DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION**

The TS5A23166 is a dual single-pole single-throw (SPST) analog switch that is designed to operate from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. The device offers a low ON-state resistance and an excellent channel-to-channel ON-state resistance matching. The device has excellent total harmonic distortion (THD) performance and consumes very low power. These features make this device suitable for portable audio applications.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

| T <sub>A</sub> | PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>  |               | ORDERABLE PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING (2) |
|----------------|---|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
|                | NanoStar™ – WCSP (DSBGA)<br>0.23-mm Large Bump – YEP                          |               | TS5A23166YEPR         | PACKAGE PREVIEW      |
| -40°C to 85°C  | NanoFree <sup>™</sup> – WCSP (DSBGA)<br>0.23-mm Large Bump – YZP<br>(Pb-free) | Tape and reel | TS5A23166YZPR         | PACKAGE PREVIEW      |
|                | SSOP - DCT  | Tape and reel | TS5A23166DCTR         | PACKAGE PREVIEW      |
|                | VSSOP – DCU (Pb-free)   | Tape and reel | TS5A23166DCUR         | JAM_                 |

- (1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.
- (2) DCT: The actual top-side marking has three additional characters that designate the year, month, and assembly/test site.

  DCU: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.

  YEP/YZP: The actual top-side marking has three preceding characters to denote year, month, and sequence code, and one following character to designate the assembly/test site. Pin 1 identifier indicates solder-bump composition (1 = SnPb, = Pb-free).



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



#### SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS(1)

| Configuration  | Dual Single Pole, Single Throw (2 × SPST) |
|--|---|
| Number of channels   | 2   |
| ON-state resistance (r <sub>on</sub> )                     | 0.9 Ω                                     |
| ON-state resistance match (Δr <sub>on</sub> )              | 0.1 Ω                                     |
| ON-state resistance flatness (r <sub>on(flat)</sub> )      | 0.25 Ω                                    |
| Turn-on/turn-off time (t <sub>ON</sub> /t <sub>OFF</sub> ) | 7.5 ns/9 ns                               |
| Charge injection (Q <sub>C</sub> )                         | 6 pC                                      |
| Bandwidth (BW)   | 150 MHz                                   |
| OFF isolation (O <sub>ISO</sub> )                          | –62 dB at 1 MHz                           |
| Crosstalk (X <sub>TALK</sub> )                             | –85 dB at 1 MHz                           |
| Total harmonic distortion (THD)                            | 0.005%                                    |
| Leakage current (I <sub>COM(OFF)</sub> )                   | ±20 nA                                    |
| Power-supply current (I <sub>+</sub> )                     | 0.1 μΑ                                    |
| Package option   | 8-pin VSSOP                               |

(1)  $V_+ = 5 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

| IN | NO TO COM,<br>COM TO NO |
|----|-------------------------|
| L  | OFF                     |
| Н  | ON                      |

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)(2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                                     |   |   | MIN  | MAX                  | UNIT   |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|------|----------------------|--------|
| V <sub>+</sub>                      | Supply voltage range <sup>(3)</sup>         |   | -0.5 | 6.5                  | V      |
| V <sub>NO</sub><br>V <sub>COM</sub> | Analog voltage range (3) (4) (5)            |   | -0.5 | V <sub>+</sub> + 0.5 | V      |
| I <sub>K</sub>                      | Analog port diode current                   | V <sub>NO</sub> , V <sub>COM</sub> < 0  | -50  |                      | mA     |
| I <sub>NO</sub>                     | On-state switch current                     | V V 0 to V                              | -200 | 200                  | A      |
| I <sub>COM</sub>                    | On-state peak switch current <sup>(6)</sup> | $V_{NO, V_{COM}} = 0 \text{ to } V_{+}$ | -400 | 400                  | mA     |
| VI                                  | Digital input voltage range (3)(4)          |   | -0.5 | 6.5                  | V      |
| I <sub>IK</sub>                     | Digital input clamp current                 | V <sub>I</sub> < 0                      | -50  |                      | mA     |
| I <sub>+</sub>                      | Continuous current through V <sub>+</sub>   |   |      | 100                  | mA     |
| I <sub>GND</sub>                    | Continuous current through GND              |   | -100 | 100                  | mA     |
|                                     |   | DCT package                             |      | 220                  |        |
|                                     | Dealer and the control (7)                  | DCU package                             |      | 227                  | 00/14/ |
| $\theta_{JA}$                       | Package thermal impedance <sup>(7)</sup>    | YEA/YZA package                         |      | 140                  | °C/W   |
|                                     |   | YEP/YZP package                         |      | 102                  |        |
| T <sub>stg</sub>                    | Storage temperature range                   |   | -65  | 150                  | °C     |

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- (2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
- (3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
- (4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- (5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.
- (6) Pulse at 1-ms duration < 10% duty cycle.
- (7) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.



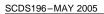
## Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>

 $V_{+} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}, T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                         | SYMBOL                            | TEST CONDIT   | TIONS                                  | T <sub>A</sub> | V <sub>+</sub> | MIN       | TYP  | MAX            | UNIT |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|----------------|----------------|-----------|------|----------------|------|
| Analog Switch                     |                                   |   |  |                |                | •         |      | •              |      |
| Analog signal range               | $V_{COM}$ , $V_{NO}$              |   |  |                |                | 0         |      | V <sub>+</sub> | V    |
| Peak ON resistance                | r <sub>peak</sub>                 | $0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$  | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13            | 25°C<br>Full   | 4.5 V          |           | 0.9  | 1.1            | Ω    |
| ON-state resistance               | r <sub>on</sub>                   | $V_{NO} = 2.5 \text{ V},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$  | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13            | 25°C<br>Full   | 4.5 V          |           | 0.75 | 0.9            | Ω    |
| ON-state resistance match between | $\Delta r_{\sf on}$               | V <sub>NO</sub> = 2.5 V,<br>I <sub>COM</sub> = -100 mA,   | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13            | 25°C           | 4.5 V          |           | 0.04 | 0.1            | Ω    |
| channels                          |                                   | $0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$  | Switch ON,                             | 25°C           |                |           | 0.2  | 0.1            |      |
| ON-state resistance flatness      | r <sub>on(flat)</sub>             | $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$ $V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V}, 1.5 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$           | See Figure 13 Switch ON, See Figure 13 | 25°C           | 4.5 V          |           | 0.15 | 0.25           | Ω    |
|                                   |                                   |   | See Figure 13                          | Full<br>25°C   |                | 0 V       | 4    | 0.25           |      |
| NO<br>OFF leakage current         | I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>              | $\begin{split} &V_{NO} = 1 \ V, \\ &V_{COM} = 4.5 \ V, \\ ∨ \\ &V_{NO} = 4.5 \ V, \\ &V_{COM} = 1 \ V, \end{split}$       | Switch OFF,<br>See Figure 14           | Full           | 5.5 V          | -150      | 4    | 150            | nA   |
| -                                 |                                   | $V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$   | Switch OFF,                            | 25°C           | 0.1/           | -10       | 0.2  | 10             | μΑ   |
|                                   | I <sub>NO(PWROFF)</sub>           | $V_{COM} = 5.5 \text{ V to } 0,$  | See Figure 14                          | Full           | 0 V            | -50       |      | 50             | μА   |
|                                   |                                   | $V_{COM} = 1 V$   |  | 25°C           |                | 0 V       | 4    | 20             |      |
| COM<br>OFF leakage current        | I <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>             | $\begin{split} &V_{NO} = 4.5 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{or} \\ &V_{COM} = 4.5 \text{ V}, \\ &V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V}, \end{split}$ | Switch OFF,<br>See Figure 14           | Full           | 5.5 V          | -150      |      | 150            | nA   |
|                                   | 1                                 | $V_{COM} = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$  | Switch OFF,                            | 25°C           | 0 V            | -10       | 0.2  | 10             | μА   |
|                                   | I <sub>COM(PWROFF)</sub>          | $V_{NO} = 5.5 \text{ V to 0},$  | See Figure 14                          | Full           | 0 0            | -50       |      | 50             | μΑ   |
|                                   |                                   | $V_{NO} = 1 V$  |  | 25°C           |                | -5        | 0.4  | 5              |      |
| NO<br>ON leakage current          | I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>               | $V_{COM} = Open,$ or $V_{NO} = 4.5 \text{ V},$ $V_{COM} = Open,$  | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 15            | Full           | 5.5 V          | -50       |      | 50             | nA   |
|                                   |                                   | $V_{COM} = 1 V$ ,   |  | 25°C           |                | -5        | 0.4  | 5              |      |
| COM<br>ON leakage current         | I <sub>COM(ON)</sub>              | $V_{NO}$ = Open,<br>or $V_{COM}$ = 4.5 V,<br>$V_{NO}$ = Open,   | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 15            | Full           | 5.5 V          | -50       |      | 50             | nA   |
| Digital Control Inputs            | (IN1, IN2) <sup>(2)</sup>         |   |  |                |                |           |      |                |      |
| Input logic high                  | V <sub>IH</sub>                   |   |  | Full           |                | 2.4       |      | 5.5            | V    |
| Input logic low                   | $V_{IL}$                          |   |  | Full           |                | 0         |      | 0.8            | V    |
| Input leakage current             | I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub> | V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or 0   |  | 25°C<br>Full   | 5.5 V          | -2<br>-20 | 0.3  | 20             | nA   |
|                                   |                                   |   |  | i uli          |                | -20       |      | 20             |      |

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

<sup>(2)</sup> All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>+</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.





## Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (continued)

 $V_{+} = 4.5 \text{ V}$  to 5.5 V,  $T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                 | SYMBOL                | TEST C   | ONDITIONS                                | T <sub>A</sub> | V+                | MIN | TYP   | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|----------------|-------------------|-----|-------|-----|------|
| Dynamic                   |                       |  |  |                |                   |     |       | ,   |      |
|                           |                       | V - V  | C = 25 pE                                | 25°C           | 5 V               | 1   | 4.5   | 7.5 |      |
| Turn-on time              | t <sub>ON</sub>       | $V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$                      | C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,<br>See Figure 17 | Full           | 4.5 V to<br>5.5 V | 1   |       | 9   | ns   |
|                           |                       | \/ -\/   | C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,                  | 25°C           | 5 V               | 4.5 | 8     | 11  |      |
| Turn-off time             | t <sub>OFF</sub>      | $V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$                      | See Figure 17                            | Full           | 4.5 V to<br>5.5 V | 3.5 |       | 13  | ns   |
| Charge injection          | Q <sub>C</sub>        | $V_{GEN} = 0,$<br>$R_{GEN} = 0,$                         | C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF,<br>See Figure 21  | 25°C           | 5 V               |     | 6     |     | рС   |
| NO<br>OFF capacitance     | C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>  | V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch OFF,  | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 5 V               |     | 19    |     | pF   |
| COM<br>OFF capacitance    | C <sub>COM(OFF)</sub> | V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch OFF, | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 5 V               |     | 18    |     | pF   |
| NO<br>ON capacitance      | C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>   | $V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND,<br>Switch ON,                   | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 5 V               |     | 35.5  |     | pF   |
| COM<br>ON capacitance     | C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>  | V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch ON,  | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 5 V               |     | 35.5  |     | pF   |
| Digital input capacitance | C <sub>I</sub>        | $V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$                              | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 5 V               |     | 2     |     | pF   |
| Bandwidth                 | BW                    | $R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,<br>Switch ON,                        | See Figure 18                            | 25°C           | 5 V               |     | 150   |     | MHz  |
| OFF isolation             | O <sub>ISO</sub>      | $R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,<br>f = 1 MHz,                        | Switch OFF,<br>See Figure 19             | 25°C           | 5 V               |     | -62   |     | dB   |
| Crosstalk                 | X <sub>TALK</sub>     | $R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,<br>f = 1 MHz,                        | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 20              | 25°C           | 5 V               |     | -85   |     | dB   |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD                   | $R_L = 600 \Omega,$<br>$C_L = 50 pF,$                    | f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz,<br>See Figure 22    | 25°C           | 5 V               |     | 0.005 |     | %    |
| Supply                    |                       |  |  |                |                   |     |       |     |      |
| Positive supply           | 1                     | $V_1 = V_+$ or GND,                                      | Switch ON or OFF                         | 25°C           | 5.5 V             |     | 0.01  | 0.1 | ^    |
| current                   | I <sub>+</sub>        | v <sub>1</sub> - v <sub>+</sub> or GIND,                 | SWILLII ON OF OFF                        | Full           |                   |     |       | 1   | μΑ   |

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum



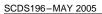
## Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>

 $V_{+}$  = 4.5 V to 5.5 V,  $T_{A}$  = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                 | SYMBOL                            | TEST COND   | ITIONS                       | T <sub>A</sub> | V <sub>+</sub> | MIN       | TYP                        | MAX            | UNIT |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------|----------------|------|
| Analog Switch             | 1                                 |   |                              | -1             |                |           |                            |                |      |
| Analog signal range       | $V_{COM}$ , $V_{NO}$              |   |                              |                |                | 0         |                            | V <sub>+</sub> | V    |
| Peak ON resistance        | r <sub>peak</sub>                 | $0 \le V_{NO} \le V_{+},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$                      | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13  | 25°C<br>Full   | 3 V            |           | 1.3                        | 1.6<br>1.8     | Ω    |
| ON-state resistance       | r <sub>on</sub>                   | $V_{NO} = 2 V,$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$                                | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13  | 25°C<br>Full   | 3 V            |           | 1.1                        | 1.5            | Ω    |
| ON-state resistance       |                                   |   |                              | 25°C           |                |           | 0.04                       | 0.1            |      |
| match between channels    | $\Delta r_{\sf on}$               | $V_{NO} = 2 \text{ V}, 0.8 \text{ V},$<br>$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$      | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13  | Full           | 3 V            |           | 0.01                       | 0.1            | Ω    |
| ON-state resistance       |                                   | $0 \le V_{NO} \le V_{+},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$                       | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13  | 25°C           |                |           | 0.3                        |                |      |
| flatness                  | r <sub>on(flat)</sub>             | $V_{NO} = 2 \text{ V}, 0.8 \text{ V},$<br>$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$      | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13  | 25°C<br>Full   | 3 V            |           | 0.15                       | 0.25<br>0.25   | Ω    |
|                           |                                   | $V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V}, V_{COM} = 3 \text{ V},$                              |                              | 25°C           |                | -5        | 0.5                        | 5              |      |
| NO                        | I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>              | or<br>V <sub>NO</sub> = 3 V, V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V,                        | Switch OFF,<br>See Figure 14 | Full           | 3.6 V          | -50       | 0.0                        | 50             | nA   |
| OFF leakage current       |                                   | $V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V},$                                     | Switch OFF,                  | 25°C           | 0.1/           | -5        | 0.1                        | 5              | ^    |
|                           | I <sub>NO(PWROFF)</sub>           | $V_{COM} = 3.6 \text{ V to } 0,$  | See Figure 14                | Full           | 0 V            | -25       |                            | 25             | μΑ   |
|                           |                                   | $V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V}, V_{NO} = 3 \text{ V},$                              | Switch OFF,                  | 25°C           |                | -5        | 0.5                        |                |      |
| COM                       | I <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>             | or $V_{COM} = 3 \text{ V}, V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V},$                           | See Figure 14                | Full           | 3.6 V          | -50       |                            | 50             | nA   |
| OFF leakage current       | I <sub>COM(PWROFF)</sub>          | $V_{COM} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V},$                                    | Switch OFF,                  | 25°C           | 0 V            | -5        | 5 0.5 5<br>0 50<br>5 0.1 5 | μΑ             |      |
|                           | COM(FWKOIT)                       | $V_{NO} = 3.6 \text{ V to } 0,$   | See Figure 14                | Full           |                | -25       |                            | 25             |      |
| NO<br>ON leakage current  | I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>               | $V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V},$ $V_{COM} = \text{Open},$ or $V_{NO} = 3 \text{ V},$ | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 15  | 25°C<br>Full   | 3.6 V          | -2<br>-20 | 0.3                        | 20             | nA   |
|                           |                                   | $V_{COM} = Open,$ $V_{COM} = 1 V,$  |                              | 25°C           |                | -2        | 0.3                        | 2              |      |
| COM<br>ON leakage current | I <sub>COM(ON)</sub>              | $V_{NO} = Open,$ or $V_{COM} = 3 V,$ $V_{NO} = Open,$                       | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 15  | Full           | 3.6 V          | -20       | 0.0                        | 20             | nA   |
| Digital Control Inputs    | s (IN1, IN2) <sup>(2)</sup>       |   |                              |                |                |           |                            |                |      |
| Input logic high          | V <sub>IH</sub>                   |   |                              | Full           |                | 2         |                            | 5.5            | V    |
| Input logic low           | V <sub>IL</sub>                   |   |                              | Full           |                | 0         |                            | 8.0            | V    |
| Innut leakage current     | L. L.                             | V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or 0   |                              | 25°C           | 3.6 V          | -2        | 0.3                        | 2              | nA   |
| Input leakage current     | I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub> | v <sub>1</sub> = 3.3 v 01 0   |                              | Full           | 3.0 V          | -20       |                            | 20             | ПА   |

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

<sup>(2)</sup> All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>+</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.





## Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (continued)

 $V_{+}$  = 4.5 V to 5.5 V,  $T_{A}$  = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                 | SYMBOL                | TEST CO  | ONDITIONS                                | T <sub>A</sub> | V+              | MIN | TYP   | MAX  | UNIT |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|----------------|-----------------|-----|-------|------|------|
| Dynamic                   |                       |  |  |                | ,               |     |       |      |      |
|                           |                       | \/ \/  | 0 25 -5                                  | 25°C           | 3.3 V           | 1.5 | 5     | 9.5  |      |
| Turn-on time              | t <sub>ON</sub>       | $V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$                      | C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,<br>See Figure 17 | Full           | 3 V to<br>3.6 V | 1   |       | 10   | ns   |
|                           |                       | \/ \/  | C 25 pF                                  | 25°C           | 3.3 V           | 4.5 | 8.5   | 11   |      |
| Turn-off time             | t <sub>OFF</sub>      | $V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$                      | C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,<br>See Figure 17 | Full           | 3 V to<br>3.6 V | 3   |       | 12.5 | ns   |
| Charge injection          | Q <sub>C</sub>        | $V_{GEN} = 0,$<br>$R_{GEN} = 0,$                         | C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF,<br>See Figure 21  | 25°C           | 5 V             |     | 6     |      | рС   |
| NO<br>OFF capacitance     | C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>  | $V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND,<br>Switch OFF,                  | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 3.3 V           |     | 19.5  |      | pF   |
| COM<br>OFF capacitance    | C <sub>COM(OFF)</sub> | V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch OFF, | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 3.3 V           |     | 18.5  |      | pF   |
| NO<br>ON capacitance      | C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>   | V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch ON,   | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 3.3 V           |     | 36    |      | pF   |
| COM<br>ON capacitance     | C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>  | V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch ON,  | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 3.3 V           |     | 36    |      | pF   |
| Digital input capacitance | C <sub>I</sub>        | $V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$                              | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 3.3 V           |     | 2     |      | pF   |
| Bandwidth                 | BW                    | $R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,<br>Switch ON,                        | See Figure 18                            | 25°C           | 3.3 V           |     | 150   |      | MHz  |
| OFF isolation             | O <sub>ISO</sub>      | $R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,<br>f = 1 MHz,                        | Switch OFF,<br>See Figure 19             | 25°C           | 3.3 V           |     | -62   |      | dB   |
| Crosstalk                 | X <sub>TALK</sub>     | $R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,<br>f = 1 MHz,                        | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 20              | 25°C           | 3.3 V           |     | -85   |      | dB   |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD                   | $R_L = 600 \Omega,$<br>$C_L = 50 pF,$                    | f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz,<br>See Figure 22    | 25°C           | 3.3 V           |     | 0.01  |      | %    |
| Supply                    |                       |  |  |                |                 |     |       |      |      |
| Positive supply           |                       | V V an CND   | Contrab ON an OFF                        | 25°C           | 2.0.1/          |     | 0.001 | 0.05 |      |
| current                   | I <sub>+</sub>        | $V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$                              | Switch ON or OFF                         | Full           | 3.6 V           |     |       | 0.3  | μΑ   |

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

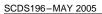


## Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>

 $V_{+}$  = 2.3 V to 2.7 V,  $T_{A}$  = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                                  | SYMBOL  | TEST CON   | NDITIONS                                | TA          | V <sub>+</sub> | MIN        | TYP  | MAX            | UNIT |   |
|--|---|--|---|-------------|----------------|------------|------|----------------|------|---|
| Analog Switch                              |   |  |   |             |                |            |      | ·              |      |   |
| Analog signal range                        | V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>NO</sub>                        |  |   |             |                | 0          |      | V <sub>+</sub> | V    |   |
| Peak ON                                    | r   | $0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$   | Switch ON,                              | 25°C        | 2.3 V          |            | 1.8  | 2.4            | Ω    |   |
| resistance                                 | r <sub>peak</sub>   | $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$   | See Figure 13                           | Full        | 2.5 V          |            |      | 2.6            | 52   |   |
| ON-state                                   | r   | $V_{NO} = 1.8 \text{ V},$  | Switch ON,                              | 25°C        | 2.3 V          |            | 1.2  | 2.1            | Ω    |   |
| resistance                                 | r <sub>on</sub>   | $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$   | See Figure 13                           | Full        | 2.5 V          |            |      | 2.4            | 32   |   |
| ON-state                                   |   |  |   | 25°C        |                |            | 0.04 | 0.15           |      |   |
| resistance<br>match<br>between<br>channels | $\Delta r_{\sf on}$                                       | $V_{NO} = 1.8 \text{ V}, 0.8 \text{ V},$<br>$I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$             | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13             | Full        | 2.3 V          |            |      | 0.15           | Ω    |   |
| ON-state                                   |   | $0 \le V_{NO} \le V_{+},$ $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$                               | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13             | 25°C        |                |            | 0.7  |                |      |   |
| resistance<br>flatness                     | r <sub>on (flat)</sub>                                    | V <sub>NO</sub> = 1.8 V, 0.8 V,  | Switch ON,                              | 25°C        | 2.3 V          |            | 0.4  | 0.6            | Ω    |   |
| natric33                                   |   | $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$   | See Figure 13                           | Full        |                |            |      | 0.6            |      |   |
|  |   | $V_{NO} = 0.5 V,$  |   | 25°C        |                | <b>-</b> 5 | 0.3  | 5              |      |   |
| NO<br>OFF leakage<br>current               | I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub> or V <sub>I</sub>                    | $V_{COM} = 2.3 \text{ V},$ or $V_{NO} = 2.3 \text{ V},$ $V_{COM} = 0.5 \text{ V},$ | Switch OFF,<br>See Figure 14            | Full        | 2.7 V          | -50        |      | 50             | nA   |   |
| current                                    | I <sub>NO(PWROFF)</sub>                                   | 1  | $V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V},$ | Switch OFF, | 25°C           | 0.1/       | -2   | 0.05           | 2    | ^ |
|  |   | $V_{COM} = 2.7 \text{ V to 0},$  | See Figure 14                           | Full        | 0 V            | -15        |      | 15             | μΑ   |   |
|  | $V_{NO} = 2.3 \text{ V},$ $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $-5$ $0.3$ | 5  |   |             |                |            |      |                |      |   |
| COM<br>OFF leakage<br>current              | I <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>                                     | $V_{COM} = 0.5 \text{ V},$ or $V_{NO} = 0.5 \text{ V},$ $V_{COM} = 2.3 \text{ V},$ | Switch OFF,<br>See Figure 14            | Full        | 2.7 V          | -50        |      | 50             | nA   |   |
| odironi                                    | 1   | $V_{COM} = 0 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V},$   | Switch OFF,                             | 25°C        | 0 V            | -2         | 0.05 | 2              | ^    |   |
|  | I <sub>COM(PWROFF)</sub>                                  | $V_{NO} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 0,$  | See Figure 14                           | Full        | 0 0            | -15        |      | 15             | μΑ   |   |
|  |   | $V_{NO} = 0.5 V$   |   | 25°C        |                | -2         | 0.3  | 2              |      |   |
| NO<br>ON leakage<br>current                | I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>                                       | $V_{COM}$ = Open,<br>or $V_{NO}$ = 2.3 V, $V_{COM}$ = Open,                        | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 15             | Full        | 2.7 V          | -20        |      | 20             | nA   |   |
|  |   | $V_{COM} = 0.5 \text{ V},$   |   | 25°C        |                | -2         | 0.3  | 2              |      |   |
| COM<br>ON leakage<br>current               | I <sub>COM(ON)</sub>                                      | $V_{NO}$ = Open,<br>or $V_{COM}$ = 2.3 V,<br>$V_{NO}$ = Open,                      | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 15             | Full        | 2.7 V          | -20        |      | 20             | nA   |   |
| Digital Control                            | Inputs (IN1, IN2  | )  |   |             |                |            |      |                |      |   |
| Input logic high                           | V <sub>IH</sub>   |  |   | Full        |                | 1.8        |      | 5.5            | V    |   |
| Input logic low                            | V <sub>IL</sub>   |  |   | Full        |                | 0          |      | 0.6            | V    |   |
| Input leakage                              | I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub>                         | V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or 0  |   | 25°C        | 2.7 V          | -2         | 0.3  | 2              | nA   |   |

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.





## Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (continued)

 $V_{+}$  = 2.3 V to 2.7 V,  $T_{A}$  = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                       | SYMBOL                | TEST CO  | ONDITIONS                                | T <sub>A</sub> | V <sub>+</sub>    | MIN | TYP   | MAX  | UNIT |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|----------------|-------------------|-----|-------|------|------|
| Dynamic                         |                       |  |  |                |                   |     |       |      |      |
|                                 |                       | V - V  | C = 25 pE                                | 25°C           | 2.5 V             | 2   | 6     | 10   |      |
| Turn-on time                    | t <sub>ON</sub>       | $V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$                      | C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,<br>See Figure 17 | Full           | 2.3 V to<br>2.7 V | 1   |       | 12   | ns   |
|                                 |                       | \/ - \/  | C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,                  | 25°C           | 2.5 V             | 4.5 | 8     | 12.5 |      |
| Turn-off time                   | t <sub>OFF</sub>      | $V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$                      | See Figure 17                            | Full           | 2.3 V to<br>2.7 V | 3   |       | 15   | ns   |
| Charge injection                | $Q_{\mathbb{C}}$      | $V_{GEN} = 0,$<br>$R_{GEN} = 0,$                         | C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF,<br>See Figure 21  | 25°C           | 2.5 V             |     | 4     |      | рС   |
| NO<br>OFF<br>capacitance        | C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>  | V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch OFF,  | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 2.5 V             |     | 19.5  |      | pF   |
| COM<br>OFF<br>capacitance       | C <sub>COM(OFF)</sub> | V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch OFF, | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 2.5 V             |     | 18.5  |      | pF   |
| NO<br>ON<br>capacitance         | C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>   | V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch ON,   | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 2.5 V             |     | 36.5  |      | pF   |
| COM<br>ON<br>capacitance        | C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>  | V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch ON,  | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 2.5 V             |     | 36.5  |      | pF   |
| Digital input capacitance       | Cı                    | $V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$                              | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 2.5 V             |     | 2     |      | pF   |
| Bandwidth                       | BW                    | $R_L = 50 \Omega$ , Switch ON,                           | See Figure 18                            | 25°C           | 2.5 V             |     | 150   |      | MHz  |
| OFF isolation                   | O <sub>ISO</sub>      | $R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,<br>f = 1 MHz,                        | Switch OFF,<br>See Figure 19             | 25°C           | 2.5 V             |     | -62   |      | dB   |
| Crosstalk                       | X <sub>TALK</sub>     | $R_L = 50 \ \Omega,$<br>f = 1 MHz,                       | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 20              | 25°C           | 2.5 V             |     | -85   |      | dB   |
| Total<br>harmonic<br>distortion | THD                   | $R_L = 600 \Omega,$<br>$C_L = 50 pF,$                    | f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz,<br>See Figure 22    | 25°C           | 2.5 V             |     | 0.02  |      | %    |
| Supply                          |                       |  |  |                |                   |     |       |      |      |
| Positive supply                 | I <sub>+</sub>        | $V_1 = V_+$ or GND,                                      | Switch ON or OFF                         | 25°C           | 2.7 V             |     | 0.001 | 0.02 | ^    |
| current                         | '+                    | $v_1 = v_+$ or GIND,                                     | SWILCH ON OF OFF                         | Full           | 2.7 V             |     |       | 0.25 | μΑ   |

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

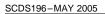


## Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>

 $\rm V_{+} = 1.65~V$  to 1.95 V,  $\rm T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C$  to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                     | SYMBOL                             | TEST CON   | NDITIONS                     | T <sub>A</sub> | V <sub>+</sub> | MIN        | TYP  | MAX            | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------|------|----------------|------|
| Analog Switch                 |                                    |  |                              |                | •              |            |      |                |      |
| Analog signal range           | V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>NO</sub> |  |                              |                |                | 0          |      | V <sub>+</sub> | V    |
| Peak ON                       | _                                  | $0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$   | Switch ON,                   | 25°C           | 1.65 V         |            | 4.2  | 25             | 0    |
| resistance                    | r <sub>peak</sub>                  | $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$   | See Figure 13                | Full           | 1.00 V         |            |      | 30             | Ω    |
| ON-state                      | _                                  | V <sub>NO</sub> = 0.6 V, 1.5 V,  | Switch ON,                   | 25°C           | 1.65 V         |            | 1.6  | 3.9            | Ω    |
| resistance                    | r <sub>on</sub>                    | $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$   | See Figure 13                | Full           | 1.05 V         |            |      | 4              | 52   |
| ON-state resistance           |                                    |  |                              | 25°C           |                |            | 0.04 | 0.2            |      |
| match<br>between<br>channels  | $\Delta r_{on}$                    | $V_{NO} = 1.5 \text{ V},$ $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$                                 | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13  | Full           | 1.65 V         |            |      | 0.2            | Ω    |
| ON-state                      |                                    | $0 \le V_{NO} \le V_{+},$ $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$                                 | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 13  | 25°C           | 1.65 V         |            | 2.8  |                |      |
| resistance<br>flatness        | r <sub>on (flat)</sub>             | $V_{NO} = 0.6 \text{ V}, 1.5 \text{ V},$   | Switch ON,                   | 25°C           |                |            | 4.1  | 22             | Ω    |
|                               |                                    | $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$   | See Figure 13                | Full           |                |            |      | 27             |      |
|                               |                                    | $V_{NO} = 0.3 V$   |                              | 25°C           |                | -5         | 0.3  | 5              |      |
| NO<br>OFF leakage<br>current  | I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>               | $V_{COM} = 1.65 \text{ V},$ or $V_{NO} = 1.65 \text{ V},$ $V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V},$ | Switch OFF,<br>See Figure 14 | Full 1.95 V    | 1.95 V         | -50        |      | 50             | nA   |
| Carrent                       |                                    | $V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 1.95 \text{ V},$   | Switch OFF,                  | 25°C           | 0.1/           | -2         | 0.05 | 2              | μА   |
|                               | I <sub>NO(PWROFF)</sub>            | $V_{COM} = 1.95 \text{ V to } 0,$  | See Figure 14                | Full           | 0 V            | -10        |      | 10             | μΑ   |
|                               |                                    | $V_{NO} = 1.65 V$ ,  |                              | 25°C           |                | <b>-</b> 5 | 0.3  | 5              |      |
| COM<br>OFF leakage<br>current | I <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>              | $V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V},$ or $V_{NO} = 0.3 \text{ V},$ $V_{COM} = 1.65 \text{ V},$  | Switch OFF,<br>See Figure 14 | Full           | 1.95 V         | -50        |      | 50             | nA   |
| Carron                        |                                    | $V_{COM} = 0 \text{ to } 1.95 \text{ V},$  | Switch OFF,                  | 25°C           | 0 V            | -2         | 0.05 | 2              |      |
|                               | ICOM(PWROFF)                       | $V_{NO} = 1.95 \text{ V to 0},$  | See Figure 14                | Full           | UV             | -10        |      | 10             | μΑ   |
|                               |                                    | $V_{NO} = 0.3 V$ ,   |                              | 25°C           |                | -2         | 0.3  | 2              |      |
| NO<br>ON leakage<br>current   | I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>                | $V_{COM} = Open,$ or $V_{NO} = 1.65 V,$ $V_{COM} = Open,$                            | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 15  | Full           | 1.95 V         | -20        |      | 20             | nA   |
|                               |                                    | V <sub>NO</sub> = Open,  |                              | 25°C           |                | -2         | 0.3  | 2              |      |
| COM<br>ON leakage<br>current  | I <sub>COM(ON)</sub>               | $V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V},$ or $V_{NO} = \text{Open},$ $V_{COM} = 1.65 \text{ V},$    | Switch ON,<br>See Figure 15  | Full           | 1.95 V         | -20        |      | 20             | nA   |
| <b>Digital Control</b>        | Inputs (IN1, IN                    | 2)   |                              |                |                |            |      |                |      |
| Input logic high              | V <sub>IH</sub>                    |  |                              | Full           |                | 1.5        |      | 5.5            | V    |
| Input logic low               | V <sub>IL</sub>                    |  |                              | Full           |                | 0          |      | 0.6            | V    |
| Input leakage                 | L. I                               | V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or 0  |                              | 25°C           | 1.95 V         | -2         | 0.3  | 2              | ^    |
| current                       | I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub>  | v <sub>1</sub> = 5.5 v 0i 0  |                              | Full           | 1.30 V         | -20        |      | 20             | μΑ   |

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.





# Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (continued)

 $V_{+}$  = 1.65 V to 1.95 V,  $T_{A}$  = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                 | SYMBOL                | TEST CO  | NDITIONS                                 | T <sub>A</sub> | V <sub>+</sub>      | MIN | TYP   | MAX  | UNIT |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|----------------|---------------------|-----|-------|------|------|
| Dynamic                   |                       |  |  |                |                     |     |       |      |      |
|                           |                       | \/ \/  | 0 25 - 5                                 | 25°C           | 1.8 V               | 3   | 9     | 18   |      |
| Turn-on time              | t <sub>ON</sub>       | $V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$                      | C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,<br>See Figure 17 | Full           | 1.65 V to<br>1.95 V | 1   |       | 20   | ns   |
|                           |                       | V V  | 0 25 5                                   | 25°C           | 1.8 V               | 5   | 10    | 15.5 |      |
| Turn-off time             | t <sub>OFF</sub>      | $V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$                      | C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,<br>See Figure 17 | Full           | 1.65 V to<br>1.95 V | 4   |       | 18.5 | ns   |
| Charge injection          | $Q_{\mathbb{C}}$      | $V_{GEN} = 0,$<br>$R_{GEN} = 0,$                         | C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF,<br>See Figure 21  | 25°C           | 1.8 V               |     | 2     |      | рС   |
| NO<br>OFF<br>capacitance  | C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>  | V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch OFF,  | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 1.8 V               |     | 19.5  |      | pF   |
| COM<br>OFF<br>capacitance | C <sub>COM(OFF)</sub> | V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch OFF, | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 1.8 V               |     | 18.5  |      | pF   |
| NO<br>ON<br>capacitance   | C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>   | V <sub>NO</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch ON,   | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 1.8 V               |     | 36.5  |      | pF   |
| COM<br>ON<br>capacitance  | C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>  | V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or GND,<br>Switch ON,  | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 1.8 V               |     | 36.5  |      | pF   |
| Digital input capacitance | C <sub>I</sub>        | $V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$                              | See Figure 16                            | 25°C           | 1.8 V               |     | 2     |      | pF   |
| Bandwidth                 | BW                    | $R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,<br>Switch ON,                        | See Figure 18                            | 25°C           | 1.8 V               |     | 150   |      | MHz  |
| OFF isolation             | O <sub>ISO</sub>      | $R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,<br>f = 1 MHz,                        | Switch OFF,<br>See Figure 19             | 25°C           | 1.8 V               |     | -62   |      | dB   |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD                   | $R_L = 600 \Omega,$<br>$C_L = 50 pF,$                    | f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz,<br>See Figure 22    | 25°C           | 1.8 V               |     | 0.055 |      | %    |
| Supply                    |                       |  |  |                |                     |     |       |      |      |
| Positive supply           |                       | V V as CND   | Conitate ON an OFF                       | 25°C           | 4.05.\/             |     | 0.001 | 0.01 | ^    |
| current                   | I <sub>+</sub>        | $V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$                              | Switch ON or OFF                         | Full           | 1.95 V              |     |       | 0.15 | μΑ   |

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.





TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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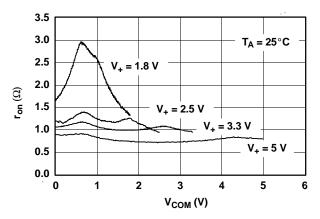


Figure 1. r<sub>on</sub> vs V<sub>COM</sub>

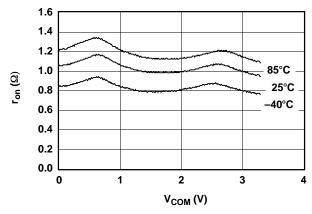


Figure 2.  $r_{on}$  vs  $V_{COM}$  ( $V_{+} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ )

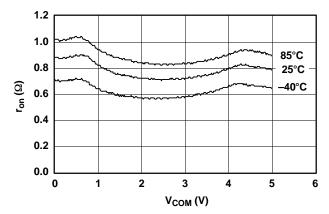


Figure 3.  $r_{on}$  vs  $V_{COM}$  ( $V_{+} = 5 V$ )

### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE**

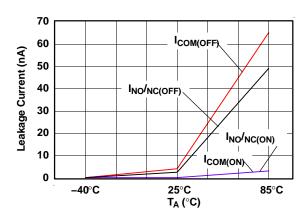


Figure 4. Leakage Current vs Temperature  $(V_{+} = 5.5 \text{ V})$ 

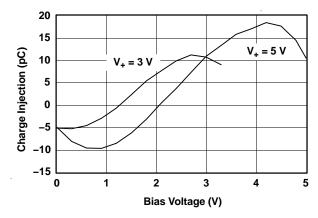


Figure 5. Charge Injection (Q<sub>C</sub>) vs V<sub>COM</sub>

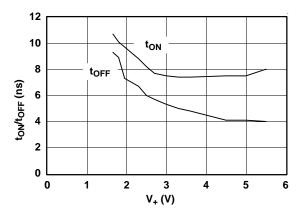


Figure 6.  $t_{\text{ON}}$  and  $t_{\text{OFF}}$  vs Supply Voltage





### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE**

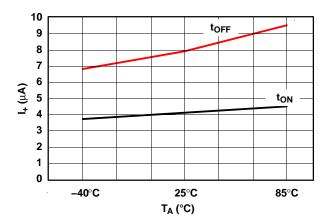


Figure 7.  $t_{ON}$  and  $t_{OFF}$  vs Temperature (V<sub>+</sub> = 5 V)

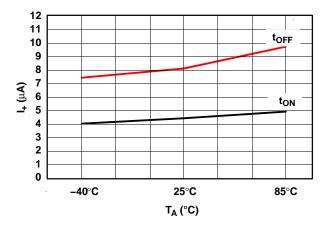


Figure 8. Logic-Level Theshold vs V<sub>+</sub>

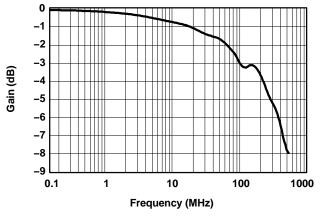


Figure 9. Bandwidth  $(V_+ = 5 V)$ 

### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE**

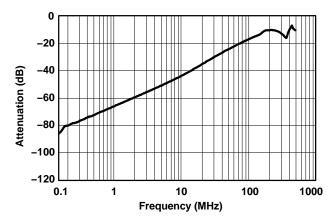


Figure 10. OFF Isolation and Crosstalk ( $V_+ = 5 V$ )

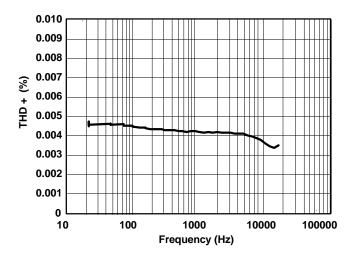


Figure 11. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency

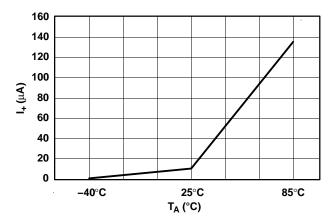


Figure 12. Power-Supply Current vs Temperature  $(V_+ = 5 V)$ 



### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

| PIN NUMBER | NAME           | DESCRIPTION                              |
|------------|----------------|--|
| 1          | NO1            | Normally closed                          |
| 2          | COM1           | Common                                   |
| 3          | IN2            | Digital control pin to connect COM to NO |
| 4          | GND            | Digital ground                           |
| 5          | NO2            | Normally closed                          |
| 6          | COM2           | Common                                   |
| 7          | IN1            | Digital control pin to connect COM to NO |
| 8          | V <sub>+</sub> | Power Supply                             |

### PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

| SYMBOL                            | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| V <sub>COM</sub>                  | Voltage at COM   |
| V <sub>NO</sub>                   | Voltage at NO  |
| r <sub>on</sub>                   | Resistance between COM and NO ports when the channel is ON   |
| r <sub>on(flat)</sub>             | Difference between the maximum and minimum value of ron in a channel over the specified range of conditions  |
| I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>              | Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the OFF state   |
| I <sub>NO(ON)</sub>               | Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) open  |
| I <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>             | Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NO) in the OFF state  |
| I <sub>COM(ON)</sub>              | Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NO) in the ON state and the output (NO) open  |
| $V_{IH}$                          | Minimum input voltage for logic high for the control input (IN)  |
| $V_{IL}$                          | Maximum input voltage for logic low for the control input (IN)   |
| $V_{I}$                           | Voltage at the control input (IN)  |
| $I_{\mathrm{IH}},I_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Leakage current measured at the control input (IN)   |
| t <sub>ON</sub>                   | Turn-on time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NO) signal when the switch is turning ON.   |
| t <sub>OFF</sub>                  | Turn-off time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NO) signal when the switch is turning OFF.   |
| $Q_{\mathbb{C}}$                  | Charge injection is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from the control (IN) input to the analog (NO or COM) output. This is measured in coulomb (C) and measured by the total charge induced due to switching of the control input. Charge injection, $Q_C = C_L \times \Delta V_{COM}$ , $C_L$ is the load capacitance and $\Delta V_{COM}$ is the change in analog output voltage. |
| C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>              | Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is OFF   |
| C <sub>NO(ON)</sub>               | Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is ON  |
| C <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>             | Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NO) is OFF  |
| $C_{COM(ON)}$                     | Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NO) is ON   |
| $C_{l}$                           | Capacitance of IN  |
| O <sub>ISO</sub>                  | OFF isolation of the switch is a measurement of OFF-state switch impedance. This is measured in dB in a specific frequency, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the OFF state.   |
| BW                                | Bandwidth of the switch. This is the frequency in which the gain of an ON channel is -3 dB below the DC gain.  |
| THD                               | Total harmonic distortion is defined as the ratio of the root mean square (RMS) value of the second, third, and higher harmonics to the magnitude of fundamental harmonic.   |
| l <sub>+</sub>                    | Static power-supply current with the control (IN) pin at V <sub>+</sub> or GND   |
| $\Delta l_{+}$                    | This is the increase in I <sub>+</sub> for each control (IN) input that is at the specified voltage, rather than at V <sub>+</sub> or GND.   |
|                                   |  |



### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

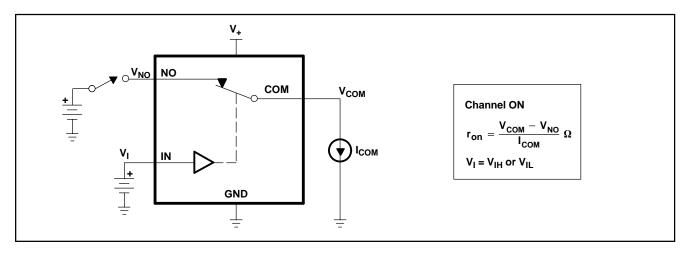


Figure 13. ON-State Resistance (ron)

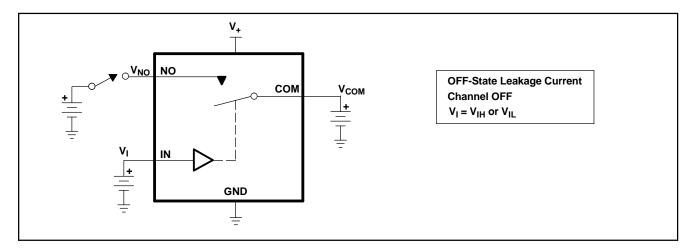


Figure 14. OFF-State Leakage Current ( $I_{COM(OFF)}$ ,  $I_{NC(OFF)}$ ,  $I_{COM(PWROFF)}$ ,  $I_{NC(PWR(FF))}$ 

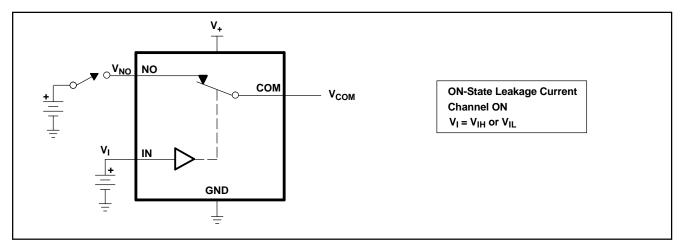


Figure 15. ON-State Leakage Current (I<sub>COM(ON)</sub>, I<sub>NC(ON)</sub>)



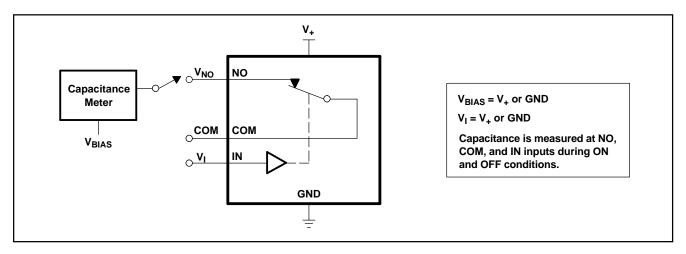
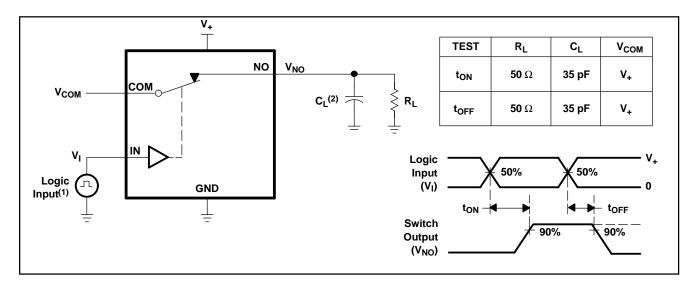


Figure 16. Capacitance (C<sub>I</sub>,  $C_{COM(OFF)}$ ,  $C_{COM(ON)}$ ,  $C_{NC(OFF)}$ ,  $C_{NC(ON)}$ )



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50~\Omega$ ,  $t_f < 5~ns$ ,  $t_f < 5~ns$ .
- (2) C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 17. Turn-On (t<sub>ON</sub>) and Turn-Off Time (t<sub>OFF</sub>)



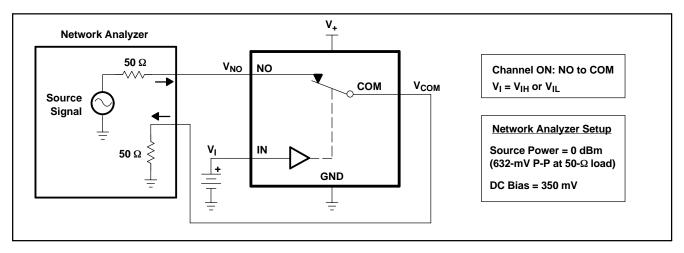


Figure 18. Bandwidth (BW)

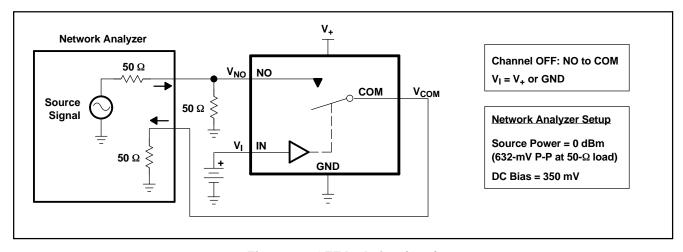


Figure 19. OFF Isolation (O<sub>ISO</sub>)

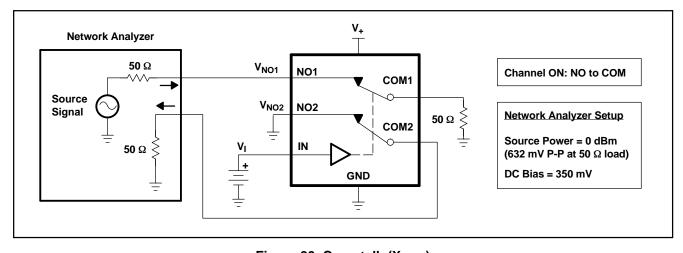
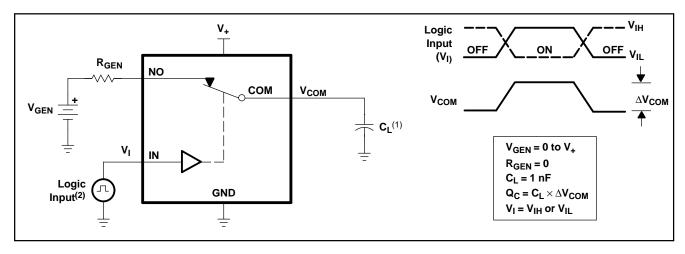


Figure 20. Crosstalk (X<sub>TALK</sub>)

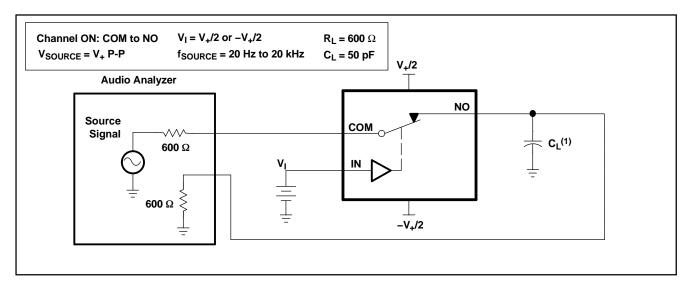






- $^{(1)}$  C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- (2) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_f < 5$  ns.

Figure 21. Charge Injection (Q<sub>C</sub>)



 $^{(1)}$  C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 22. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)



#### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

3-Jun-2005

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status <sup>(1)</sup> | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup> | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup> |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| TS5A23166DCUR    | ACTIVE                | US8             | DCU                | 8    | 3000           | Pb-Free<br>(RoHS)       | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |
| TS5A23166DCURE4  | ACTIVE                | US8             | DCU                | 8    | 3000           | Pb-Free<br>(RoHS)       | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

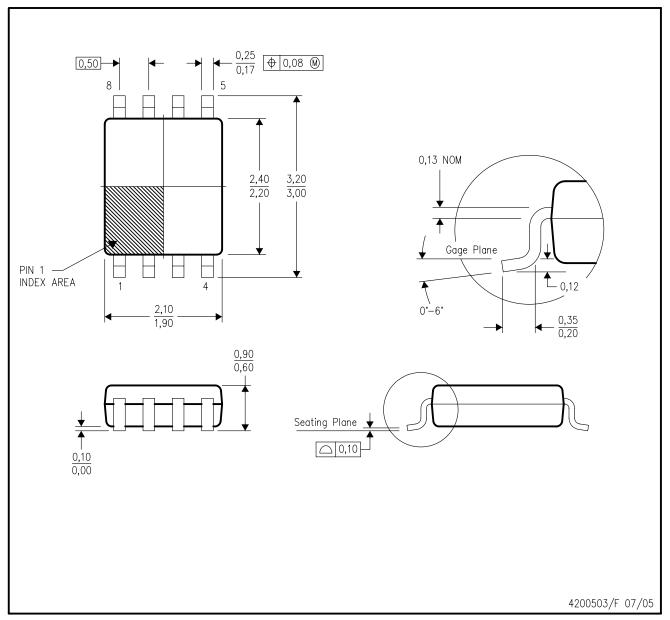
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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## DCU (R-PDSO-G8)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



NOTES:

- : A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation CA.



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