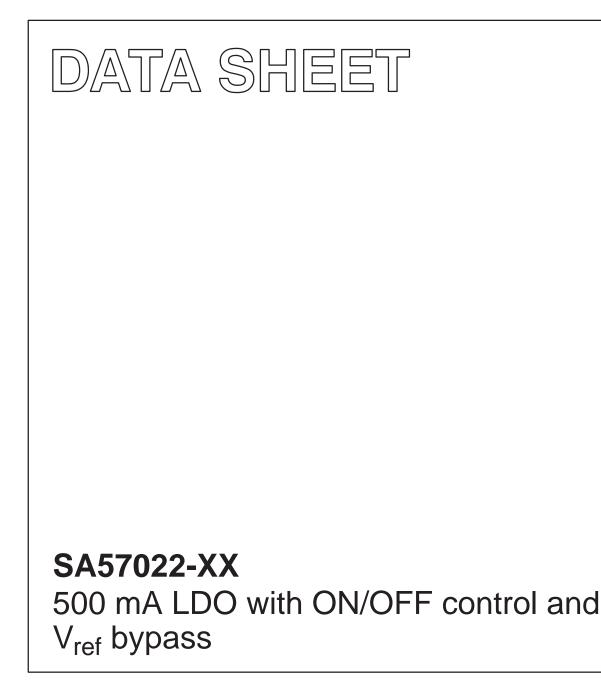
## INTEGRATED CIRCUITS



Product data Supersedes data of 2001 Oct 03

2003 Oct 13



## SA57022-XX

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The SA57022-XX has an extremely precise fixed output with a typical accuracy of  $\pm 2\%$ . It is designed to provide very low dropout and ultra low noise with an optional Bypass pin, and fast transient response. Supply current is reduced to zero (typical).

The SA57022-XX incorporates both over-temperature and over-current protection. The SA57022-XX is stable with an output capacitor of only 1.0  $\mu$ F and has a maximum output current of 500 mA. It is available in the 7-pin small outline package (SOP002).

#### FEATURES

- Very low dropout voltage: 300 mV typ. (I<sub>out</sub> = 500 mA)
- High precision output voltage: ±2%
- Output current capacity: 500 mA
- Low noise: 75  $\mu$ V<sub>rms</sub> typ. @ 20 Hz to 80 KHz, for C<sub>n</sub> = 470 pF.
- Extremely good line regulation: 10 mV typical
- Extremely good load regulation: 20 mV typical
- Low temperature drift co-efficient to V<sub>out</sub>:  $\pm 100 \text{ ppm/°C}$
- Internal current limit and thermal shut-down circuits
- Input voltage range: -0.3 V to 12 V
- Wide preset output voltage range: 1.8 V to 5 V
- Wide operating temperature range: -40 °C to +85 °C

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Battery-operated systems
- Portable computers
- Cameras, VCRs and camcorders
- PCMCIA cards, modems, pagers
- Cellular/GSM/PHS phones
- Linear post-regulator for SMPS
- Instrumentation



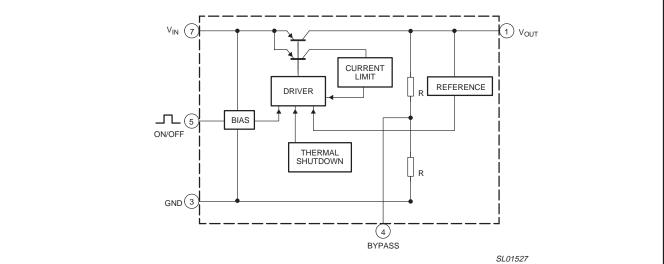


Figure 1. Simplified system diagram.

### SA57022-XX

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE	TEMPERATURE		
	DESCRIPTION	VERSION	RANGE	
SA57022-XXD	small outline 7-pin surface mount (see dimensional drawing)	SOP002	–40 to +85 °C	

#### NOTE:

The device has six voltage output options, indicated by the XX on the order code.

ХХ	VOLTAGE (Typical)
18	1.8 V
25	2.5 V
28	2.8 V
30	3.0 V
33	3.3 V
50	5.0 V

#### Part number marking

Each package is marked with a four letter code. The first three letters designate the product. The fourth letter, represented by 'x', is a date tracking code.

Part number	Marking
SA57022-18	ALMX
SA57022-25	ALNX
SA57022-28	ALPx
SA57022-30	ALRX
SA57022-33	ALSx
SA57022-50	ALTx

#### **PIN CONFIGURATION**

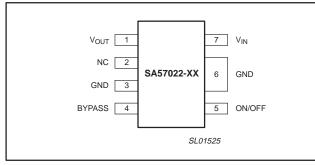


Figure 2. Pin configuration.

#### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	
1	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Regulated output voltage.	
2	NC	No connection.	
3	GND	Ground.	
4	BYPASS	Reference bypass input. Connecting a 470 pF capacitor further reduces output noise.	
5	ON/OFF	Output voltage On/Off control pin.	
6	GND	Substrate ground pin. This pin must be connected to ground.	
7	V <sub>IN</sub>	Power supply input.	

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Supply voltage	-0.3	+12	V
V <sub>IN(OPR)</sub>	Operating voltage	V <sub>OUT(typ)</sub> + 0.5	V <sub>OUT(typ)</sub> + 10 V	
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output current	0	500	mA
T <sub>oper</sub>	Operating temperature	-40	+85	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	-40	+150	°C
P <sub>D</sub>	Power dissipation (Note 1)	-	400	mW
P <sub>D</sub>	Power dissipation (Note 2)	-	950	mW

NOTES: 1. Unattached.

2. Mounted on double-sided glass epoxy PCB, with copper ground plane  $192 \times 142 \times 1.2$  mm.

## SA57022-XX

Product data

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C;  $V_{ON/OFF}$  = 1.6 V, unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
I <sub>CC</sub>	No-load input current	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA	-	1.9	5	mA
I <sub>CC(OFF)</sub>	Input current (off)	V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> = 0 V	-	0	1	μA
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output voltage (as % of V <sub>nom</sub> )	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 250 mA	98%	-	102%	V
		SA57022-18	1.764	1.8	1.836	V
		SA57022-25	2.450	2.5	2.550	V
		SA57022-28	2.744	2.8	2.856	V
		SA57022-30	2.940	3.0	3.060	V
		SA57022-33	3.234	3.3	3.060	V
		SA57022-50	4.900	5.0	5.100	V
V <sub>IO</sub>	Dropout voltage (Note 2)	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} - 0.2 \text{ V}; I_{OUT} = 250 \text{ mA}$	-	0.3	0.5	V
ΔV1	Line regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.5 \text{ V to } V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2.5 \text{ V};$ $I_{OUT} = 250 \text{ mA}$	-	10	20	mV
$\Delta V2$	Load regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 250 mA	-	20	120	mV
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta T$	V <sub>OUT</sub> Temperature coefficient (Note 1)	$T_j = -30$ to +85 °C	-	100	-	ppm/°C
RR	Ripple rejection (Note 1)	f = 120 Hz; V <sub>ripple</sub> = 1 V; I <sub>OUT</sub> = 250 mA	50	64	-	dB
V <sub>n</sub>	Output noise voltage (Note 1)	$f_{BW}$ = 20 to 80 kHz; $C_n$ = 470 pF	-	75	-	μV <sub>rms</sub>
I <sub>ON/OFF</sub>	ON/OFF pin input current	V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub>	10	20	30	μA
V <sub>ON/OFF(H)</sub>	ON/OFF HIGH threshold voltage		1.6	-	V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3	V
V <sub>ON/OFF(L)</sub>	ON/OFF LOW threshold voltage		-0.3	-	0.4	V

NOTES:

The parameter is guaranteed by design.
This parameter is not guaranteed if V<sub>OUT</sub> is less than 2 V.

### SA57022-XX

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

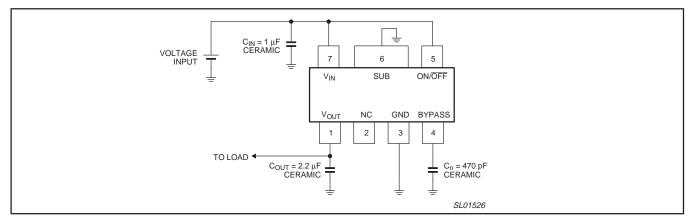


Figure 3. Typical application circuit.

#### Input capacitor

An input capacitor of  $1.0 \,\mu\text{F}$  (min) should be connected from V<sub>IN</sub> to GND if there is more than 10 inches of wire between the regulator and the AC filter capacitor, or if a battery is operated as the power source. The capacitor should be less than 1 cm from the input pin.

Aluminum electrolytic or tantalum capacitor types can be used. (Because many aluminum electrolytic capacitors freeze at approximately –30 °C, solid tantalums are recommended for applications operating below –25 °C.) When operating from sources other than batteries, supply-noise rejection and transient response can be improved by increasing the value of the input and output capacitors and employing passive filtering techniques.

#### **Output capacitor**

Phase compensation is used to ensure stable operation even if load current varies. For this reason, an output capacitor with good frequency characteristics is needed. Set it as close to the circuit as possible, with wires as short as possible. A 1.0  $\mu F$  capacitor from  $V_{OUT}$  to ground is recommended. The output capacitor should have an ESR (effective series resistance) of 5.0  $\Omega$  or less, and a resonant frequency above 1.0 MHz.

#### **Optional BYPASS capacitor**

A 470 pF capacitor connected from the BYPASS input to ground reduces noise present on the internal reference, which in turn significantly reduces output noise. This capacitor must have low leakage, because the pin is high impedance. If output noise is not a concern, this pin may be left unconnected. Larger capacitor values may be used, but results in a longer time period to rated output voltage when power is initially applied.

#### ON/OFF

The regulator is fully enabled when a logic HIGH is applied to this input. The regulator enters shutdown when a logic LOW is appplied to this input. During shutdown, regulator output voltage falls to zero, and supply current is reduced to  $1.0 \,\mu$ A max, and V<sub>OUT</sub> falls to zero. For use as an always-on regulator, connect ON/OFF pin to the supply voltage, as shown in Figure 3.

#### Optional BYPASS diode

If the voltage on the output pin rises above the input voltage, as might happen in some applications, the overcurrrent will flow via internal parasitic diodes from output to input. To prevent this, connect a bypass diode between the output and input pins.

#### Thermal shutdown

Integrated thermal protection circuitry shuts the regulator off when die temperature exceeds 150 °C. The regulator remains off until the die temperature drops to approximately 140 °C.

#### **Power dissipation**

The amount of power the regulator dissipates is primarily a function of input and output voltage, and output current. The following equation is used to calculate worst case actual power dissipation:

$$P_D \approx \left( V_{IN(max)} - V_{OUT(min)} \right) \times I_{LOAD(max)}$$
 Eqn. (1)

Where:

 $P_D$  = worst case actual power dissipation

 $V_{IN(max)}$  = maximum voltage on  $V_{IN}$ 

 $V_{OUT(min)}$  = minimum regulator output voltage I<sub>LOAD(max)</sub> = maximum output (load) current

The maximum allowable power dissipation, as shown in Equation (2), is a function of the maximum ambient temperature ( $T_{amb(max)}$ ), the maximum allowable die temperature (125 °C), and the thermal resistance from junction-to-air ( $R_{th(j-a)}$ ).

$$P_{D(max)} = \frac{T_{j(max)} - T_{amb(max)}}{R_{th(j-a)}}$$
 Eqn. (2)

The SUB (heat sink) pin must be connected to ground with a wide trace.

#### PCB layout hints

The component placement around the LDO should be done carefully to achieve good dynamic line and load response. The input and noise capacitor should be kept close to the LDO. The rise in junction temperature depends on how efficiently the heat is carried away from the junction to ambient. The junction to lead thermal impedance is a characteristic of the package and fixed. The thermal impedance between lead to ambient can be reduced by increasing the copper area on PCB. Increase the input, output and ground trace area to reduce the junction-to-ambient impedance.

## SA57022-XX

#### **PACKING METHOD**

The SA57003 is packed in reels, as shown in Figure 4.

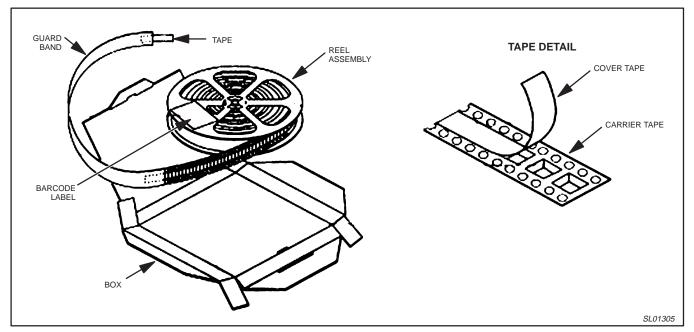
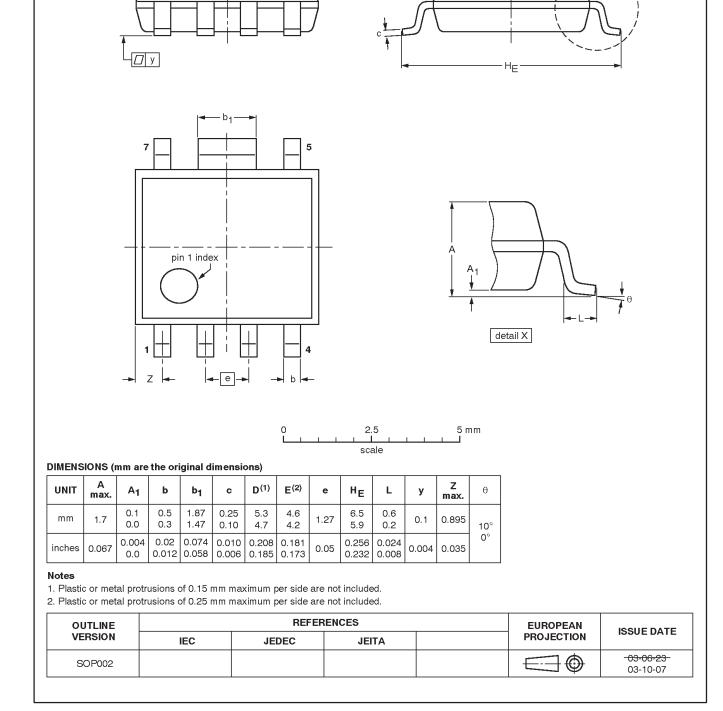


Figure 4. Tape and reel packing method

Plastic small outline package; 7 leads; body width 4.4 mm

# 2003 Oct 13



X



## SA57022-XX

**SOP002** 

### SA57022-XX

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

Rev	Date	Description
_2	20031013	Product data (9397 750 12112). ECN 853-2293 30328 of 09 September 2003.
		Modifications:
		• Change package name from SOP-7B to SOP002 in Ordering information and Package outline sections.
_1	20011003	Product data (9397 750 08967). ECN 853-2293 27197 of 03 October 2001.

#### Data sheet status

Level	Data sheet status <sup>[1]</sup>	Product status <sup>[2] [3]</sup>	Definitions
I	Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
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[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.semiconductors.philips.com.

[3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

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Limiting values definition — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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