

AN8389S

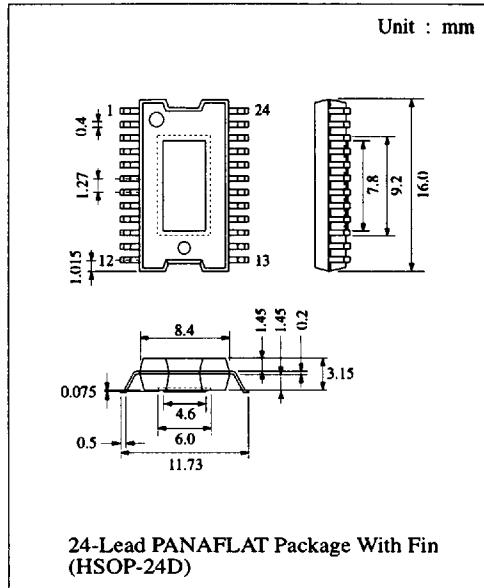
4 Channel Linear Driver IC

■ Description

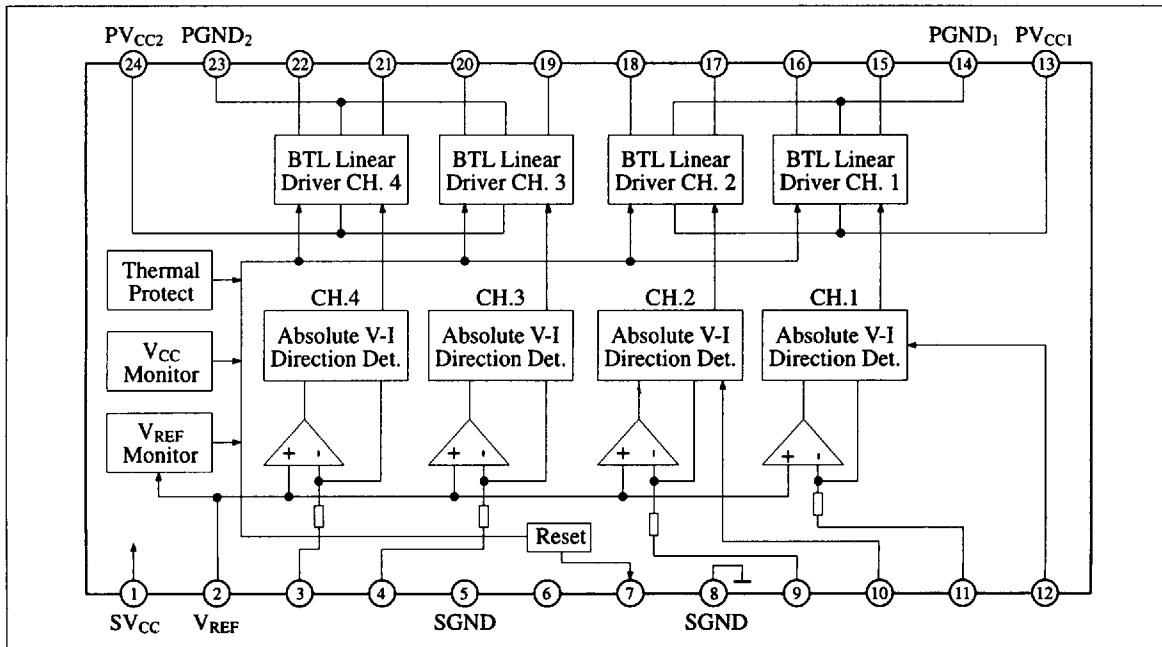
The AN8389S is a monolithic integrated circuit which employ 4 channel H-bridge system that they are suitable for driving motor or actuator of CD player. Also they employ the surface mounting type package superior in radiation characteristics.

■ Features

- Wide output D-range, regardless of the system reference voltage
- Built-in 4-channel BTL driver best suited for driving motors or actuators of 5 to 20Ω load
- Built-in thermal shutdown circuit (with Hysteresis)
- Separation between the signal and output line power supplies, allowing control of IC heating
- Reset output pin
- Shorting brake mode



■ Block Diagram



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	20	V
Output Current	I _{out}	500	mA
Power Dissipation	P _D	1420	mW
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{opr}	-20 ~ +75	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-55 ~ +150	°C

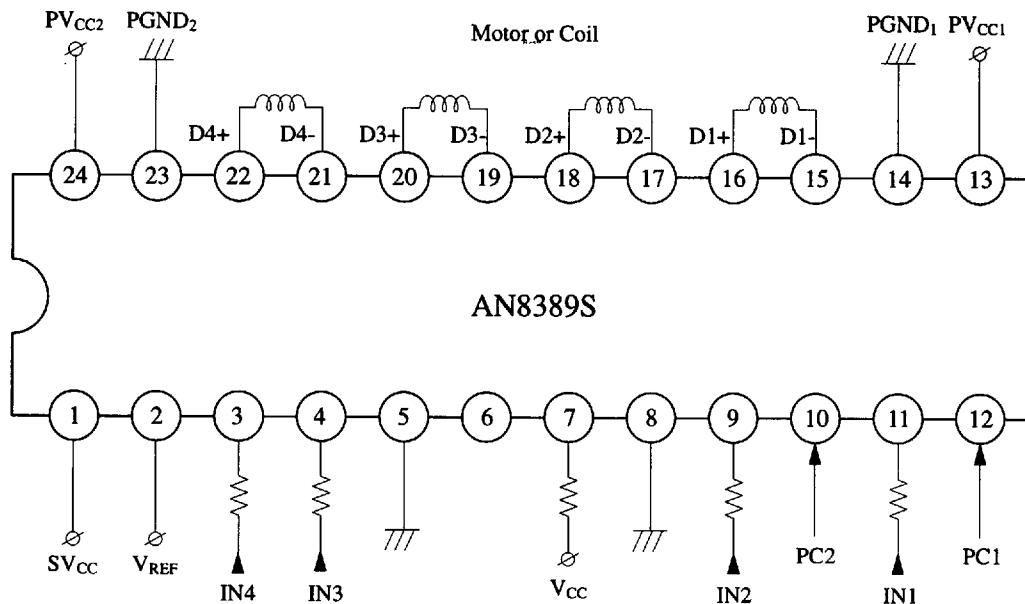
Operating Supply Voltage Range: PV_{CC}, SV_{CC} = 4.7V ~ 16.0V

■ Electrical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Condition	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Total Circuit Current	I _{tot}	PV _{CC1} = PV _{CC2} = SV _{CC1} = 8V	10	20	30	mA
Drivers 1 to 4						
Input Offset Voltage	V _{IOF}	PV _{CC1} = PV _{CC2} = SV _{CC1} = 8V, R _L = 18Ω, R _{in} = 10kΩ	-7		7	mV
Output Offset Voltage	V _{OOF}		-50		50	mV
Gain (+)	G ₊		15.5	18.5	21.5	dB
(+) Relative Gain	ΔG		-1.0	0	1.0	dB
Limit Voltage (+)	V _{L+}		4.95	5.3		V
Limit Voltage (-)	V _{L-}			-5.3	-4.95	V
Dead Zone Width	V _{DZ}		-10		20	mV
Drivers 1 and 2, PC Operation						
Threshold H	V _{PCH}		14			V
Threshold L	V _{PCL}				0.5	V
Reset Circuit						
Reset Operation Release Supply Voltage	V _{RST}		4.2	4.6	4.85	V
Threshold Hysteresis Width	V _{HYS}		0.09	0.17	0.31	V
V _{REF} Detection	V _R		1.85			V
Heat Protection Circuit						
Operation Temperature Equilibrium Value ^{*1}	T _{THD}			(150)		°C
Operation Temperature Hysteresis Width ^{*1}	ΔT _{THD}			(20)		°C

*1 : Characteristics value in parentheses is a reference value for design but not a guaranteed value.

■ Application Circuit



■ Pin Descriptions

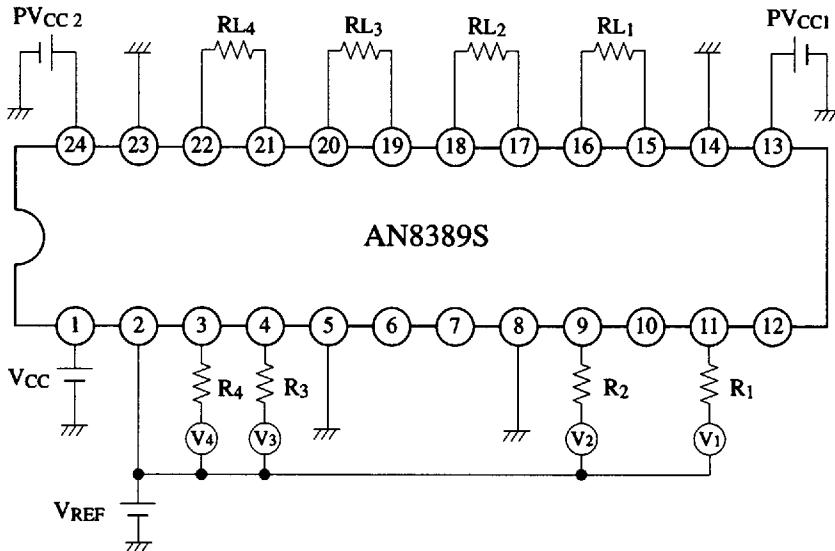
Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	DC Voltage (V _{CC} = 8V)	Equivalent Circuit	Description
1	Power Supply (SV _{CC})	I	8V	(1) —> SV _{CC}	PC (power cut) input pin controlling the output of Pin 15 and Pin 16.
2	V _{REF} Input	I	2.5V	(2) —> V _{REF}	V _{REF} input pin.
3	Motor Driver 4 Input (IN4)	I	2.5V	(11) —> IN4	Error input pin of Driver 4.
4	Motor Driver 3 Input (IN3)	I	2.5V	(9) —> IN3	Error input pin of Driver 3.
9	Motor Driver 2 Input (IN2)	I	2.5V	(4) —> IN2	Error input pin of Driver 2.
11	Motor Driver 1 Input (IN1)	I	2.5V	(3) —> IN1	Error input pin of Driver 1.
5 8	GND	I	0V	(5) —> GND or (8) —> GND	GND pin for control circuit of driver.
6	No Connection (NC)				
7	Reset Output (NRESET)	O		(7) —> NRESET	Reset output pin.

■ Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	DC Voltage (V _{CC} = 8V)	Equivalent Circuit	Description
10	Power Cut Input 2 (PC2)	I	0V		PC (power cut) input pin controlling the output of Pin 15 and Pin 16.
12	Power Cut Input 2 (PC1)	I	0V		PC (power cut) input pin controlling the output of Pin 17 and Pin 18.
13	Power Supply 1 for Driver (PV _{CC1})	I	8V		Power V _{CC} pin, supplying the current flowing for output power transistors of Pin 15, 16, 17 and 18.
24	Power Supply 2 for Driver (PV _{CC2})	I	8V		Power V _{CC} pin, supplying the current flowing for output power transistors of Pin 19, 20, 21 and 22.
14	GND 1 for Driver	I	0V		GND pin for output power transistors of Pin 15, 16, 17 and 18.
23	GND 1 for Driver	I	0V		GND pin for output power transistors of Pin 15, 16, 17 and 18.
15	Motor Driver 1 Reverse Output (D1-)	O	0V		Reverse rotation output pin of Driver 1.
16	Motor Driver 1 Forward Output (D1+)	O	0V		Normal rotation output pin of Driver 1.
17	Motor Driver 2 Reverse Output (D2-)	O	0V		Reverse rotation output pin of Driver 2.
18	Motor Driver 2 Forward Output (D2+)	O	0V		Normal rotation output pin of Driver 2.
19	Motor Driver 1 Reverse Output (D3-)	O	0V		Reverse rotation output pin of Driver 3.
20	Motor Driver 1 Forward Output (D3+)	O	0V		Normal rotation output pin of Driver 3.
21	Motor Driver 2 Reverse Output (D4-)	O	0V		Reverse rotation output pin of Driver 4.
22	Motor Driver 2 Forward Output (D4+)	O	0V		Normal rotation output pin of Driver 4.

■ Supplementary Explanation

● Cautions for use



When using AN8389S, refer to the following notes and follow the power dissipation characteristics curve.

(1) The load current, IP1, passing through loads RL1 and RL2 is supplied through pin No.13.

$$IP_1 = |V_{16-15}|/RL_1 + |V_{18-17}|/RL_2$$

(2) The load current, IP2, passing through loads RL3 and RL4 is supplied through pin No.24.

$$IP_2 = |V_{20-19}|/RL_3 + |V_{22-21}|/RL_4$$

(3) The dissipation increment, ΔPD , in the IC (power output step) through loads RL1, RL2, RL3 and RL4 is as follows.

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta PD = & (PV_{CC1} - |V_{16-15}|) \times |V_{16-15}|/RL_1 \\ & + (PV_{CC1} - |V_{18-17}|) \times |V_{18-17}|/RL_2 \\ & + (PV_{CC2} - |V_{20-19}|) \times |V_{20-19}|/RL_3 \\ & + (PV_{CC2} - |V_{22-21}|) \times |V_{22-21}|/RL_4 \end{aligned}$$

(4) The dissipation increment, ΔPS , in the IC (signal block, supplied from pin No.1) through loads RL1, RL2, RL3, and RL4 is approximately as follows.

$$\begin{aligned} IT &= |V_1|/R_1 + |V_2|/R_2 + |V_3|/R_3 + |V_4|/R_4 \\ \Delta PS &= V_{CC} \times IT \times 10 + V_{CC} \times (IP_1 + IP_2) \times 10^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

(5) The dissipation increment of the IC, when the driver operates, is $\Delta PD + \Delta PS$.