MC10EP446, MC100EP446

3.3V/5V 8-Bit CMOS/ECL/TTL Data Input Parallel/Serial Converter

The MC10/100EP446 is an integrated 8−bit parallel to serial data converter. The device is designed with unique circuit topology to operate for NRZ data rates up to 3.2 Gb/s. The conversion sequence from parallel data into a serial data stream is from bit D0 to D7. The parallel input pins D0−D7 are configurable to be threshold controlled by CMOS, ECL, or TTL level signals. The serial data rate output can be selected at internal clock data rate or twice the internal clock data rate using the CKSEL pin.

Control pins are provided to reset (SYNC) and disable internal clock circuitry (CKEN). In either CKSEL modes, the internal flip−flops are triggered on the rising edge for CLK and the multiplexers are switched on the falling edge of CLK, therefore, all associated specification limits are referenced to the negative edge of the clock input. Additionally, V_{BB} pin is provided for single−ended input condition.

The 100 Series devices contain temperature compensation network.

- 3.2 Gb/s Typical Data Rate Capability
- Differential Clock and Serial Outputs
- V_{BB} Output for Single-ended Input Applications
- Asynchronous Data Reset (SYNC)
- PECL Mode Operating Range:
  V_{CC} = 3.0 V to 5.5 V with V_{EE} = 0 V
- NECL Mode Operating Range:
  V_{CC} = 0 V with V_{EE} = −3.0 V to −5.5 V
- Open Input Default State
- Safety Clamp on Inputs
- Parallel Interface Can Support PECL, TTL or CMOS

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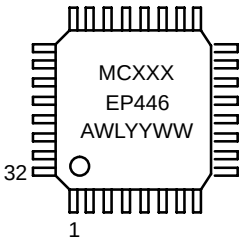
MARKING DIAGRAM*

LQFP−32
FA SUFFIX
CASE 873A

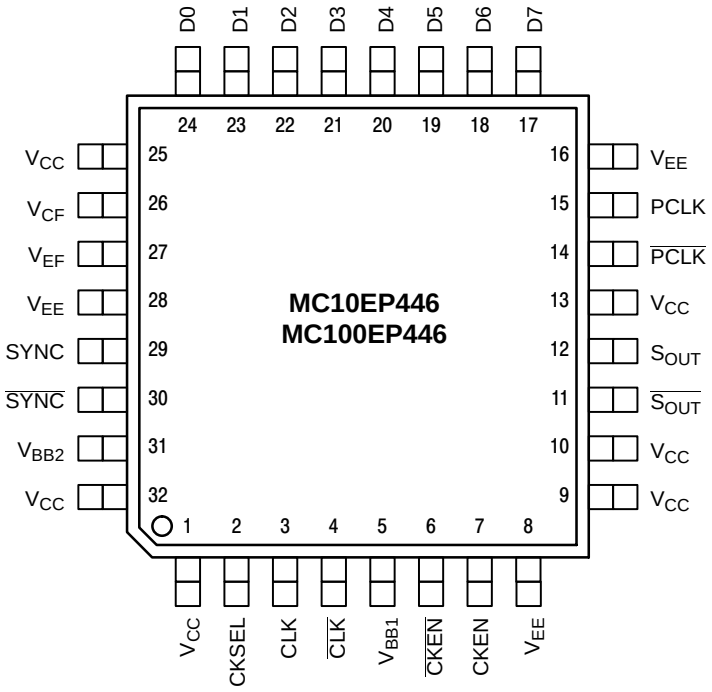


XXX	= 10 or 100
A	= Assembly Location
WL	= Wafer Lot
YY	= Year
WW	= Work Week

*For additional marking information, refer to Application Note AND8002/D.

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 17 of this data sheet.



Warning: All V_{CC} and V_{EE} pins must be externally connected to Power Supply to guarantee proper operation.

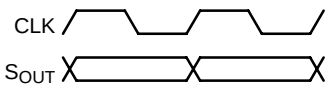
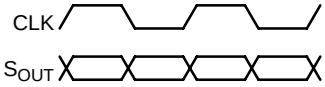
Figure 1. LQFP−32 Pinout (Top View)

Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN	FUNCTION
D0*−D7*	ECL, CMOS, or TTL Parallel Data Input
S_{OUT}, $\overline{S_{OUT}}$	ECL Differential Serial Data Output
CLK*, $\overline{CLK}$*	ECL Differential Clock Input
PCLK, $\overline{PCLK}$	ECL Differential Parallel Clock Output
SYNC*, $\overline{SYNC}$**	ECL Conversion Synchronizing Differential Input (Reset)***
CKSEL*	ECL Clock Input Selector
CKEN*, $\overline{CKEN}$*	ECL Clock Enable Differential Input
V_{CF}	ECL, CMOS, or TTL Input Selector
V_{EF}	ECL Reference Mode Connection
V_{BB1}, V_{BB2}	Reference Voltage Output
V_{CC}	Positive Supply
V_{EE}	Negative Supply

* Pins will default LOW when left open.
**Pins will default HIGH when left open.
***The rising edge of SYNC will asynchronously reset the internal circuitry. The falling edge of the SYNC followed by the falling edge of CLK initiates the conversion process synchronously on the next rising edge of CLK.

Table 2. TRUTH TABLE

Pin	Function	
	HIGH	LOW
CKSEL	S_{OUT}: PCLK = 8:1 CLK: S_{OUT} = 1:1 	S_{OUT}: PCLK = 8:1 CLK: S_{OUT} = 1:2 
CKEN	Synchronously Disables Normal Parallel to Serial Conversion	Synchronously Enables Normal Parallel to Serial Conversion
SYNC	Asynchronously Resets Internal Flip−Flops*	Synchronous Enable

*The rising edge of SYNC will asynchronously reset the internal circuitry. The falling edge of the SYNC followed by the falling edge of CLK initiates the conversion process synchronously on the next rising edge of CLK.

Table 3. INPUT VOLTAGE LEVEL SELECTION TABLE

Input Function	Connect To V_{CF} Pin
ECL Mode	V_{EF} Pin
CMOS Mode	No Connect
TTL Mode*	1.5 V ± 100 mV

*For TTL Mode, if no external voltage can be provided, the reference voltage can be provided by connecting the appropriate resistor between V_{CF} and V_{EE} pins.

Table 4. DATA INPUT OPERATING VOLTAGE TABLE

Power Supply (V_{CC},V_{EE})	Data Inputs (D [0:7])			
	CMOS	TTL	PECL	NECL
PECL	√	√	√	N/A
NECL	N/A	N/A	N/A	√

Power Supply	Resistor Value 10% (Tolerance)
3.3 V	1.5 kΩ
5.0 V	500 Ω

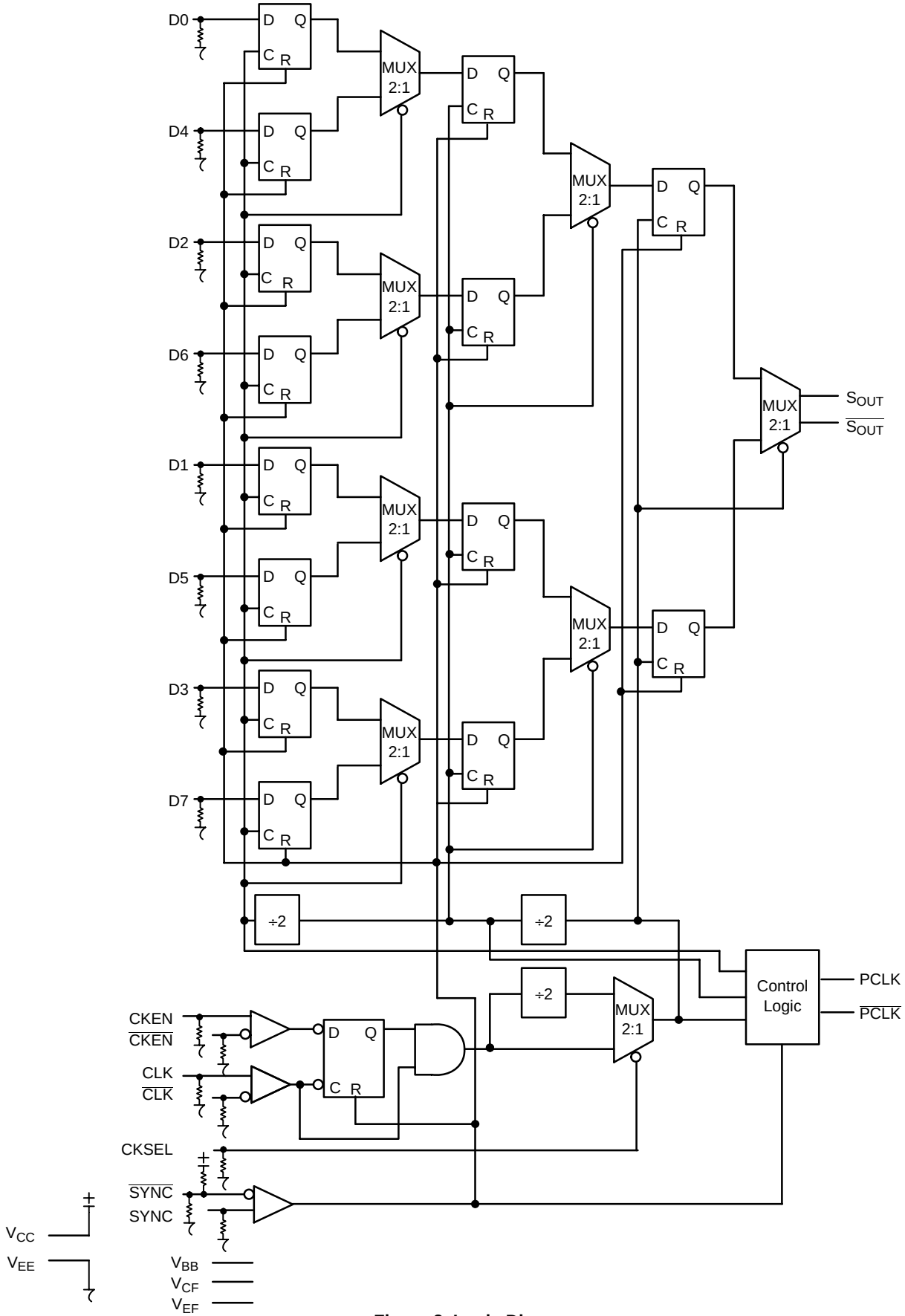


Figure 2. Logic Diagram

Table 5. ATTRIBUTES

Characteristics		Value
Internal Input Pulldown Resistor		75 kΩ
Internal Input Pullup Resistor		37.5 kΩ
ESD Protection	Human Body Model Machine Model Charged Device Model	> 2 kV > 100 V > 2 kV
Moisture Sensitivity (Note 1)		Level 2
Flammability Rating	Oxygen Index: 28 to 34	UL 94 V−0 @ 0.125 in
Transistor Count		962 Devices
Meets or exceeds JEDEC Spec EIA/JESD78 IC Latchup Test		

1. For additional information, see Application Note AND8003/D.

Table 6. MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Condition 1	Condition 2	Rating	Unit
V_{CC}	PECL Mode Power Supply	V_{EE} = 0 V		6	V
V_{EE}	NECL Mode Power Supply	V_{CC} = 0 V		−6	V
V_I	PECL Mode Input Voltage NECL Mode Input Voltage	V_{EE} = 0 V V_{CC} = 0 V	$V_I \le V_{CC}$ $V_I \ge V_{EE}$	6 −6	V V
I_{out}	Output Current	Continuous Surge		50 100	mA mA
I_{BB}	V_{BB} Sink/Source			± 0.5	mA
T_A	Operating Temperature Range			−40 to +85	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature Range			−65 to +150	°C
θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction−to−Ambient)	0 lfpm 500 lfpm	LQFP−32 LQFP−32	80 55	°C/W °C/W
θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction−to−Case)	Standard Board	LQFP−32	12 to 17	°C/W
T_{sol}	Wave Solder	< 2 to 3 sec @ 248°C		265	°C

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which device damage can occur. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If these limits are exceeded, device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

Table 7. 10EP DC CHARACTERISTICS, PECL V_{CC} = 3.3 V, V_{EE} = 0 V (Note 2)

		−40°C			25°C			85°C			
Symbol	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Unit**
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current	90	110	130	90	110	130	95	115	135	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 3)	2165	2290	2415	2230	2355	2480	2290	2415	2540	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 3)	1365	1490	1615	1430	1555	1680	1490	1615	1740	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single−Ended) CMOS PECL TTL	 2000 2090 2000		 3300 3300 3300	 2000 2155 2000		 3300 3300 3300	 2000 2215 2000		 3300 3300 3300	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single−Ended) CMOS PECL TTL	 0 1365 0		 800 1690 800	 0 1460 0		 800 1755 800	 0 1490 0		 800 1815 800	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	1740	1840	1940	1805	1905	2005	1865	1965	2065	mV
V_{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration) (Note 4)	2.0		3.3	2.0		3.3	2.0		3.3	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

2. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC}. V_{EE} can vary +0.3 V to −2.2 V.
3. All loading with 50 Ω to V_{CC} − 2.0 V.
4. V_{IHCMR} min varies 1:1 with V_{EE}, V_{IHCMR} max varies 1:1 with V_{CC}. The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

Table 8. 10EP DC CHARACTERISTICS, PECL V_{CC} = 5.0 V, V_{EE} = 0 V (Note 5)

		−40°C			25°C			85°C			
Symbol	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Unit**
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current	90	110	130	90	110	130	95	115	135	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 6)	3865	3950	4115	3930	4055	4180	3990	4115	4240	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 6)	3065	3190	3315	3130	3255	3380	3190	3315	3440	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single−Ended) CMOS PECL TTL	 3500 3790 2000		 5000 5000 5000	 3500 3855 2000		 5000 5000 5000	 3500 3915 2000		 5000 5000 5000	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single−Ended) CMOS PECL TTL	 0 3065 0		 1500 3390 800	 0 3130 0		 1500 3455 800	 0 3190 0		 1500 3915 800	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	3440	3540	3640	3505	3605	3705	3565	3665	3765	mV
V_{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration) (Note 7)	2.0		5.0	2.0		5.0	2.0		5.0	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

5. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC}. V_{EE} can vary +2.0 V to −0.5 V.
6. All loading with 50 Ω to V_{CC} − 2.0 V.
7. V_{IHCMR} min varies 1:1 with V_{EE}, V_{IHCMR} max varies 1:1 with V_{CC}. The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

Table 9. 10EP DC CHARACTERISTICS, NECL V_{CC} = 0 V, V_{EE} = −5.5 V to −3.0 V (Note 8)

Symbol	Characteristic	−40°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current	90	110	130	90	110	130	95	115	135	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 9)	−1135	−1010	−885	−1070	−945	−820	−1010	−885	−760	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 9)	−1935	−1810	−1685	−1870	−1745	−1620	−1810	−1685	−1560	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single−Ended)	−1210		−885	−1145		−820	−1085		−760	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single−Ended)	−1935		−1610	−1870		−1545	−1810		−1485	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	−1560	−1460	−1360	−1495	−1395	−1295	−1435	−1335	−1235	mV
V_{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration) (Note 10)	V_{EE}+2.0		0.0	V_{EE}+2.0		0.0	V_{EE}+2.0		0.0	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

8. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC}.
9. All loading with 50 Ω to V_{CC} − 2.0 V.
10. V_{IHCMR} min varies 1:1 with V_{EE}, V_{IHCMR} max varies 1:1 with V_{CC}. The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

Table 10. 100EP DC CHARACTERISTICS, PECL V_{CC} = 3.3 V, V_{EE} = 0 V (Note 11)

Symbol	Characteristic	−40°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current	90	110	130	90	110	130	95	115	135	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 12)	2155	2280	2405	2155	2280	2405	2155	2280	2405	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 12)	1355	1480	1605	1355	1480	1605	1355	1480	1605	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single−Ended) CMOS PECL TTL	 2000 2075 2000		 3300 3300 3300	 2000 2075 2000		 3300 3300 3300	 2000 2075 2000		 3300 3300 3300	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single−Ended) CMOS PECL TTL	 0 1355 0		 800 1675 800	 0 1355 0		 800 1675 800	 0 1355 0		 800 1675 800	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	1775	1875	1975	1775	1875	1975	1775	1875	1975	mV
V_{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration) (Note 13)	2.0		3.3	2.0		3.3	2.0		3.3	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

11. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC}. V_{EE} can vary +0.3 V to −2.2 V.
12. All loading with 50 Ω to V_{CC} − 2.0 V.
13. V_{IHCMR} min varies 1:1 with V_{EE}, V_{IHCMR} max varies 1:1 with V_{CC}. The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

Table 11. 100EP DC CHARACTERISTICS, PECL V_{CC} = 5.0 V, V_{EE} = 0 V (Note 14)

		−40°C			25°C			85°C			
Symbol	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Unit**
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current	90	110	130	90	110	130	95	115	135	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 15)	3855	3980	4105	3855	3980	4105	3855	3980	4105	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 15)	3055	3180	3305	3055	3180	3305	3055	3180	3305	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single−Ended) CMOS PECL TTL	 3500 3775 2000		 5000 5000 5000	 3500 3775 2000		 5000 5000 5000	 3500 3775 2000		 5000 5000 5000	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single−Ended) CMOS PECL TTL	 0 3055 0		 1500 3375 800	 0 3055 0		 1500 3375 800	 0 3055 0		 1500 3375 800	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	3475	3575	3675	3475	3575	3675	3475	3575	3675	mV
V_{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration) (Note 16)	2.0		5.0	2.0		5.0	2.0		5.0	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

14. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC}. V_{EE} can vary +2.0 V to −0.5 V.
15. All loading with 50 Ω to V_{CC} − 2.0 V.
16. V_{IHCMR} min varies 1:1 with V_{EE}, V_{IHCMR} max varies 1:1 with V_{CC}. The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

Table 12. 100EP DC CHARACTERISTICS, NECL V_{CC} = 0 V, V_{EE} = −5.5 V to −3.0 V (Note 17)

		−40°C			25°C			85°C			
Symbol	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Unit**
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current	90	110	130	90	110	130	95	115	135	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 18)	−1145	−1020	−895	−1145	−1020	−895	−1145	−1020	−895	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 18)	−1945	−1820	−1695	−1945	−1820	−1695	−1945	−1820	−1695	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single−Ended)	−1225		−880	−1225		−880	−1225		−880	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single−Ended)	−1945		−1625	−1945		−1625	−1945		−1625	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	−1525	−1425	−1325	−1525	−1425	−1325	−1525	−1425	−1325	mV
V_{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration) (Note 19)	V_{EE}+2.0		0.0	V_{EE}+2.0		0.0	V_{EE}+2.0		0.0	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

17. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC}.
18. All loading with 50 Ω to V_{CC} − 2.0 V.
19. V_{IHCMR} min varies 1:1 with V_{EE}, V_{IHCMR} max varies 1:1 with V_{CC}. The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

Table 13. AC CHARACTERISTICS V_{CC} = 0 V; V_{EE} = −3.0 V to −5.5 V or V_{CC} = 3.0 V to 5.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V (Note 20)

Symbol	Characteristic	−40°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{max}	Maximum Frequency (Figure 14)										GHz
	CKSEL High	3.2	3.4		3.2	3.4		3.2	3.4		
	CKSEL Low	1.6	1.7		1.6	1.7		1.6	1.7		
t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay to Output Differential										ps
	CKSEL = 0 CLK TO S_{OUT},	650	750	850	700	800	900	725	850	975	
	CLK TO PCLK	700	800	900	750	850	950	775	900	1025	
	CKSEL = 1 CLK TO S_{OUT},	775	875	975	825	925	1025	875	1000	1125	ps
	CLK TO PCLK	850	950	1050	900	1000	1100	950	1075	1200	
t_S	Setup Time										ps
	D to CLK+ (Figure 3)	−375	−425		−400	−450		−450	−500		
	SYNC− to CLK− (Figure 4)	200	140		200	140		200	140		
	CKEN+ to CLK− (Figure 5)	70	40		70	40		70	40		
t_h	Hold Time										ps
	D to CLK+ (Figure 3)	−525	−575		−550	−600		−600	−650		
	SYNC− to CLK−	0			0			0			
	CLK− to CKEN− (Figure 5)	75	45		75	45		75	45		
t_{pw}	Minimum Pulse Width (Note 22)										ps
	Data (D0−D7)	150			150			150			
	SYNC	200			200			200			
	CKEN	145			145			145			
t_{JITTER}	Random Clock Jitter (RMS) $\leq f_{max}$ Typ		0.2	< 1		0.2	< 1		0.2	< 1	ps
V_{PP}	Input Differential Voltage Swing (Note 21)	150	800	1200	150	800	1200	150	800	1200	mV
t_r t_f	Output Rise/Fall Times S_{OUT} (20% − 80%)	50	100	150	70	120	170	90	140	190	ps

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

20. Measured using a 750 mV source, 50% duty cycle clock source. All loading with 50 Ω to V_{CC} − 2.0 V.
21. V_{PP}(min) is the minimum input swing for which AC parameters are guaranteed.
22. The minimum pulse width is valid only if the setup and hold times are respected.

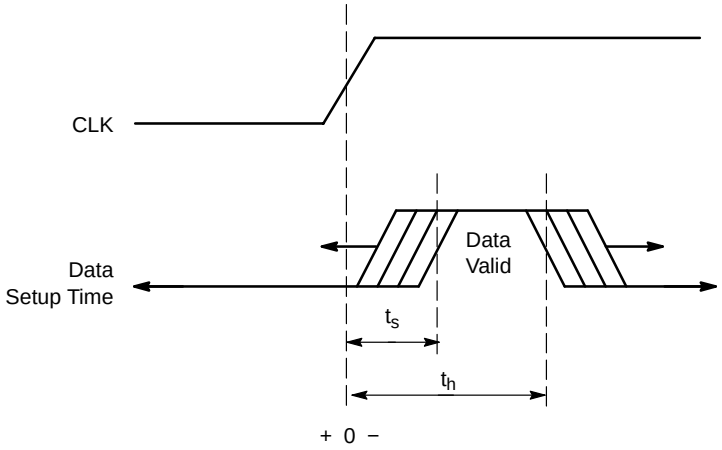


Figure 3. Setup and Hold Time for Data

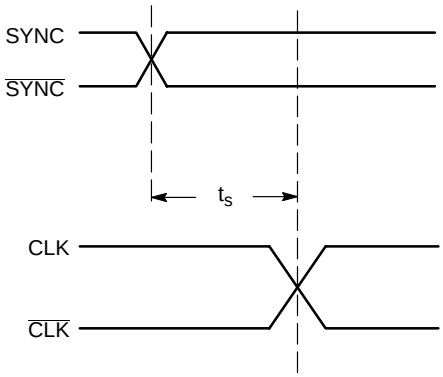


Figure 4. Setup Time for SYNC

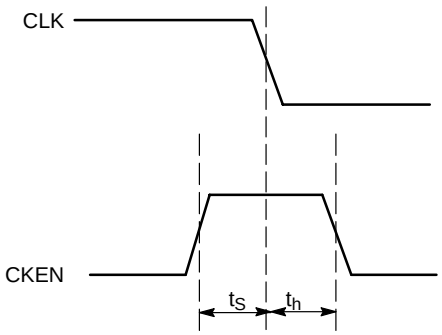


Figure 5. Setup and Hold Time for CKEN

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The MC10/100EP446 is an integrated 8:1 parallel to serial converter. An attribute for EP446 is that the parallel inputs D0–D7 (Pins 17 – 24) can be configured to accept either CMOS, ECL, or TTL level signals by a combination of interconnects between V_{EF} (Pin 27) and V_{CF} (Pin 26) pins. For CMOS input levels, leave V_{EF} and V_{CF} open. For ECL operation, short V_{CF} and V_{EF} (Pins 26 and 27). For TTL operation, connect a 1.5 V supply reference to V_{CF} and leave the V_{EF} pin open. The 1.5 V reference voltage to V_{CF} pin can be accomplished by placing a 1.5 kΩ or 500 Ω between V_{CF} and V_{EE} for 3.3 V or 5.0 V power supplies, respectively. Note: all pins requiring ECL voltage inputs must have a 50 Ω terminating resistor to V_{TT} ($V_{TT} = V_{CC} – 2.0$ V).

The CKSEL input (Pin 2) is provided to enable the user to select the serial data rate output between internal clock data rate or twice the internal clock data rate. For CKSEL LOW operation, the time from when the parallel data is latched ① to when the data is seen on the S_{OUT} ② is on the falling edge of the 7th clock cycle plus internal propagation delay (Figure 6). Note the PCLK switches on the falling edge of CLK.

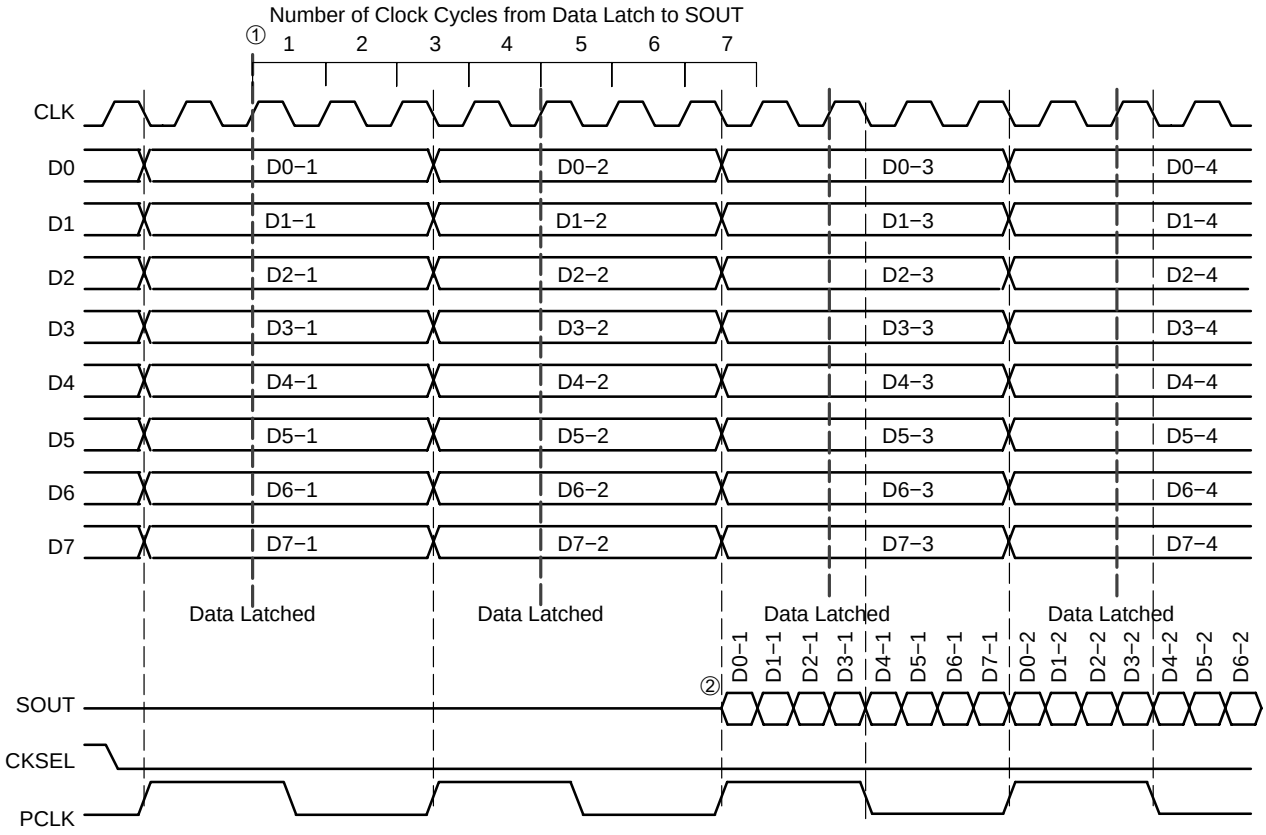


Figure 6. Timing Diagram 1:8 Parallel to Serial Conversion with CKSEL LOW

Similarly, for CKSEL HIGH operation, the time from when the parallel data is latched ① to when the data is seen on the S_{OUT} ② is on the rising edge of the 14th clock cycle plus internal propagation delay (Figure 7). Furthermore, the PCLK switches on the rising edge of CLK.

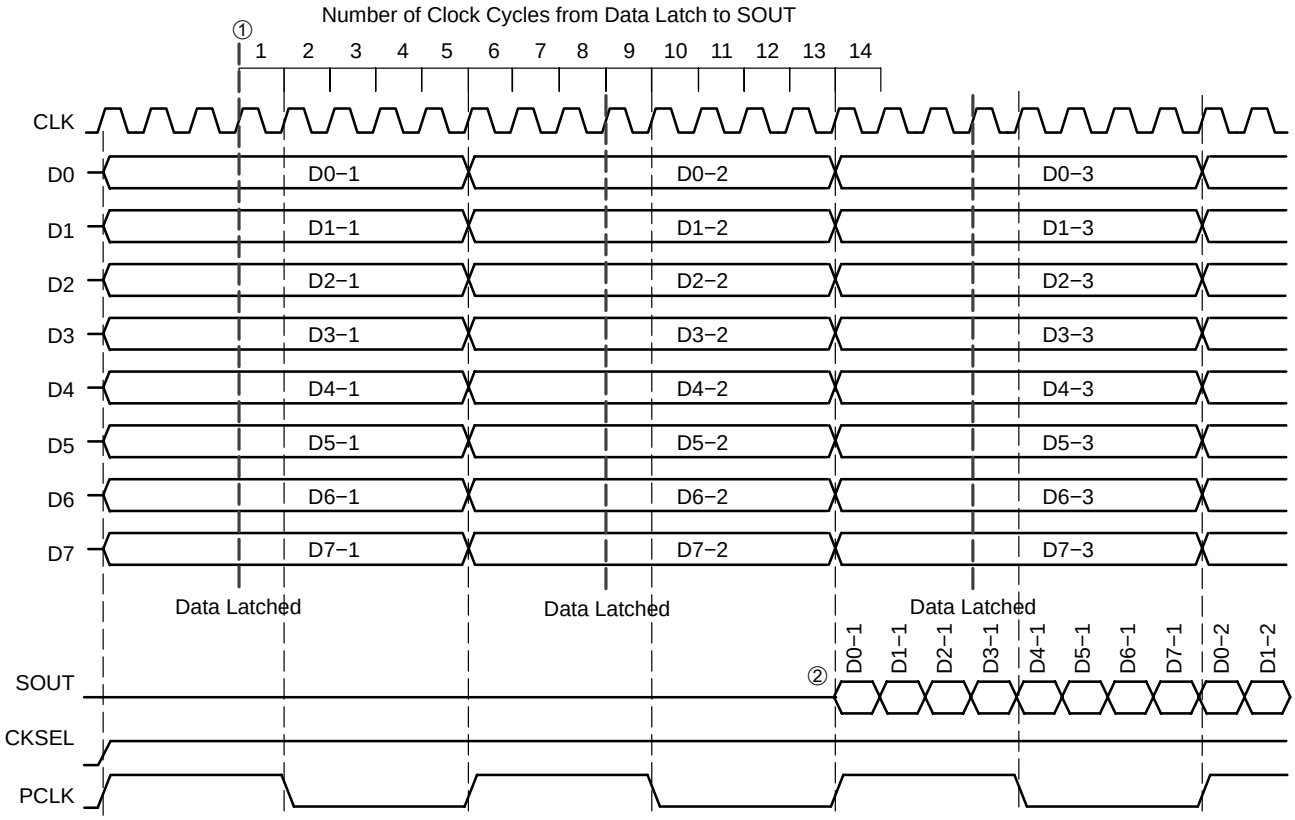


Figure 7. Timing Diagram 1:8 Parallel to Serial Conversion with CKSEL HIGH

The device also features a differential SYNC input (Pins 29 and 30), which asynchronously reset all internal flip–flops and clock circuitry on the rising edge of SYNC. The release of SYNC is a synchronous process, which ensures that no runt serial data bits are generated. The falling edge of the SYNC followed by a falling edge of CLK initiates the start of the conversion process on the next rising edge of CLK (Figures 8 and 9). As shown in the figures below, the device will start to latch the parallel input data after the a falling edge of SYNC ①, followed by the falling edge CLK ②, on the next rising of edge of CLK ③ for CKSEL LOW

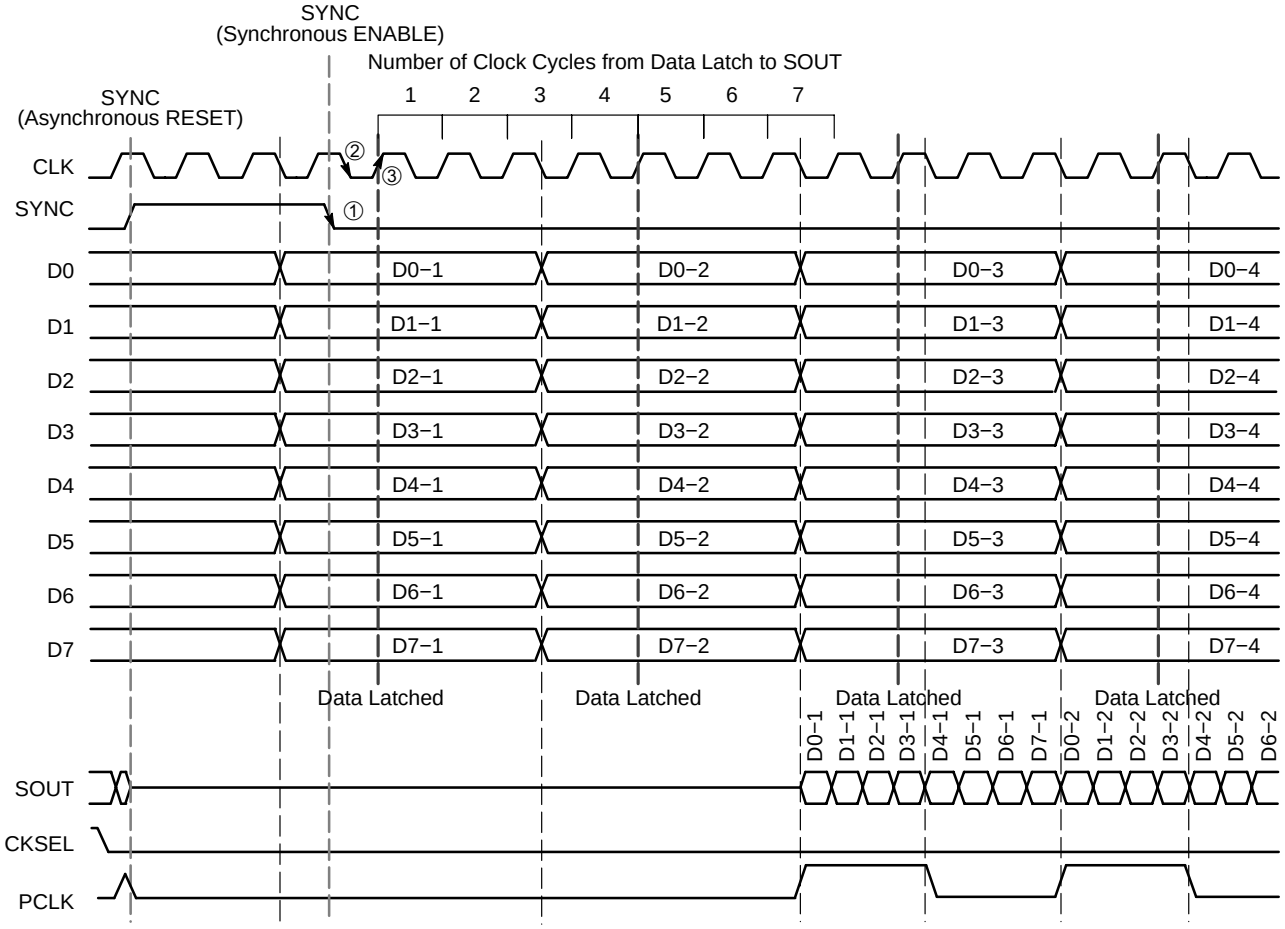


Figure 8. Timing Diagram 1:8 Parallel to Serial Conversion with CKSEL LOW and SYNC

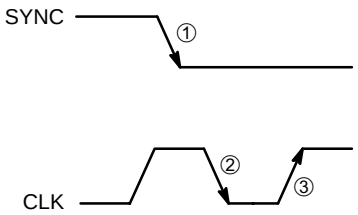


Figure 9. Synchronous Release of SYNC for CKSEL LOW

For CKSEL HIGH, as shown in the timing diagrams below, the device will start to latch the parallel input data after the falling edge of SYNC ①, followed by the falling edge CLK ②, on the second rising edge of CLK ③ (Figures 10 and 11).

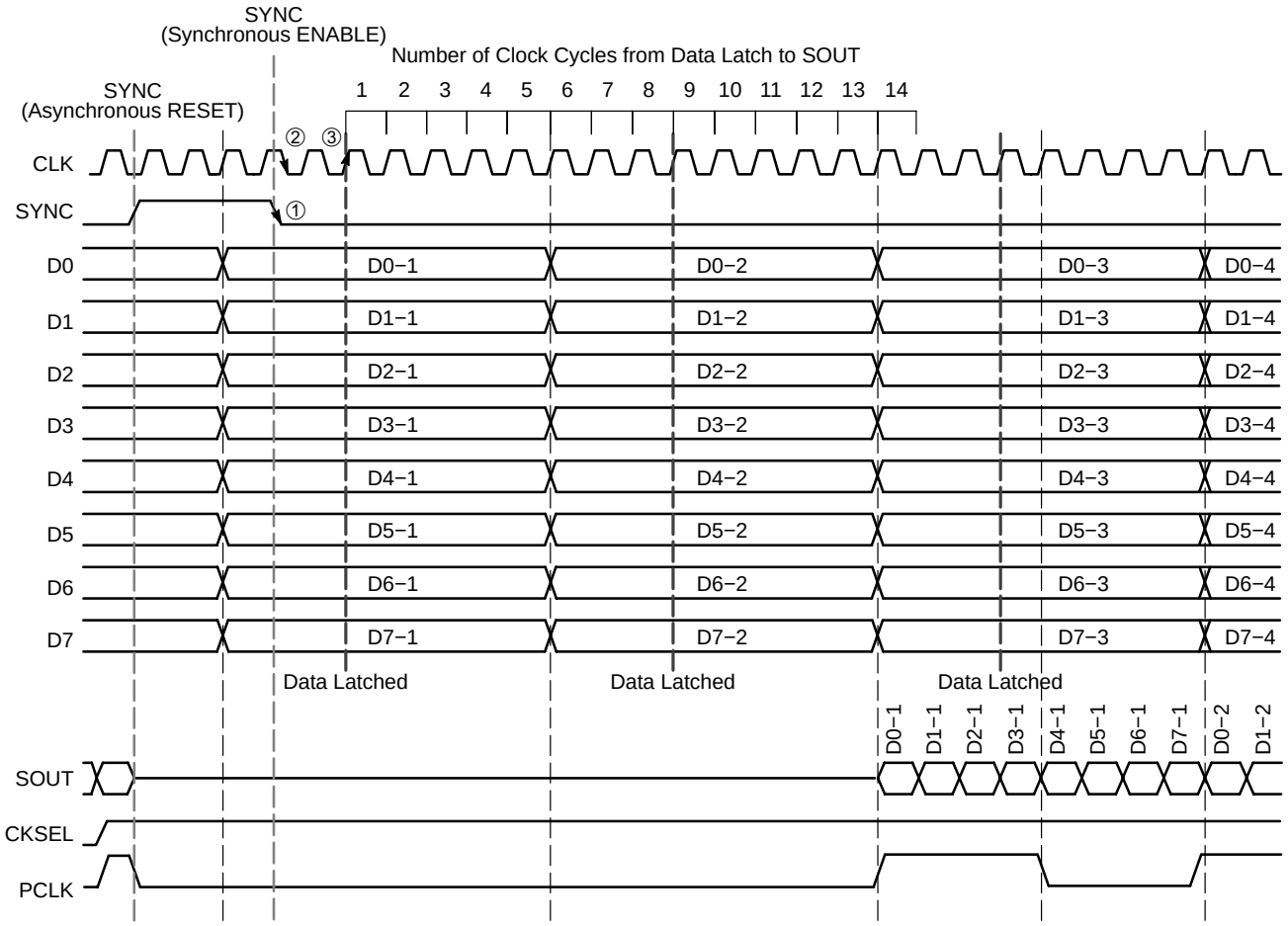


Figure 10. Timing Diagram 1:8 Parallel to Serial Conversion with CKSEL HIGH and SYNC

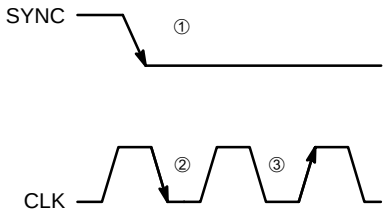


Figure 11. Synchronous Release of SYNC for CKSEL HIGH

The differential synchronous CKEN inputs (Pins 6 and 7), disable the internal clock circuitry. The synchronous CKEN will suspend all of the device activities and prevent runt pulses from being generated. The rising edge of CKEN followed by the falling edge of CLK will suspend all activities. The falling edge of CKEN followed by the falling edge of CLK will resume all activities (Figure 12).

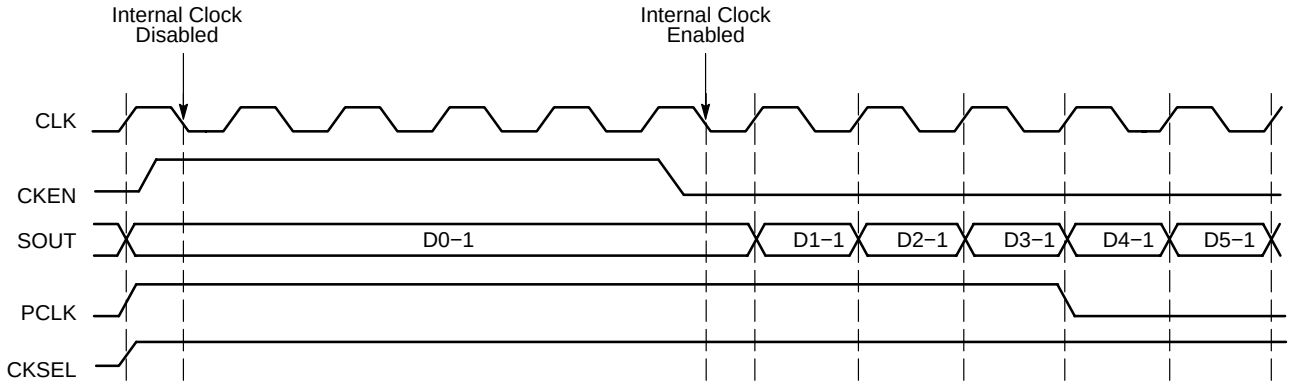


Figure 12. Timing Diagram with CKEN with CKSEL HIGH

The differential PCLK output (Pins 14 and 15) is a word framer and can help the user synchronize the serial data output, S_{OUT} (Pins 11 and 12), in their applications. Furthermore, PCLK can be used as a trigger for input parallel data (Figure 13).

An internally generated voltage supply, the V_{BB} pin, is available to this device only. For single–ended input conditions, the unused differential input is connected to V_{BB} as a switching reference voltage. V_{BB} may also rebias AC coupled inputs. When used, decouple V_{BB} and V_{CC} via a 0.01 μF capacitor and limit current sourcing or sinking to 0.5 mA. When not used, V_{BB} should be left open. Also, both outputs of the differential pair must be terminated (50 Ω to V_{TT}) even if only one output is used.

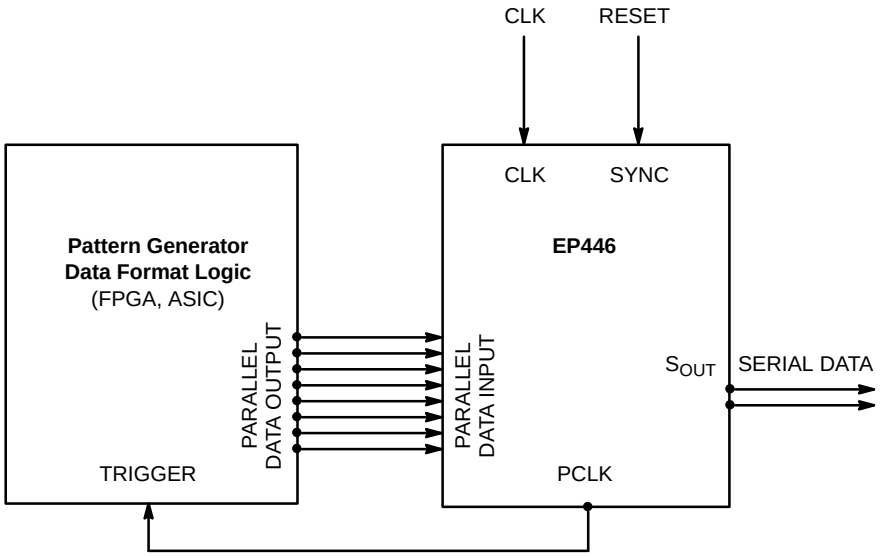


Figure 13. PCLK as Trigger Application

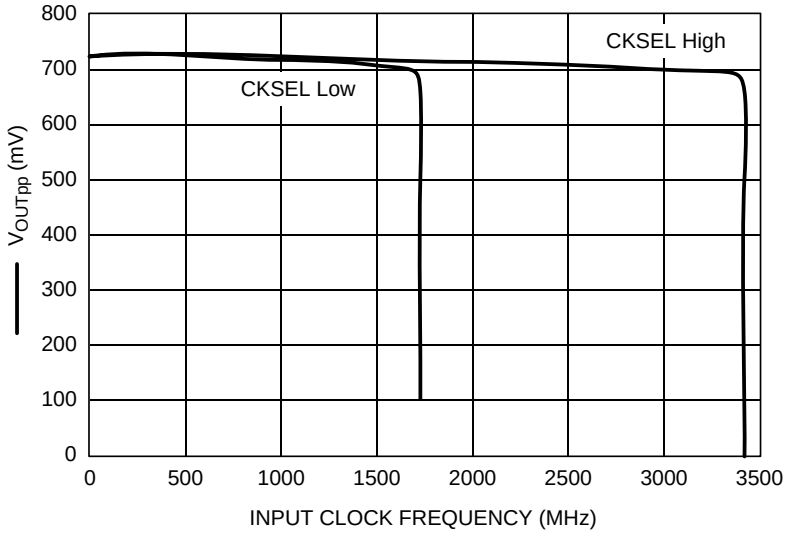


Figure 14. Typical V_{OUTPP} versus Input Clock Frequency, 25°C

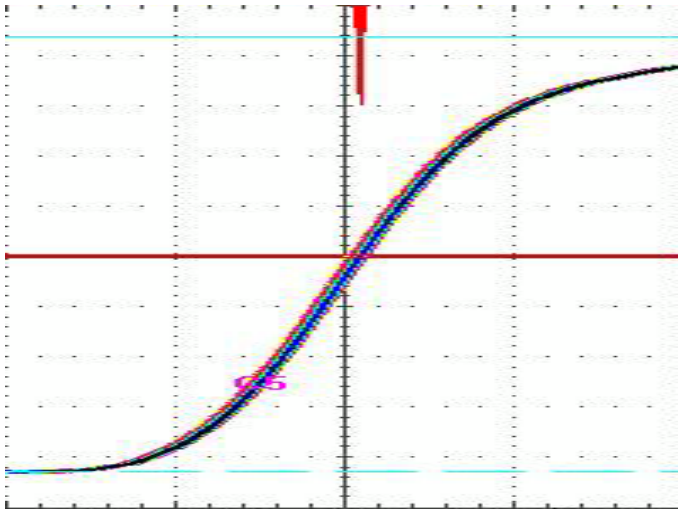


Figure 15. SOUT System Jitter Measurement
(Condition: 3.4 GHz input frequency, CKSEL HIGH, BEOFE32 bit pattern on SOUT

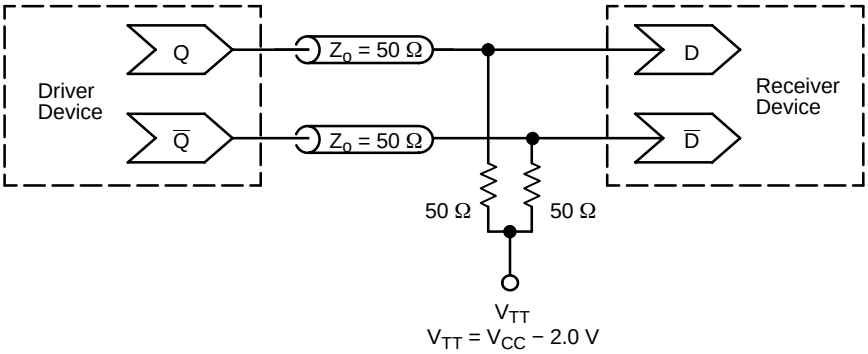


Figure 16. Typical Termination for Output Driver and Device Evaluation (See Application Note AND8020/D − Termination of ECL Logic Devices.)

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping†
MC10EP446FA	LQFP−32	250 Units / Tray
MC10EP446FAR2	LQFP−32	2000 / Tape & Reel
MC100EP446FA	LQFP−32	250 Units / Tray
MC100EP446FAR2	LQFP−32	2000 / Tape & Reel

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

Resource Reference of Application Notes

AN1405/D − ECL Clock Distribution Techniques

AN1406/D − Designing with PECL (ECL at +5.0 V)

AN1503/D − ECLinPS™ I/O SPiCE Modeling Kit

AN1504/D − Metastability and the ECLinPS Family

AN1568/D − Interfacing Between LVDS and ECL

AN1642/D − The ECL Translator Guide

AND8001/D − Odd Number Counters Design

AND8002/D − Marking and Date Codes

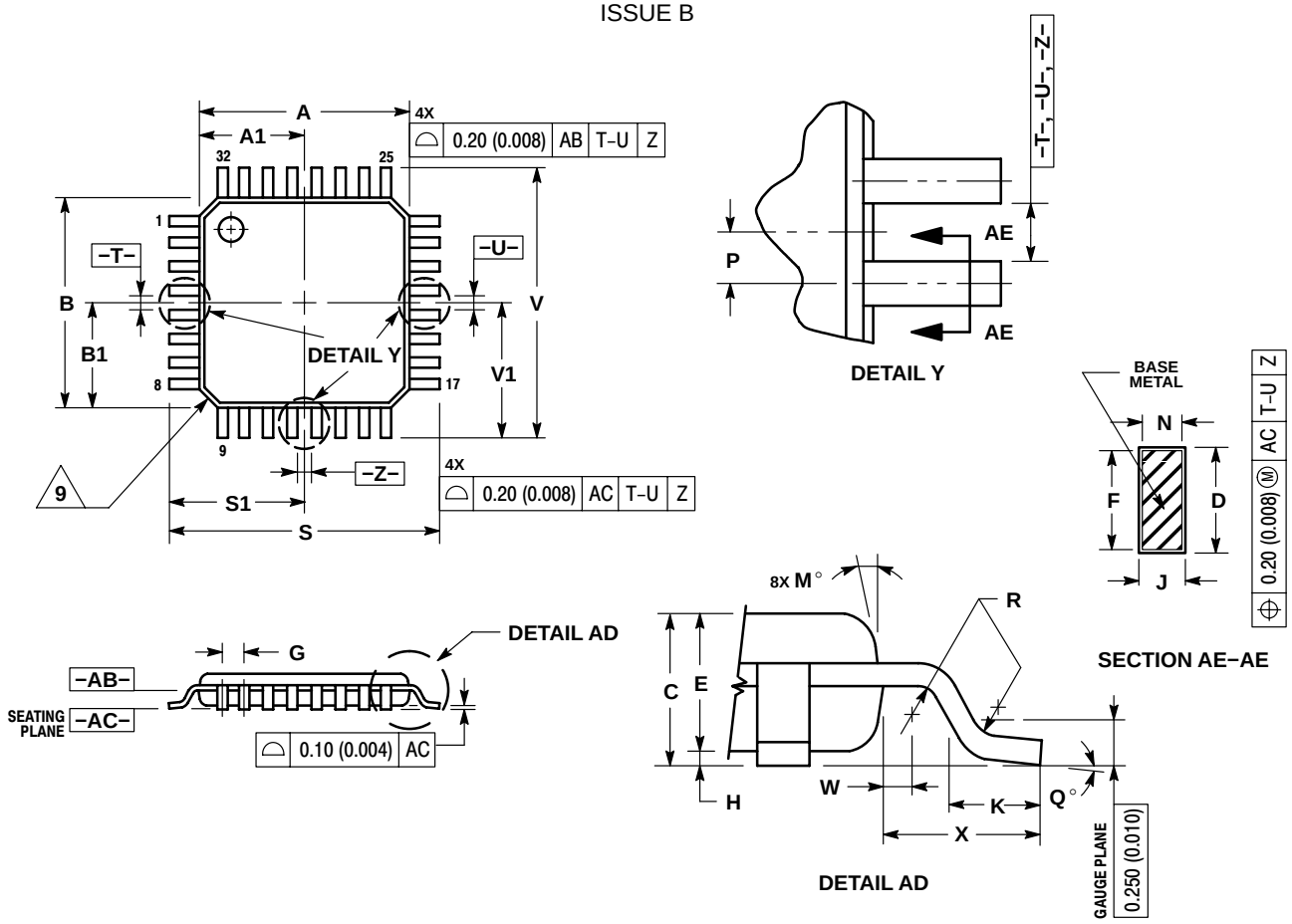
AND8020/D − Termination of ECL Logic Devices

AND8066/D − Interfacing with ECLinPS

AND8090/D − AC Characteristics of ECL Devices

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

LQFP
FA SUFFIX
32−LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE
CASE 873A−02
ISSUE B



NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DATUM PLANE −AB− IS LOCATED AT BOTTOM OF LEAD AND IS COINCIDENT WITH THE LEAD WHERE THE LEAD EXITS THE PLASTIC BODY AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PARTING LINE.
4. DATUMS −T−, −U−, AND −Z− TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE −AB−.
5. DIMENSIONS S AND V TO BE DETERMINED AT SEATING PLANE −AC−.
6. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION IS 0.250 (0.010) PER SIDE. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO INCLUDE MOLD MISMATCH AND ARE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE −AB−.
7. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT CAUSE THE D DIMENSION TO EXCEED 0.520 (0.020).
8. MINIMUM SOLDER PLATE THICKNESS SHALL BE 0.0076 (0.0003).
9. EXACT SHAPE OF EACH CORNER MAY VARY FROM DEPICTION.

	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	7.000 BSC		0.276 BSC	
A1	3.500 BSC		0.138 BSC	
B	7.000 BSC		0.276 BSC	
B1	3.500 BSC		0.138 BSC	
C	1.400	1.600	0.055	0.063
D	0.300	0.450	0.012	0.018
E	1.350	1.450	0.053	0.057
F	0.300	0.400	0.012	0.016
G	0.800 BSC		0.031 BSC	
H	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006
J	0.090	0.200	0.004	0.008
K	0.500	0.700	0.020	0.028
M	12° REF		12° REF	
N	0.090	0.160	0.004	0.006
P	0.400 BSC		0.016 BSC	
Q	1°	5°	1°	5°
R	0.150	0.250	0.006	0.010
S	9.000 BSC		0.354 BSC	
S1	4.500 BSC		0.177 BSC	
V	9.000 BSC		0.354 BSC	
V1	4.500 BSC		0.177 BSC	
W	0.200 REF		0.008 REF	
X	1.000 REF		0.039 REF	

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