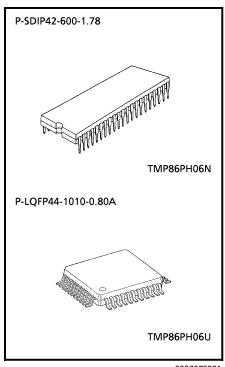
CMOS 8-Bit Microcontroller

TMP86PH06N/TMP86PH06U

The TMP86PH06 is a OTP type MCU which includes 16 Kbyte One-time PROM. It is a pin compatible with a mask ROM product of the TMP86CH06. Writing the program to built-in PROM, the TMP86PH06 operates as the same way as the TMP86CH06. Using the Adapter socket, you can write and verify the data for the TMP86PH06 with a general-purpose PROM programmer same as TC57100D/AD.

Product No.	OTP	RAM	Package	Adapter Socket
TMP86PH06N	16 K × 8 bit	512 × 8 bit	P-SDIP42-600-1.78	BM11155
TMP86PH06U	16 K × 8 bit	512 × 8 bit	P-LQFP44-1010-0.80A	BM11156



• For a discussion of how the reliability of microcontrollers can be predicted, please refer to Section 1.3 of the chapter entitled Quality and Reliability Assurance / Handling Precautions.

Quality and Reliability Assurance / Handling Precautions.

TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of such TOSHIBA products could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property.

In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent TOSHIBA products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the "Handling Guide for Semiconductor Devices," or "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" etc..

The TOSHIBA products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (computer, personal equipment, office equipment, measuring equipment, industrial robotics, domestic appliances, etc.). These

rine IOSHIBA products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (computer, personal equipment, office equipment, measuring equipment, industrial robotics, domestic appliances, etc.). These TOSHIBA products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in equipment that requires extraordinarily high quality and/or reliability or a malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life or bodily injury ("Unintended Usage"). Unintended Usage include atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, medical instruments, all types of safety devices, etc.. Unintended Usage of TOSHIBA products listed in this document shall be made at the customer's own risk.

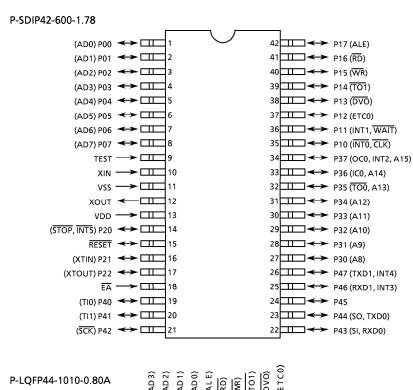
The products described in this document are subject to the foreign exchange and foreign trade laws.

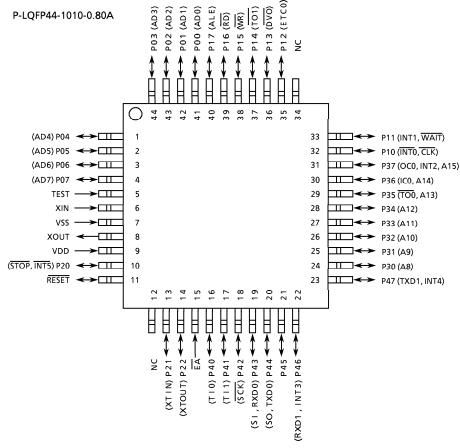
The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA CORPORATION for any infringements of intellectual property or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any intellectual property or other rights of TOSHIBA CORPORATION or others.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

86PH06-1 2002-10-08

Pin Assignments (Top View)





Pin Function

The TMP86PH06 has MCU mode and PROM mode.

(1) MCU mode

In the MCU mode, the TMP86PH06 is a pin compatible with the TMP86CH06 (Make sure to fix the TEST pin to low level).

(2) PROM mode

Pin Name (PROM mode)	Input/Output	Functions	Pin Name (MCU mode)		
A15 to A8 A7 to A0	Input	Input of Memory address for program	P30 to P37 P40 to P47		
D7 to D0	1/0	Input/Output of Memory data for program	P00 to P07		
CE OE	Input	Chip enable Input Output enable			
PGM		Program control	P15		
VPP VCC GND	Power supply	+ 12.75 V/5 V (Power supply of program) + 6.25 V/5 V 0 V	TEST VDD VSS		
EA, P11, P21 P12, P10, P22, P20 RESET	I/O	PROM mode setting pin. Fix to high. PROM mode setting pin. Fix to low.			
P16, P17	Output	Output pin for PROM operation test. Open or release.			
XIN	Input Output	Self oscillation with resonator (8 MHz).			

Note: No pin is applied to A16 input.

Operational Description

This section describes the functions and basic operational blocks of TMP86PH06.

The TMP86PH06 has PROM in place of the mask ROM which is included in the TMP86CH06. The configuration and function are the same as the TMP86CH06. For the functions of TMP86PH06 in details, see the section of TMP86CH06.

In addition, TMP86PH06 operates as the single clock mode when releasing reset.

When using the dual clock mode, oscillate a low-frequency clock by SET (SYSCR2). XTEN command at the beginning of program.

1. Operating Mode

The TMP86PH06 has MCU mode and PROM mode.

1.1 MCU mode

The MCU mode is set by fixing the TEST/VPP pin to the low level.

In the MCU mode, the operation is the same as the TMP86CH06 (TEST/VPP pin cannot be used open because it has no built-in pull-down resister).

1.1.1 Program Memory

The TMP86PH06 has a 16-Kbyte built-in one time PROM (addresses C000 to $FFFF_H$ in the MCU mode, addresses 0000 to $3FFF_H$ in the PROM mode).

When using TMP86PH06 for evaluation of TMP86CH06, the program is written in the program storing area shown in Figure 1-1.

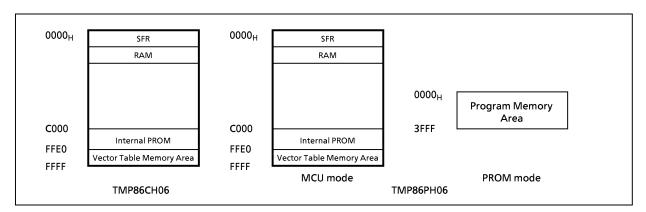


Figure 1-1. Program Memory Area

Note: A general-purpose PROM programmer should be set only in the program memory area to access.

2002-10-08

Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Rating (V_{ss} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Rating	Unit	
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}		– 0.3 to 6.5		
Programing Voltage	V_{PP}	TEST/V _{PP}	– 0.3 to 13.0		
Input Voltage	V_{IN}		– 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V	
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}		– 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3		
Outroot Command	I _{OUT1}	P1 to P4	3.2		
Output Current	I _{OUT3}	P0	30	mA	
	Σ l _{OUT1}		80		
Output Current	Σ I _{OUT3}		120		
		TMP86PH06N	600		
Power Dissipation (Topr = 85°C)	PD	тмр86рн06U	350	mW	
Soldering Temperature (Time)	Tsld		260 (10 s)		
Storage Temperature	Tstg		– 55 to 125	°C	
Operating Temperature	Topr		– 40 to 85		

Note: The absolute maximum ratings are rated values which must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant. Any one of the ratings must not be exceeded. If any absolute maximum rating is exceeded, a device may break down or its performance may be degraded, causing it to catch fire or explode resulting in injury to the user. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that no absolute maximum rating value will ever be exceeded.

Recommended Operating Conditions

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V, Topr} = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins		Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
			fc = 16	NORMAL1, 2 mode			
			MHz	IDLE0, 1, 2 mode	4.5		
			fc = 8 NORMAL1, 2 mode	NORMAL1, 2 mode			
			MHz	IDLE0, 1, 2 mode	2.7		
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}		fc = 4.2	NORMAL1, 2 mode		5.5	V
			MHz	IDLE0, 1, 2 mode	1.8		
			fs = 32.768	SLOW1, 2 mode			
			kHz	SLEEP0, 1, 2 mode			
				STOP mode	1.8		
	V _{IH1}	Except hysteresis and TTL input	$V_{DD} \ge 4.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{DD} < 4.5 \text{ V}$		$V_{DD} \times 0.70$		
	V_{IH2}	Hysteresis input			$V_{DD} \times 0.75$		
Input High Voltage	V _{IH3}	Except TTL input			$V_{DD} \times 0.90$	V_{DD}	V
	V _{IH4}	TTL input (Data bus)		$V_{DD} = 5 V$	2.2		
	V _{IH5}			V _{DD} = 1.8 V	V _{DD} – 0.2		
	V _{IL1}	Except hysteresis and TTL input		V _{DD} ≧ 4.5 V		$V_{DD} \times 0.30$	
	V_{IL2}	Hysteresis input		VDD = 4.3 V		$V_{DD} \times 0.25$	
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL3}	Except TLL input		V_{DD} < 4.5 V	0	$V_{DD} \times 0.10$	V
	V_{IL4}	TTL input (Data bus)		$V_{DD} = 5 V$		0.8	
	V_{IL5}			V _{DD} = 1.8 V		0.2	
				V _{DD} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		16	
Clock Frequency	fc	XIN, XOUT	$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		1.0	8	MHz
Clock Frequency						4.2	
	fs	XTIN, XTOUT			30.0	34.0	kHz

Note 1: The recommended operating conditions for a device are operating conditions under which it can be guaranteed that the device will operate as specified. If the device is used under operating conditions other than the recommended operating conditions (supply voltage, operating temperature range, specified AC/DC values etc.), malfunction may occur. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that the recommended operating conditions for the device are always adhered to.

Note 2: Clock Frequency fc; The condition of supply voltage range is the value under NORMAL1/2 and IDLE0/1/2 mode.

Note 3: The minimum fc with clock gear is calculated as following formula with the ratio on divider n. $(Min \ fc) = (ratio \ on \ divider \ n) \times 1 \ [MHz]$

86PH06-11

DC Characteristics

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr} = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Hysteresis Voltage	V _{HS}	Hysteresis input		_	0.9	-	V
	I _{IN1}	TEST, EA	V 55V	_			
Input Current	I _{IN2}	Sink Open Drain, Tri-state Port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}/0 \text{ V}$		-	± 2	μA
	I _{IN3}	I _{IN3} RESET, STOP					
Input Resistance	R _{IN2}	RESET		100	220	450	kΩ
OSC. Feedback	Rfx	XIN-XOUT		_	1.2	_	NAO
Resistance	Rfxt	XTIN-XTOUT		_	6	_	ΜΩ
Output Leakage	I _{LO1}	Sink Open Drain Port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	_	_	2	
Current	I _{LO2}	Tri-state Port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \ V_{OUT} = 5.5 \text{ V}/0 \text{ V}$	_	_	± 2	μA
"H" Output Voltage	V _{OH2}	Tri-state Port	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{OH} = -0.7 \text{ mA}$	4.1	_	-	V
"L" Output Voltage	V _{OL3}	Except P0 and XOUT	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$	_	-	0.4	V
"I " Output Compat	I _{OL1}	Except P0 and XOUT	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$	1.6	-	-	
"L" Output Current	I _{OL3}	P0	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{OL} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	_	20	_	mA
Supply Current under			V _{DD} = 5.5 V	_	5.5	7.0	
NORMAL1, 2 mode			V _{IN} = 5.3 V/0.2 V	_	3.5	7.0	mA
Supply Current under			fc = 16 MHz		2.8	3.5	""A
IDLE1, 2 mode			fs = 32.768 kHz	_	2.0	3.3	
Supply Current under			V _{DD} = 5.5 V		4.0	5.0	
NORMAL1, 2 mode			V _{IN} = 5.3 V/0.2 V	_	4.0	3.0	mA
Supply Current under			fc = 8 MHz		2.0	2.5	""A
IDLE1, 2 mode			fs = 32.768 kHz		2.0	2.3	
Supply Current under	I _{DD}				14	25	μΑ
SLOW1 mode			V _{DD} = 3.0 V		' "	23	μΑ
Supply Current under			$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{IN} = 2.8 \text{ V}/0.2 \text{ V}$	_	7.0	15	
SLEEP1 mode			$V_{IN} = 2.8 \text{ V}/0.2 \text{ V}$ $If s = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$		7.0	13	μΑ
Supply Current under			13 - 32.700 KHZ	_	6.0	15	<u>^</u>
SLEEP0 mode					0.0	13	μΑ
Supply Current under			V _{DD} = 5.5 V		0.5	10	
STOP mode			V _{IN} = 5.3 V/0.2 V	-	0.5	'0	μA

Note 1: Typical values are shown under Topr = 25° C, V_{DD} = 5 V, while conditions are not state. Note 2: Input current I_{IN1} , I_{IN3} : The current through pull-up or pull-down resistor is not include.

AC Characteristics

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, Topr = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$

① CLOCK

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
		NORMAL1, 2 mode	0.25		4	
Machine Cycle Time	4	IDLE0, 1, 2 mode	0.25	_		
	tcy	SLOW1, 2 mode	117.6		422.2	μ S
		SLEEP0, 1, 2 mode	117.6	_	133.3	
High Level Clock Pulse Width	t _{WCH}	External clock operation (XIN input)	25	_		
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	t _{WCL}	fc = 16 MHz	25		_	ns
High Level Clock Pulse Width	t _{WSH}	External clock operation (XTIN input)	14.7			
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	t _{WSL}	fs = 32.768 kHz	14.7	_	_	μS

② External Memory Interface (Multiplexed Bus) at $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5

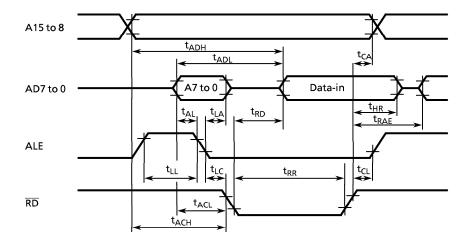
Na	Cumple of	Do no monto n	Vari	able	16 N	ЛHz	Unit
No.	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
1	t _{AL}	A7 to 0 effective → ALE	0.5t – 15		16		ns
2	t _{LA}	ALE fall → A7 to 0 hold	0.5t – 20		11		ns
3	t _{LL}	ALE pulse width	t – 40		22		ns
4	t _{LC}	ALE fall → RD, WR fall	0.5t – 25		6		ns
5	t _{CL}	RD, WR rise → ALE rise	0.5t – 20		11		ns
6	t _{ACL}	A7 to 0 effective $\rightarrow \overline{RD}$, \overline{WR} fall	t – 25		37		ns
7	t _{ACH}	A15 to 8 effective $\rightarrow \overline{RD}$, \overline{WR} fall	1.5t – 25		68		ns
8	t _{CA}	\overline{RD} , \overline{WR} rise \rightarrow A15 to 8 hold	0.5t – 20		11		ns
9	t _{ADL}	A7 to 0 effective \rightarrow D7 to 0 input		3t – 55		132	ns
10	t _{ADH}	A15 to 8 effective \rightarrow D7 to 0 input		3.5t – 65		153	ns
11	t _{RD}	\overline{RD} fall \rightarrow D7 to 0 input		2t – 60		65	ns
12	t _{RR}	RD pulse width	2t – 40		85		ns
13	t _{HR}	\overline{RD} rise \rightarrow D7 to 0 hold	0		0		ns
14	t _{RAE}	\overline{RD} rise \rightarrow A7 to 0 effective	t – 15		47		ns
15	t _{WW}	WR pulse width	2t – 40		85		ns
16	t _{DW}	D7 to 0 effective → WR rise	2t – 40		85		ns
17	t _{WD}	$\overline{\text{WR}}$ rise \rightarrow D7 to 0 hold	0.5t – 15		16		ns

Note: t = tcy/4 (t = 62.5 ns at fcgck = 16 MHz)

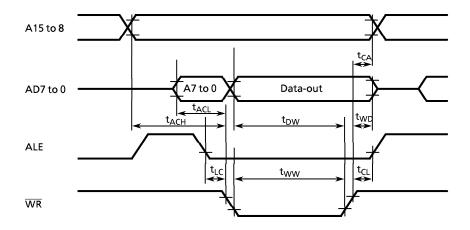
A.C.Measurement Condition

Output Level: High 2.2 V/Low 0.8 V, CL = 50 pFHigh 2.4 V/Low 0.4 V (D7 to D0)
High 0.8 VDD/Low 0.2 VDD (Except D7 to D0) Input Level:

Read Cycle



Write Cycle



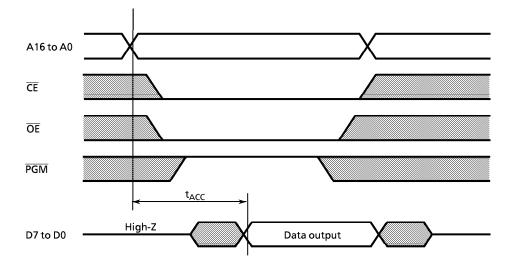
DC Characteristics, AC Characteristics (PROM mode)

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V, Topr} = 25 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C})$

(1) Read operation in PROM mode

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
High level input voltage (TTL)	V _{IH4}		2.2	-	V _{CC}	٧
Low leve input voltage (TTL)	V _{IL4}		0	_	0.8	>
Power supply	V _{CC}		4.75	5.0	5.25	v
Power supply of program	V_{PP}		4.73			
Address access time	t _{ACC}	V _{CC} = 5.0 ± 0.25 V	_	1.5 tcyc + 300	-	ns

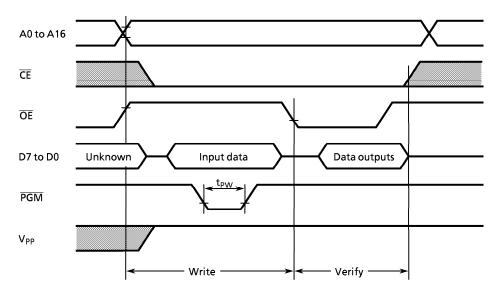
Note: tcyc = 500 ns at 8 MHz



(2) Program operation (High-speed) (Topr = 25 ± 5 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
High level input voltage (TTL)	V _{IH4}		2.2	-	V _{CC}	٧
Low leve input voltage (TTL)	V _{IL4}		0	_	0.8	>
Power supply	V _{CC}		6.0	6.25	6.5	<
Power supply of program	V _{PP}		12.5	12.75	13.0	V
Pulse width of initializing program	t _{PW}	V _{CC} = 6.0 V	0.095	0.1	0.105	ms

High-speed program writing



- Note 1: The power supply of V_{PP} (12.75 V) must be set power-on at the same time or the later time for a power supply of V_{CC} and must be clear power-on at the same time or early time for a power supply of V_{CC} .
- Note 2: The pulling up/down device on the condition of $V_{PP} = 12.75 \text{ V} \pm 0.25 \text{ V}$ causes a damage for the device. Do not pull up/down at programming.
- Note 3: Use the recommended adapter (see 1.2.2 (1)) and mode (see 1.2.2 (3) i).

 Using other than the above condition may cause the trouble of the writting.

Recommended Oscillating Conditions - 1

$$(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr} = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$$

Parameter	Oscillator	Oscillation	D	on an deal Orable to a	Recommended Constant		
Parameter	Oscillator	Frequency	Recom	mended Oscillator	C ₁	C ₂	
I the form of		16 MHz	MURATA	CSA16.00MXZ040	10 pF	10 pF	
	Ceramic Resonator	8 MHz	MURATA	CSA8.00MTZ	30 pF	30 pF	
High-frequency Oscillation				CST8.00MTW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)	
Oscillation		4.10.144-	MURATA	CSA4.19MG	30 pF	30 pF	
		4.19 MHz		CST4.19MGW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)	
Low-frequency	Crystal Oscillator	32.768 kHz	SII	VT-200	6 pF	6 pF	
Oscillation	Crystal Oscillator	32.700 KHZ	311	V 1-200	σρι	o pi	

Recommended Oscillating Conditions - 2

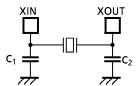
$$(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr} = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$$

Doromotor	Parameter Oscillator		D	B		ed Constant
Parameter	Oscillator	Frequency	Recommended Oscillator		C ₁	C ₂
	High-frequency Oscillation Ceramic Resonator	8 MHz	MURATA	CSA8.00MTZ	30 pF	30 pF
High-frequency				CST8.00MTW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)
Oscillation		4 10 141-	MURATA	CSA4.19MG	30 pF	30 pF
		4.19 MHz		CST4.19MGW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)

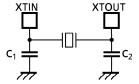
Recommended Oscillating Conditions - 3

$$(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr} = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$$

Danamastan			Ossillatan	Oscillation		Pagamman dad Ossillatan		Recommended Constant	
Parameter	Oscillator	Frequency	Recommended Oscillator		C ₁	C ₂			
High-frequency	Cananaia Basanatan	4 40 0411-	MURATA	CSA4.19MG	30 pF	30 pF			
Oscillation	Ceramic Resonator	4.19 MHz		CST4.19MGW		30 pF (built-in)			



(1) High-frequency Oscillation



(2) Low-frequency Oscillation

- Note 1: An electrical shield by metal shield plate on the surface of IC package is recommended in order to protect the device from the high electric field stress applied from CRT (Cathodic Ray Tube) for continuous reliable operation.
- Note 2: The product numbers and specifications of the resonators by Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd. are subject to change. For up-to-date information, please refer to the following URL;

http://www.murata.co.jp/search/index.html