

TPIC1310

3-HALF H-BRIDGE GATE PROTECTED POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS071 – DECEMBER 1997

- Configured for 3-Phase Brushless Motor Drive
- Low $r_{DS(on)}$. . . 0.25 Ω Typ
- High Voltage Output . . . 30 V
- Pulsed Current . . . 12 A Per Channel
- Input Transient and ESD Protection
- Compatible With High-Side and Low-Side Current Sense Resistors

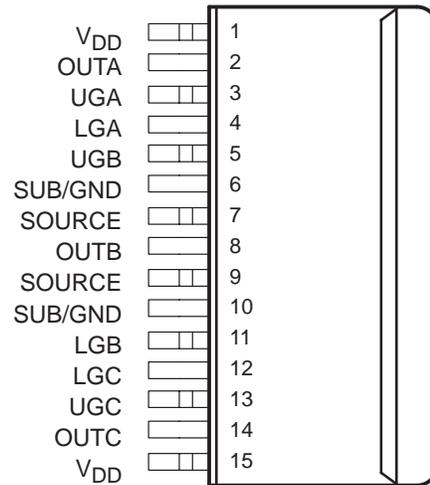
description

The TPIC1310 is a monolithic gate-protected power DMOS array that consists of six electrically isolated N-channel enhancement-mode DMOS transistors configured as a three-half H-bridge.

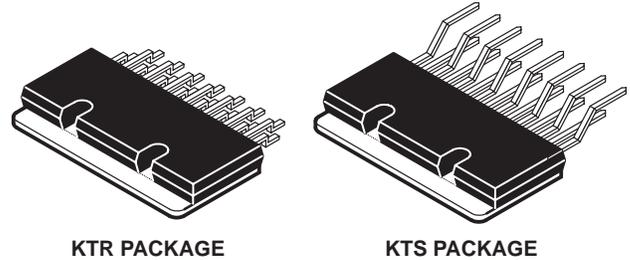
When suitably heat sunk, the TPIC1310 can drive motors requiring 2.5 A of phase current. The DMOS transistors are immune to second breakdown effects and current crowding, problems often associated with bipolar transistors.

The TPIC1310 is offered in 15-pin through-hole (KTS) and surface-mount (KTR) PowerFLEX™ packages and is characterized for operation over the case temperature range of -40°C to 125°C .

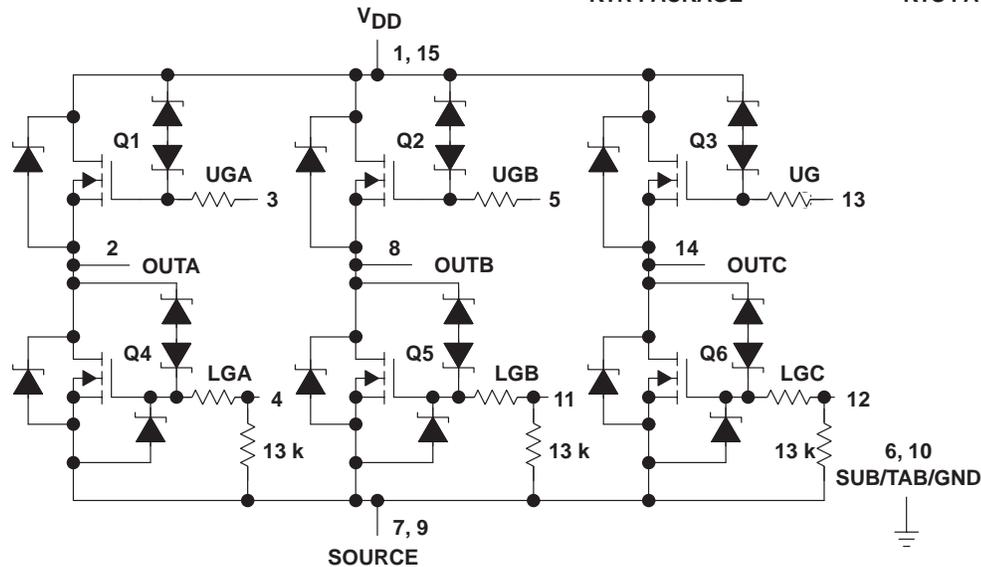
KTR or KTS PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



Tab is SUB/GND



schematic



- NOTES:
- A. Terminals 1 and 15 must be externally connected.
 - B. Terminals 6 and 10 must be connected to GND.
 - C. Terminals 7 and 9 must be connected to the sense resistor or GND.
 - D. No terminal may be taken greater than 0.5 V below GND.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PowerFLEX is a trademark of Texas Instruments Inc.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

Copyright © 1997, Texas Instruments Incorporated

TPIC1310

3-HALF H-BRIDGE GATE PROTECTED

POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS071 – DECEMBER 1997

absolute maximum ratings over operating case temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Drain-to-source voltage, V_{DS}	30 V
Output-to-GND voltage	30 V
SOURCE-to-SUB/GND voltage	-0.3 V to 20 V
Gate-to-source voltage range, V_{GS}	-0.3 V to 20 V
Continuous output current, each output, all outputs on, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	3 A
Continuous source-to-drain diode current, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	3 A
Pulsed output current, each output, I_{max} , $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (see Note 1 and Figure 14)	12 A
Continuous V_{DD} and SOURCE current, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	3 A
Pulsed V_{DD} and SOURCE current, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (see Note 1)	12 A
Continuous total dissipation, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (see Note 2 and Figure 14)	13.9 W
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T_J	-40°C to 150°C
Operating case temperature range, T_C	-40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. Pulse duration = 10 μs , duty cycle $\leq 2\%$
2. Package is mounted in intimate contact with an infinite heat sink.



electrical characteristics, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(BR)DSX}$	Drain-to-source breakdown voltage	$I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0$	30			V
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate-to-source threshold voltage	$I_D = 1\ \text{mA}$, See Figure 4 $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$,	0.9	1.2	1.7	V
$V_{(BR)GS}$	Gate-to-source breakdown voltage	Low-side $I_{GS} = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	20			V
$V_{(BR)SG}$	Source-to-gate breakdown voltage	Low-side $I_{SG} = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	0.3			V
		High-side $I_{SG} = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	20			
$V_{DS(on)}$	Drain-to-source on-state voltage	$I_D = 3\ \text{A}$, See Notes 3 and 4 $V_{GS} = 14\ \text{V}$,		0.66	0.9	V
$V_{F(SD)}$	Forward on-state voltage, source-to-drain	$I_S = 3\ \text{A}$, See Notes 3 and 4 and Figure 11 $V_{GS} = 0$,		1.1	1.4	V
I_{DSS}	Drain current-gate shorted to source	$V_{DS} = 28\ \text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.05	1	μA
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	10	
I_{GSSF}	Forward-gate current, drain short circuited to source	Low-side $V_{SG} = 16\ \text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 0$, Internal 13 k Ω from gate to source		2	4	mA
			High-side $V_{SG} = 16\ \text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 0$	20	200	
I_{GSSR}	Reverse-gate current, drain short circuited to source	$V_{SG} = 0.3\ \text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 0$	20	200		nA
I_{lkg}	Leakage current, drain-to-GND gate shorted to source	$V_{DGND} = 28\ \text{V}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.05	1	μA
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	10	
$r_{DS(on)}$	Static drain-to-source on-state resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\ \text{V}$, $I_D = 3\ \text{A}$, See Notes 3 and 4 and Figures 5 and 6	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.27	0.37	Ω
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.45	0.55	
			$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.22	0.32	
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.32	0.47	
g_{fs}	Forward transconductance	$V_{DS} = 10\ \text{V}$, See Notes 3 and 4 and Figure 8 $I_D = 3\ \text{A}$,	0.5	0.85		S
C_{iss}	Short-circuit input capacitance, low-side			110		pF
C_{oss}	Short-circuit output capacitance, low-side	$V_{DS} = 25\ \text{V}$, $f = 1\ \text{MHz}$, $V_{GS} = 0$, See Figure 10		120		
C_{rss}	Short-circuit reverse transfer capacitance, low-side			60		

† Engineering estimate

NOTES: 3. Technique should limit $T_J - T_C$ to 10°C maximum.

4. These parameters are measured with voltage-sensing contacts separate from the current-carrying contacts.

source-to-drain and GND-to-drain diode characteristics, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{rr}	Reverse-recovery time	High-side $I_S = 3\ \text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0$, See Figures 1 and 13 $V_{DS} = 28\ \text{V}$, $di/dt = 100\ \text{A}/\mu\text{s}$,		30		ns
Q_{RR}	Total diode charge			30		nC
t_{rr}	Reverse-recovery time	Low-side $I_S = 3\ \text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0$, See Figure 13, SUB/GND connected to SOURCE $V_{DS} = 28\ \text{V}$, $di/dt = 100\ \text{A}/\mu\text{s}$,		70		ns
Q_{RR}	Total diode charge			350		nC

TPIC1310
3-HALF H-BRIDGE GATE PROTECTED
POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS071 – DECEMBER 1997

resistive-load switching characteristics, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

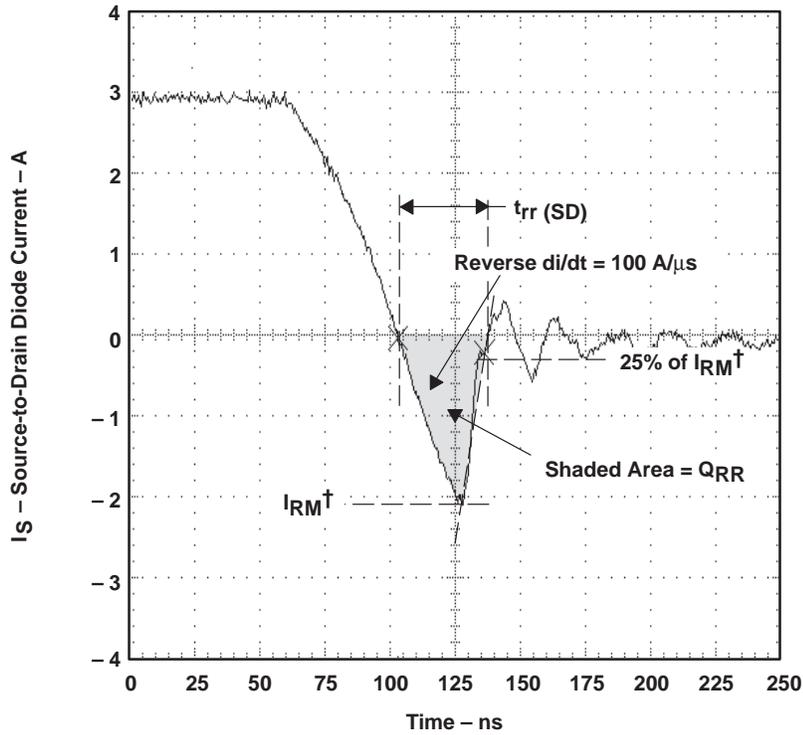
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	$V_{DD} = 28\text{ V}$, $R_L = 9.3\ \Omega$, $t_{en} = 10\text{ ns}$, $t_{dis} = 10\text{ ns}$, See Figure 2		70		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time			200		
t_r	Rise time			140		
t_f	Fall time			55		
Q_g	Total gate charge	$V_{DS} = 12\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, See Figure 3 and Figure 12		1.6	2	nC
$Q_{gs(th)}$	Threshold gate-to-source charge			0.5	0.62	
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-drain charge			0.25	0.31	
L_D	Internal drain inductance			5		nH
L_S	Internal source inductance			5		
R_g	Internal gate resistance			500		Ω

thermal resistance

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-case thermal resistance, one output on	See Note 5		7.5	9	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-case thermal resistance, two outputs on	See Notes 5 and 6		4.5	5.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

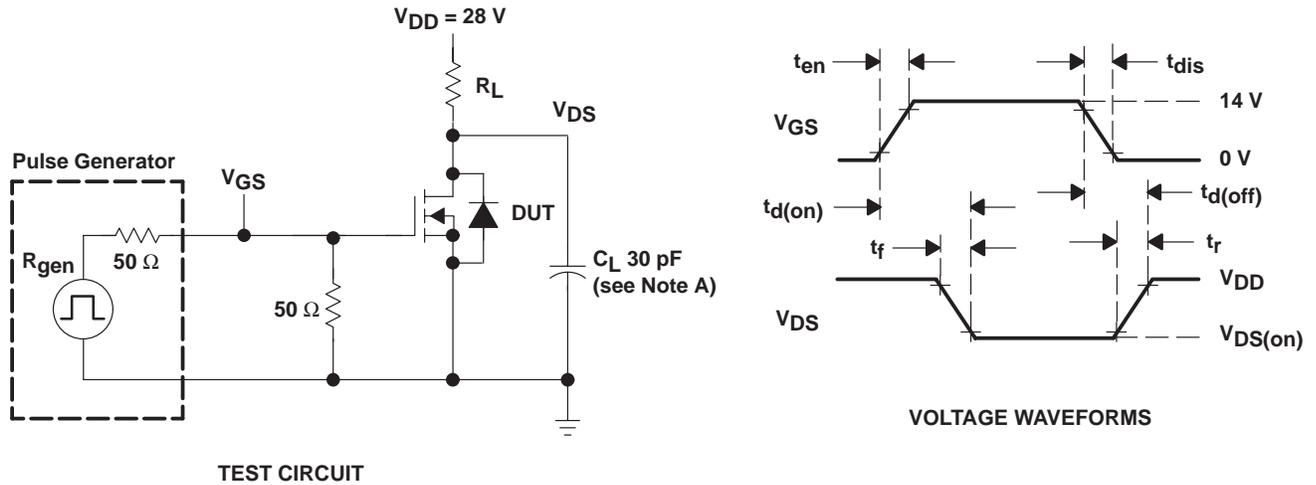
NOTES: 5. Package mounted in intimate contact with infinite heatsink.
6. Two outputs with equal power

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



$^\dagger I_{RM}$ = maximum recovery current

Figure 1. Reverse-Recovery-Current Waveform of Source-to-Drain Diode



NOTE A: C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 2. Resistive-Switching Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

TPIC1310
3-HALF H-BRIDGE GATE PROTECTED
POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS071 – DECEMBER 1997

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

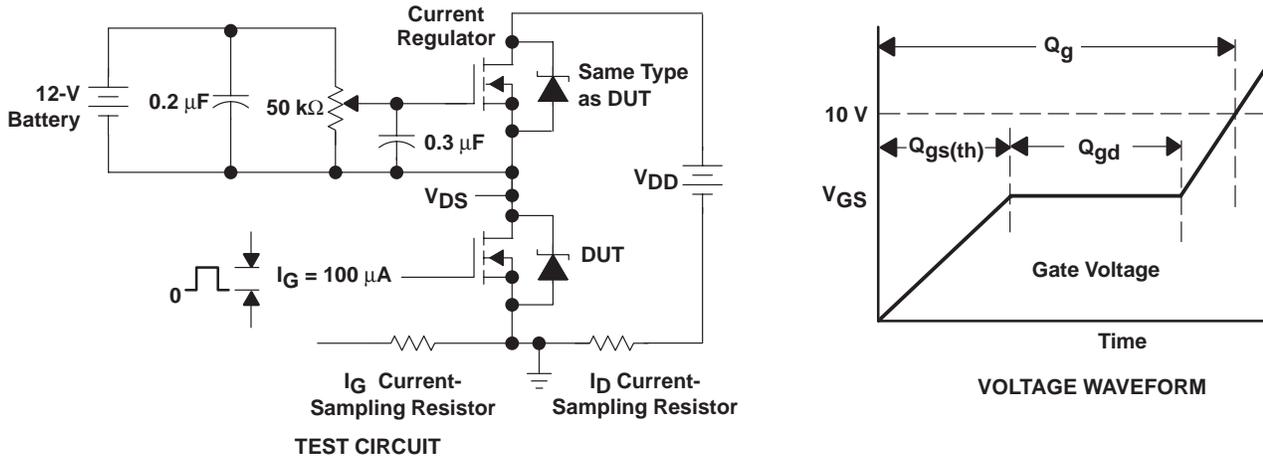
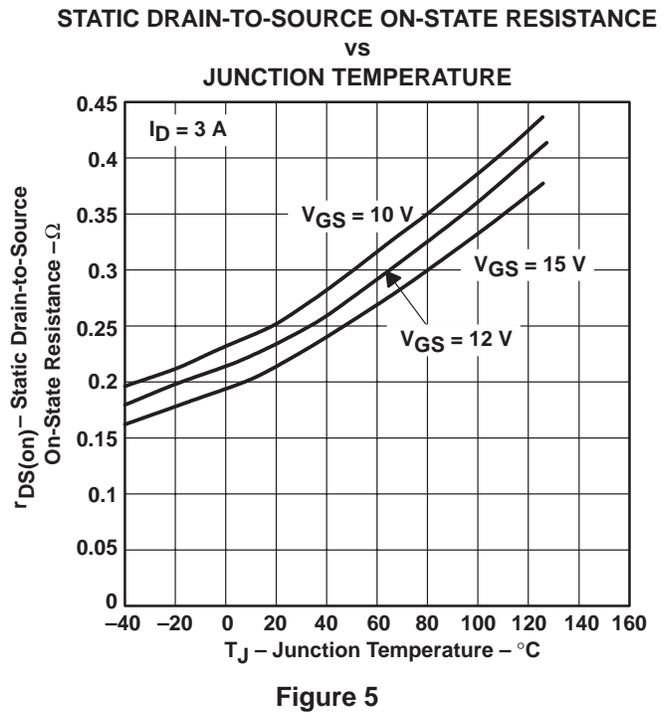
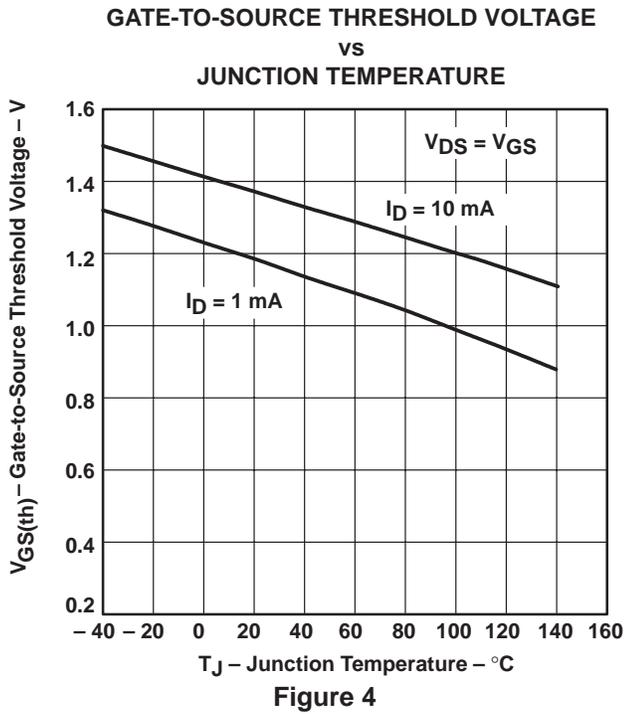


Figure 3. Gate-Charge Test Circuit and Voltage Waveform



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

STATIC DRAIN-TO-SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE
 vs
 DRAIN CURRENT

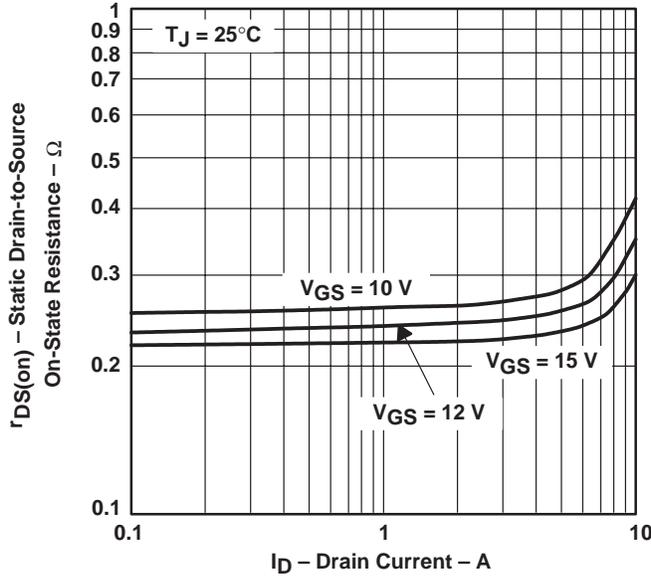


Figure 6

DRAIN CURRENT
 vs
 DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

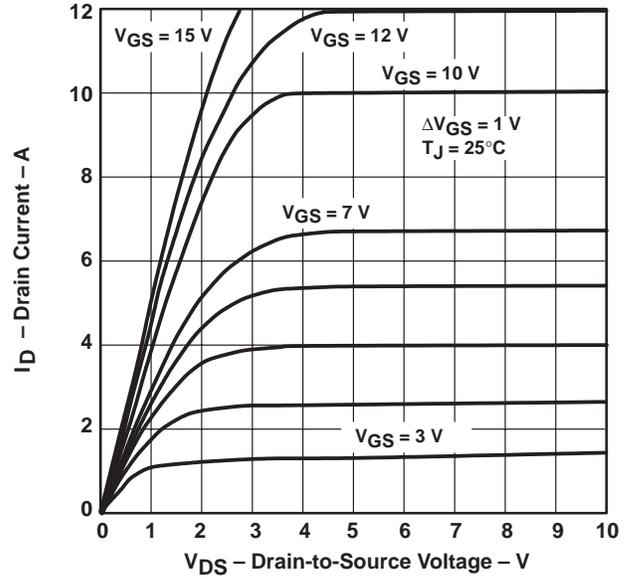


Figure 7

DISTRIBUTION OF
 FORWARD TRANSCONDUCTANCE

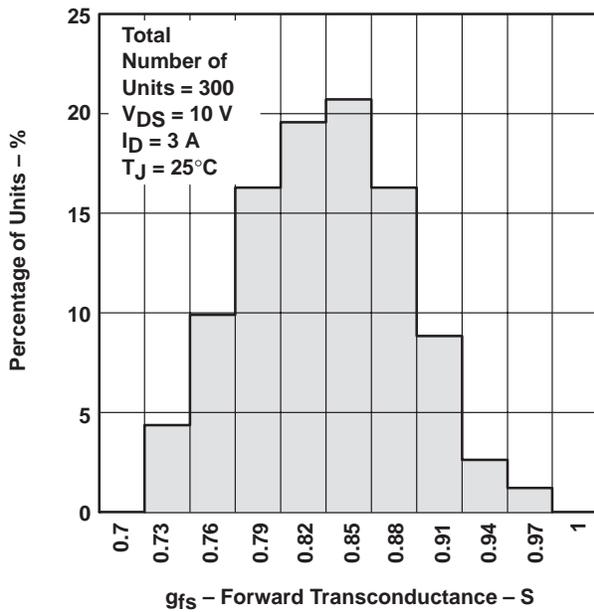


Figure 8

DRAIN CURRENT
 vs
 GATE-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE (FOR LOW SIDE)

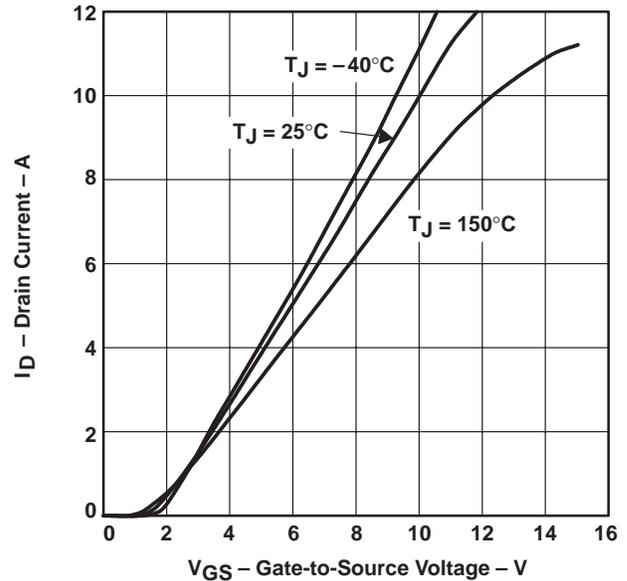


Figure 9

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

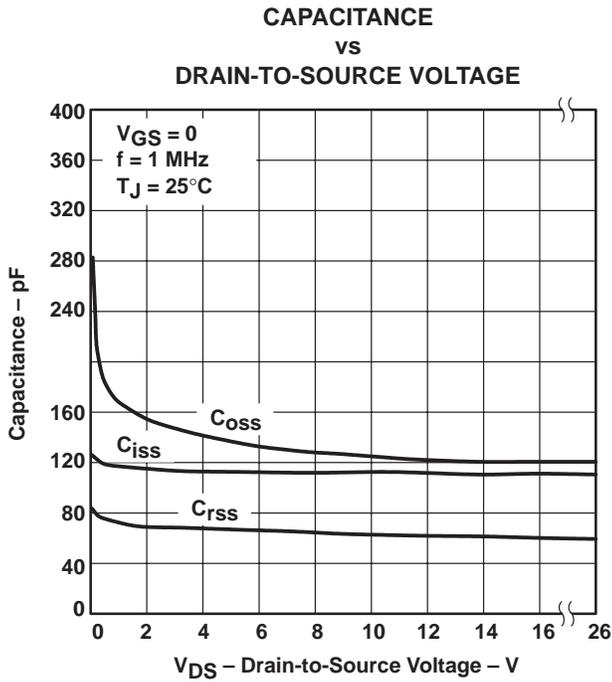


Figure 10

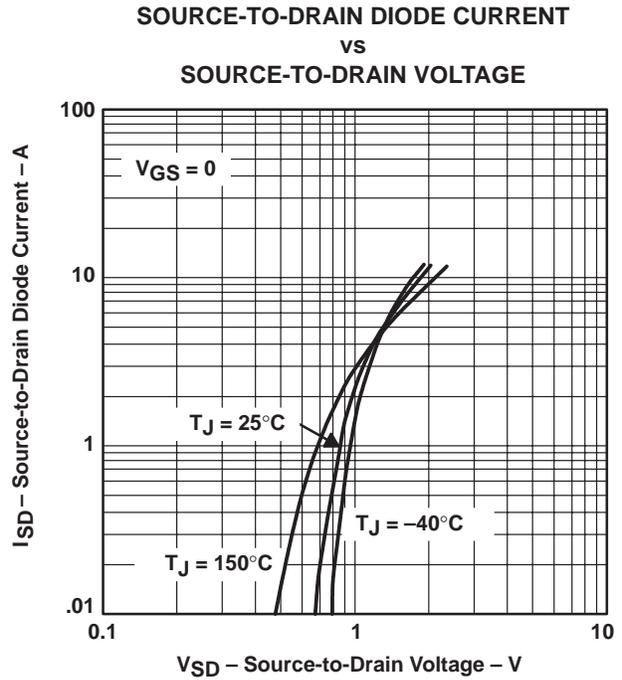


Figure 11

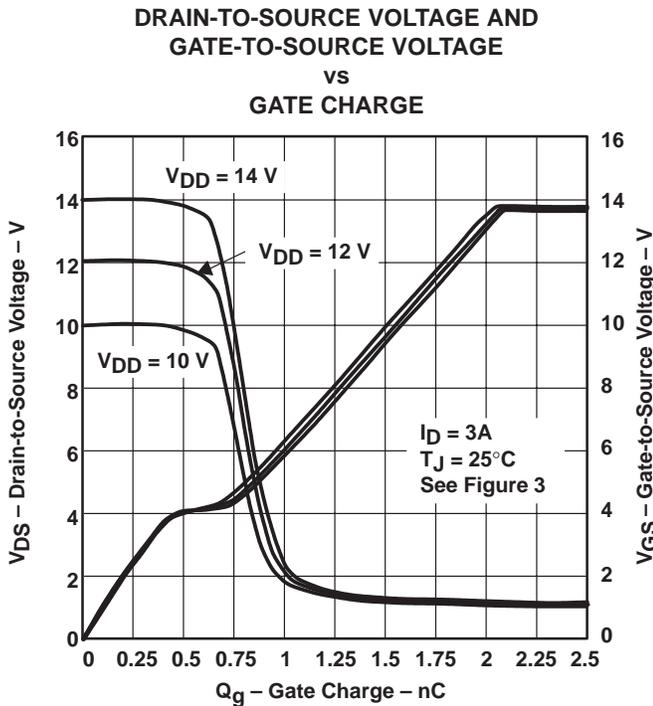


Figure 12

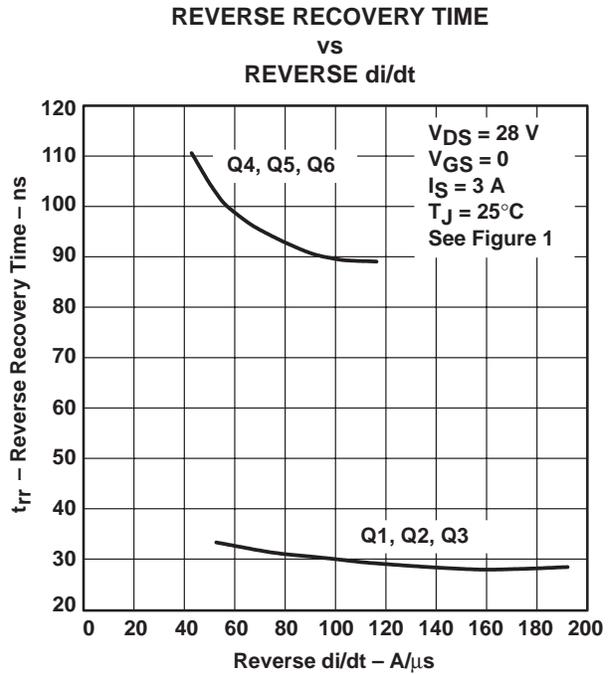
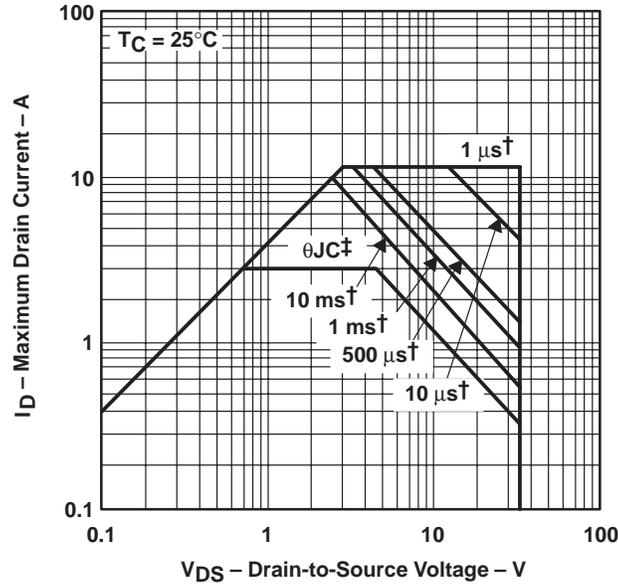


Figure 13

THERMAL INFORMATION

MAXIMUM DRAIN CURRENT
vs
DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE



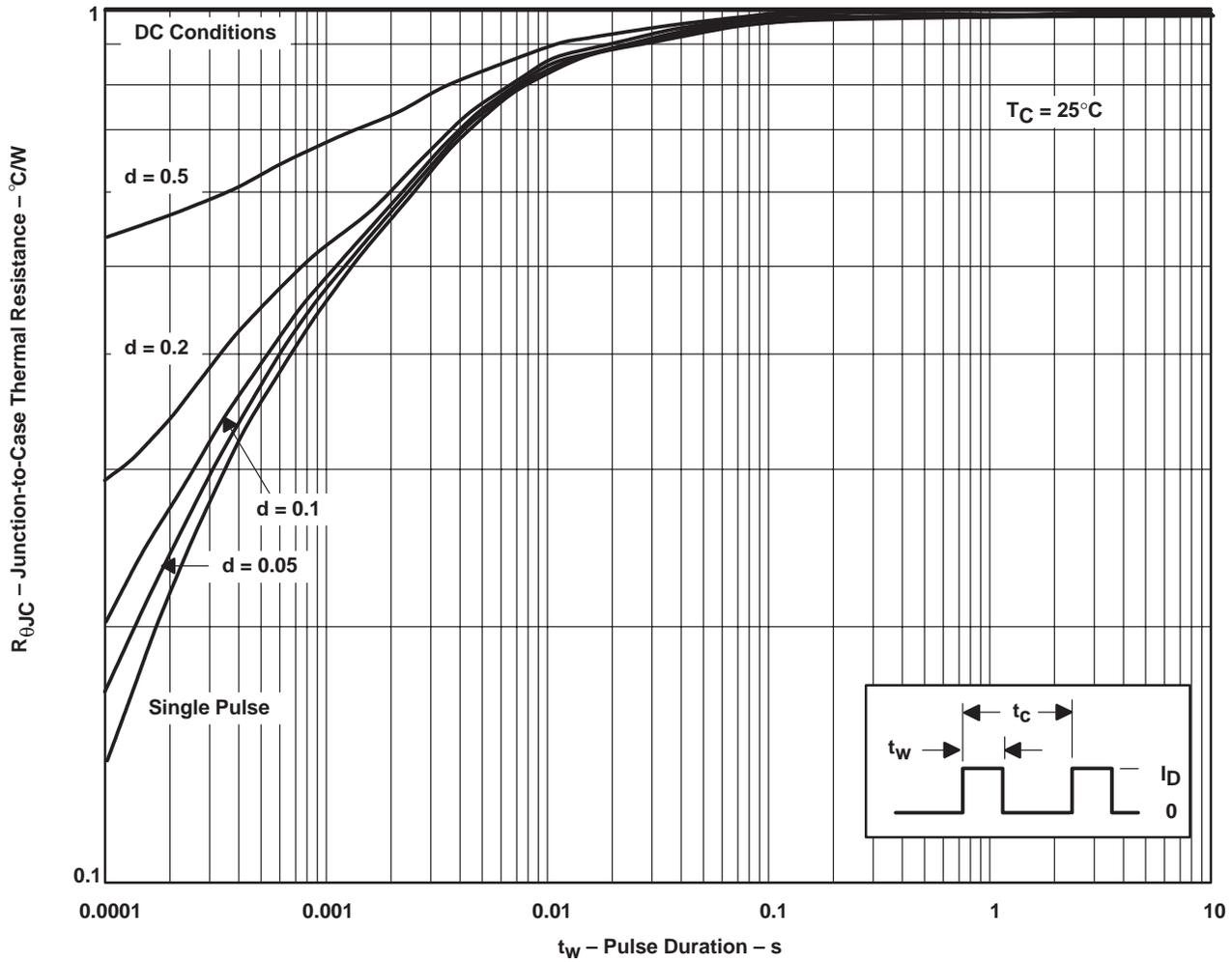
† Less than 2% duty cycle

‡ Device mounted in intimate contact with infinite heatsink.

Figure 14

THERMAL INFORMATION

JUNCTION-TO-CASE THERMAL RESISTANCE
 VS
 PULSE DURATION



† Package mounted in intimate contact with infinite heat sink.

NOTE E: $Z_{\theta JC}(t) = r(t) R_{\theta JC}$
 t_w = pulse duration
 t_c = cycle time
 d = duty cycle = t_w/t_c

Figure 15

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make changes to their products or to discontinue any product or service without notice, and advise customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that information being relied on is current and complete. All products are sold subject to the terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgement, including those pertaining to warranty, patent infringement, and limitation of liability.

TI warrants performance of its semiconductor products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

CERTAIN APPLICATIONS USING SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS MAY INVOLVE POTENTIAL RISKS OF DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY, OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE ("CRITICAL APPLICATIONS"). TI SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, AUTHORIZED, OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN LIFE-SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS. INCLUSION OF TI PRODUCTS IN SUCH APPLICATIONS IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE FULLY AT THE CUSTOMER'S RISK.

In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, adequate design and operating safeguards must be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used. TI's publication of information regarding any third party's products or services does not constitute TI's approval, warranty or endorsement thereof.