

# ASSP

# Dual Serial Input

# PLL Frequency Synthesizer

# On-Chip 1.1 GHz Prescaler

## MB15U10

### ■ DESCRIPTION

The Fujitsu MB15U10 is a dual serial input phase-locked loop (PLL) frequency synthesizer and is ideally suitable for mobile communications such as cellular phones.

The MB15U10 has two PLL frequency synthesizer circuits on a single chip: one for transmission and the other for reception (PLL1 and PLL2).

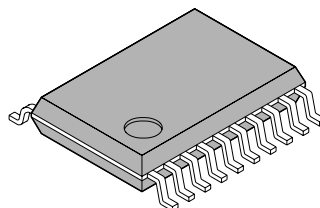
It can operate from a +2.6V to 5.5V supply. Fujitsu's advanced technology achieves an  $I_{CC}$  of 7 mA (typical) as well as 10  $\mu$ A (max.) at power saving mode.

### ■ FEATURES

- Two PLLs' for transmission/reception
- Low current consumption :  $I_{CC} = 7$  mA typ. at 3 V
- Power saving function :  $I_{PS} = 10$   $\mu$ A max.
- Divide ratio setting with serial data input :  
Binary 12-bit reference counter: 6 to 4,095  
Binary 17-bit main counter: 1,024 to 131,071  
\*Main counters can be programmed individually each other.
- On-chip constant current source charge pumps
- Adjustable charge pump output current with an external resistor
- Lock detection function
- Phase matching circuit helps fast intermittent operation
- Plastic 20-pin SSOP (shrink small outline) package

### ■ PACKAGE

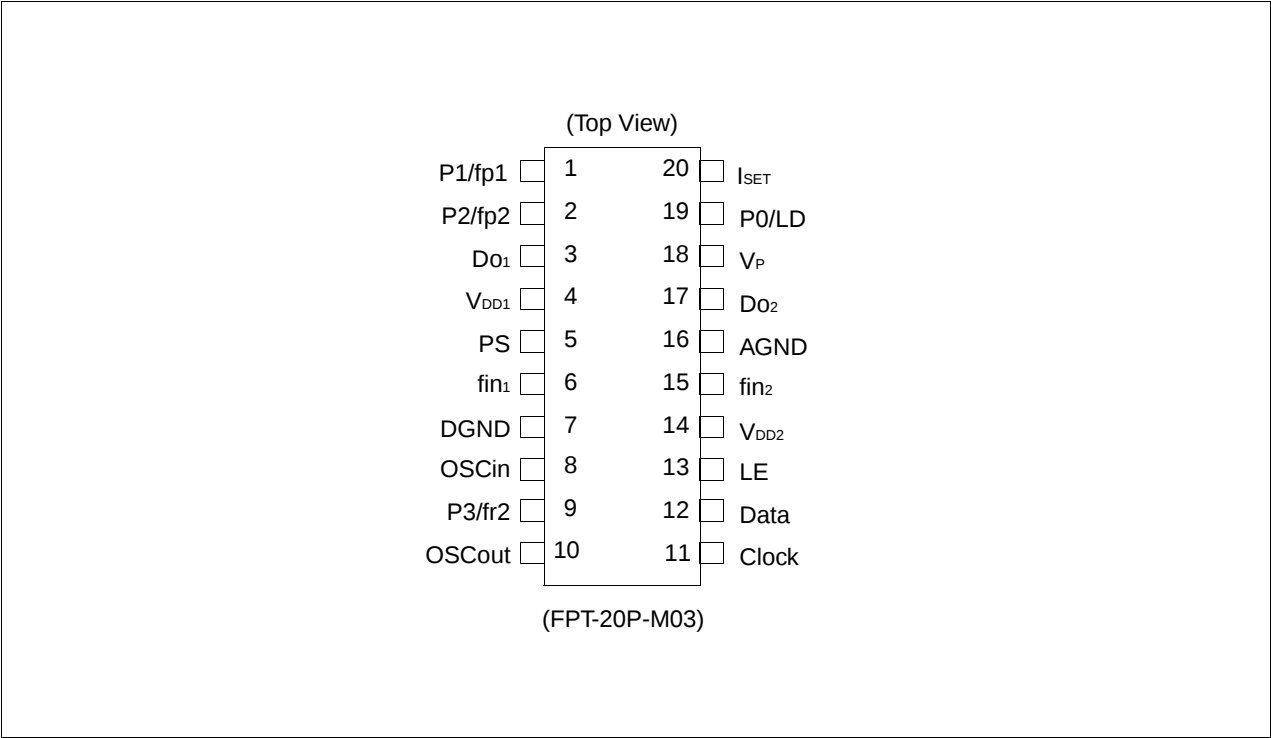
20-pin, Plastic SSOP



(FPT-20P-M03)

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance circuit.

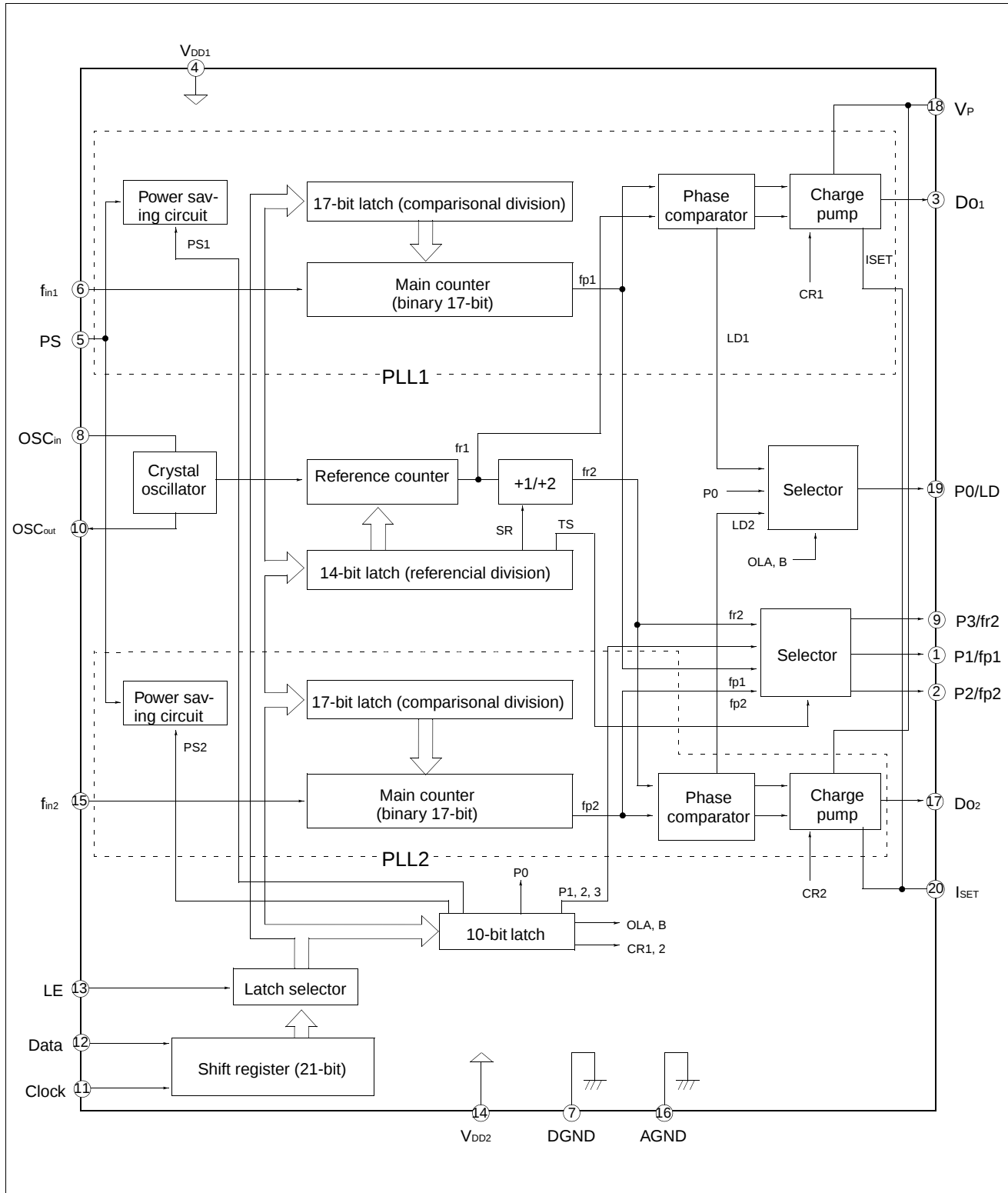
PIN ASSIGNMENT



## ■ PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin No. | Pin name         | Descriptions                                                                                                          |
|---------|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1       | P1/fp1           | Data output / fp1 monitoring output (Open drain output)                                                               |
| 2       | P2/fp2           | Data output / fp2 monitoring output (Open drain output)                                                               |
| 3       | Do1              | Charge pump output (PLL1)                                                                                             |
| 4       | V <sub>DD1</sub> | Power supply for digital blocks (PLL1)                                                                                |
| 5       | PS               | Power saving mode control (input "L" : power saving mode)                                                             |
| 6       | fin1             | RF input (PLL1)                                                                                                       |
| 7       | DGND             | Ground for digital blocks                                                                                             |
| 8       | OSCin            | Crystal oscillator or TCXO input                                                                                      |
| 9       | P3/fr2           | Data output / fr2 monitoring output (Open drain output)                                                               |
| 10      | OSCut            | Crystal oscillator output (CMOS output)                                                                               |
| 11      | Clock            | Clock input                                                                                                           |
| 12      | Data             | Data input                                                                                                            |
| 13      | LE               | Load enable of serial input data (input "H" : Data is shifted into a latch.)                                          |
| 14      | V <sub>DD2</sub> | Power supply for digital blocks (PLL2)                                                                                |
| 15      | fin2             | RF input (PLL2)                                                                                                       |
| 16      | AGND             | Ground for the charge pumps                                                                                           |
| 17      | Do2              | Charge pump output (PLL2)                                                                                             |
| 18      | V <sub>P</sub>   | Power supply for charge pump                                                                                          |
| 19      | P0/LD            | Data output / lock detector output (Open drain output)<br>Output is selected by "OLA" and "OLB" bits in a serial data |
| 20      | I <sub>SET</sub> | Charge pump output current adjustment (A resistor is connected.)                                                      |

## ■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameter                    | Symbol       | Rating                 | Unit | Remark |
|------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|------|--------|
| Power supply voltage         | $V_{DD1, 2}$ | −0.3 to +6.0           | V    |        |
|                              | $V_P$        | $V_{DD}$ to 6.0        | V    |        |
| Output voltage               | $V_O$        | −0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V    |        |
| Output current               | $I_O$        | ±10                    | mA   |        |
| Open drain withstand voltage | $V_{OOP}$    | −0.5 to 7.0            | V    |        |
| Storage temperature          | $T_{stg}$    | −55 to +125            | °C   |        |

Note: Permanent device damage may occur if the above **Absolute Maximum Ratings** are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Parameter             | Symbol             | Value    |     |          | Unit | Remark |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|-----|----------|------|--------|
|                       |                    | Min      | Typ | Max      |      |        |
| Power supply voltage  | $V_{DD1, V_{DD2}}$ | 2.6      | —   | 5.5      | V    |        |
|                       | $V_P$              | $V_{DD}$ | —   | 6.0      | V    |        |
| Input voltage         | $V_I$              | GND      | —   | $V_{DD}$ | V    |        |
| Operating temperature | $T_a$              | −30      | —   | +85      | °C   |        |

Notes: To protect against damage by electrostatic discharge, note the following handling precautions:

- Store and transport devices in conductive containers.
- Use properly grounded workstations, tools, and equipment.
- Turn off power before inserting or removing this device into or from a socket.
- Protect leads with conductive sheet, when transporting a board mounted device.

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta = 25°C

| Parameter                                                      |                              | Symbol               | Value                 |      |                       | Unit | Condition                                                                                               |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------|-----------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                |                              |                      | Min                   | Typ  | Max                   |      |                                                                                                         |
| Power supply current<br>(I <sub>DD1</sub> + I <sub>DD2</sub> ) |                              | I <sub>DD</sub>      | –                     | 7.0  | 9.0                   | mA   | *1                                                                                                      |
|                                                                |                              |                      | –                     | 11.0 | 13.5                  | mA   | *2                                                                                                      |
| Stand by current                                               | V <sub>DD1, 2</sub>          | I <sub>PS</sub>      | –                     | –    | 10                    | μA   |                                                                                                         |
| Operating frequency                                            | f <sub>IN1, 2</sub>          | f <sub>IN</sub> *3   | 90                    | –    | 1100                  | MHz  |                                                                                                         |
|                                                                | OSC <sub>in</sub>            | f <sub>OSC</sub>     | 3                     | 12.8 | 35                    | MHz  |                                                                                                         |
| Input sensitivity                                              | f <sub>IN1, 2</sub>          | V <sub>IN</sub>      | –13                   | –    | +1                    | dBm  | 50Ω, V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.6 to 3.5V                                                                      |
|                                                                | f <sub>IN1, 2</sub>          | V <sub>IN</sub>      | –7                    | –    | +1                    | dBm  | 50Ω, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.5 to 5.5V                                                                      |
|                                                                | OSC <sub>in</sub>            | V <sub>OSC</sub>     | 0.5                   | –    | –                     | Vp-p |                                                                                                         |
| High-level input voltage                                       | Data,<br>Clock,<br>LE, PS    | V <sub>IH</sub>      | V <sub>DD</sub> × 0.7 | –    | –                     | V    |                                                                                                         |
| Low-level input voltage                                        |                              | V <sub>IL</sub>      | –                     | –    | V <sub>DD</sub> × 0.3 | V    |                                                                                                         |
| High-level input current                                       | Data,<br>Clock,<br>LE, PS    | I <sub>IH</sub>      | –                     | –    | 1.0                   | μA   |                                                                                                         |
| Low-level input current                                        |                              | I <sub>IL</sub>      | –1.0                  | –    | –                     | μA   |                                                                                                         |
| Input current                                                  | OSC <sub>in</sub>            | I <sub>OSC</sub>     | –100                  | –    | 100                   | μA   |                                                                                                         |
| Low-level output voltage                                       | P0 to P3                     | V <sub>OL</sub>      | –                     | –    | 0.4                   | V    | Open drain output                                                                                       |
| Set output voltage                                             | I <sub>SET</sub>             | V <sub>SET</sub>     | –                     | 1.2  | –                     | V    | R <sub>SET</sub> = 5kΩ to 60kΩ                                                                          |
| High-impedance<br>cut off current                              | D <sub>O</sub> , P0 to<br>P3 | I <sub>OFF</sub>     | –                     | –    | 1.1                   | μA   |                                                                                                         |
| Output current                                                 | D <sub>O1, 2</sub>           | I <sub>DOH1</sub> *4 | 1.4                   | 1.9  | 2.4                   | mA   | R <sub>SET</sub> = 7kΩ connected.<br>CR1, 2 bits = "1"<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0V, V <sub>P</sub> = 5.0V |
|                                                                |                              | I <sub>DOL1</sub> *4 | 1.4                   | 1.9  | 2.4                   | mA   |                                                                                                         |
|                                                                | D <sub>O1, 2</sub>           | I <sub>DOH0</sub>    | 0.7                   | 0.96 | 1.2                   | mA   | R <sub>SET</sub> = 7kΩ connected.<br>CR1, 2 bits = "0"<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0V, V <sub>P</sub> = 5.0V |
|                                                                |                              | I <sub>DOL0</sub>    | 0.7                   | 0.96 | 1.2                   | mA   |                                                                                                         |
|                                                                | P0 to P3                     | I <sub>OL</sub>      | 1.0                   | –    | –                     | mA   | Open drain                                                                                              |

Note: \*1 ; f<sub>IN</sub> = 1.1 GHz, OSC<sub>IN</sub> = 12.8 MHz, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V. In locked state.

\*2 ; f<sub>IN</sub> = 1.1 GHz, OSC<sub>IN</sub> = 12.8 MHz, V<sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V. In locked state.

\*3 ; AC coupling with a 1000 pF capacitor connected.

\*4 ; The symbol "–" (minus) means direction of current flow.

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

### Serial Data Input

Serial data is processed using the Data, Clock, and LE pins. Serial data controls the programmable reference divider, programmable divider (PLL1) and programmable divider (PLL2) separately by means of address setting.

Binary serial data is entered via the Data pin.

One bit of data is shifted into the internal shift register on the rising edge of the clock. When the load enable pin is high, stored data is latched.

#### a) Serial data input format

| <div>↖(MSB)</div>                                |              |              | Direction of data input |              |              |              |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             | <div>(LSB)↗</div> |    |    |    |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|----|----|----|
|                                                  |              |              |                         |              |              |              |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |                   |    |    |    |
| 1                                                | 2            | 3            | 4                       | 5            | 6            | 7            | 8           | 9           | 10          | 11          | 12          | 13          | 14          | 15          | 16          | 17          | 18                | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| X                                                | X            | X            | P<br>0                  | O<br>L<br>A  | O<br>L<br>B  | C<br>R<br>1  | C<br>R<br>2 | X           | X           | P<br>S<br>1 | P<br>S<br>2 | P<br>3      | P<br>2      | P<br>1      | X           | X           | 0                 | 0  | 0  | 1  |
| M<br>A<br>16                                     | M<br>A<br>15 | M<br>A<br>14 | M<br>A<br>13            | M<br>A<br>12 | M<br>A<br>11 | M<br>A<br>10 | M<br>A<br>9 | M<br>A<br>8 | M<br>A<br>7 | M<br>A<br>6 | M<br>A<br>5 | M<br>A<br>4 | M<br>A<br>3 | M<br>A<br>2 | M<br>A<br>1 | M<br>A<br>0 | 0                 | 1  | 0  | 0  |
| 0                                                | 0            | 0            | T<br>S                  | S<br>R       | R<br>11      | R<br>10      | R<br>9      | R<br>8      | R<br>7      | R<br>6      | R<br>5      | R<br>4      | R<br>3      | R<br>2      | R<br>1      | R<br>0      | 0                 | 1  | 0  | 1  |
| M<br>B<br>16                                     | M<br>B<br>15 | M<br>B<br>14 | M<br>B<br>13            | M<br>B<br>12 | M<br>B<br>11 | M<br>B<br>10 | M<br>B<br>9 | M<br>B<br>8 | M<br>B<br>7 | M<br>B<br>6 | M<br>B<br>5 | M<br>B<br>4 | M<br>B<br>3 | M<br>B<br>2 | M<br>B<br>1 | M<br>B<br>0 | 0                 | 1  | 1  | 0  |
| Auxiliary bit for test (no need at ordinary use) |              |              |                         |              |              |              |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             | 0                 | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Data setting                                     |              |              |                         |              |              |              |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             | Address           |    |    |    |

MA0 to 16 : Divide ratio setting bits of the main counter (PLL1)

[ See Table 1 ]

MB0 to 16 : Divide ratio setting bits of the main counter (PLL2)

[ See Table 2 ]

R0 to 11 : Divide ratio setting bits of the reference counter

[ See Table 3 ]

SR : Divide ratio select bit of reference frequency (PLL1 and PLL2)

[ See Table 4 ]

P0 to 3 : Setting bits of P0 to P3 output pins

[ See Table 5 ]

OLA, B : Select bits of P0/LD pin output

[ See Table 6 ]

CR1, 2 : Select bits of charge pump output current

[ See Table 7 ]

PS1, 2 : Power saving mode control bits

[ See Table 8 ]

TS : Test bits (Set "0" at ordinary use.)

[ See Table 9 ]

X : Dummy bits (Set "0" or "1".)

0 : Set "0"

Note: Start data input with MSB first.

## b) Data setting description

- Table 1 : MA0 to MA16 : Divide ratio of the binary 17-bit main counter (PLL1)

| Divide Ratio (MA) | M A 16 | M A 15 | M A 14 | M A 13 | M A 12 | M A 11 | M A 10 | M A 9 | M A 8 | M A 7 | M A 6 | M A 5 | M A 4 | M A 3 | M A 2 | M A 1 | M A 0 |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1024              | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| 1025              | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     |
| •                 | •      | •      | •      | •      | •      | •      | •      | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     |

Note: • Divide ratios less than 1,024 are prohibited. (Divide ratio = 1,024 to 131,071)

- Table 2 : MB0 to MB16 : Divide ratio of the binary 17-bit main counter (PLL2)

| Divide Ratio (MB) | M B 16 | M B 15 | M B 14 | M B 13 | M B 12 | M B 11 | M B 10 | M B 9 | M B 8 | M B 7 | M B 6 | M B 5 | M B 4 | M B 3 | M B 2 | M B 1 | M B 0 |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1024              | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| 1025              | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     |
| •                 | •      | •      | •      | •      | •      | •      | •      | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     | •     |

Note: • Divide ratios less than 1,024 are prohibited. (Divide ratio = 1,024 to 131,071)

- Table 3 : R0 to R11 : Divide ratio of the binary 12-bit reference counter

| Divide Ratio (R) | R 11 | R 10 | R 9 | R 8 | R 7 | R 6 | R 5 | R 4 | R 3 | R 2 | R 1 | R 0 |
|------------------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 6                | 0    | 0    | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   | 0   |
| 7                | 0    | 0    | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
| •                | •    | •    | •   | •   | •   | •   | •   | •   | •   | •   | •   | •   |

Note: • Divide ratios less than 6 are prohibited. (Divide ratio = 6 to 4,095)

- Table 4 : Divide ratio select bit of reference frequency (PLL1 and PLL2)

| SR | Divide ratio of reference frequency (PLL1) | Divide ratio of reference frequency (PLL2) |
|----|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 0  | R                                          | R                                          |
| 1  | R                                          | 2R                                         |

Note: R = Programmed value with R0 to R11 bits

- Table 5 : P0 to P3 ; P0 to P3 outputs control

| PX bit | PX output (19, 1, 2, 9 pins) |
|--------|------------------------------|
| 0      | ON ("L")                     |
| 1      | OFF ("Z")                    |

Notes: X = 0 to 3

- Table 6 : OLA, OLB ; 19-pin output selection

| OLA | OLB | 19-pin output                      |
|-----|-----|------------------------------------|
| 0   | 0   | P0 signal                          |
| 0   | 1   | Lock detect signal (PLL2)          |
| 1   | 0   | Lock detect signal (PLL1)          |
| 1   | 1   | Lock detect signal (PLL1 and PLL2) |

- Table 7 : CR1, CR2 ; Charge pump output current selection

| CR1, 2 | Charge pump output current |
|--------|----------------------------|
| 0      | $I_{DO}$                   |
| 1      | $2I_{DO}$                  |

Notes: PLL1 and PLL2 can be controlled individually.

- Table 8 : PS ; Power saving control

| PS1, 2 | Operating mode    |
|--------|-------------------|
| 0      | Power saving mode |
| 1      | Operation         |

Notes: PLL1 and PLL2 can be controlled individually.

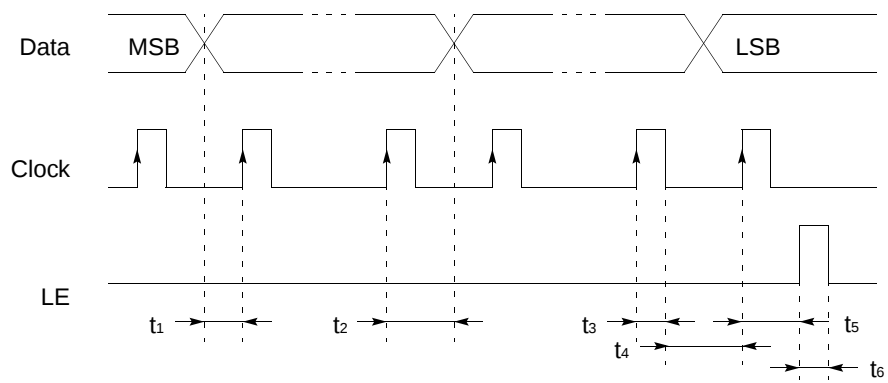
- Table 9 : TS ; Test bit (Set to "0" at ordinary use.)

| TS | 1-pin            | 2-pin            | 9-pin            |
|----|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 0  | Output P1 signal | Output P2 signal | Output P3 signal |
| 1  | Outputs fp1      | Outputs fp2      | Outputs fp3      |

Notes: Reference frequency and comparison frequency can be monitored via P1 to P3 pins.

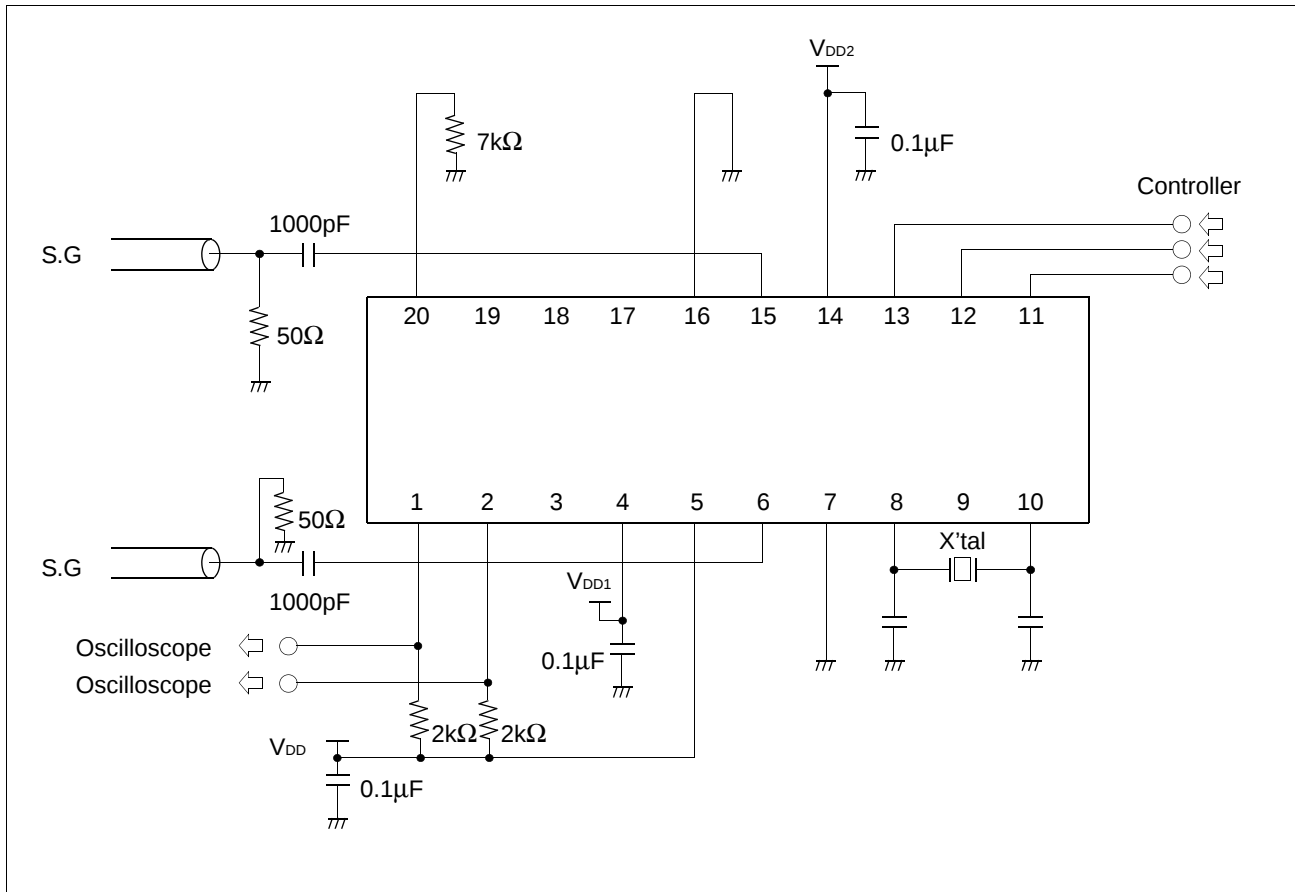
## Serial Data Input Timing

- $t_1 (\geq 20 \text{ ns})$ ,  $t_2 (\geq 20 \text{ ns})$ ,  $t_3 (\geq 50 \text{ ns})$ ,  $t_4 (\geq 50 \text{ ns})$ ,  $t_5 (\geq 20 \text{ ns})$ ,  $t_6 (\geq 1000 \text{ ns})$



Note: One bit of data is shifted into the shift register on the rising edge of the clock.

## ■ TEST CIRCUIT (for Measuring fin Input Sensitivity)



## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Do Output Current

Conditions :  $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$

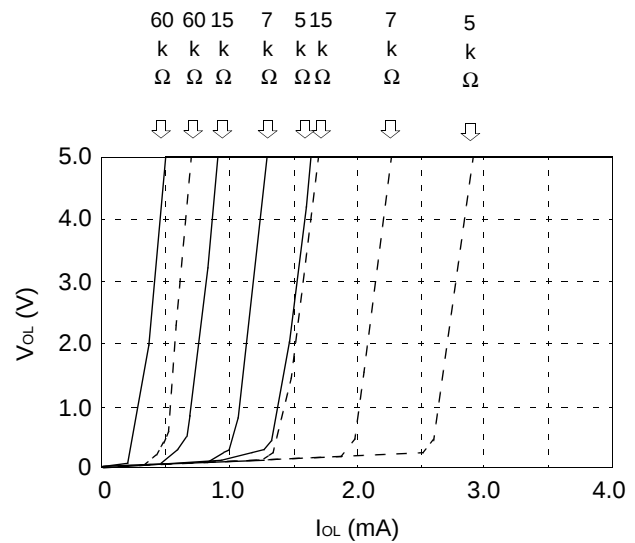
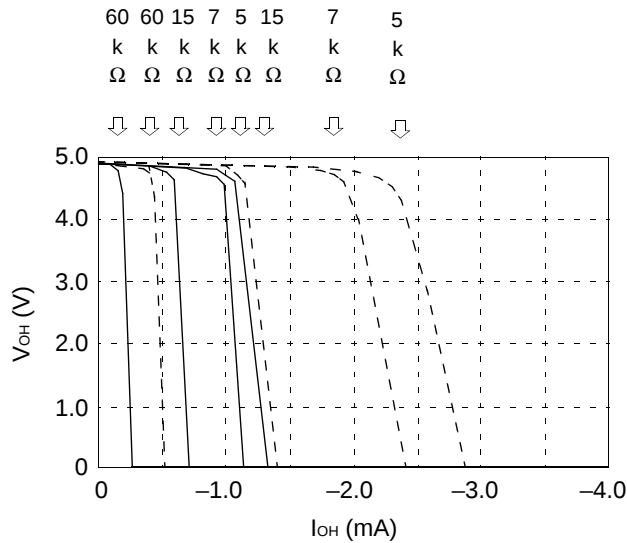
$V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$

$V_p = 5\text{ V}$

$I_{SETR} = 5\text{ k}, 7\text{ k}, 15\text{ k}, 60\text{ k}$

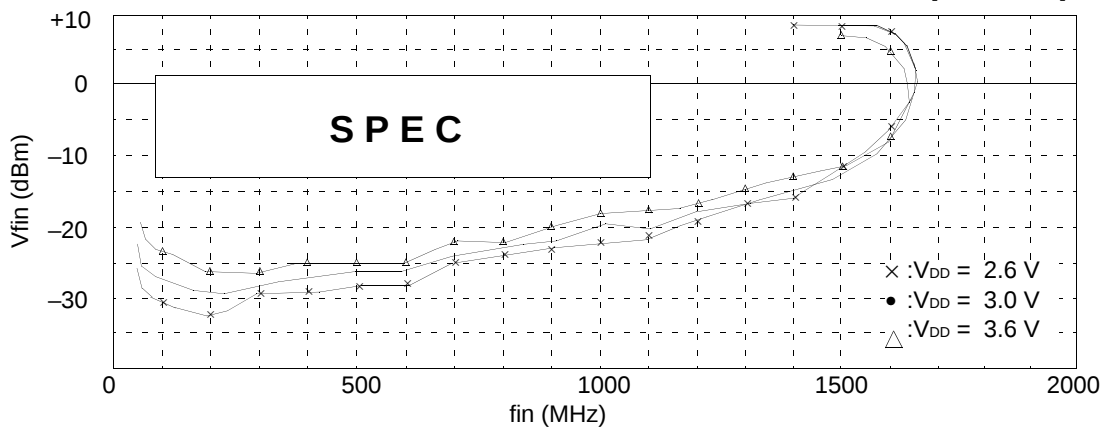
----- CR = "H"

———— CR = "L"

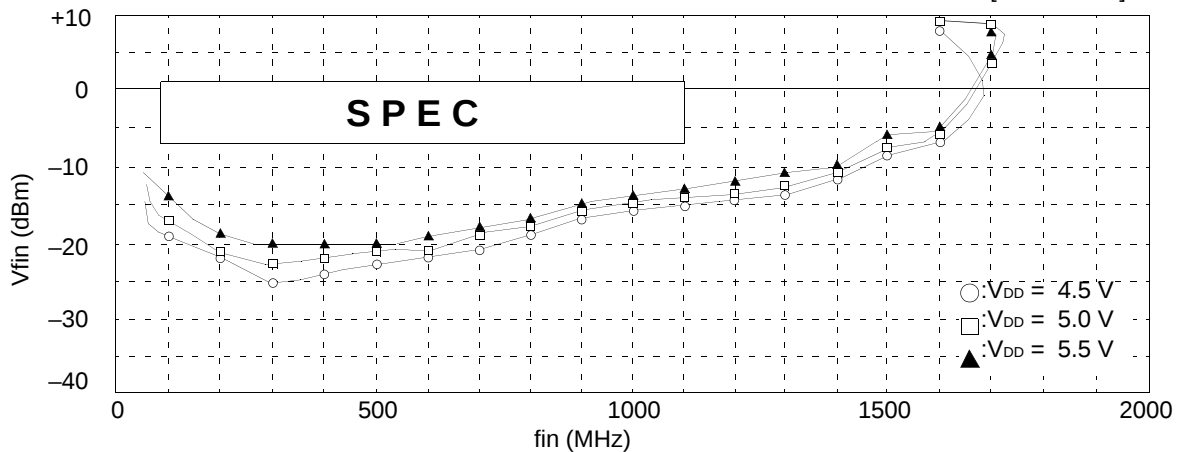


$f_{in}$  Input Sensitivity

[ $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ]

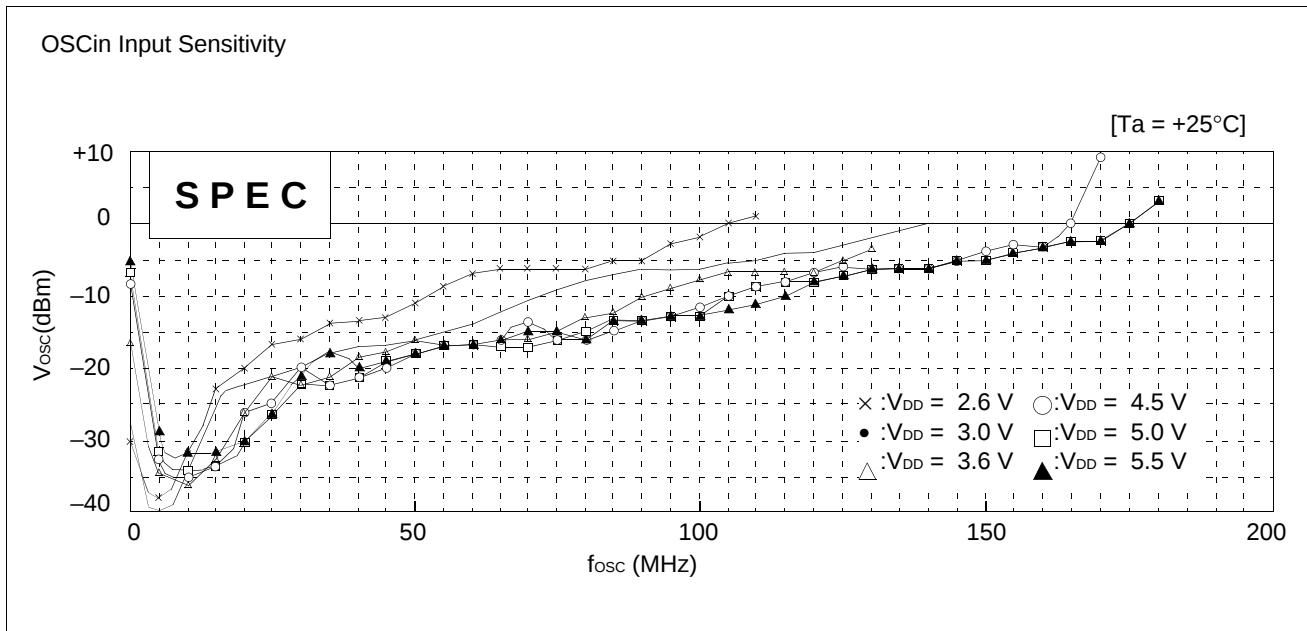


[ $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ]

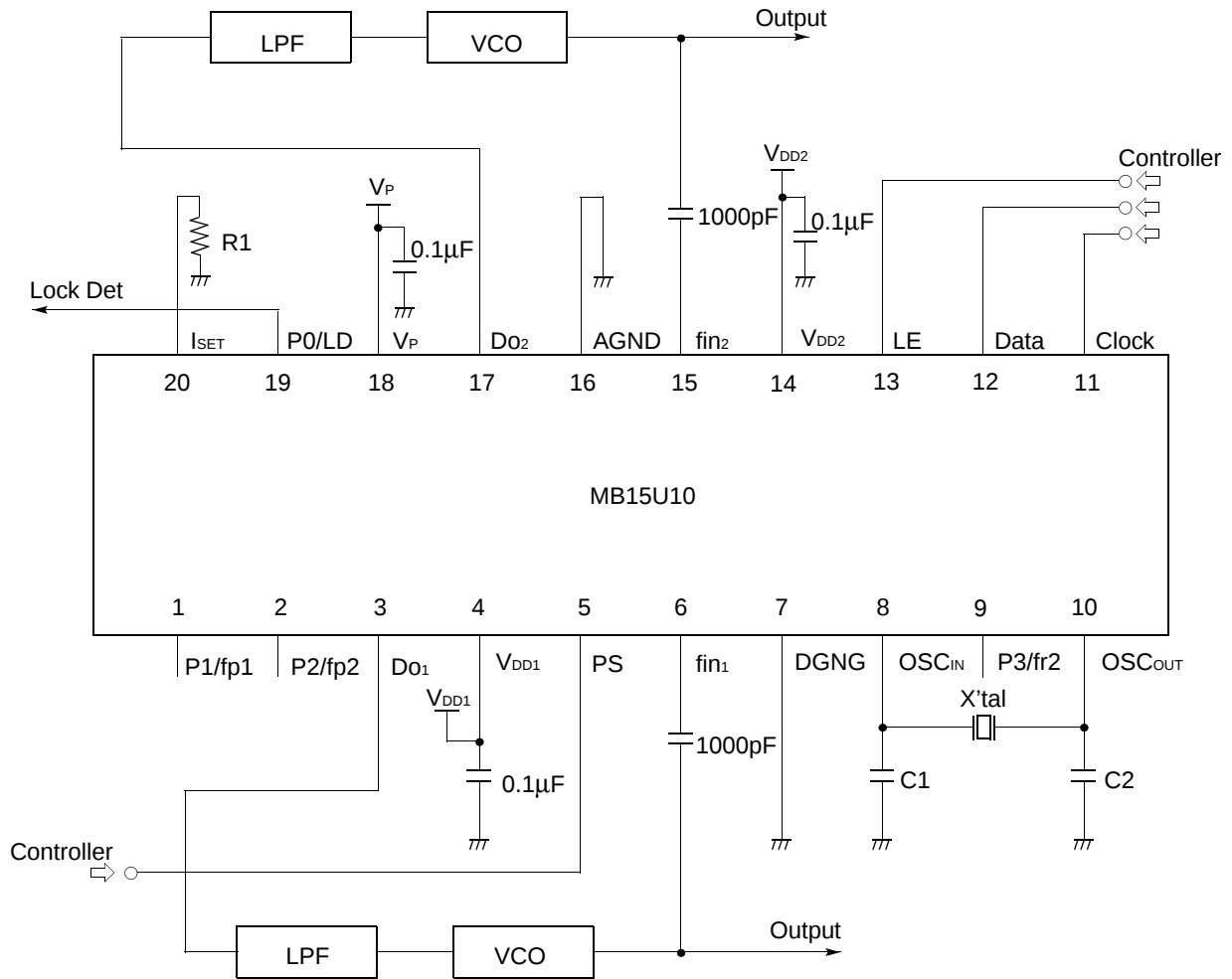


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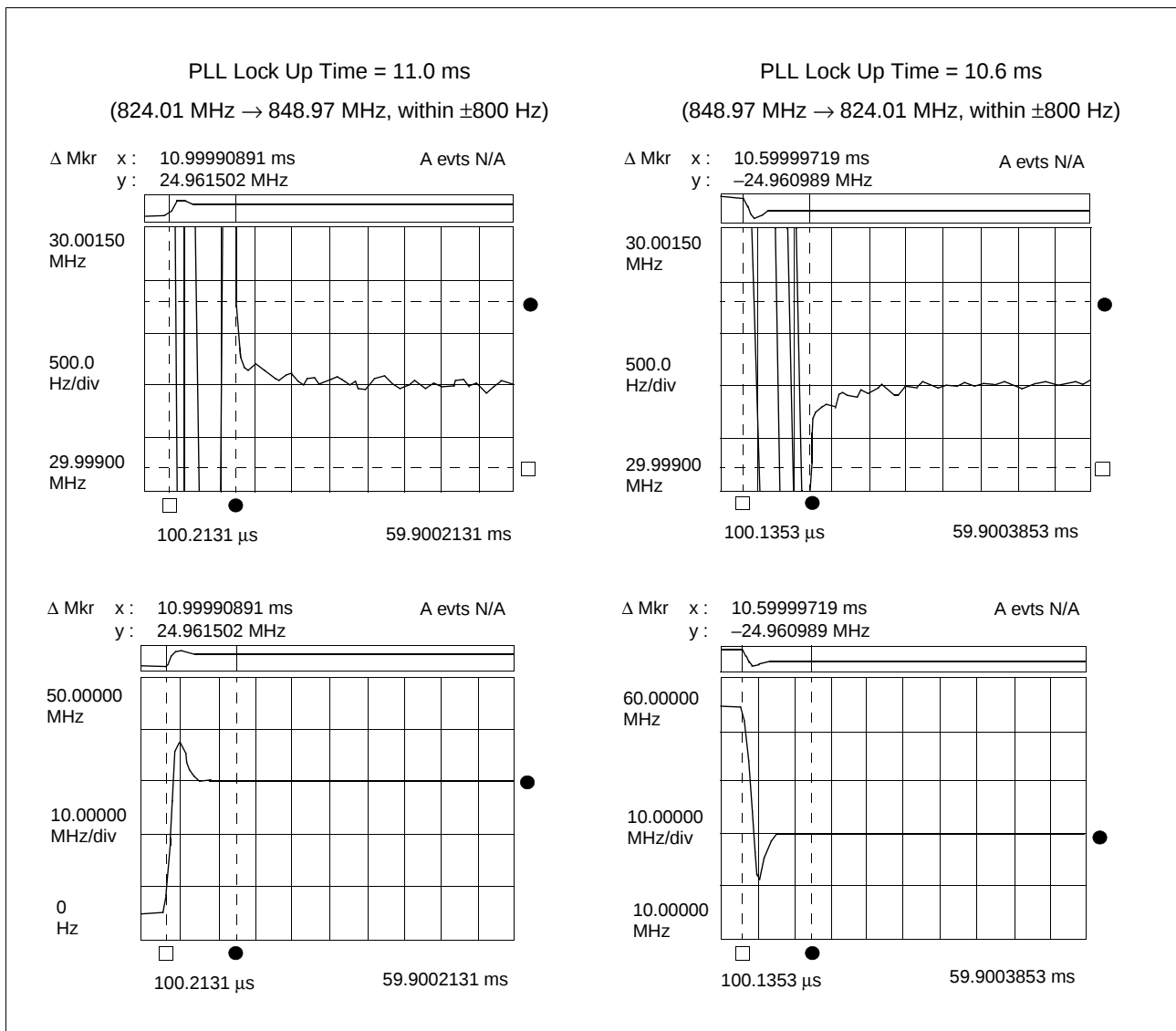
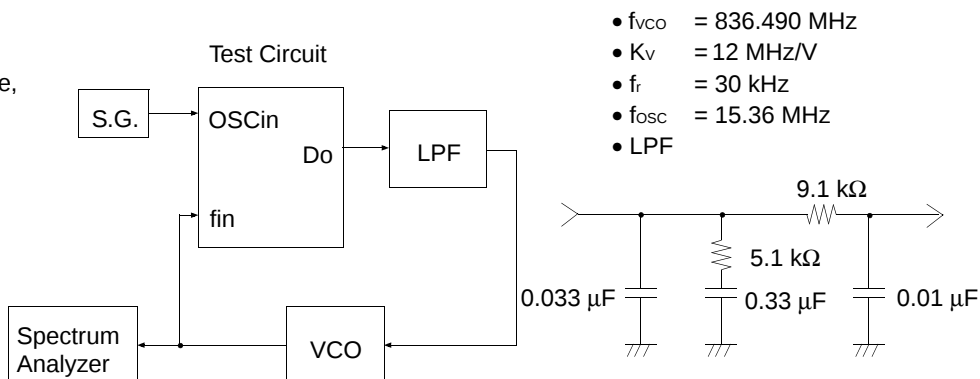
## ■ APPLICATION EXAMPLE



- R1 : Values(5 to 60 kΩ) are used to determine the output current for charge pump.
- C1, C2 : Determined by the crystal oscillator
- Clock, Data, LE : Insert pull down/pull up resistors to prevent oscillation when the terminals are left open.
- PS : When not in use, insert a pull up resistor with respect to the power supply.

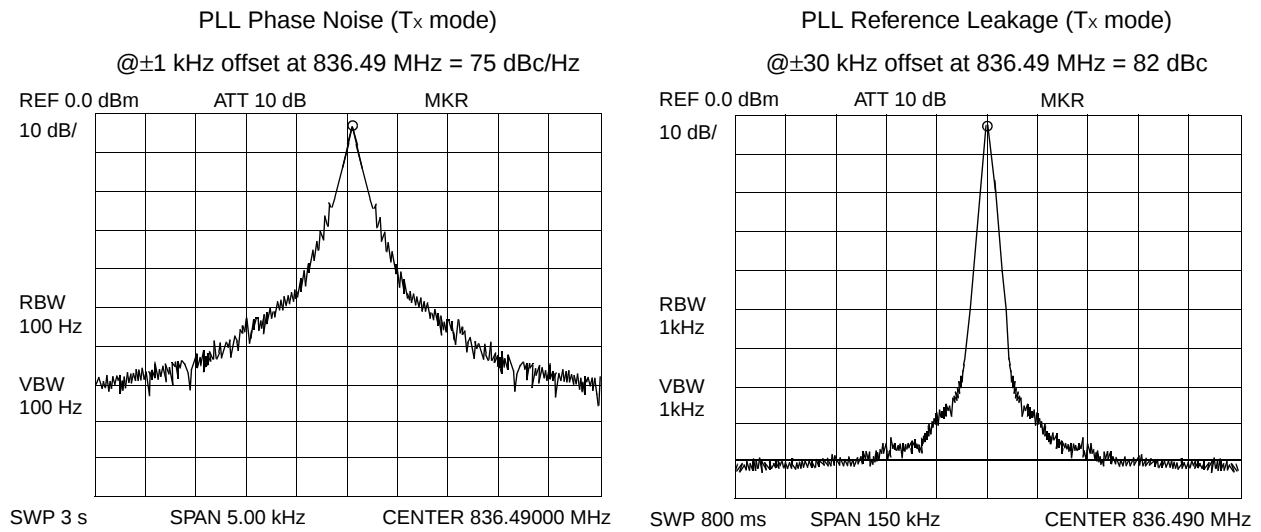
## REFERENCE INFORMATION

Typical plots measured with the test circuit are shown below. Each plots shows lock up time, phase noise, and reference leakage.

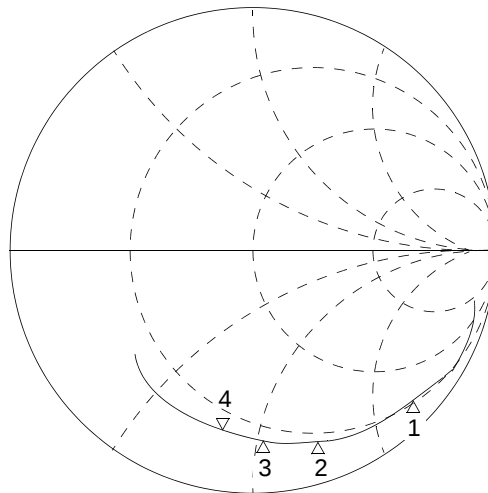


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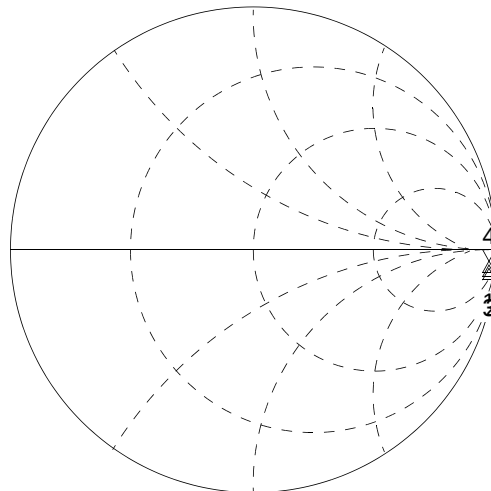


fin Input Impedance



- 1: 20.93  $\Omega$   
-130.75  $\Omega$   
500 MHz
- 2: 11.281  $\Omega$   
-71.824  $\Omega$   
800 MHz
- 3: 11.871  $\Omega$   
-51.166  $\Omega$   
1 GHz
- 4: 11.627  $\Omega$   
-42.119  $\Omega$   
3.4352 pF  
1.1 GHz

OSCin Input Impedance



- 1: 1.5699 k $\Omega$   
-2.6509 k $\Omega$   
10 MHz
- 2: 889.63  $\Omega$   
-2.0951 k $\Omega$   
15 MHz
- 3: 537.31  $\Omega$   
-1.6434 k $\Omega$   
20 MHz
- 4: 342.19  $\Omega$   
-1.3733 k $\Omega$   
4.6357 pF  
25 MHz

**■ ORDERING INFORMATION**

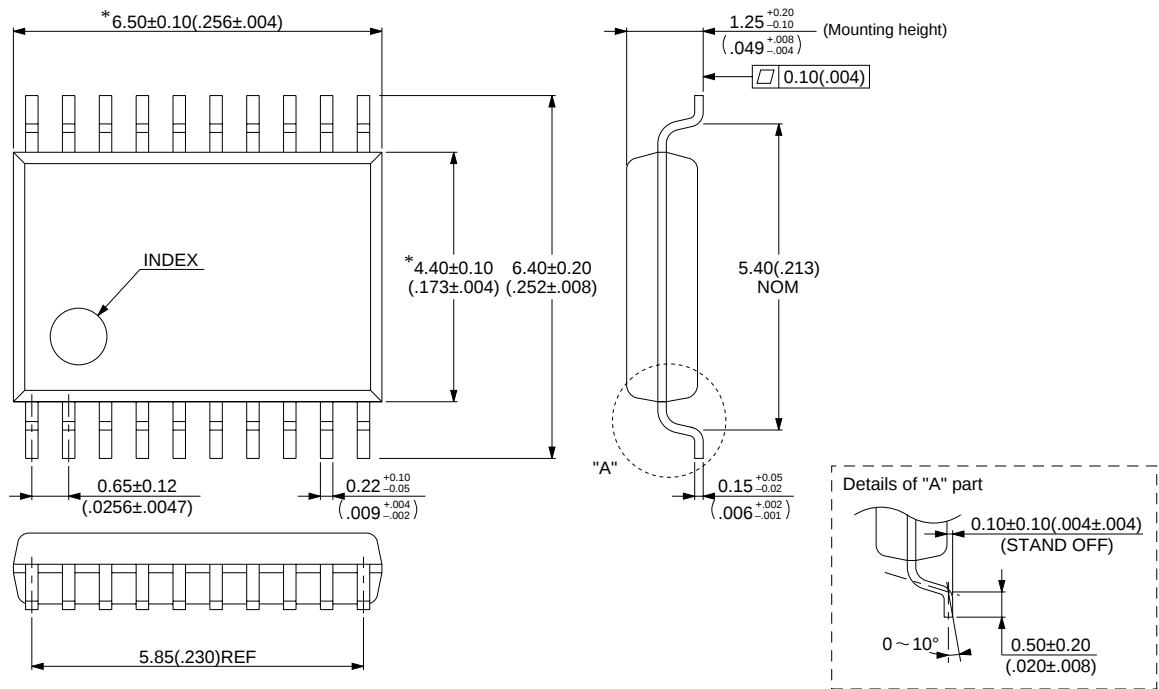
| Part number | Package                              | Remarks |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| MB15U10PFV  | 20pin, Plastic SSOP<br>(FPT-20P-M03) |         |

# MB15U10

## ■ PACKAGE DIMENSION

20 pin, Plastic SSOP  
(FPT-20P-M03)

\*: These dimensions do not include resin protrusion.



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Dimensions in mm (inches).

# FUJITSU LIMITED

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