# UNISONIC TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD

# **UTL331/A**

# LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

# LOW POWER SINGLE VOLTAGE COMPARATOR

#### DESCRIPTION

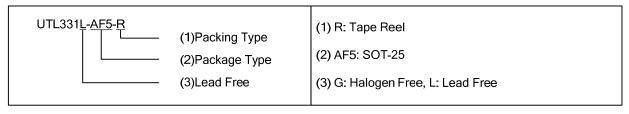
The UTC UTL331/A consists of a low power voltage comparator designed specifically for operation from a single supply over a wide range of voltages. Operation from split power supplies is also

This comparator also has a unique characteristic that the input common-mode voltage range includes ground even though it is operated from a single power supply voltage.

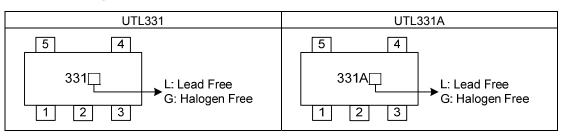
#### **FEATURES**

- \* Wide single supply voltage range or dual supplies +2V~+36V or ±1V~±18V
- \* Very low supply current (0.2mA) independent of supply voltage (1mW /comparator at +5V)
- \* Low input bias current: 25nA typ.
- \* Low input offset current: ±5nA typ.
- \* Low input offset voltage: ±1mV typ
- \* Input common-mode voltage range includes ground.
- \* Low output saturation voltage: 250mV typ.(I<sub>OUT</sub>=4mA).
- \* Differential input voltage range equal to the supply voltage.

*TTL, DTL, ECL, CMOS Compatib	ole outputs.					
■ ORDERING INFORMATION						
Ordering Number		Daakaga	Dooking			
Lead Free	Halogen Free	Package	Packing			
UTL331L-AF5-R	UTL331G-AF5-R	SOT-25	Tape Reel			
UTL331AL-AF5-R	UTL331AG-AF5-R	SOT-25	Tape Reel			



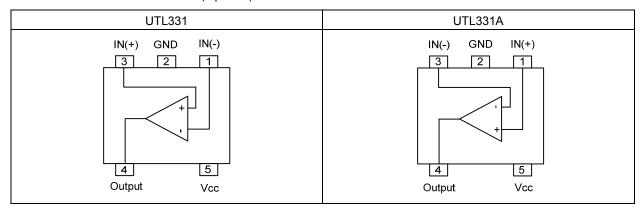
## **MARKING**



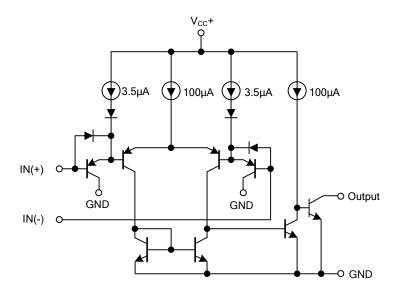
SOT-25

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# ■ PIN CONNECTIONS (top view)



# **■ BLOCK DIAGRAM**



#### ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	±18 or 36	V
Differential Input Voltage	$V_{I(DIFF)}$	±36	V
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3 ~ +36	V
Output Short-Circuit to Ground (Note 2)		Infinite	
Power Dissipation	$P_{D}$	380	mW
Junction Temperature	TJ	150	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-40 ~ +125	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 ~ +150	°C

Notes: 1. Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged.

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

2. Short-circuit from the output to V<sub>CC</sub> can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. The maximum output current is approximately 20mA, independent of the magnitude of V<sub>CC</sub>.

### ■ THARMAL DATA (T<sub>J</sub>=150°C, T<sub>A</sub>=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
junction to Ambient	$\theta_{JA}$	320	°C/W

#### ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

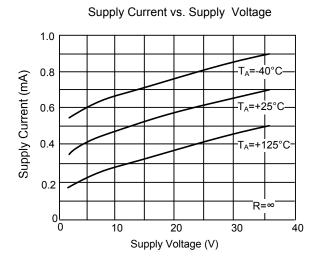
( $V_{CC}$ =5.0V, All voltage referenced to GND,  $T_A$ =25°C, unless otherwise specified)

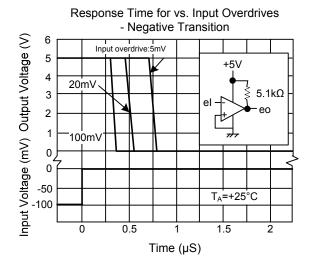
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage (Note 1)	V <sub>I(OFF)</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C			1	5	mV
		$T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$				9	mV
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>I(DIFF)</sub>	(Note 4)				Vcc	V
Large Signal Voltage Gain	Gv	$V_{CC}$ =15V, $R_L$ =15k, $V_C$	/ <sub>OUT</sub> =1~ 11V	50	200		V/mV
Input Common Mode Voltage	.,	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C		0		V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5	V
Range (Note 3)	$V_{I(CM)}$	$T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$		0		V <sub>CC</sub> -2	V
La La La Carta (Mallaca	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>I(DIFF)</sub> =1V,	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C		250	400	mV
Low Level Output Voltage		V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>OUT</sub> =30V	$T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$			700	mV
Input Dica Current (Note 2)	I <sub>I(BIAS)</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C			25	250	nA
Input Bias Current (Note 2)		$T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$				400	nA
Input Offset Current	I <sub>I(OFF)</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C			5	50	nA
		$T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$				150	nA
Supply Current	Icc	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, no load			0.4	0.7	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> =36V, no load			0.7	0.9	mA
Output Sink Current	I <sub>SINK</sub>	$V_{I(DIFF)}$ =-1V, $V_{OUT}$ =1.5V		6	16		mA
High Level Output Current	Іон	V <sub>I(DIFF)</sub> =1V,	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C		0.1	50	nA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>OUT</sub> =30V	$T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$			1	μΑ
Response Time	t <sub>R</sub>	$R_L$ =5.1kΩ to $V_{CC}$ (Note 5)			1.3		μs
Large Signal Response Time	t <sub>REL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =TTL,V <sub>REF</sub> =+1.4\	$/R_L=5.1$ K $\Omega \sim V_{CC}$		300		ns

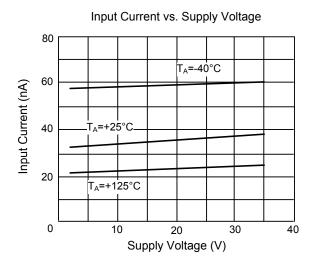
Notes: 1. At output switch point, Vo=1.4V,  $R_S$ =0 $\Omega$  with  $V_{CC}$  from 5V ~ 30V and over the full input common-mode range (0V ~  $V_{CC}$  1.5V).

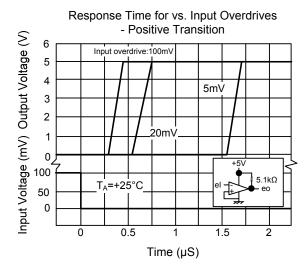
- 2. The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output, so no loading charge exists on the reference or input lines.
- 3. The input common-mode voltage of either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3V. The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is  $V_{CC}$  + -1.5V, but either or both inputs can go to +30V without damage.
- 4. Positive excursions of input voltage may exceed the power supply level. As long as the other voltage remains within the common-mode range the comparator will provide a proper output state.
- The low input voltage state must not be less than -0.3V (or 0.3V below the negative power supply, if used).
- 5. The response time specified is for a 100mV input step with 5mV overdrive. For larger overdrive signals 300ns can be obtained.

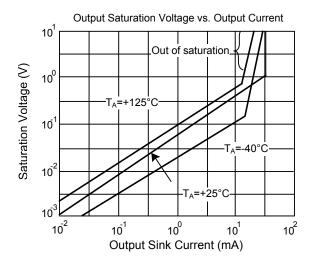
## **■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**











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