

# MOS INTEGRATED CIRCUIT $\mu PD442002-X$

# 2M-BIT CMOS STATIC RAM 128K-WORD BY 16-BIT EXTENDED TEMPERATURE OPERATION

## **Description**

The  $\mu$ PD442002-X is a high speed, low power, 2,097,152 bits (131,072 words by 16 bits) CMOS static RAM. The  $\mu$ PD442002-X is packed in 48-pin TAPE FBGA.

#### **Features**

• 131,072 words by 16 bits organization

★ • Fast access time: 70, 85, 100 ns (MAX.)

• Byte data control : /LB (I/O1 to I/O8), /UB (I/O9 to I/O16)

• Low voltage operation : Vcc = 2.7 to 3.6 V (-BB70X)

 $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V (-BC70X)}$ 

Vcc = 1.8 to 2.2 V (-DD85X, -DD10X)

Low Vcc data retention: 1.0 V (MIN.)

• Operating ambient temperature : T<sub>A</sub> = -25 to +85 °C

• Output Enable input for easy application

μPD442002	Access time	Operating supply	Operating ambient			
	ns (MAX.)	voltage	temperature	At operating At standby		At data retention
		V	°C	mA (MAX.)	μA (MAX.)	μA (MAX.)
-BB70X	70	2.7 to 3.6	−25 to +85	30	4	2
-BC70X	70	2.2 to 3.6				
-DD85X, -DD10X	85, 100	1.8 to 2.2		15	3	

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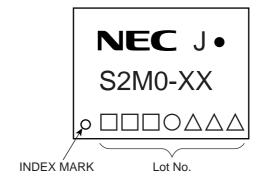
# **★** Ordering Information

Part number	Package	Access time	Operating	Operating
		ns (MAX.)	supply voltage	temperature
			V	°C
μPD442002F9-BB70X-BC2-A Note	48-pin TAPE FBGA (8×6)	70	2.7 to 3.6	−25 to +85
μPD442002F9-BC70X-BC2-A Note		70	2.2 to 3.6	
μPD442002F9-DD85X-BC2-A Note		85	1.8 to 2.2	
μPD442002F9-DD10X-BC2-A Note		100		

Note Lead-free product

# ★ Marking Image

Part number	Marking (XX)
μPD442002F9-BB70X-BC2-A	B2
μPD442002F9-BC70X-BC2-A	C2
μPD442002F9-DD85X-BC2-A	D3
μPD442002F9-DD10X-BC2-A	D4



## **Pin Configuration**

/xxx indicates active low signal.

## 48-pin TAPE FBGA (8×6)

# **Top View Bottom View** 00000 В 00000 С $\circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ$ D 00000 Е $\circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ$ F 00000 00000 G Н 00000

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Α	/LB	/OE	A0	A1	A2	NC
В	I/O9	/UB	A3	A4	/CS	I/O1
С	I/O10	I/O11	A5	A6	I/O2	I/O3
D	GND	I/O12	NC	A7	I/O4	Vcc
Е	Vcc	I/O13	NC	A16	I/O5	GND
F	I/O15	I/O14	A14	A15	I/O6	1/07
G	I/O16	NC	A12	A13	/WE	I/O8
Н	NC	A8	A9	A10	A11	NC

	6	5	4	3	2	1
Α	NC	A2	A1	A0	/OE	/LB
В	I/O1	/CS	A4	A3	/UB	I/O9
С	I/O3	I/O2	A6	A5	I/O11	I/O10
D	Vcc	1/04	A7	NC	I/O12	GND
Е	GND	I/O5	A16	NC	I/O13	Vcc
F	1/07	I/O6	A15	A14	I/O14	I/O15
G	I/O8	/WE	A13	A12	NC	I/O16
Н	NC	A11	A10	A9	A8	NC

A0 to A16 : Address inputs

I/O1 to I/O16 : Data inputs / outputs

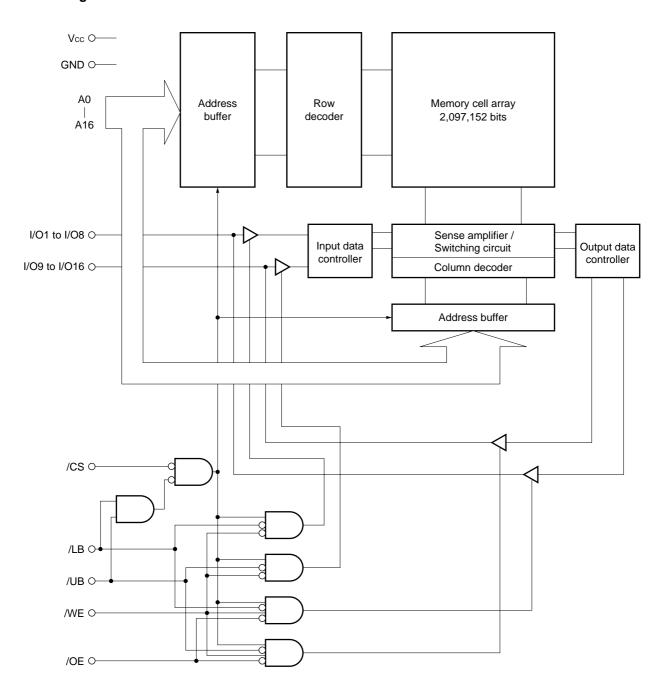
/CS : Chip Select
/WE : Write Enable
/OE : Output Enable
/LB, /UB : Byte data select
Vcc : Power supply
GND : Ground

. Ground

NC : No Connection

**Remark** Refer to **Package Drawing** for the index mark.

# **Block Diagram**





## **Truth Table**

/CS	/OE	/WE	/LB	/UB	Mode	I/	0	Supply current
						I/O1 to I/O8	I/O9 to I/O16	
Н	×	×	×	×	Not selected	High-Z	High-Z	Isв
×	×	×	Н	Н	Not selected	High-Z	High-Z	
L	Н	Н	L	×	× Output disable High-Z		High-Z	ICCA
			×	L	Output disable	High-Z	High-Z	
	L	Н	L	L	Word read	<b>D</b> оит	<b>D</b> оит	
			L	Η	Lower byte read	<b>D</b> оит	High-Z	
			Н	L	Upper byte read	High-Z	<b>D</b> оит	
	×	L	L	L	Word write	Din	Din	
			L	Н	Lower byte write	Din	High-Z	
			Н	L	Upper byte write	High-Z	Din	

 $\textbf{Remark} \hspace{0.2cm} \times \hspace{0.1cm} : V_{IH} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{or} \hspace{0.1cm} V_{IL}$ 

Data Sheet M14670EJ7V1DS 5



## **Electrical Specifications**

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ra	ting	Unit
			-BB70X, -BC70X	-DD85X, -DD10X	
Supply voltage	Vcc		-0.5 Note to +4.0	-0.5 <sup>Note</sup> to +2.7	V
Input / Output voltage	VT		-0.5 Note to Vcc+0.4 (4.0 V MAX.)	-0.5 Note to Vcc+0.4 (2.7 V MAX.)	٧
Operating ambient temperature	TA		–25 to +85	–25 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		–55 to +125	–55 to +125	°C

Note -3.0 V (MIN.) (Pulse width: 30 ns)

Caution Exposing the device to stress above those listed in Absolute Maximum Rating could cause permanent damage. The device is not meant to be operated under conditions outside the limits described in the operational section of this specification. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	-BB70X -		-BC	-BC70X		-DD85X, -DD10X	
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Supply voltage	Vcc		2.7	3.6	2.2	3.6	1.8	2.2	٧
High level input voltage	VIH	2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 3.6 V	2.4	Vcc+0.4	2.4	Vcc+0.4	-	_	٧
		2.2 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	_	-	2.0	Vcc+0.3	_	-	
		1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.2 V	_	-	_	-	1.6	Vcc+0.2	
Low level input voltage	VIL		-0.3 Note	+0.5	-0.3 Note	+0.4	-0.2 Note	+0.2	٧
Operating ambient	TA		-25	+85	-25	+85	-25	+85	°C
temperature									

Note -1.0 V (MIN.) (Pulse width: 20 ns)

## Capacitance (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f = 1 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Test condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input capacitance	Cin	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V			8	pF
Input / Output capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V			10	pF

Remarks 1. VIN: Input voltage

Vi/o: Input / Output voltage

2. These parameters are not 100% tested.



# DC Characteristics (Recommended Operating Conditions Unless Otherwise Noted) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Test condition	-BB70X			Unit
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Input leakage current	lu	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ
I/O leakage current	ILO	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub> , /CS = V <sub>IH</sub> or	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ
		/WE = V <sub>IL</sub> or /OE = V <sub>IH</sub>				
Operating supply current	ICCA1	/CS = V <sub>IL</sub> , I <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 mA, Minimum cycle time		_	30	mA
	ICCA2	/CS = V <sub>IL</sub> , I <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 mA, Cycle time = ∞		_	4	
	Іссаз	$/$ CS $\leq$ 0.2 V, Cycle time = 1 $\mu$ s, $I_{I/O}$ = 0 mA,		_	4	
		$V_{IL} \le 0.2 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IH} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$				
Standby supply current	Isa	/CS = V <sub>IH</sub> or /LB = /UB = V <sub>IH</sub>		_	0.6	mA
	I <sub>SB1</sub>	/CS ≥ Vcc - 0.2 V		0.3	4	μΑ
	I <sub>SB2</sub>	/LB = /UB ≥ Vcc − 0.2 V, /CS ≤ 0.2 V		0.3	4	
High level output voltage	Vон	Iон = -0.5 mA	2.4			V
Low level output voltage	Vol	loL = 1.0 mA			0.4	V

Remark VIN: Input voltage

Vi/o : Input / Output voltage



# DC Characteristics (Recommended Operating Conditions Unless Otherwise Noted) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Test condition	on		-BC70X		-DD	85X, -D[	D10X	Unit
				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Input leakage current	lu	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>		-1.0		+1.0	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ
I/O leakage current	llo	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub> , /CS =	V <sub>IH</sub> or	-1.0		+1.0	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ
		/WE = V <sub>IL</sub> or /OE = V <sub>IH</sub>								
Operating supply current	ICCA1	/CS = VIL, II/O = 0 mA,			_	30		_	_	mA
		Minimum cycle time	Vcc ≤ 2.7 V		_	25		_	_	
			Vcc ≤ 2.2 V		_	_		_	15	
	ICCA2	/CS = VIL, II/O = 0 mA,	į		_	4		_	_	
		Cycle time = ∞	Vcc ≤ 2.7 V		_	2		_	_	
			Vcc ≤ 2.2 V		_	_		_	1	
	Іссаз	/CS $\leq$ 0.2 V, Cycle time = 1 $\mu$ s,			_	4		_	_	
		$I_{I/O}$ = 0 mA, $V_{IL} \le 0.2 V$ ,	Vcc ≤ 2.7 V		_	3		_	_	
		V <sub>IH</sub> ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> − 0.2 V	Vcc ≤ 2.2 V		_	_		_	3	
Standby supply current	IsB	/CS = V <sub>IH</sub> or /LB = /UB	= V <sub>IH</sub>		_	0.6		_	_	mA
			Vcc ≤ 2.7 V		_	0.6		_	_	
			Vcc ≤ 2.2 V		_	_		_	0.6	
	I <sub>SB1</sub>	/CS ≥ Vcc - 0.2 V	_		0.3	4		_	_	μΑ
			Vcc ≤ 2.7 V		0.25	3.5		-	_	
			$Vcc \le 2.2 \text{ V}$		_	_		0.2	3	
	I <sub>SB2</sub>	/LB = /UB ≥ Vcc - 0.2 \	/,		0.3	4		_	_	
		/CS ≤ 0.2 V	Vcc ≤ 2.7 V		0.25	3.5		_	_	
			Vcc ≤ 2.2 V		_	_		0.2	3	
High level output voltage	Vон	Iон = −0.5 mA		2.4			-			V
			Vcc ≤ 2.7 V	1.8			_			
			Vcc ≤ 2.2 V	_			1.5			
Low level output voltage	Vol	IoL = 1.0 mA	1			0.4			_	٧
			Vcc ≤ 2.7 V			0.4			_	
			Vcc ≤ 2.2 V			_			0.4	

Remark VIN: Input voltage

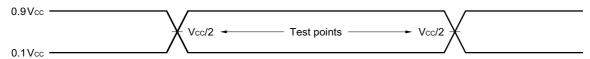
Vi/o : Input / Output voltage



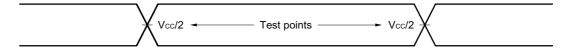
# AC Characteristics (Recommended Operating Conditions Unless Otherwise Noted)

# **AC Test Conditions**

Input Waveform (Rise and Fall Time ≤ 5 ns)



**Output Waveform** 



## **Output Load**

[-BB70X]

1TTL + 50 pF

[-BC70X, -DD85X, -DD10X]

1TTL + 30 pF

# ★ Read Cycle (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Vcc ≥ 2.7 V			Condition
		-BB	370X		
		MIN.	MAX.		
Read cycle time	<b>t</b> RC	70		ns	
Address access time	<b>t</b> AA		70	ns	Note 1
/CS access time	tacs		70	ns	
/OE to output valid	<b>t</b> oe		35	ns	
/LB, /UB to output valid	<b>t</b> BA		70	ns	
Output hold from address change	<b>t</b> oн	10		ns	
/CS to output in low impedance	<b>t</b> LZ	10		ns	Note 2
/OE to output in low impedance	<b>t</b> olz	5		ns	
/LB, /UB to output in low impedance	<b>t</b> BLZ	10		ns	
/CS to output in high impedance	<b>t</b> HZ		25	ns	
/OE to output in high impedance	tонz		25	ns	
/LB, /UB to output in high impedance	<b>t</b> BHZ		25	ns	

Notes 1. The output load is 1TTL + 50 pF.

2. The output load is 1TTL + 5 pF.

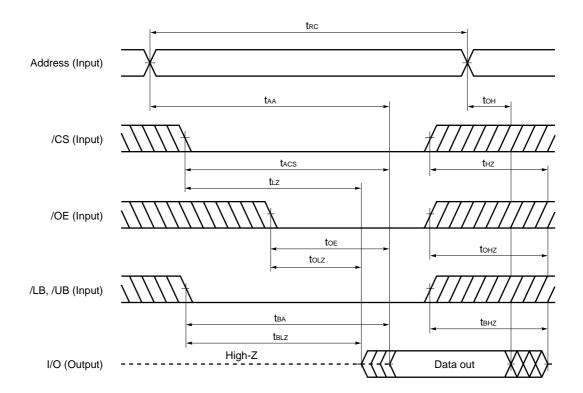
# ★ Read Cycle (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Vcc ≥ 2.2 V		Vcc ≥ 1.8 V				Unit	Condition
		-BC	70X	-DD85X		-DD10X			
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Read cycle time	<b>t</b> RC	70		85		100		ns	
Address access time	<b>t</b> AA		70		85		100	ns	Note 1
/CS access time	<b>t</b> acs		70		85		100	ns	
/OE to output valid	toe		35		40		50	ns	
/LB, /UB to output valid	<b>t</b> BA		70		85		100	ns	
Output hold from address change	tон	10		10		10		ns	
/CS to output in low impedance	<b>t</b> LZ	10		10		10		ns	Note 2
/OE to output in low impedance	<b>t</b> olz	5		5		5		ns	
/LB, /UB to output in low impedance	<b>t</b> BLZ	10		10		10		ns	
/CS to output in high impedance	tнz		25		30		35	ns	
/OE to output in high impedance	<b>t</b> onz		25		30		35	ns	
/LB, /UB to output in high impedance	<b>t</b> внz		25		30		35	ns	

Notes 1. The output load is 1TTL + 30 pF.

2. The output load is 1TTL + 5 pF.

# **Read Cycle Timing Chart**



**Remark** In read cycle, /WE should be fixed to high level.



# **★** Write Cycle (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Vcc≥	Unit	Condition	
		-BE	370X		
		MIN.	MAX.		
Write cycle time	twc	70		ns	
/CS to end of write	tcw	55		ns	
/LB, /UB to end of write	tвw	55		ns	
Address valid to end of write	taw	55		ns	
Address setup time	tas	0		ns	
Write pulse width	twp	50		ns	
Write recovery time	twr	0		ns	
Data valid to end of write	<b>t</b> ow	30		ns	
Data hold time	tон	0		ns	
/WE to output in high impedance	twнz		25	ns	Note
Output active from end of write	tow	5		ns	

Note The output load is 1TTL + 5 pF.

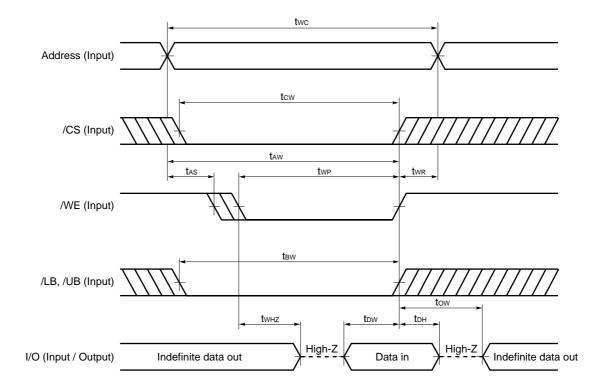
# ★ Write Cycle (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Vcc ≥ 2.2 V		Vcc ≥ 1.8 V				Unit	Condition
		-BC	-BC70X		-DD85X		-DD10X		
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Write cycle time	twc	70		85		100		ns	
/CS to end of write	tcw	55		70		80		ns	
/LB, /UB to end of write	tвw	55		70		80		ns	
Address valid to end of write	taw	55		70		80		ns	
Address setup time	<b>t</b> as	0		0		0		ns	
Write pulse width	<b>t</b> wp	50		55		60		ns	
Write recovery time	twr	0		0		0		ns	
Data valid to end of write	tow	30		35		40		ns	
Data hold time	tон	0		0		0		ns	
/WE to output in high impedance	<b>t</b> wHz		25		30		35	ns	Note
Output active from end of write	tow	5		5		5		ns	

Note The output load is 1TTL + 5 pF.



## Write Cycle Timing Chart 1 (/WE Controlled)



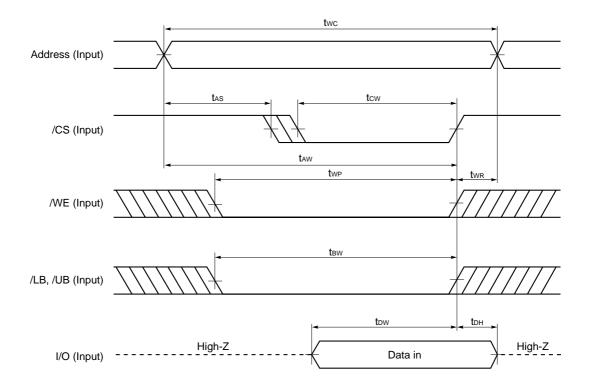
Cautions 1. During address transition, at least one of pins /CS, /WE should be inactivated.

2. Do not input data to the I/O pins while they are in the output state.

Remarks 1. Write operation is done during the overlap time of a low level /CS, a low level /WE and a low level /LB (or low level /UB).

- 2. If /CS changes to low level at the same time or after the change of /WE to low level, the I/O pins will remain high impedance state.
- 3. When /WE is at low level, the I/O pins are always high impedance. When /WE is at high level, read operation is executed. Therefore /OE should be at high level to make the I/O pins high impedance.

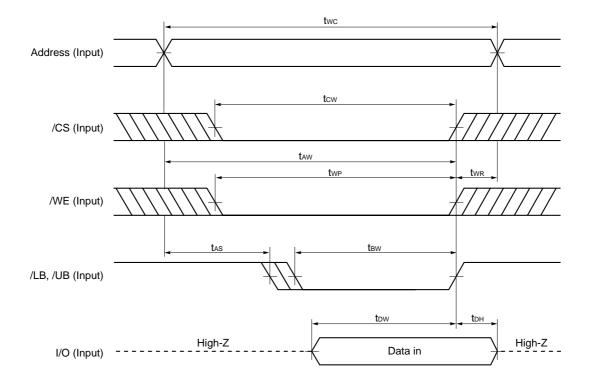
# Write Cycle Timing Chart 2 (/CS Controlled)



- Cautions 1. During address transition, at least one of pins /CS, /WE should be inactivated.
  - 2. Do not input data to the I/O pins while they are in the output state.

**Remark** Write operation is done during the overlap time of a low level /CS, a low level /WE and a low level /LB (or low level /UB).

# Write Cycle Timing Chart 3 (/LB, /UB Controlled)



Cautions 1. During address transition, at least one of pins /CS, /WE should be inactivated.

2. Do not input data to the I/O pins while they are in the output state.

**Remark** Write operation is done during the overlap time of a low level /CS, a low level /WE and a low level /LB (or low level /UB).



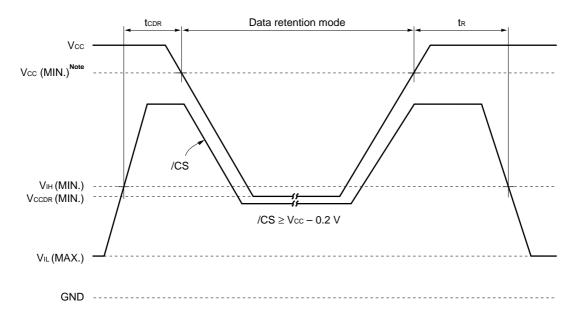
# Low Vcc Data Retention Characteristics ( $T_A = -25 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition		-BB70X		-BC70X			-DD85X, -DD10X			Unit
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Data retention	Vccdr1	/CS ≥ Vcc - 0.2 V	1.0		3.6	1.0		3.6	1.0		2.2	V
supply voltage	Vccdr2	/LB = /UB ≥ Vcc - 0.2 V,	1.0		3.6	1.0		3.6	1.0		2.2	
		/CS ≤ 0.2 V										
Data retention	ICCDR1	Vcc = 1.2 V, /CS ≥ Vcc – 0.2 V		0.15	2		0.15	2		0.15	2	μΑ
supply current	Iccdr2	Vcc = 1.2 V,		0.15	2		0.15	2		0.15	2	
		/LB = /UB ≥ Vcc - 0.2 V,										
		/CS ≤ 0.2 V										
Chip deselection	tcdr		0			0			0			ns
to data retention												
mode												
Operation	t≀R		trc Note			trc Note			trc Note			ns
recovery time												

 $\textbf{Note} \quad t_{\text{RC}} : \text{Read cycle time}$ 

## **Data Retention Timing Chart**

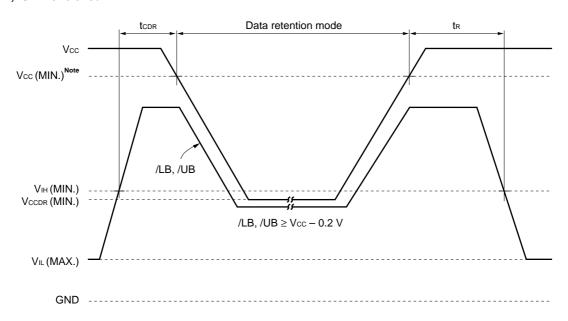
## (1) /CS Controlled



Note 2.7 V (-BB70X), 2.2 V (-BC70X), 1.8 V (-DD85X, -DD10X)

**Remark** On the data retention mode by controlling /CS, the other pins (Address, I/O, /WE, /OE, /LB, /UB) can be in high impedance state.

## (2) /LB, /UB Controlled

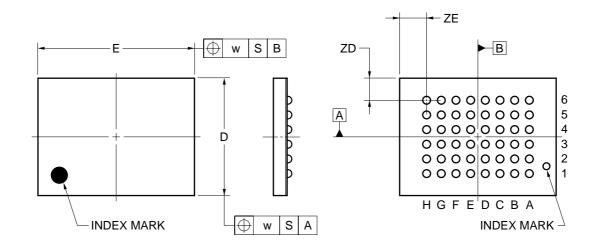


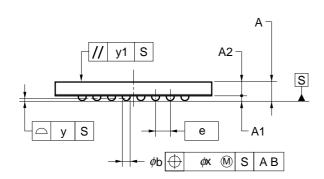
**Note** 2.7 V (-BB70X), 2.2 V (-BC70X), 1.8 V (-DD85X, -DD10X)

**Remark** On the data retention mode by controlling /LB and /UB, the input level of /CS must be  $\geq$  Vcc - 0.2 V or  $\leq$  0.2 V. The other pins (Address, I/O, /WE, /OE) can be in high impedance state.

## ★ Package Drawing

# 48-PIN TAPE FBGA (8x6)





ITEM	MILLIMETERS
D	6.0±0.1
Е	8.0±0.1
w	0.2
е	0.75
Α	0.94±0.10
A1	0.24±0.05
A2	0.70
b	0.40±0.05
х	0.08
у	0.1
y1	0.2
ZD	1.125
ZE	1.375

P48F9-75-BC2



# **Recommended Soldering Conditions**

Please consult with our sales offices for soldering conditions of the  $\mu$ PD442002-X.

# **★** Types of Surface Mount Device

 $\mu$ PD442002F9-BC2-A  $^{
m Note}$  : 48-pin TAPE FBGA (8x6)

Note Lead-free product



# **Revision History**

Edition/	Pa	ge	Type of	Location	Description		
Date	Previous	This	revision		(Previous edition $ o$ This edition)		
	edition	edition					
7th edition/	Throughout	Throughout	Deletion	Class	-BB55X, -BB85X, -BC85X, -BC10X, -DD12X		
Dec. 2003	p.2, 21	p.2, 19	Modification	Package code	F9-BC1 → F9-BC2-A		
			Addition		"Note Lead-free product" has been added.		
	p.2	p.2	Modification	Marking image	Lead-free mark has been added.		
					Index mark has been modified.		
	p.20	p.18	Modification	Package Drawing	Package drawing has been changed		

NEC  $\mu$ PD442002-X

[MEMO]

NEC  $\mu$ PD442002-X

[MEMO]

#### NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES -

#### 1 VOLTAGE APPLICATION WAVEFORM AT INPUT PIN

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (MAX) and  $V_{IH}$  (MIN) due to noise, etc., the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (MAX) and  $V_{IH}$  (MIN).

## (2) HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS

Unconnected CMOS device inputs can be cause of malfunction. If an input pin is unconnected, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., causing malfunction. CMOS devices behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to VDD or GND via a resistor if there is a possibility that it will be an output pin. All handling related to unused pins must be judged separately for each device and according to related specifications governing the device.

## ③ PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD

A strong electric field, when exposed to a MOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

#### **4) STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION**

Power-on does not necessarily define the initial status of a MOS device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, devices with reset functions have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee output pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. A device is not initialized until the reset signal is received. A reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for devices with reset functions.

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