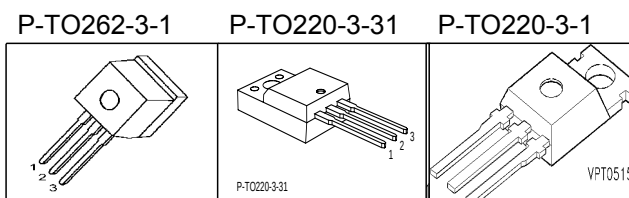


Cool MOS™ Power Transistor

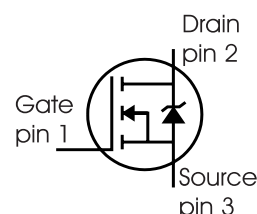
Feature

- New revolutionary high voltage technology
- Ultra low gate charge
- Periodic avalanche rated
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Improved transconductance

V_{DS}	650	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	0.38	Ω
I_D	11	A



Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
SPP11N65C3	P-TO220-3-1	Q67040-S4557	11N65C3
SPA11N65C3	P-TO220-3-31	Q67040-S4554	11N65C3
SPI11N65C3	P-TO262-3-1	Q67040-S4561	11N65C3



Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		SPP_I	SPA	
Continuous drain current $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	I_D	11 7	11 ¹⁾ 7 ¹⁾	A
Pulsed drain current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	$I_{D\text{ puls}}$	33	33	A
Avalanche energy, single pulse $I_D=2.5\text{A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$	E_{AS}	340	340	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax} ²⁾ $I_D=4\text{A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$	E_{AR}	0.6	0.6	
Avalanche current, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax}	I_{AR}	4	4	A
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	V
Gate source voltage AC ($f > 1\text{Hz}$)	V_{GS}	± 30	± 30	
Power dissipation, $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	125	33	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150		$^\circ\text{C}$

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain Source voltage slope $V_{DS} = 480\text{ V}$, $I_D = 11\text{ A}$, $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$	dv/dt	50	V/ns

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	1	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - case, FullPAK	$R_{thJC\text{ FP}}$	-	-	3.8	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, leaded	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, FullPAK	$R_{thJA\text{ FP}}$	-	-	80	
SMD version, device on PCB: @ min. footprint @ 6 cm ² cooling area ³⁾	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	
		-	35	-	
Soldering temperature, 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s ⁴⁾	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=0.25\text{mA}$	650 ⁵⁾	-	-	V
Drain-Source avalanche breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=4\text{A}$	-	730	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$I_D=500\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=V_{DS}$	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	0.1	1	μA
		$T_j=150\text{ °C}$	-	-	100	
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS}=20\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=7\text{A}$	-	-	-	Ω
		$T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	0.34	0.38	
		$T_j=150\text{ °C}$	-	0.92	-	
Gate input resistance	R_G	$f=1\text{MHz}$, open drain	-	0.86	-	

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} \geq 2 \cdot I_D \cdot R_{DS(on)max}$, $I_D = 7A$	-	8.3	-	S
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $V_{DS} = 25V$, $f = 1MHz$	-	1200	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	390	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	30	-	
Effective output capacitance, ⁶⁾ energy related	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $V_{DS} = 0V$ to $480V$	-	45	-	
Effective output capacitance, ⁷⁾ time related	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	85	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 380V$, $V_{GS} = 0/10V$, $I_D = 11A$, $R_G = 6.8\Omega$	-	10	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	5	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	44	70	
Fall time	t_f		-	5	9	

Gate Charge Characteristics

Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DD} = 480V$, $I_D = 11A$	-	5.5	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	22	-	
Gate charge total	Q_g	$V_{DD} = 480V$, $I_D = 11A$, $V_{GS} = 0$ to $10V$	-	45	60	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{(plateau)}$	$V_{DD} = 480V$, $I_D = 11A$	-	5.5	-	V

¹Limited only by maximum temperature

²Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as $P_{AV} = E_{AR} \cdot f$.

³Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70 µm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

⁴Soldering temperature for TO-263: 220°C, reflow

⁵HTRB @ 1000h, 600V, T_{jmax} resp. accelerated HTRB @ 168h, 600V, $T_j = 175^\circ C$
according to JEDEC A108, MIL-STD 750/1038-1040, 1042

⁶ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

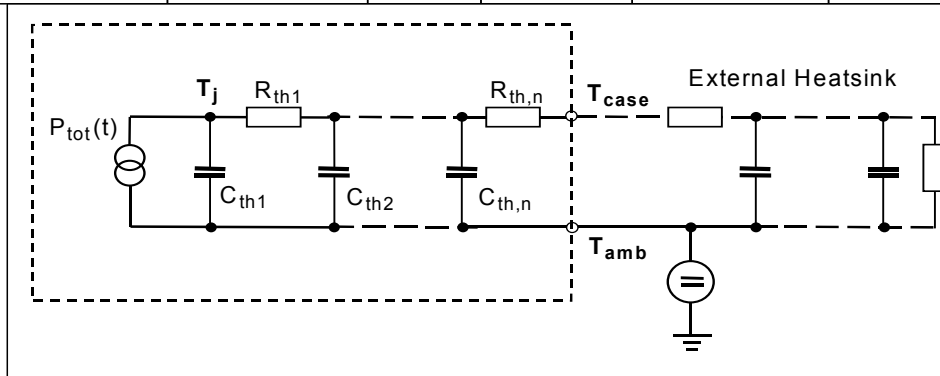
⁷ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Inverse diode continuous forward current	I_S	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	11	A
Inverse diode direct current, pulsed	I_{SM}		-	-	33	
Inverse diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, I_F=I_S$	-	1	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_R=480\text{V}, I_F=I_S, di_F/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	400	600	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	6	-	μC
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	41	-	A
Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	di_{rr}/dt	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1200	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

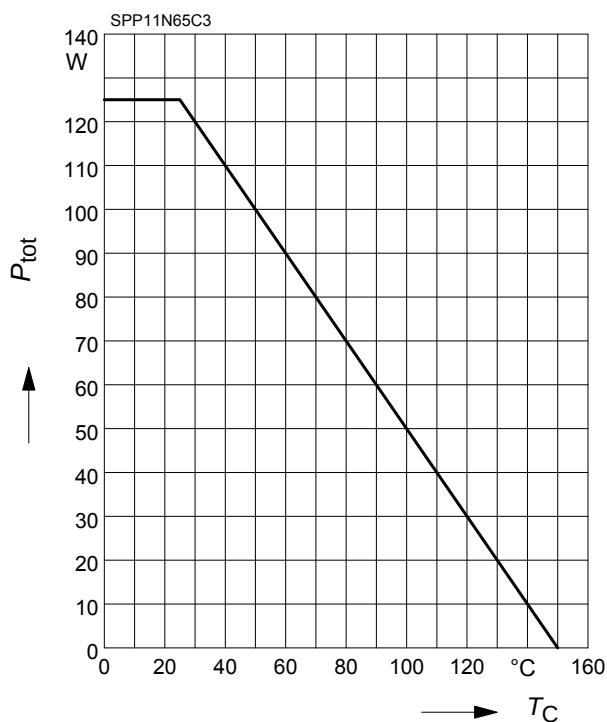
Typical Transient Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Value		Unit	Symbol	Value		Unit
	SPP_B	SPA			SPP_B	SPA	
R_{th1}	0.015	0.15	K/W	C_{th1}	0.0001878	0.0001878	Ws/K
R_{th2}	0.03	0.03		C_{th2}	0.0007106	0.0007106	
R_{th3}	0.056	0.056		C_{th3}	0.000988	0.000988	
R_{th4}	0.197	0.194		C_{th4}	0.002791	0.002791	
R_{th5}	0.216	0.413		C_{th5}	0.007285	0.007401	
R_{th6}	0.083	2.522		C_{th6}	0.063	0.412	



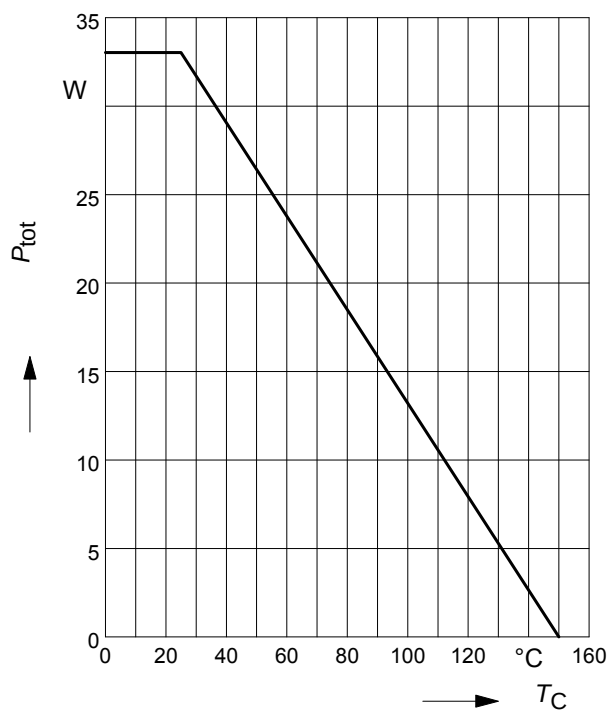
1 Power dissipation

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



2 Power dissipation FullPAK

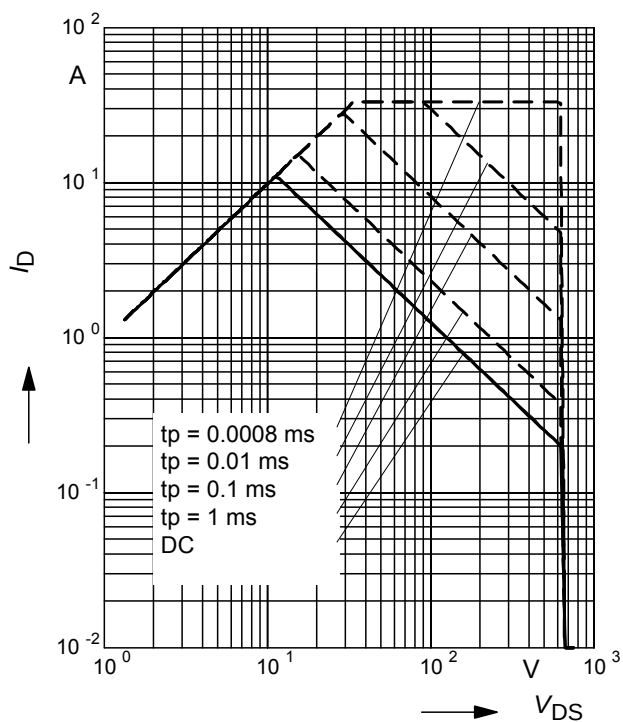
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



3 Safe operating area

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

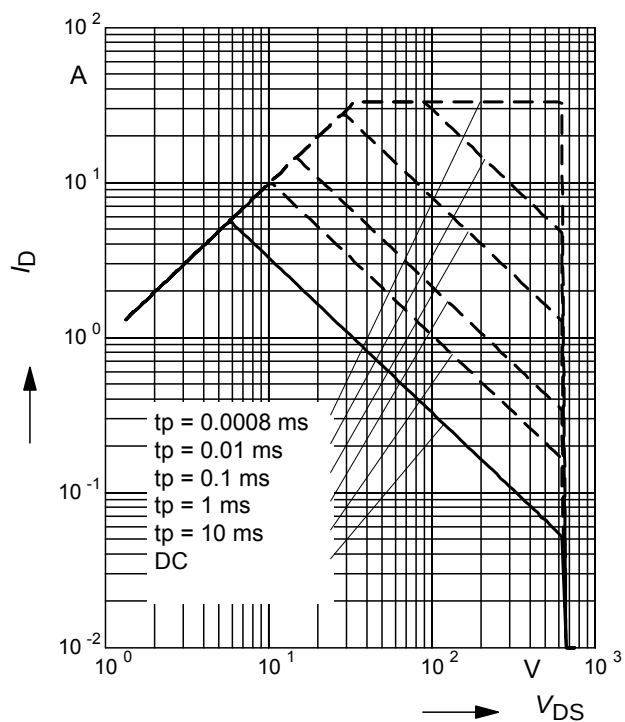
parameter : $D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



4 Safe operating area FullPAK

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

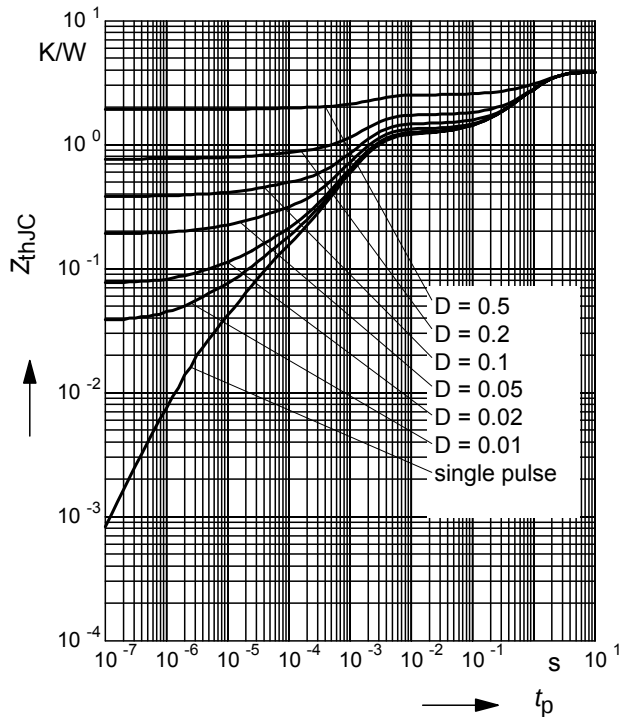
parameter: $D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



5 Transient thermal impedance FullPAK

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

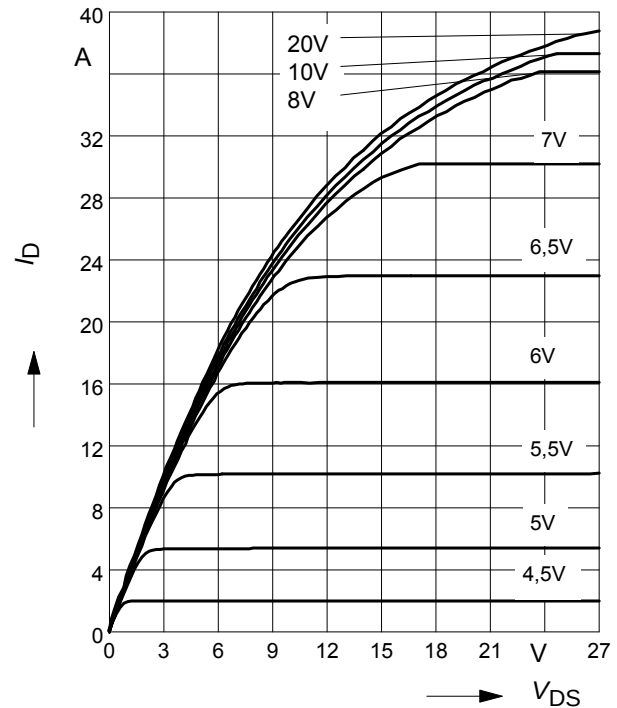
parameter: $D = t_p/t$



6 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

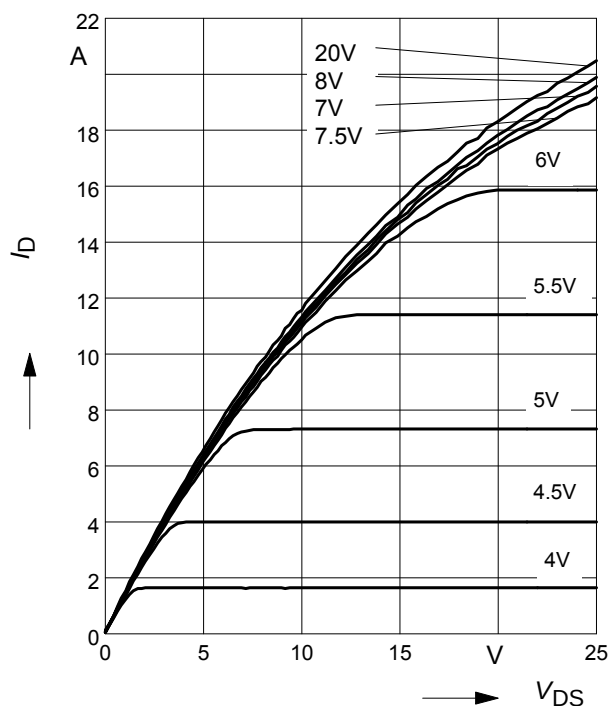
parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}, V_{GS}$



7 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

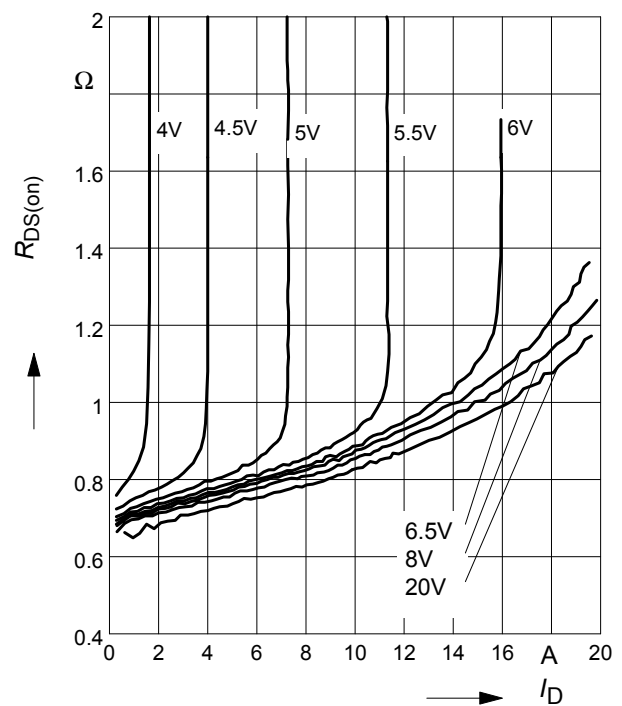
parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}, V_{GS}$



8 Typ. drain-source on resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$$

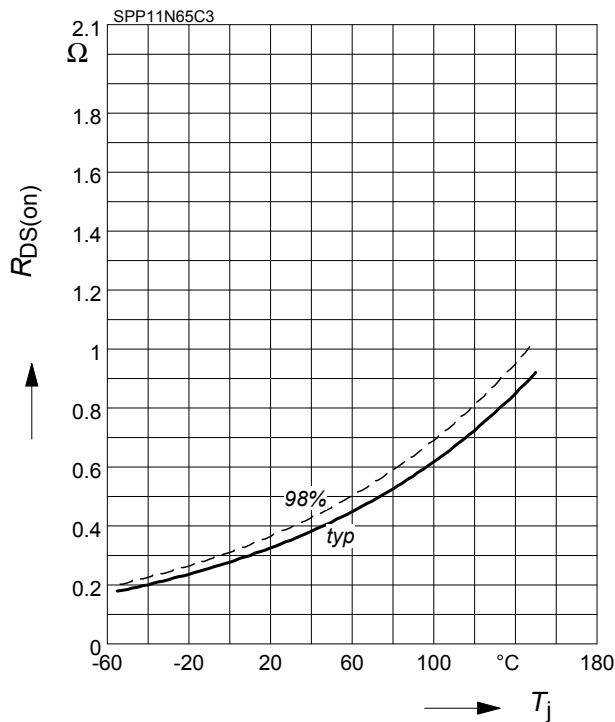
parameter: $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}, V_{GS}$



9 Drain-source on-state resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$$

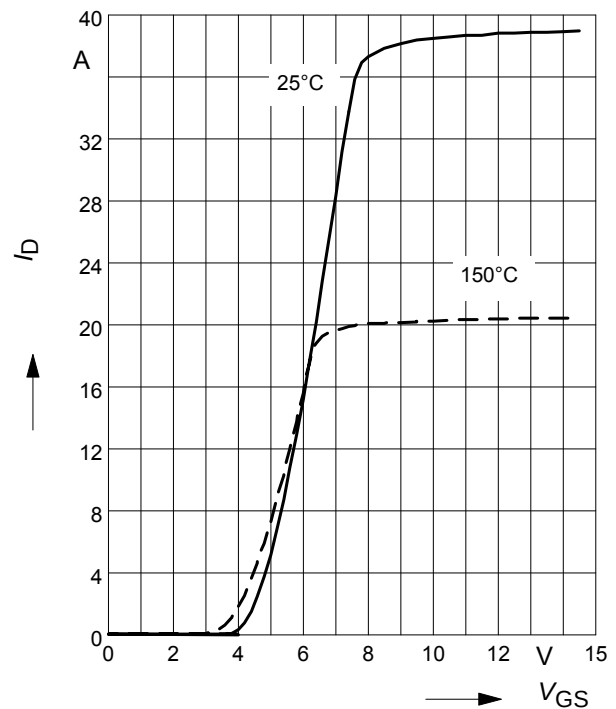
parameter: $I_D = 7\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$



10 Typ. transfer characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{GS}); V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)max}$$

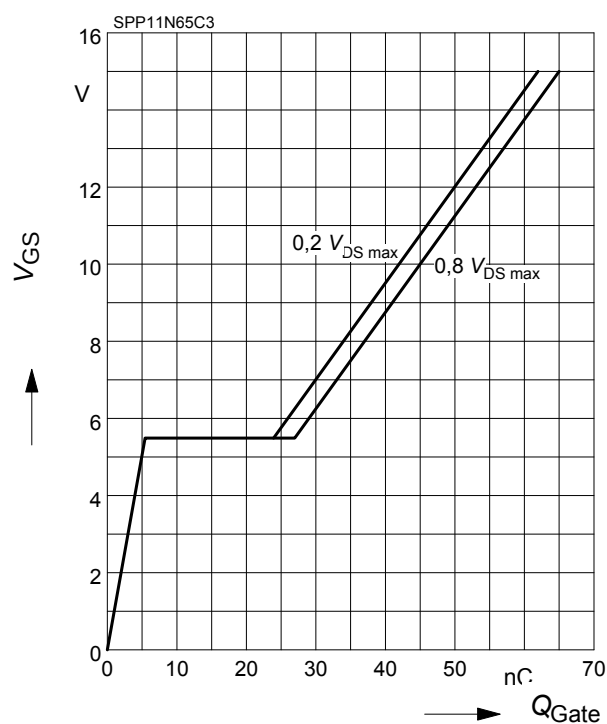
parameter: $t_p = 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



11 Typ. gate charge

$$V_{GS} = f(Q_{Gate})$$

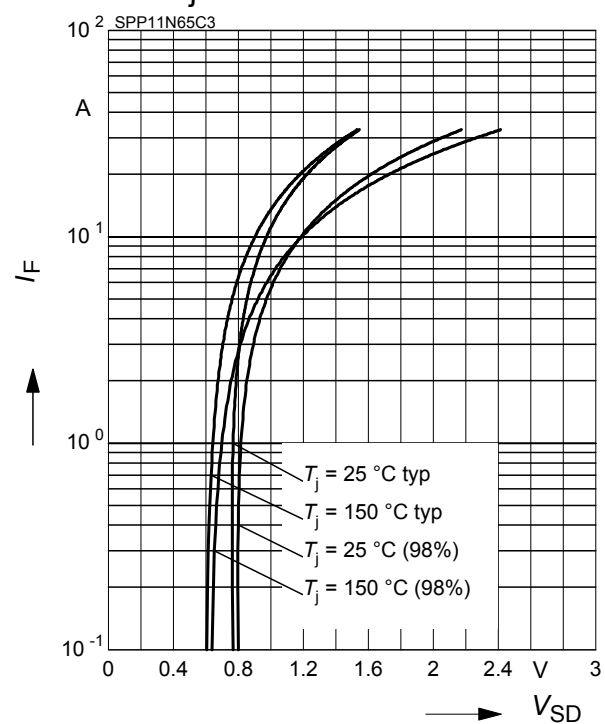
parameter: $I_D = 11\text{ A}$ pulsed



12 Forward characteristics of body diode

$$I_F = f(V_{SD})$$

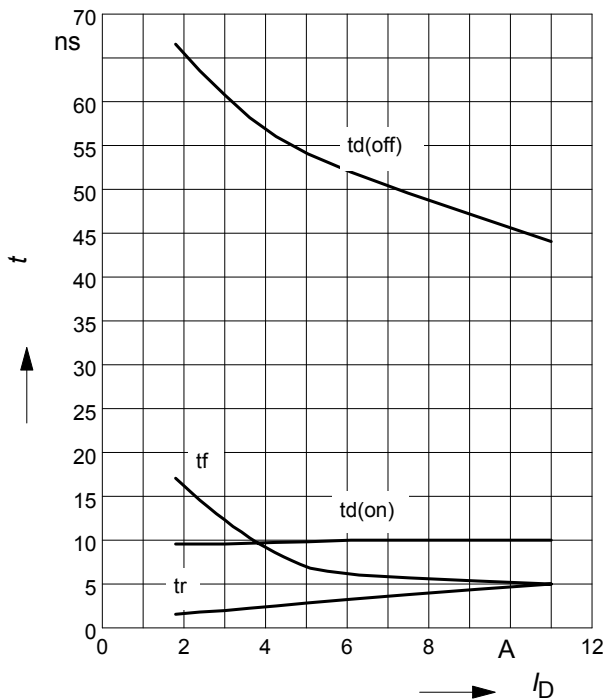
parameter: T_j , $t_p = 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



13 Typ. switching time

$t = f(I_D)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

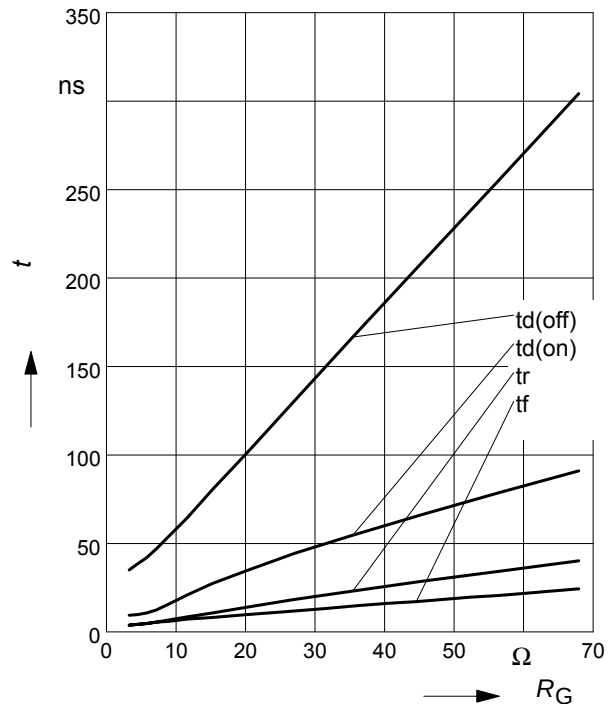
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $R_G = 6.8\Omega$



14 Typ. switching time

$t = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

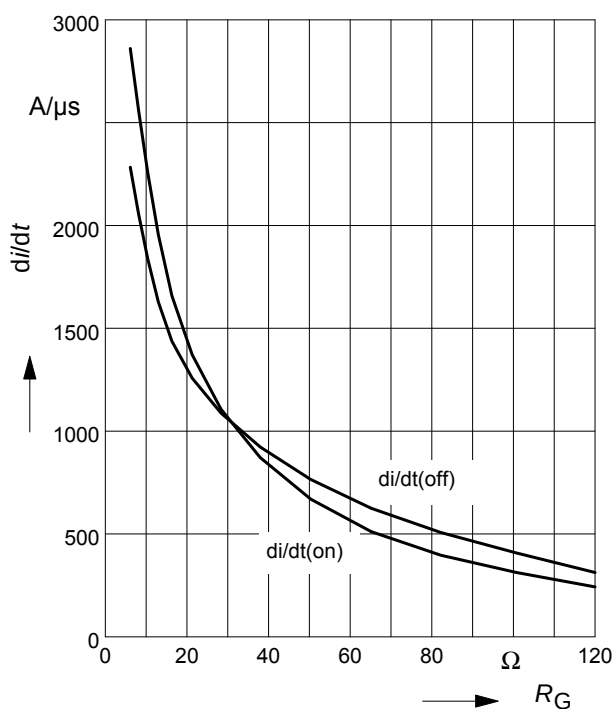
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $I_D = 11\text{A}$



15 Typ. drain current slope

$di/dt = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

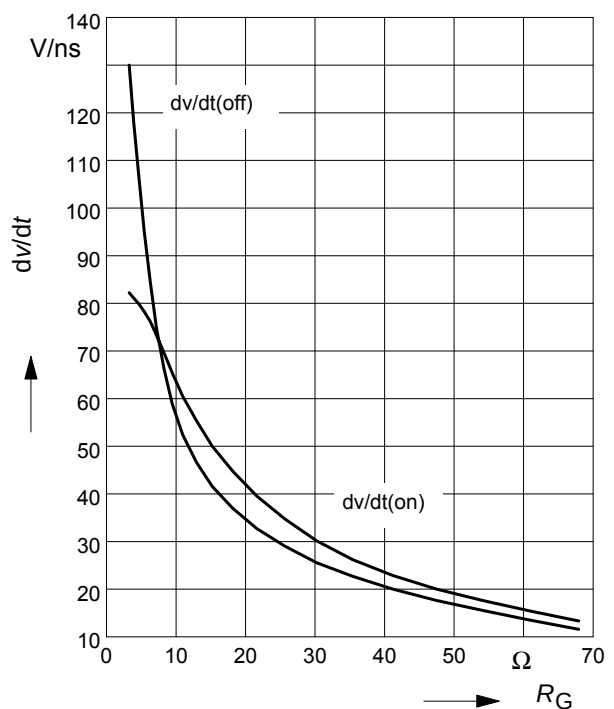
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $I_D = 11\text{A}$



16 Typ. drain source voltage slope

$dv/dt = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

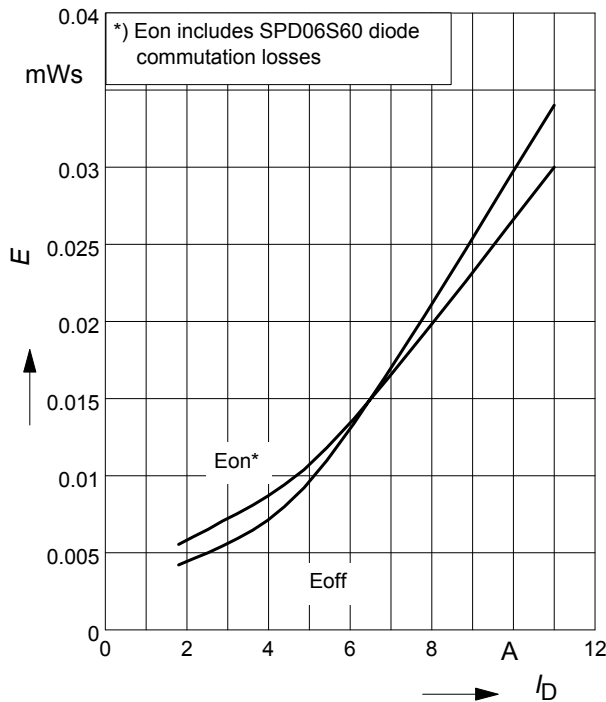
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $I_D = 11\text{A}$



17 Typ. switching losses

$E = f(I_D)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

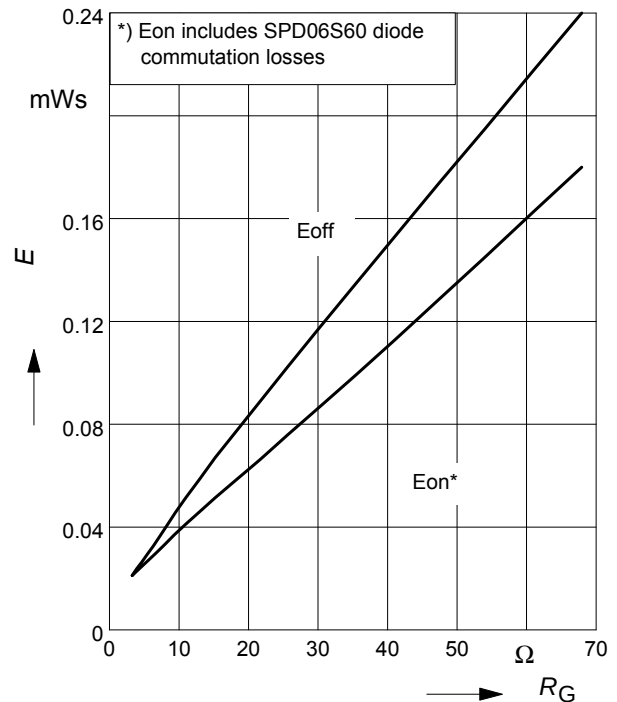
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $R_G = 6.8\Omega$



18 Typ. switching losses

$E = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

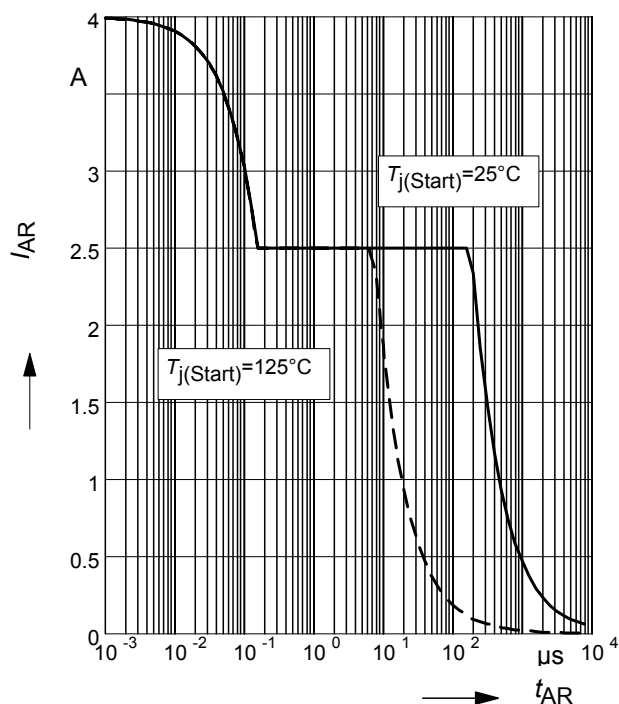
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $I_D = 11\text{A}$



19 Avalanche SOA

$I_{AR} = f(t_{AR})$

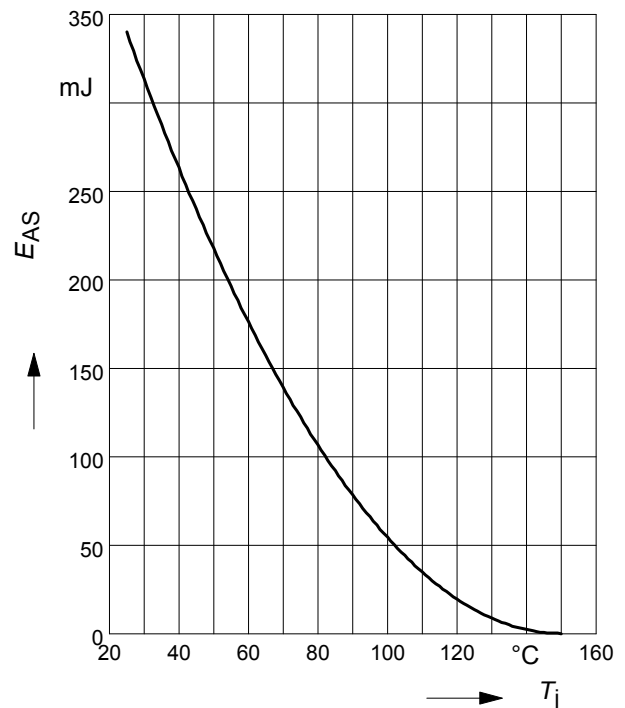
par.: $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$



20 Avalanche energy

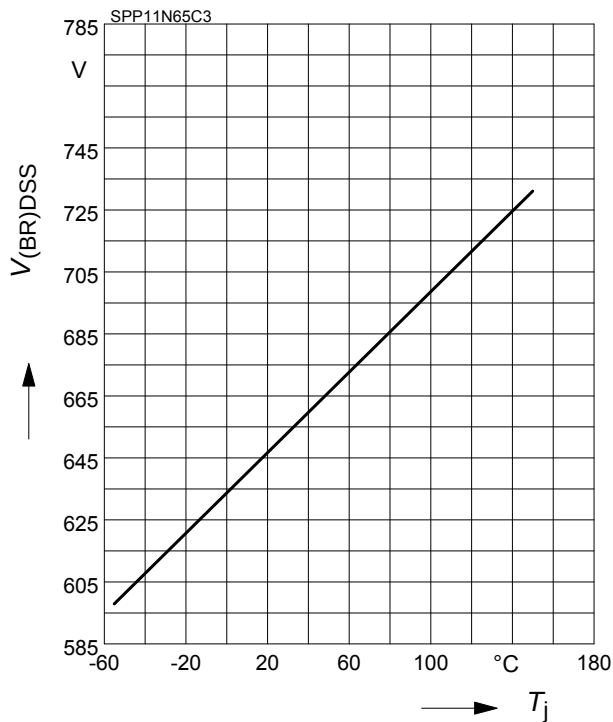
$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$

par.: $I_D = 2.5\text{A}$, $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$



21 Drain-source breakdown voltage

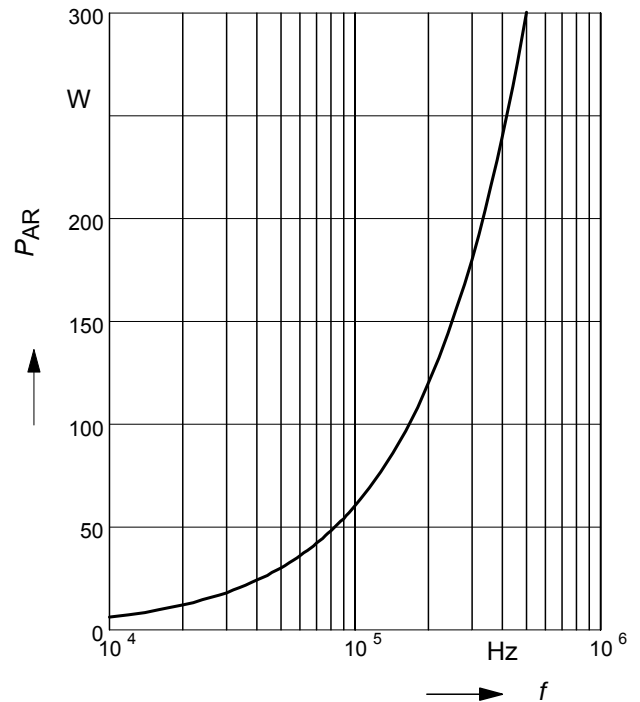
$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j)$$



22 Avalanche power losses

$$P_{AR} = f(f)$$

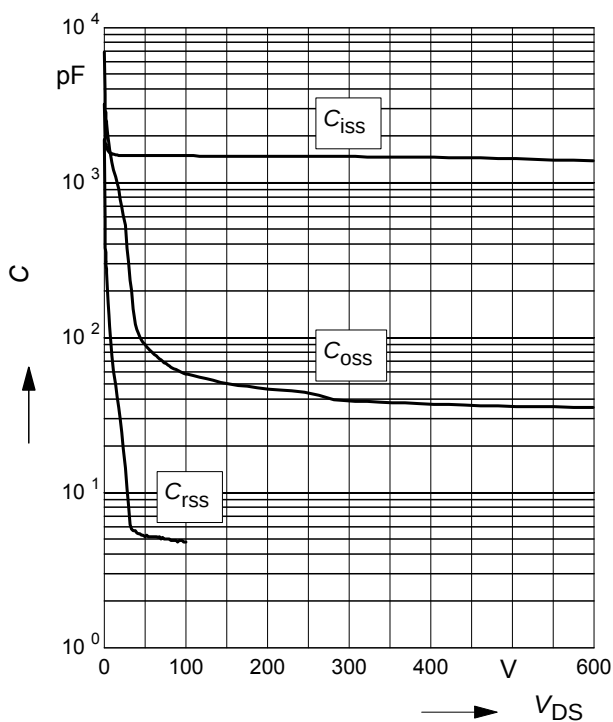
parameter: $E_{AR}=0.6\text{mJ}$



23 Typ. capacitances

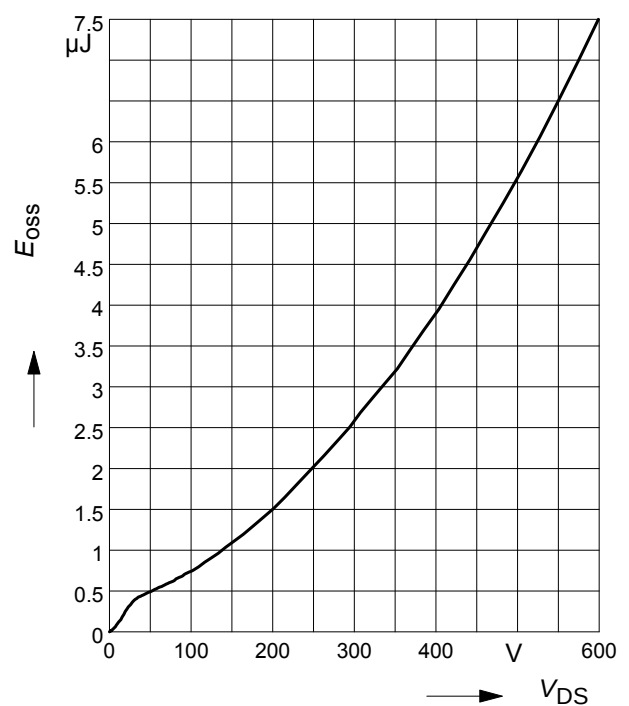
$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

parameter: $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{ MHz}$

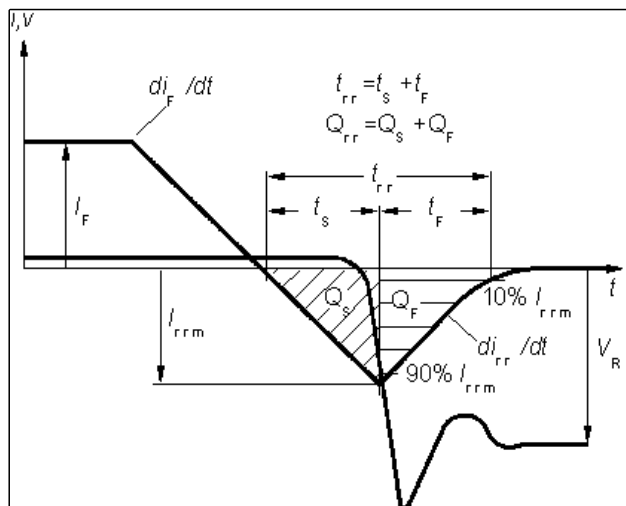


24 Typ. C_{oss} stored energy

$$E_{oss}=f(V_{DS})$$



Definition of diodes switching characteristics



Technical drawing of a 2x2x2 mm BGA package, showing top and side views with dimensions and feature callouts.

Top View Dimensions:

- Overall width: 10 ± 0.4 mm
- Pin pitch (center-to-center): 3.7 ± 0.2 mm
- Distance from top edge to center of top row of pins: 15.38 ± 0.6 mm
- Distance from center of top row of pins to center of bottom row of pins: 2.8 ± 0.2 mm
- Distance from bottom edge of package to center of bottom row of pins: 13.5 ± 0.5 mm
- Distance from center of bottom row of pins to center of top row of pins: 5.23 ± 0.9 mm
- Pin width: 0.75 ± 0.1 mm (3x)
- Pin length: 1.17 ± 0.22 mm
- Distance from left edge to center of left column of pins: 2.54 mm (2x)

Side View Dimensions:

- Overall height: 9.98 ± 0.48 mm
- Distance from top edge to top of solder mask: 4.44 mm
- Distance from top of solder mask to top of package body: 1.27 ± 0.13 mm
- Distance from top of package body to bottom of package body: 0.5 ± 0.1 mm
- Distance from bottom of package body to bottom of package body: 2.51 ± 0.2 mm

Feature Callouts:

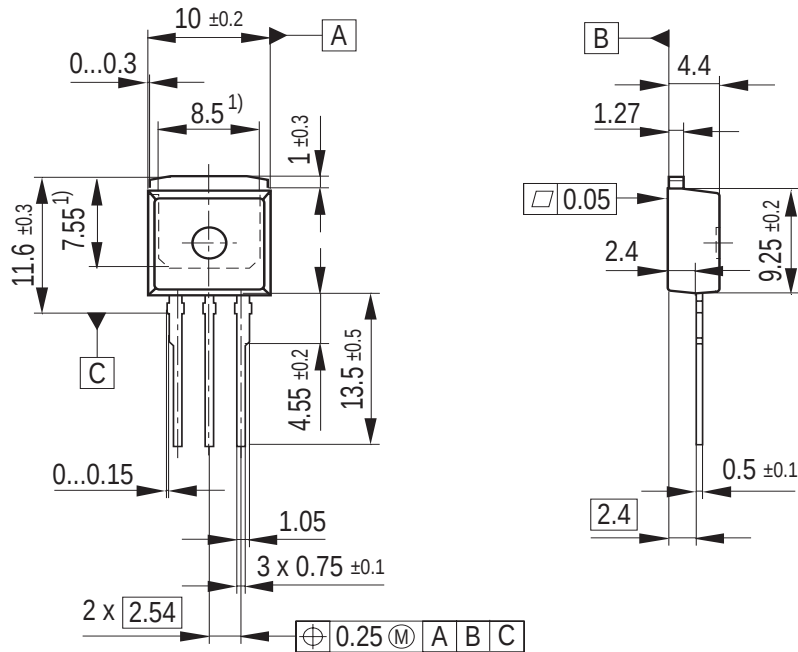
- A:** Top surface of the package body.
- B:** Bottom surface of the package body.
- C:** Solder mask on the bottom surface of the package body.

Surface Finish and Tolerances:

- Surface finish: 0.25 (M)
- Surface texture: 0.05

2003-08-15

P-TO-262-3-1 (I²-PAK)

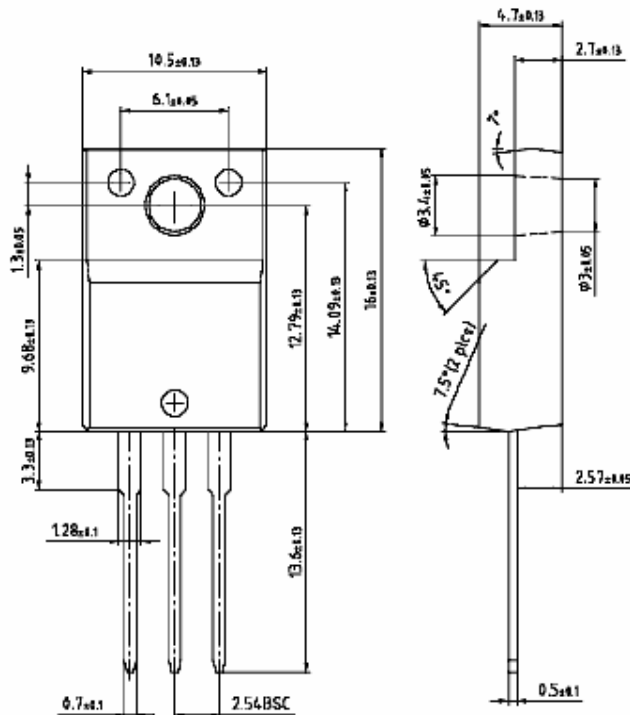


1) Typical

Metal surface min. X = 7.25, Y = 6.9

All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.

P-TO-220-3-31 (FullPAK)



Please refer to mounting instructions (application note AN-TO220-3-31-01)

Published by
Infineon Technologies AG,
Bereichs Kommunikation
St.-Martin-Strasse 53,
D-81541 München
© Infineon Technologies AG 1999
All Rights Reserved.

Attention please!

The information herein is given to describe certain components and shall not be considered as warranted characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights to technical change reserved.

We hereby disclaim any and all warranties, including but not limited to warranties of non-infringement, regarding circuits, descriptions and charts stated herein.

Infineon Technologies is an approved CECC manufacturer.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office in Germany or our Infineon Technologies Representatives worldwide (see address list).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances.

For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.