



**N-Channel Enhancement-Mode
Vertical DMOS FETs**

Ordering Information

BV _{DSS} / BV _{DGS}	R _{DS(ON)} (max)	I _{D(ON)} (min)	V _{GS(th)} (max)	Order Number / Package	
				TO-92	TO-220
60V	1.5Ω	3.0A	2.0V	TN0606N3	TN0606N5
100V	1.5Ω	3.0A	2.0V	TN0610N3	—

† MIL visual screening available

7

Features

- Low threshold — 2.0V max.
- High input impedance
- Low input capacitance — 100pF typical
- Fast switching speeds
- Low on resistance
- Free from secondary breakdown
- Low input and output leakage
- Complementary N- and P-channel devices

Low Threshold DMOS Technology

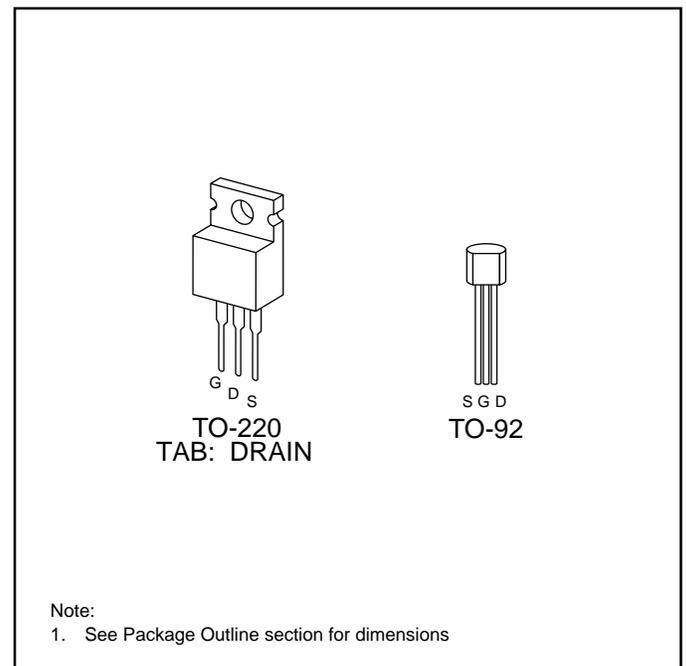
These low threshold enhancement-mode (normally-off) transistors utilize a vertical DMOS structure and Supertex's well-proven silicon-gate manufacturing process. This combination produces devices with the power handling capabilities of bipolar transistors and with the high input impedance and positive temperature coefficient inherent in MOS devices. Characteristic of all MOS structures, these devices are free from thermal runaway and thermally-induced secondary breakdown.

Supertex's vertical DMOS FETs are ideally suited to a wide range of switching and amplifying applications where very low threshold voltage, high breakdown voltage, high input impedance, low input capacitance, and fast switching speeds are desired.

Applications

- Logic level interfaces – ideal for TTL and CMOS
- Solid state relays
- Battery operated systems
- Photo voltaic drives
- Analog switches
- General purpose line drivers
- Telecom switches

Package Options



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Drain-to-Source Voltage	BV _{DSS}
Drain-to-Gate Voltage	BV _{DGS}
Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20V
Operating and Storage Temperature	-55°C to +150°C
Soldering Temperature*	300°C

* Distance of 1.6 mm from case for 10 seconds.

Thermal Characteristics

Package	I_D (continuous)*	I_D (pulsed)	Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	θ_{jc} $^\circ\text{C/W}$	θ_{ja} $^\circ\text{C/W}$	I_{DR}^*	I_{DRM}
TO-92	0.8A	3.2A	1W	125	170	0.8A	3.2A
TO-220	3.0A	4.1A	45W	2.7	70	3.0A	4.1A

* I_D (continuous) is limited by max rated T_j .

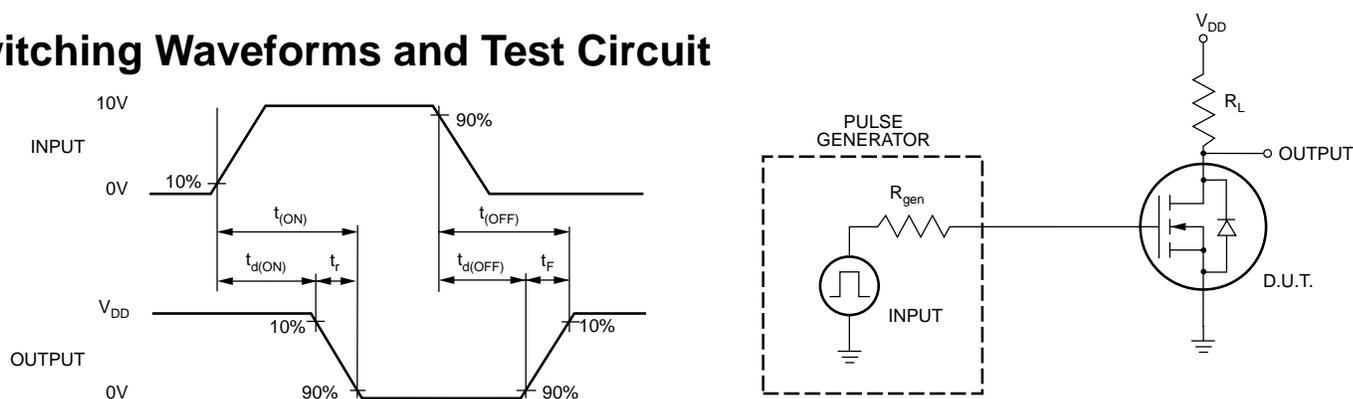
Electrical Characteristics (@ 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	TN0610	100			$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 1mA$
		TN0606	60			
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	0.6		2.0	V	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 1mA$
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}$	Change in $V_{GS(th)}$ with Temperature			-4.5	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 1mA$
I_{GSS}	Gate Body Leakage			100	nA	$V_{GS} = \pm 20V, V_{DS} = 0V$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current			10	μA	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating}$
				1.0	mA	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0.8 \text{ Max Rating}$ $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ (note 2)
$I_{D(ON)}$	ON-State Drain Current	1.2	2.0		A	$V_{GS} = 5V, V_{DS} = 25V$
		3.0	6.7			$V_{GS} = 10V, V_{DS} = 25V$
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-to-Source ON-State Resistance			15	Ω	$V_{GS} = 3V, I_D = 0.25A$
			1.5	2.0		$V_{GS} = 5V, I_D = 0.75A$
			1.0	1.5		$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 0.75A$
$\Delta R_{DS(ON)}$	Change in $R_{DS(ON)}$ with Temperature			0.75	%/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 0.75A$
G_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	0.4	0.5		S	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 1.0A$
C_{ISS}	Input Capacitance		100	150	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
C_{OSS}	Common Source Output Capacitance		50	85		
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		10	35		
$t_{d(ON)}$	Turn-ON Delay Time			6	ns	$V_{DD} = 25V$ $I_D = 1.5A$ $R_{GEN} = 25\Omega$
t_r	Rise Time			14		
$t_{d(OFF)}$	Turn-OFF Delay Time			16		
t_f	Fall Time			16		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop		0.8	1.8	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_{SD} = 1.5A$
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time		300		ns	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_{SD} = 1.5A$

Notes:

- All D.C. parameters 100% tested at 25°C unless otherwise stated. (Pulse test: 300 μs pulse, 2% duty cycle.)
- All A.C. parameters sample tested.

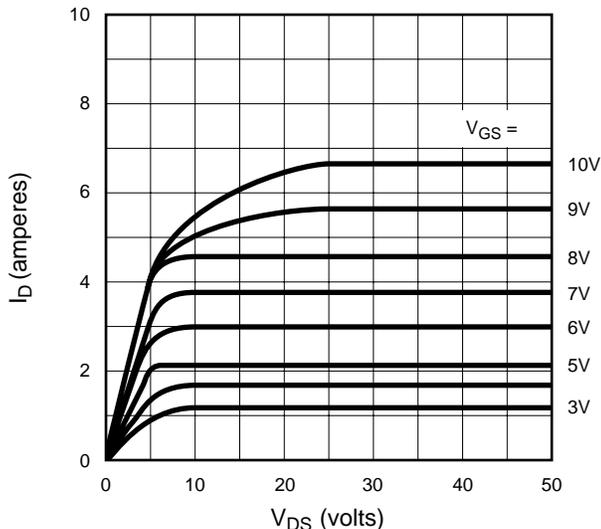
Switching Waveforms and Test Circuit



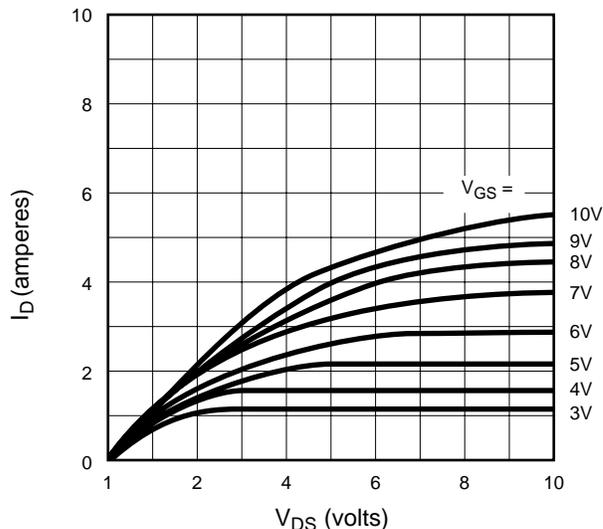
Typical Performance Curves

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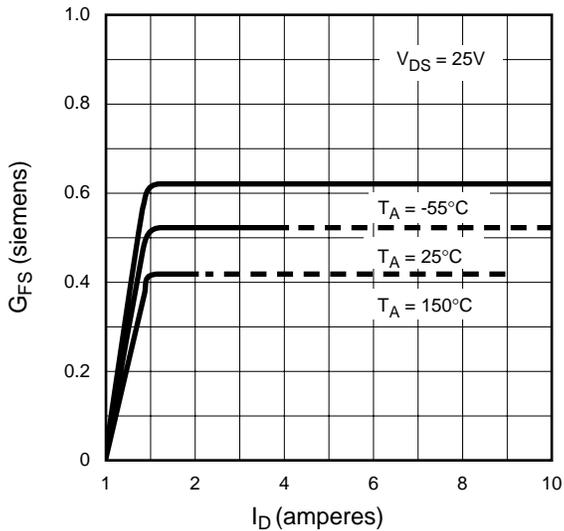
Output Characteristics



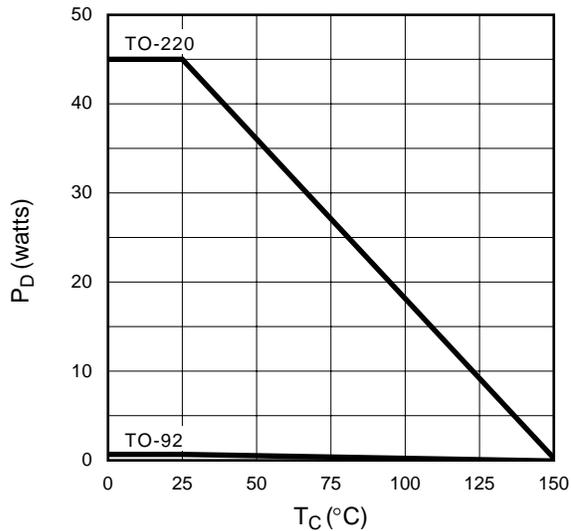
Saturation Characteristics



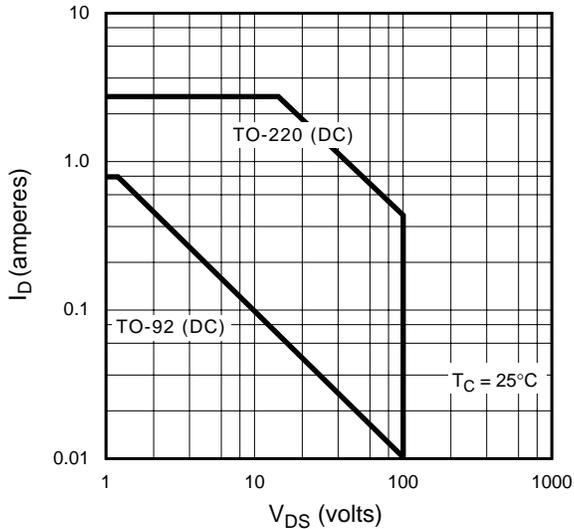
Transconductance vs. Drain Current



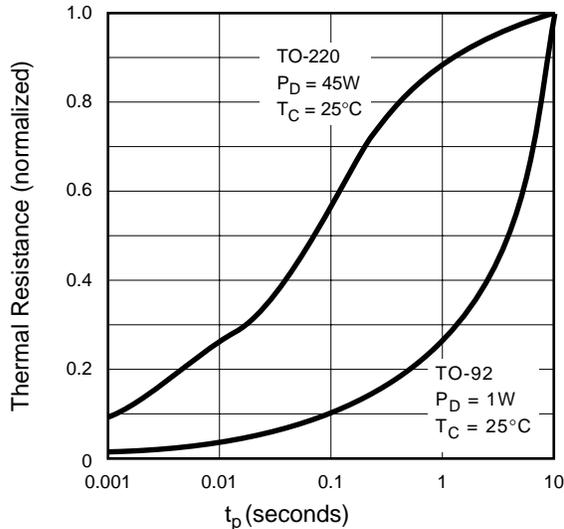
Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature



Maximum Rated Safe Operating Area

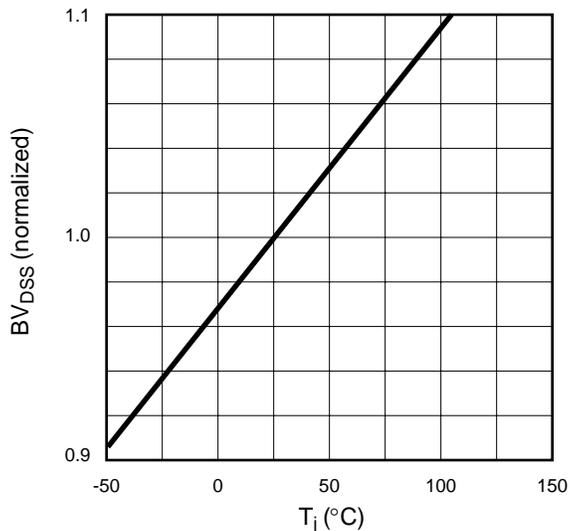


Thermal Response Characteristics

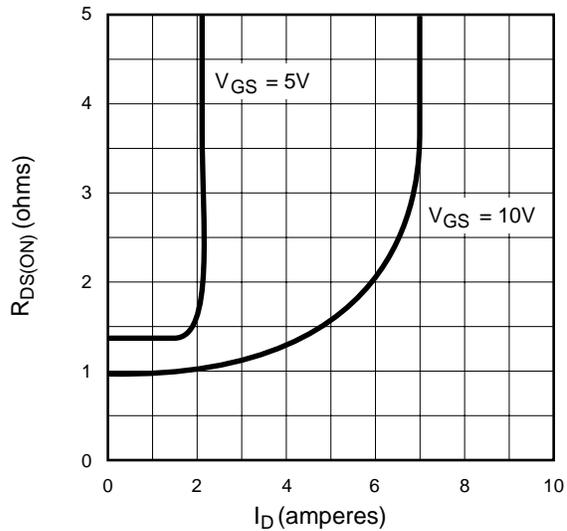


Typical Performance Curves

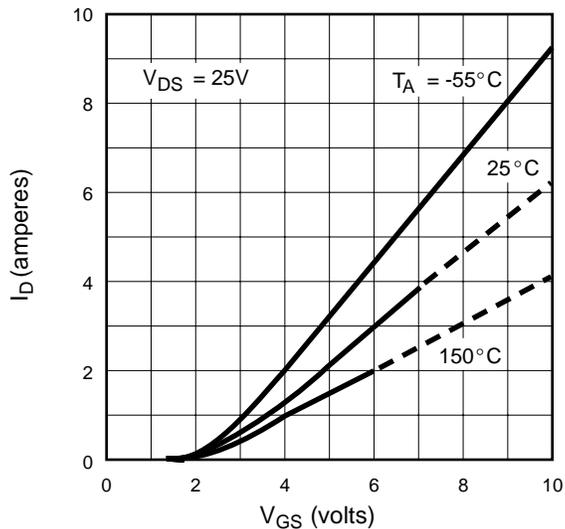
BV_{DSS} Variation with Temperature



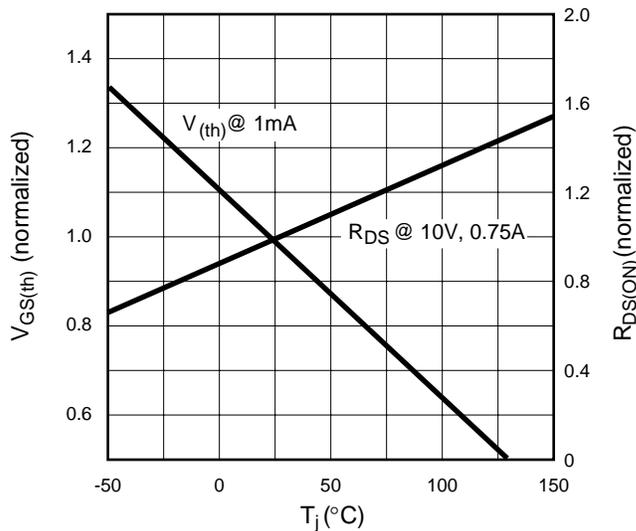
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



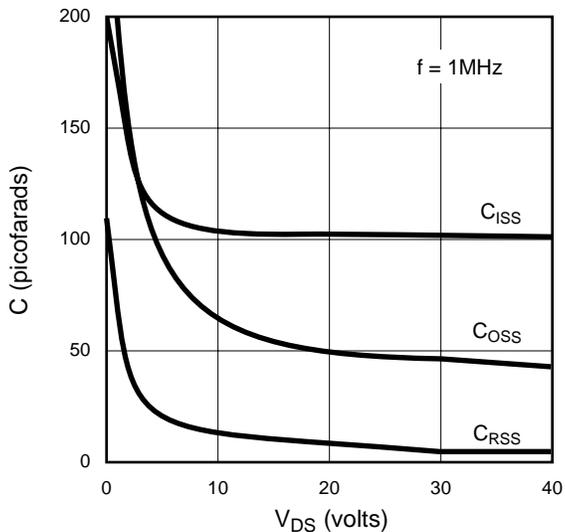
Transfer Characteristics



V_(th) and R_{DS} Variation with Temperature



Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



Gate Drive Dynamic Characteristics

