



Features

- Single-Device: 5V/3.3V Input
- DSP Compatible
- 90% Efficiency
- Small Footprint
- Space-Saving package
- Adjustable Output Voltage
- Output Inhibit Function
- Short Circuit Protection
- Solderable Copper Case

Description

The PT5500 Excalibur™ power modules are a series of high-performance Integrated Switching Regulators (ISRs). Rated 3A, these modules operate from input voltages as low as 3.1V to provide a local step-down power source. They are an ideal complement to the industry's latest high-performance DSPs and microprocessors. The series includes output voltage options as low as 1.0VDC.

The PT5500 series is packaged in a 5-pin thermally efficient copper case. The case is solderable, has a small footprint, and can accommodate both through-hole and surface mount pin configurations.

The product features external output voltage adjustment, an inhibit function, and short circuit protection. A 100µF capacitor is required for proper operation.

Ordering Information

PT5501 □	= 3.3 Volts
PT5502 □	= 2.5 Volts
PT5503 □	= 2.0 Volts
PT5504 □	= 1.8 Volts
PT5505 □	= 1.5 Volts
PT5506 □	= 1.2 Volts
PT5507 □	= 1.0 Volts

PT Series Suffix (PT1234x)

Case/Pin Configuration	Order Suffix	Package Code
Vertical	N	(EFK)
Horizontal	A	(EFL)
SMD	C	(EFM)

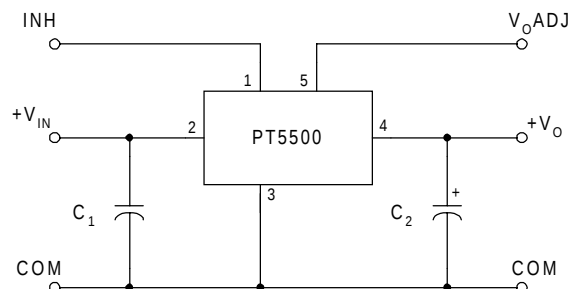
(Reference the applicable package code drawing for the dimensions and PC board layout)

Pin-Out Information

Pin	Function
1	Inhibit *
2	V _{IN}
3	GND
4	V _O
5	V _O Adjust

* For Inhibit pin:
Open = output enabled
Ground = output disabled

Standard Application



C1 = Optional 1µF ceramic
C2 = Required 100µF (See Notes)

PT5500 Series

3-A 5-V/3.3-V Input Adjustable Integrated Switching Regulator

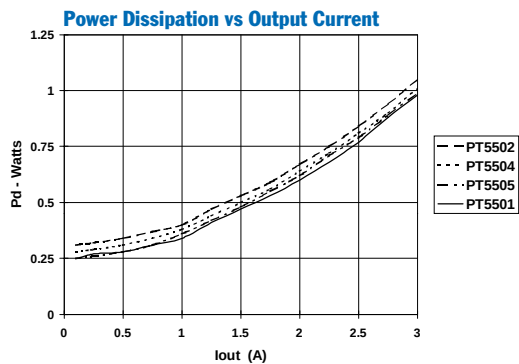
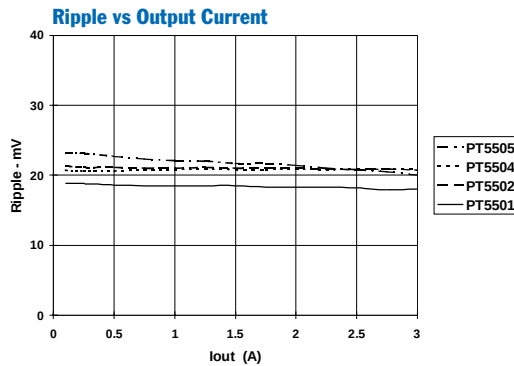
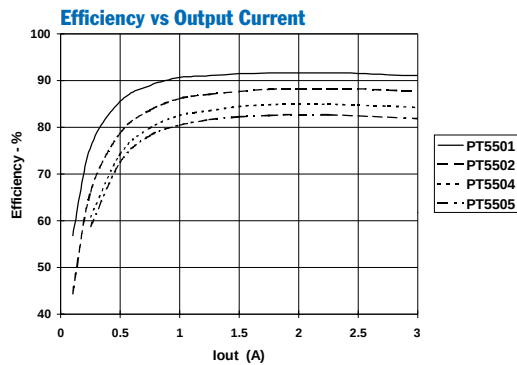
Specifications (Unless otherwise stated, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{in} = 5\text{V}$, $C_{out} = 100\mu\text{F}$, and $I_o = I_{o,max}$)

Characteristics	Symbols	Conditions	PT5500 SERIES			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
Output Current	I_o	Over V_{in} range	0.1 ⁽¹⁾	—	3.0	A
Input Voltage Range	V_{in}	Over I_o range $V_o = 3.3\text{V}$ $V_o \leq 2.5\text{V}$	4.5 3.1	—	5.5 5.5	V
Set-Point Voltage Tolerance	$V_o \text{ tol}$		—	—	± 2	$\%V_o$
Temperature Variation	$\Delta\text{Reg}_{\text{temp}}$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_a < +85^\circ\text{C}$	—	± 0.5	—	$\%V_o$
Line Regulation	$\Delta\text{Reg}_{\text{line}}$	Over V_{in} range	—	—	± 6	mV
Load Regulation	$\Delta\text{Reg}_{\text{load}}$	Over I_o range	—	—	± 10	mV
Total Output Variation	$\Delta\text{Reg}_{\text{tot}}$	Includes set-point, line, load, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	—	—	± 3	$\%V_o$
Efficiency	η	PT5501 PT5502 PT5503 PT5504 PT5505 PT5506 PT5507	— — — — — — —	90 87 85 83 81 79 76	— — — — — — —	%
V_o Ripple (pk-pk)	V_r	20MHz bandwidth	—	25	45	mV
Transient Response	t_{tr} ΔV_{tr}	1A/ μs load step from 50% to 100% $I_{o,max}$ V_o over/undershoot	— —	50 50	— 100	μSec mV
Current Limit	I_{lim}		—	5	—	A
Switching Frequency	f_o	Over V_{in} and I_o ranges	—	350 ⁽²⁾	—	kHz
Inhibit Control (pin1)	V_{IH} V_{IL} I_{IL}	Referenced to GND (pin3) Pin 1 to GND	$V_{in} - 0.5$ -0.2 —	— — -0.5	Open ⁽³⁾ 0.5 —	V mA
External Capacitance	C_{out}		100 ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	μF
Absolute Maximum Operating Temperature Range	T_a	Over V_{in} range	-40 ⁽⁵⁾	—	+85 ⁽⁶⁾	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_s		-40	—	+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Mechanical Shock		Per Mil-STD-883D, Method 2002.3, 1 msec, Half Sine, mounted to a fixture	—	500	—	G's
Mechanical Vibration		Per Mil-STD-883D, Method 2007.2, 20-2000 Hz, Soldered in a PC board	—	15 ⁽⁷⁾	—	G's
Weight	—	—	—	6.5	—	grams
Flammability	—	Materials meet UL 94V-0	—	—	—	—

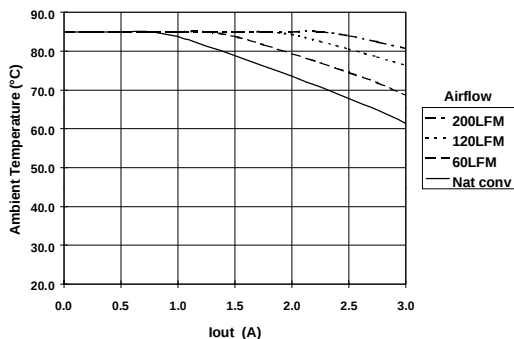
- Notes:**
- (1) The ISR will operate down to no load with reduced specifications.
 - (2) This is a typical value only. The switching frequency will vary with input voltage.
 - (3) The Inhibit control (pin 1) has an internal pull-up, and if left open-circuit the module will operate when input power is applied. A small low-leakage (<100nA) MOSFET is recommended to control this input. Ensure an On/Off transition time of $\leq 10\mu\text{s}$. See application notes for more information.
 - (4) The PT5500 Series requires a 100 μF electrolytic or tantalum output capacitor for proper operation in all applications.
 - (5) For operation below 0°C , the output capacitor C_2 must have stable characteristics. Use either a low ESR tantalum or Oscon® capacitor.
 - (6) See SOA curves or consult factory for the appropriate derating.
 - (7) The case pins on the through-hole package types (suffixes N & A) must be soldered. For more information see the applicable package outline drawing.

3-A 5-V/3.3-V Input Adjustable Integrated Switching Regulator

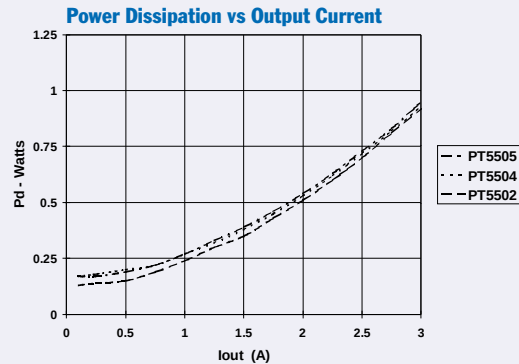
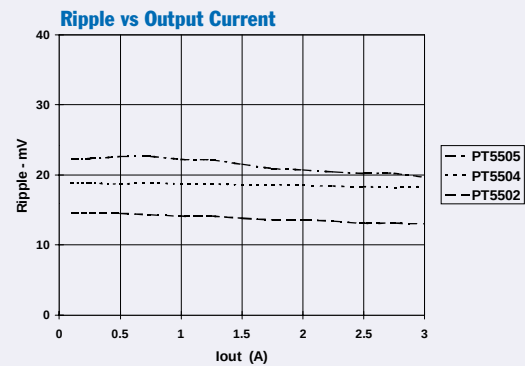
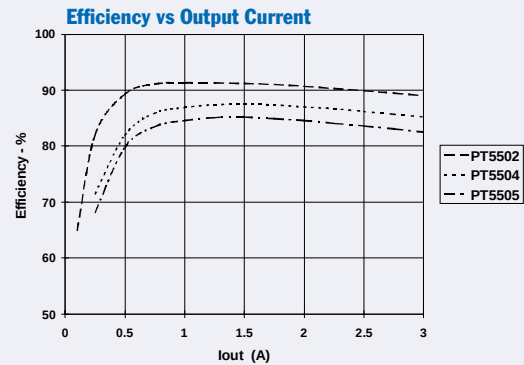
Performance Data; $V_{in} = 5.0V$ (See Note A)



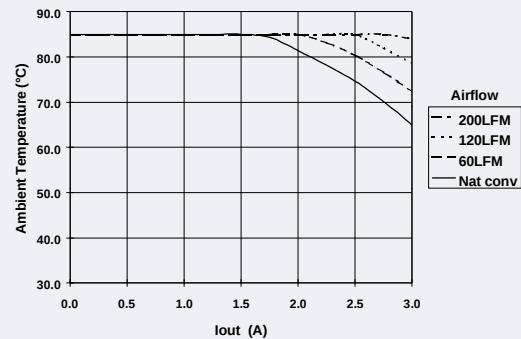
Safe Operating Area; $V_{in} = 5.0V$ (See Note B)



Performance Data; $V_{in} = 3.3V$ (See Note A)



Safe Operating Area; $V_{in} = 3.3V$ (See Note B)



Note A: Characteristic data has been developed from actual products tested at $25^{\circ}C$. This data is considered typical data for the ISR.

Note B: SOA curves represent operating conditions at which internal components are at or below manufacturer's maximum rated operating temperatures.

Adjusting the Output Voltage of the PT5500/20 Series of Excalibur™ Step-Down ISRs

The output voltage of both the PT5500 and PT5520 series ISRs may be adjusted higher or lower than the factory trimmed pre-set voltage with the addition of a single external resistor. Table 1 accordingly gives the allowable adjustment range for each model for either series as V_a (min) and V_a (max).

Adjust Up: An increase in the output voltage is obtained by adding a resistor R_2 , between pin 5 (V_o adj) and pin 3 (GND).

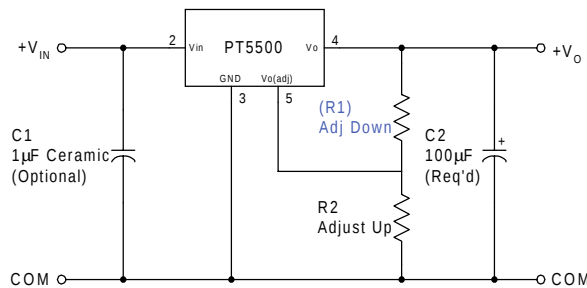
Adjust Down: Add a resistor (R_1), between pin 5 (V_o adj) and pin 4 (V_{out}).

Notes:

1. Use only a single 1% resistor in either the (R_1) or R_2 location. Place the resistor as close to the ISR as possible.
2. Never connect capacitors from V_o adj to either GND or V_{out} . Any capacitance added to the V_o adjust pin will affect the stability of the ISR.
3. For each model, adjustments to the output voltage may place additional limits on the minimum input voltage. The revised minimum input voltage must comply with the following requirement.

$$V_{in(min)} = (V_a + 0.5)V \text{ or as specified in the data sheet, whichever is greater.}$$

Figure 1



The values of (R_1) [adjust down], and R_2 [adjust up], can also be calculated using the following formulas. Refer to Figure 1 and Table 2 for both the placement and value of the required resistor; either (R_1) or R_2 as appropriate.

$$(R_1) = \frac{R_o (V_a - 0.9)}{V_o - V_a} - R_s \quad k\Omega$$

$$R_2 = \frac{0.9 R_o}{V_a - V_o} - R_s \quad k\Omega$$

Where: V_o = Original output voltage
 V_a = Adjusted output voltage
 R_o = The resistance value from Table 1
 R_s = The series resistance from Table 1

Table 1

ISR ADJUSTMENT RANGE AND FORMULA PARAMETERS

3.0 A dc Rated	PT5501	PT5502	PT5503	PT5504	PT5505	PT5506	PT5507
1.5 A dc Rated	PT5521	PT5522	PT5523	PT5524	PT5525	PT5526	PT5527
V_o (nom)	3.3	2.5	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.0
V_a (min)	2.88	1.97	1.64	1.5	1.3	1.08	0.97
V_a (max)	3.5	2.95	2.45	2.25	1.95	1.65	1.45
R_o (k Ω)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.2
R_s (k Ω)	49.9	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0

PT5500/5520 Series

Table 2

ISR ADJUSTMENT RESISTOR VALUES

3.0 Adc Rated	PT5501	PT5502	PT5503	PT5504	PT5505	PT5506	PT5507
1.5 Adc Rated	PT5521	PT5522	PT5523	PT5524	PT5525	PT5526	PT5527
V ₀ (nom)	3.3	2.5	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.0
V _a (req.d)							
0.97							(0.0)kΩ
1.0							
1.05							164.0kΩ
1.1						(0.0)kΩ	72.8kΩ
1.15						(30.0)kΩ	41.2kΩ
1.2							25.9kΩ
1.25						160.0kΩ	16.7kΩ
1.3					(0.0)kΩ	70.0kΩ	10.6kΩ
1.35					(10.0)kΩ	40.0kΩ	6.2kΩ
1.4					(30.0)kΩ	25.0kΩ	3.0kΩ
1.45					(90.0)kΩ	16.0kΩ	0.4kΩ
1.5				(0.0)kΩ		10.0kΩ	
1.55				(6.0)kΩ	160.0kΩ	5.7kΩ	
1.6				(15.0)kΩ	70.0kΩ	2.5kΩ	
1.65			(1.4)kΩ	(30.0)kΩ	40.0kΩ	0.0kΩ	
1.7			(6.7)kΩ	(60.0)kΩ	25.0kΩ		
1.75			(14.0)kΩ	(150.0)kΩ	16.0kΩ		
1.8			(25.0)kΩ		10.0kΩ		
1.85			(43.3)kΩ	160.0kΩ	5.7kΩ		
1.9			(80.0)kΩ	70.0kΩ	2.5kΩ		
1.95			(190.0)kΩ	40.0kΩ	0.0kΩ		
2.0		(2.0)kΩ		25.0kΩ			
2.05		(5.6)kΩ	160.0kΩ	16.0kΩ			
2.1		(10.0)kΩ	70.0kΩ	10.0kΩ			
2.15		(15.7)kΩ	0.0kΩ	5.7kΩ			
2.2		(23.3)kΩ	25.0kΩ	2.5kΩ			
2.25		(34.0)kΩ	16.0kΩ	0.0kΩ			
2.3		(50.0)kΩ	10.0kΩ				
2.35		(76.7)kΩ	5.7kΩ				
2.4		(130.0)kΩ	2.5kΩ				
2.45		(284.0)kΩ	0.0kΩ				
2.5							
2.55		160.0kΩ					
2.6		70.0kΩ					
2.65		40.0kΩ					
2.7		25.0kΩ					
2.75		16.0kΩ					
2.8		10.0kΩ					
2.85		5.7kΩ					
2.9	(0.0)kΩ	2.5kΩ					
2.95	(8.5)kΩ	0.0kΩ					
3.0	(20.1)kΩ						
3.05	(36.1)kΩ						
3.1	(60.1)kΩ						
3.15	(100.0)kΩ						
3.2	(180.0)kΩ						
3.25	(420.0)kΩ						
3.3							
3.35	130.0kΩ						
3.4	40.1kΩ						
3.45	10.1kΩ						
3.48	0.0kΩ						

R1 = (Blue) R2 = Black

Using the Inhibit Control on the PT5500/PT5520 Series of Excalibur™ Step-Down ISRs

For applications requiring output voltage On/Off control, both the PT5500 and PT5520 series of power modules incorporate an inhibit function. This function can be used for power-up sequencing or wherever there is a requirement for the module to be switched off. The On/Off function is provided by the *Inhibit* (pin 1) control.

The ISR functions normally with Pin 1 open-circuit, providing a regulated output whenever a valid source voltage is applied to V_{in} , (pin 2). When a low-level² ground signal is applied to pin 1, the regulator output will be disabled.

Figure 1 shows an application schematic, which details the typical use of the Inhibit function. Note the discrete transistor (Q1). The Inhibit control has its own internal pull-up to $+V_{in}$ potential. An open-collector or open-drain device is required to control this pin.

The Inhibit pin control thresholds are given in Table 1. Equation 1 may be used to determine the approximate current drawn from the input source, and by Q1 when the regulator is in the inhibit state.

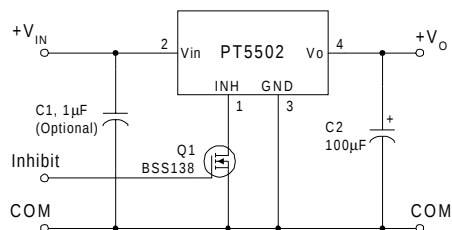
Table 1; Inhibit Control Requirements

Parameter	Min	Max
Enable (VIH)	$V_{in} - 0.5$	Open
Disable (VIL)	-0.2V	+0.5V

Equation 1

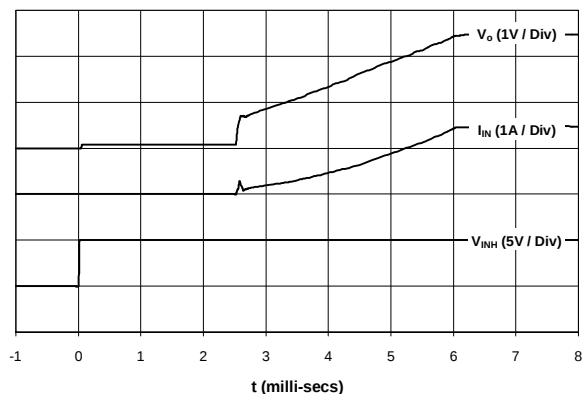
$$I_{inh} = V_{in} / 10k\Omega \pm 20\%$$

Figure 1



Turn-On Time: In the circuit of Figure 1, turning Q1 on applies a low-voltage to the Inhibit control (pin 1) and disables the regulator output. Correspondingly, turning Q1 off allows the *Inhibit* control pin to be pulled high by its internal pull-up resistor. The ISR produces a fully regulated output voltage within 10-msec of the release of the Inhibit control pin. The actual turn-on time will vary with input voltage, output load, and the total amount of load capacitance. Figure 2 shows the typical rise in both output voltage and input current for a PT5502 (2.5V) following the turn-off of Q1 at time $t = 0$. The waveform was measured with a 5Vdc input voltage, and 2.5A resistive load.

Figure 2



Notes:

1. Use an open-collector device (preferably a discrete transistor) for the Inhibit input. A pull-up resistor is not necessary. To disable the output voltage, the control pin should be pulled low to less than +0.5VDC.
2. Do not control the Inhibit input with an external DC voltage. This will lead to erratic operation of the ISR and may over-stress the regulator.
5. Avoid capacitance greater than 500pF at the Inhibit control pin. Excessive capacitance at this pin will cause the ISR to produce a pulse on the output voltage bus at turn-on.
6. Keep the On/Off transition to less than 10μs. This prevents erratic operation of the ISR, which could cause a momentary high output voltage.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
PT5501A	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFL	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5501C	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFM	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-3-215C-168HRS
PT5501N	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFK	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5502A	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFL	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5502C	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFM	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-3-215C-168HRS
PT5502N	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFK	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5503A	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFL	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5503C	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFM	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-3-215C-168HRS
PT5503N	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFK	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5504A	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFL	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5504C	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFM	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-3-215C-168HRS
PT5504N	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFK	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5505A	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFL	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5505C	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFM	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-3-215C-168HRS
PT5505N	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFK	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5506A	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFL	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5506C	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFM	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-3-215C-168HRS
PT5506N	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFK	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT5507A	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFL	5		TBD	Call TI	Call TI
PT5507C	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFM	5	30	TBD	Call TI	Level-3-215C-168HRS
PT5507N	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	EFK	5		TBD	Call TI	Call TI

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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