

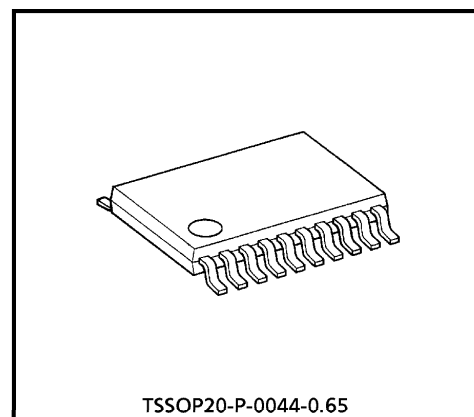
TC74VCX574FT

LOW-VOLTAGE OCTAL D-TYPE FLIP-FLOP WITH 3.6 V TOLERANT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

The TC74VCX574FT is a high performance CMOS OCTAL D-TYPE FLIP-FLOP. Designed for use in 1.8, 2.5 or 3.3 Volt systems, it achieves high speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation. It is also designed with over voltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to 3.6 V.

This 8 bit D-type flip-flop is controlled by a clock input (CK) and an output enable input ($\overline{OE}$). When the $\overline{OE}$ input is high, the eight outputs are in a high impedance state.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.



Weight : 0.08 g (Typ.)

FEATURES

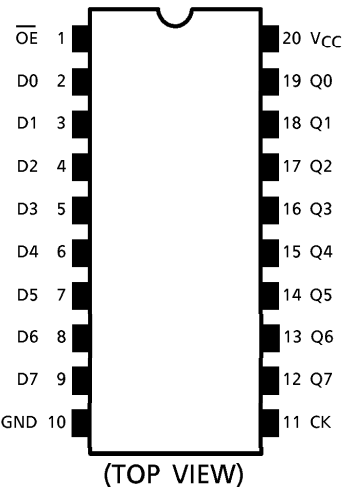
- Low Voltage Operation : $V_{CC} = 1.8 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$
- High Speed Operation : $t_{pd} = 4.2 \text{ ns (max) at } V_{CC} = 3.0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$
 $t_{pd} = 4.8 \text{ ns (max) at } V_{CC} = 2.3 \sim 2.7 \text{ V}$
 $t_{pd} = 9.6 \text{ ns (max) at } V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
- 3.6 V Tolerant inputs and outputs.
- Output Current : $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 24 \text{ mA (min) at } V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
 $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 18 \text{ mA (min) at } V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$
 $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 6 \text{ mA (min) at } V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
- Latch-up Performance : $\pm 300 \text{ mA}$
- ESD Performance : Human Body Model $> \pm 2000 \text{ V}$
Machine Model $> \pm 200 \text{ V}$
- Package : TSSOP
(Thin Shrink Small Outline Package)
- Power Down Protection is provided on all inputs and outputs.
- Supports live insertion / withdrawal (Note 1)

(Note 1): To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, $\overline{OE}$ should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

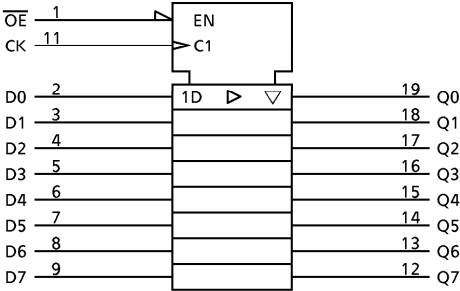
980910EBA1

- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and the reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to observe standards of safety, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of a TOSHIBA product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property. In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook.
- The products described in this document are subject to the foreign exchange and foreign trade laws.
- The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA CORPORATION for any infringements of intellectual property or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any intellectual property or other rights of TOSHIBA CORPORATION or others.
- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

PIN ASSIGNMENT



IEC LOGIC SYMBOL

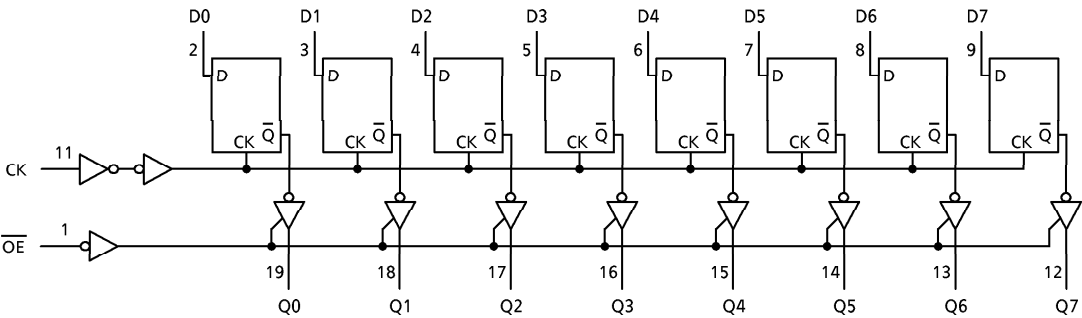


TRUTH TABLE

INPUTS			OUTPUTS
OE	CK	D	
H	X	X	Z
L		X	Qn
L		L	L
L		H	H

X : Don't Care
Z : High Impedance
Qn : No change

SYSTEM DIAGRAM



MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	$-0.5 \sim 4.6$	V
DC Input Voltage	V_{IN}	$-0.5 \sim 4.6$	V
DC Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$-0.5 \sim 4.6$ (Note 1)	V
		$-0.5 \sim V_{CC} + 0.5$ (Note 2)	
Input Diode Current	I_{IK}	-50	mA
Output Diode Current	I_{OK}	± 50 (Note 3)	mA
DC Output Current	I_{OUT}	± 50	mA
Power Dissipation	P_D	180	mW
DC V_{CC} / Ground Current	I_{CC} / I_{GND}	± 100	mA
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	$-65 \sim 150$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

(Note 1): Off-State

(Note 2): High or Low State. I_{OUT} absolute maximum rating must be observed.(Note 3): $V_{OUT} < \text{GND}$, $V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	1.8~3.6	V
		1.2~3.6 (Note 4)	
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	$-0.3 \sim 3.6$	V
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	0~3.6 (Note 5)	V
		0~ V_{CC} (Note 6)	
Output Current	I_{OH} / I_{OL}	± 24 (Note 7)	mA
		± 18 (Note 8)	
		± 6 (Note 9)	
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	$-40 \sim 85$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Input Rise And Fall Time	dt / dv	0~10 (Note 10)	ns / V

(Note 4): Data Retention Only

(Note 5): Off-State

(Note 6): High or Low State

(Note 7): $V_{CC} = 3.0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$ (Note 8): $V_{CC} = 2.3 \sim 2.7 \text{ V}$ (Note 9): $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ (Note 10): $V_{IN} = 0.8 \sim 2.0 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC characteristics (Ta = -40~85°C, 2.7 V < V_{CC} ≤ 3.6 V)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION		V _{CC} (V)	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input Voltage	"H" Level	V _{IH}			2.7~3.6	2.0	—	V
	"L" Level	V _{IL}			2.7~3.6	—	0.8	
Output Voltage	"H" Level	V _{OH}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OH} = - 100 μA	2.7~3.6	V _{CC} - 0.2	—	V
				I _{OH} = - 12 mA	2.7	2.2	—	
				I _{OH} = - 18 mA	3.0	2.4	—	
				I _{OH} = - 24 mA	3.0	2.2	—	
	"L" Level	V _{OL}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 100 μA	2.7~3.6	—	0.2	
				I _{OL} = 12 mA	2.7	—	0.4	
				I _{OL} = 18 mA	3.0	—	0.4	
				I _{OL} = 24 mA	3.0	—	0.55	
Input Leakage Current		I _{IN}	V _{IN} = 0~3.6 V	2.7~3.6	—	± 5.0	μA	
3-State Output Off-State Current		I _{OZ}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} V _{OUT} = 0~3.6 V	2.7~3.6	—	± 10.0	μA	
Power Off Leakage Current		I _{OFF}	V _{IN} , V _{OUT} = 0~3.6 V	0	—	10.0	μA	
Quiescent Supply Current		I _{CC}	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		2.7~3.6	—	20.0	μA
			V _{CC} ≤ (V _{IN} , V _{OUT}) ≤ 3.6 V		2.7~3.6	—	± 20.0	
Increase In I _{CC} Per Input		ΔI _{CC}	V _{IH} = V _{CC} - 0.6 V		2.7~3.6	—	750	μA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC characteristics (Ta = -40~85°C, 2.3 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 2.7 V)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
					V _{CC} (V)				
Input Voltage	"H" Level	V _{IH}				2.3~2.7	1.6	—	V
	"L" Level	V _{IL}				2.3~2.7	—	0.7	
Output Voltage	"H" Level	V _{OH}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OH} = -100 μA	2.3~2.7	V _{CC} - 0.2	—	V	
				I _{OH} = -6 mA	2.3	2.0	—		
				I _{OH} = -12 mA	2.3	1.8	—		
				I _{OH} = -18 mA	2.3	1.7	—		
	"L" Level	V _{OL}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 100 μA	2.3~2.7	—	0.2		
				I _{OL} = 12 mA	2.3	—	0.4		
				I _{OL} = 18 mA	2.3	—	0.6		
Input Leakage Current		I _{IN}	V _{IN} = 0~3.6 V		2.3~2.7	—	± 5.0	μA	
3-State Output Off-State Current		I _{OZ}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} V _{OUT} = 0~3.6 V		2.3~2.7	—	± 10.0	μA	
Power Off Leakage Current		I _{OFF}	V _{IN} , V _{OUT} = 0~3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA	
Quiescent Supply Current		I _{CC}	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		2.3~2.7	—	20.0	μA	
			V _{CC} ≤ (V _{IN} , V _{OUT}) ≤ 3.6 V		2.3~2.7	—	± 20.0		

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC characteristics ($T_a = -40 \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.3\text{ V}$)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
			V _{CC} (V)						
Input Voltage	“H” Level	V _{IH}	1.8~2.3			0.7 × V _{CC}	—	V	
	“L” Level	V _{IL}	1.8~2.3			—	0.2 × V _{CC}		
Output Voltage	“H” Level	V _{OH}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OH} = −100 μA	1.8	V _{CC} − 0.2	—	V	
				I _{OH} = −6 mA	1.8	1.4	—		
	“L” Level	V _{OL}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 100 μA	1.8	—	0.2		
				I _{OL} = 6 mA	1.8	—	0.3		
Input Leakage Current		I _{IIN}	V _{IN} = 0~3.6 V			1.8	—	± 5.0	μA
3-State Output Off-State Current		I _{OZ}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} V _{OUT} = 0~3.6 V			1.8	—	± 10.0	μA
Power Off Leakage Current		I _{OFF}	V _{IN} , V _{OUT} = 0~3.6 V			0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent Supply Current		I _{CC}	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND			1.8	—	20.0	μA
			V _{CC} ≤ (V _{IN} , V _{OUT}) ≤ 3.6 V			1.8	—	± 20.0	

AC characteristics ($T_a = -40 \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$, Input $t_r = t_f = 2.0 \text{ ns}$, $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$, $R_L = 500 \Omega$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	$V_{CC} \text{ (V)}$	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Maximum Clock Frequency	f_{MAX}	(Fig.1, 2)	1.8	100	—	MHz
			2.5 ± 0.2	200	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	250	—	
Propagation Delay Time (CK-Q)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	(Fig.1, 2)	1.8	1.5	9.6	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	4.8	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	4.2	
3-State Output Enable Time	t_{pZL} t_{pZH}	(Fig.1, 3)	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	5.5	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	4.5	
3-State Output Disable Time	t_{pLZ} t_{pHZ}	(Fig.1, 3)	1.8	1.5	6.5	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	3.6	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	3.3	
Minimum Pulse Width (CK)	$t_{\text{w}} \text{ (H)}$ $t_{\text{w}} \text{ (L)}$	(Fig.1, 2)	1.8	4.0	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	—	
Minimum Set-up Time	t_s	(Fig.1, 2)	1.8	2.5	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	—	
Minimum Hold Time	t_h	(Fig.1, 2)	1.8	1.0	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.0	—	
Output To Output Skew	t_{osLH} t_{osHL}	(Note 11)	1.8	—	0.5	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	—	0.5	
			3.3 ± 0.3	—	0.5	

For $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

(Note 11): Parameter guaranteed by design.

$$(t_{\text{osLH}} = |t_{\text{pLHm}} - t_{\text{pLHn}}|, t_{\text{osHL}} = |t_{\text{pHLm}} - t_{\text{pHLn}}|)$$

Dynamic switching characteristics ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Input $t_r = t_f = 2.0\text{ ns}$, $C_L = 30\text{ pF}$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	V _{CC} (V)	TYP.	UNIT
Quiet Output Maximum Dynamic V _{OL}	V _{OLP}	V _{IH} = 1.8 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 12)	1.8	0.25	V
		V _{IH} = 2.5 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 12)	2.5	0.6	
		V _{IH} = 3.3 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 12)	3.3	0.8	
Quiet Output Minimum Dynamic V _{OL}	V _{OLV}	V _{IH} = 1.8 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 12)	1.8	-0.25	V
		V _{IH} = 2.5 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 12)	2.5	-0.6	
		V _{IH} = 3.3 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 12)	3.3	-0.8	
Quiet Output Minimum Dynamic V _{OH}	V _{OHV}	V _{IH} = 1.8 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 12)	1.8	1.5	V
		V _{IH} = 2.5 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 12)	2.5	1.9	
		V _{IH} = 3.3 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 12)	3.3	2.2	

(Note 12): Parameter guaranteed by design.

Capacitive characteristics ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	V _{CC} (V)	TYP.	UNIT
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}		1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Output Capacitance	C _{OUT}		1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power Dissipation Capacitance	C _{PD}	f _{IN} = 10 MHz (Note 13)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

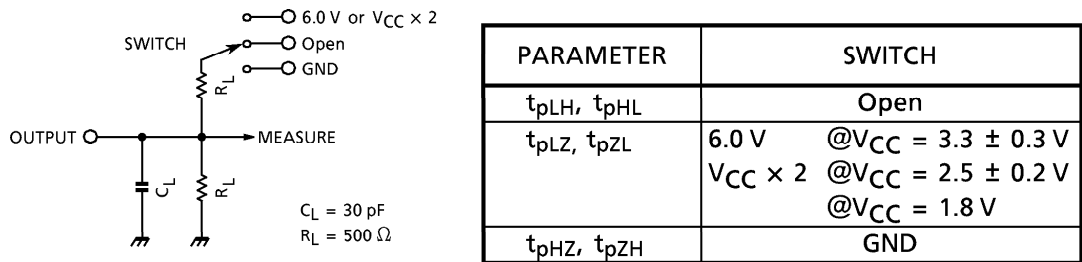
(Note 13): C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation :

$$I_{CC(\text{opr.})} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/8 \text{ (per bit)}$$

TEST CIRCUIT

Fig.1



AC WAVEFORM

Fig.2 t_{pLH} , t_{pHL} , t_w , t_s , t_h

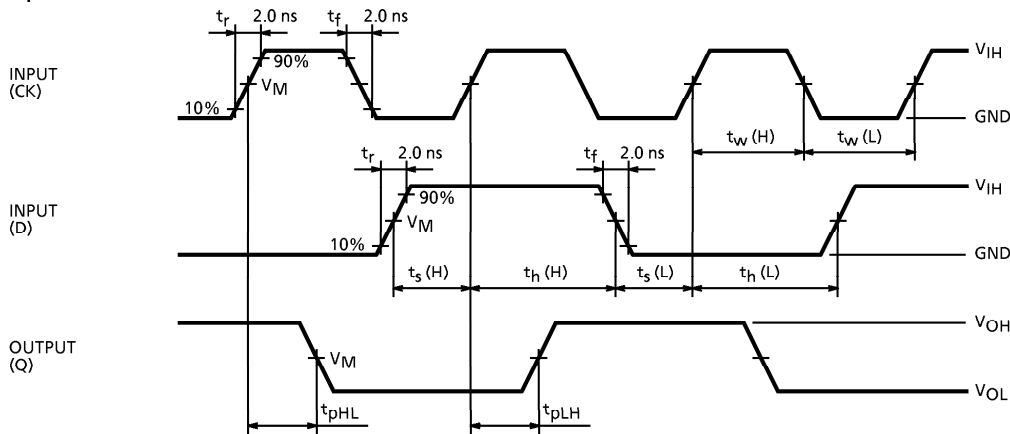
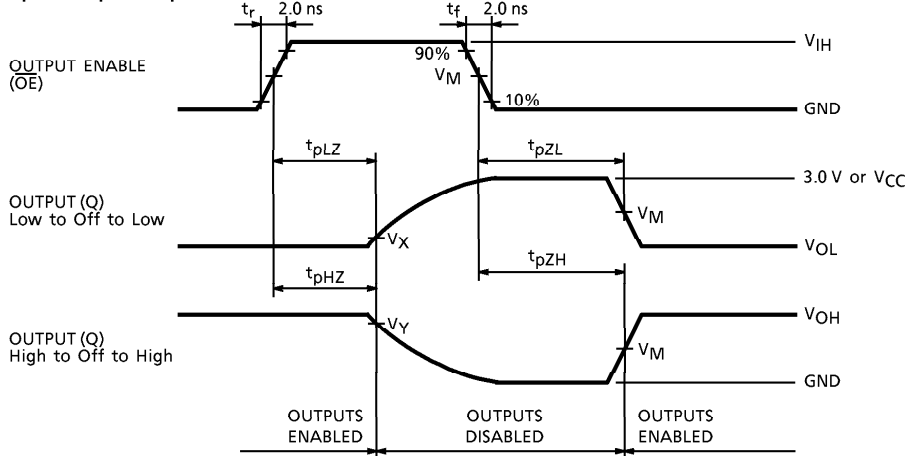


Fig.3 t_{pLZ} , t_{pHZ} , t_{pZL} , t_{pZH}

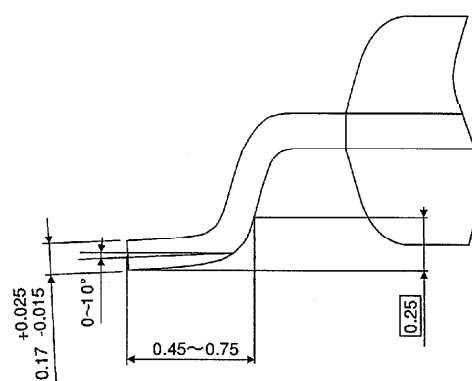
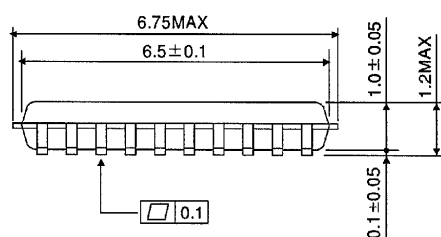
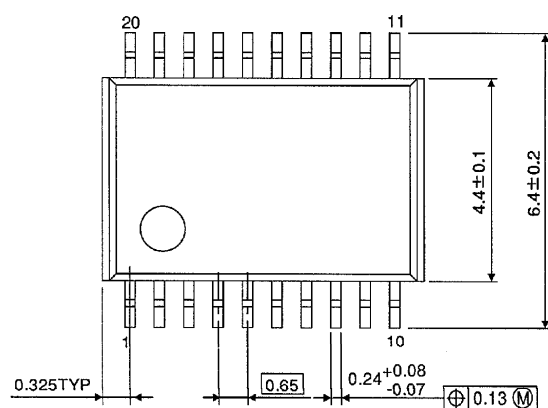


SYMBOL	VCC		
	3.3 ± 0.3 V	2.5 ± 0.2 V	1.8 V
VIH	2.7 V	VCC	VCC
VM	1.5 V	VCC / 2	VCC / 2
VX	VOL + 0.3 V	VOL + 0.15 V	VOL + 0.15 V
VY	VOH - 0.3 V	VOH - 0.15 V	VOH - 0.15 V

OUTLINE DRAWING

TSSOP20-P-0044-0.65

Unit : mm



Weight : 0.08 g (Typ.)