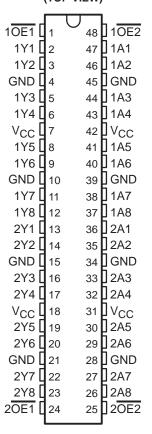
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- Members of the Texas Instruments
  Widebus™ Family
- State-of-the-Art Advanced BiCMOS Technology (ABT) Design for 3.3-V Operation and Low Static-Power Dissipation
- Output Ports Have Equivalent 22-Ω Series Resistors, So No External Resistors Are Required
- Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation (5-V Input and Output Voltages With 3.3-V V<sub>CC</sub>)
- Support Unregulated Battery Operation Down to 2.7 V
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce)
  < 0.8 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- I<sub>off</sub> and Power-Up 3-State Support Hot Insertion
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors
- Distributed V<sub>CC</sub> and GND Pin Configuration Minimizes High-Speed Switching Noise
- Flow-Through Architecture Optimizes PCB Layout
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 500 mA Per JESD 17
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Package Options Include Plastic Shrink Small-Outline (DL) and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG) Packages and 380-mil Fine-Pitch Ceramic Flat (WD) Package Using 25-mil Center-to-Center Spacings

#### SN54LVTH162541 . . . WD PACKAGE SN74LVTH162541 . . . DGG OR DL PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### description

These 16-bit buffers/drivers are designed specifically for low-voltage (3.3-V)  $V_{CC}$  operation, but with the capability to provide a TTL interface to a 5-V system environment.

These devices are noninverting 16-bit buffers composed of two 8-bit sections with separate output-enable signals. For either 8-bit buffer section, the two output-enable (1OE1 and 1OE2 or 2OE1 and 2OE2) inputs must be low for the corresponding Y outputs to be active. If either output-enable input is high, the outputs of that 8-bit buffer section are in the high-impedance state.



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## SN54LVTH162541, SN74LVTH162541 3.3-V ABT 16-BIT BUFFERS/DRIVERS WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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### description (continued)

The outputs, which are designed to source or sink up to 12 mA, include equivalent  $22-\Omega$  series resistors to reduce overshoot and undershoot.

When  $V_{CC}$  is between 0 and 1.5 V, the devices are in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.5 V,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

These devices are fully specified for hot-insertion applications using  $I_{off}$  and power-up 3-state. The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the devices when they are powered down. The power-up 3-state circuitry places the outputs in the high-impedance state during power up and power down, which prevents driver conflict.

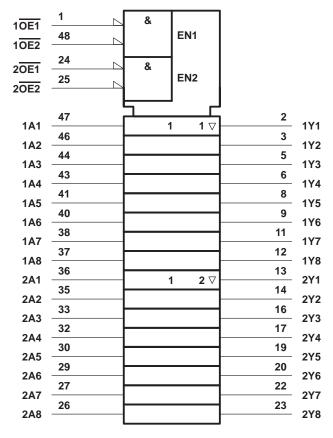
The SN54LVTH162541 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of –55°C to 125°C. The SN74LVTH162541 is characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.

FUNCTION TABLE (each 8-bit section)

	ОИТРИТ		
OE1	OE2	Α	Y
L	L	L	L
L	L	Н	Н
Н	X	Χ	Z
Х	Н	Χ	Z

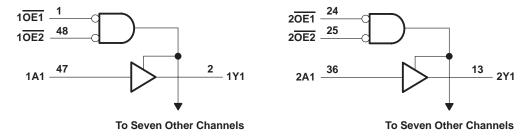


# logic symbol†



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

## logic diagram (positive logic)



## SN54LVTH162541, SN74LVTH162541 3.3-V ABT 16-BIT BUFFERS/DRIVERS WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub>	
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance	
or power-off state, V <sub>O</sub> (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high state, V <sub>O</sub> (see Note 1)	0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Current into any output in the low state, I <sub>O</sub>	30 mA
Current into any output in the high state, I <sub>O</sub> (see Note 2)	30 mA
Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0)	–50 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (see Note 3): DGG package	89°C/W
DL package	94°C/W
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stq</sub>	—65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
  - 2. This current flows only when the output is in the high state and  $V_O > V_{CC}$ .
  - 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

## recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			SN54LVTH	1162541	SN74LVTH	UNIT	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Vcc	Supply voltage	2.7	3.6	2.7	3.6	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	2	, sh	2		V	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage		0.8		0.8	V	
VI	Input voltage		5.5		5.5	V	
IOH	High-level output current	6	<b>–</b> 12		-12	mA	
loL	Low-level output current	720	12		12	mA	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled	60	10		10	ns/V
Δt/ΔV <sub>CC</sub>	Power-up ramp rate	200		200	·	μs/V	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature			125	-40	85	°C

NOTE 4: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



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### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			SN54LVTH162541			SN74LVTH162541			
		l lesi c	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT		
VIK	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}, \qquad I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$				-1.2			-1.2	V		
Vон		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,	$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2	2		2			V	
VOL		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,	$I_{OL}$ = 12 mA			0.8			0.8	V	
		$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ or } 3.6 \text{ V},$	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V			10			10		
١.	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND			±1			±1		
11	Data in suta	Vaa - 3.6.V	$V_I = V_{CC}$			1			1	μΑ	
	Data inputs	VCC = 3.6 V	V <sub>I</sub> = 0			<b>-</b> 5			<b>-</b> 5		
loff		$V_{CC} = 0$ ,	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ to 4.5 $V$						±100	μΑ	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V	75	4	1. V	75				
la in	Data inputs		V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V	-75	W		-75			μΑ	
II(hold)		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V <sup>‡</sup> ,	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		CYD				500 -750	μΛ	
lozh		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	VO = 3 V	4	3	5			5	μΑ	
lozL		$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}, \qquad V_{O} = 0.5 \text{ V}$		S. C.	,	-5			<b>-</b> 5	μΑ	
lozpu		$\frac{\text{V}_{CC}}{\text{OE}} = 0 \text{ to } 1.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{O} = 0.5 \text{ V to } 3 \text{ V},$ $\frac{\text{OE}}{\text{OE}} = \text{don't care}$				±100*			±100	μΑ	
lozpd		$\frac{\text{V}_{\text{CC}}}{\text{OE}}$ = 1.5 V to 0, $\text{V}_{\text{O}}$ = 0.5 V to 3 V, $\text{OE}$ = don't care			±100*				±100	μΑ	
	ICC	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	Outputs high	0.19		0.19			0.19		
ICC		$I_{O} = 0$ ,	Outputs low		5					mΑ	
	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs disabled		0.19				0.19			
ΔICC§		$V_{CC}$ = 3 V to 3.6 V, One input at $V_{CC}$ – 0.6 V, Other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND				0.2			0.2	mA	
C <sub>i</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> = 3 V or 0	3 V or 0		4			4		рF	
Co		V <sub>O</sub> = 3 V or 0			9			9		pF	

<sup>\*</sup> On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.

## switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

		TO (OUTPUT)	SN54LVTH162541			SN74LVTH162541							
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		UNIT	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	MIN	MAX		
tPLH	А	Α	<b>Y</b>	1.1	4.3	2	4.9	1.2	2.9	4.1		4.7	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL			•	1.1	4.3	1/4	4.9	1.2	2.4	4.1		4.7	115
<sup>t</sup> PZH	ŌĒ	<del>0</del> -	<b>&gt;</b>	1.4	5.3	4	6.3	1.5	3.2	5		6.1	ns
tPZL		•	1.4	5.1	٧,	5.8	1.5	3.3	4.8		5.5	115	
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	ŌĒ	<b>&gt;</b>	2.1	6.1		6.4	2.2	4.3	5.9		6.2	ns	
t <sub>PLZ</sub>		ſ	2.1	5.7		5.9	2.2	4	5.4		5.5	115	
tsk(o)				9		·			0.5		0.5	ns	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

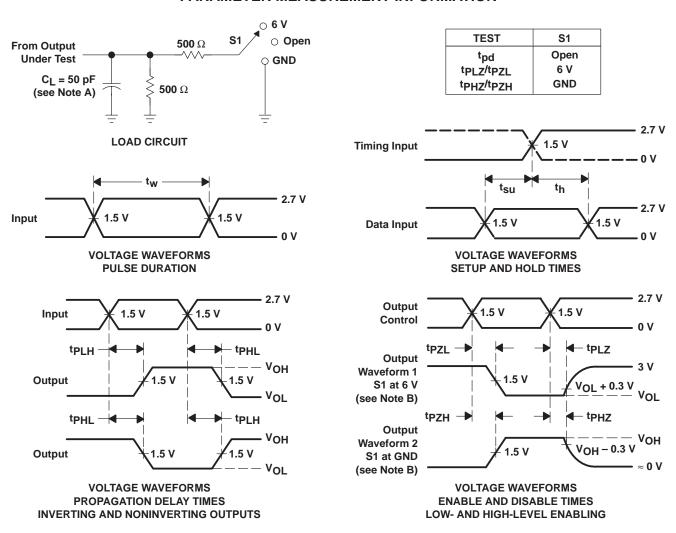


<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ . † This is the bus-hold maximum dynamic current. It is the minimum overdrive current required to switch the input from one state to another.

<sup>§</sup> This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than VCC or GND.

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#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq$  2.5 ns,  $t_f \leq$  2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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