SPECIFICATION

Device Name : Power MOSFET

Type Name : 2SK3604-01L,S,SJ

Spec. No. : MS5F5115

Date : Jan.-11-2002

Fuji Electric Co.,Ltd. Matsumoto Factory

		DATE	NAME	APPROVED		Fuji Electric Co	n I td	
	DRAWN	Jan11-'02	H Tokunishi					
l	CHECKED	Jan11-'02	T. HOSEN	Helle	 8. 9.	MS5F5115		
1			m Wahasa	TXIE	DWG.NO.	MOSFSIIS	1 / 22	

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Revised Records

Date	Classification	Index	Content	Drawn	Checked	Checked	Approved
Jan11 2002	enactment			H. Tokunishi	Т. НОЅЕЛ	m Wahasa	HSh

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1.Scope

This specifies Fuji Power MOSFET 2SK3604-01L,S,SJ

2.Construction

N-Channel enhancement mode power MOSFET

3.Applications

for Switching

4.Outview

T-pack L-type Outview See to 8/22 page

S-type Outview See to 9/22 page

SJ-type Outview See to 10/22 page

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings at Tc=25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Description	Symbol	Characteristics	Unit	Remarks
Drain Course Voltage	V_{DS}	150	V	
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DSX}	120	V	VGS=-30V
Continuous Drain Current	I _D	± 16	Α	
Pulsed Drain Current	I _{DP}	± 64	Α	
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 30	V	
Non-repetitive Avalanche Current	I _{AS}	16	Α	
Maximum Avalanche Energy	E _{AS}	189	mJ	L=1.08mH,Vcc=48V
Maximum Drain-Source dV/dt	dV _{DS} /dt	20	kV/μs	VDS<=150V
Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt	dV/dt	5	kV/μs	*1
Maximum Power Dissipation	P_D	1.67	W	Ta=25°C
iviaximum Fower Dissipation	' D	50	VV	Tc=25°C
Operating and Storage	T _{ch}	150	°C	
Temperature range	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C	

^{*1} $I_F \le -I_D$,-di/dt=50A/ μ s,Vcc \le BV_{DSS},Tch \le 150°C

6.Electrical Characteristics at Tc=25°C (unless otherwise specified) Static Ratings

Description	Symbol	Cond	Conditions		typ.	max.	Unit
Drain-Source		I _D =250μA					
Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	V _{GS} =0V		150	-	-	٧
Gate Threshold		I _D =250μA					
Voltage	$V_{GS}(th)$	V_{DS} = V_{GS}		3.0	-	5.0	V
Zero Gate Voltage		V _{DS} =150V VGS=0V	T _{ch} =25°C	ı	ı	25	4
Drain Current	I _{DSS}	VDS=120V V _{GS} =0V	T _{ch} =125°C	ı	ı	250	μΑ
Gate-Source		V_{GS} = ± 30 V					
Leakage Current	I _{GSS}	V _{DS} =0V		-	10	100	nA
Drain-Source I _D =8A							
On-State Resistance	R _{DS} (on)	V _{GS} =10V		-	79	105	mΩ

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Dynamic Ratings

Description	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Forward		I _D =8A				
Transconductance	g _{fs}	V _{DS} =25V	6	12	-	S
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V _{DS} =75V	-	760	1140	
Output Capacitance	Coss	V _{GS} =0V	-	130	195	
Reverse Transfer		f=1MHz		6	9	pF
Capacitance	Crss		-			
	td(on)	V _{cc} =48V	-	12	18	
Turn-On Time	tr	V _{GS} =10V	-	2.8	4.2	
	td(off)	I _D =8A	-	22	33	ns
Turn-Off Time	tf	R_{GS} =10 Ω	-	6.2	9.3	
Total Gate Charge	Q_G	V _{cc} =75V	-	21	31.5	
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{GS}	I _D =16A	-	9	13.5	nC
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{GD}	V _{GS} =10V	-	6	9	

Reverse Diode

Description	Symbol	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Avalanche Capability		L=100μH Tch=25	5°C				
	I _{AV}	See Fig.1 and Fig.2	<u> </u>	16	-	-	Α
Diode Forward		I _F =16A					
On-Voltage	V_{SD}	V _{GS} =0V T _{ch} =25°	C	-	1.10	1.65	V
Reverse Recovery		I _F =16A					
Time	trr	V _{GS} =0V		-	0.13	1	μs
Reverse Recovery		-di/dt=100A/μs					
Charge	Qrr	T _{ch} =25°C		-	0.59	-	μС

7. Thermal Resistance

Description	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Channel to Case	Rth(ch-c)			2.5	°C/W
Channel to Ambient	Rth(ch-a)			75.0	°C/W

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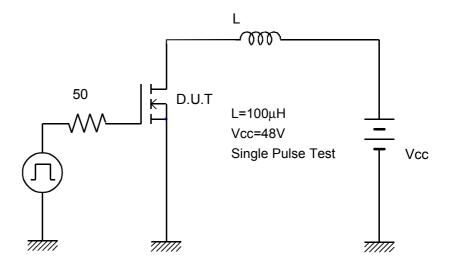
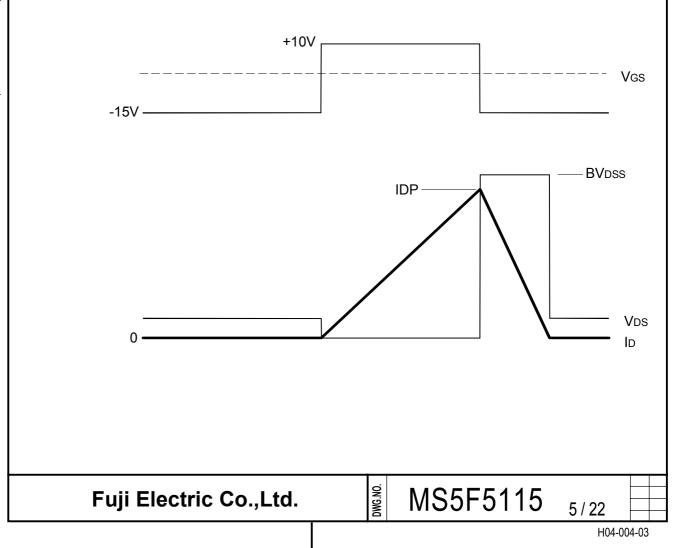


Fig.2 Operating waveforms



8.Reliability test items

All guaranteed values are under the categories of reliability per non-assembled(only MOSFETs). Each categories under the guaranteed reliability conform to EIAJ ED4701 B101A standards.

Test items required without fail: Test Method B-121,B-122,B-123,B-131,B-141 Humidification treatment (85±2°C,65±5%RH,168±24hr)

. Heat treatment of soldering (IR-ray Reflow ,235±5°C(240°Cmax.),10±1sec,2 times)

	Test	Test	Testing methods and Conditions	Reference	Sampling	Acceptance
	No.	Items		Standard	number	number
				EIAJ ED4701		
	1	Vibration	frequency: 100Hz to 2kHz			
			Acceleration: 100m/s ²	A-121	15	
g			Sweeping time : 20min./1 cycle	test code C		
울			6times for each X,Y&Z directions.			
methods	2	Shock	Peak amplitude: 15km/s ²	A-122		
test			Duration time: 0.5ms	test code D	15	
			3times for each X,Y&Z directions.			(0:1)
Mechanical	3	Solderability	Solder temp. : 215±5°C	A-131A		
an			Immersion time: 10±0.5sec	test code B	15	
두						
₩	4	Resistance to	Solder temp. : 235±5°C	A-133A	15	
		Soldering Heat	Immersion time: 10±1sec	test code 1-A		
			IR-ray Reflowing			

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	Test	Test	Testing methods and Conditions	Reference	Sampling	Acceptance
	No.	Items		Standard EIAJ ED4701	number	number
	1	High Temp.	Temperature : 150+0/-5°C	B-111A	22	
		Storage	Test duration : 1000hr			
	2	Low Temp.	Temperature : -55+5/-0°C	B-112A	22	
		Storage	Test duration : 1000hr			
	3	Temperature	Temperature: 85±2°C	B-121A		
		Humidity	Relative humidity : 85±5%	test code C	22	
		Storage	Test duration : 1000hr			
	4	Temperature	Temperature: 85±2°C			
ဗ		Humidity	Relative humidity : 85±5%	B-122A	22	
ě		BIAS	Bias Voltage : V _{DS} (max) * 0.8	test code C		
net			Test duration : 1000hr			
Climatic test methods	5	Unsaturated	Temperature : 130±2°C			(0:1)
É		Pressurized	Relative humidity : 85±5%	B-123A	22	
æ		Vapor	Vapor pressure : 230kPa	test code C		
<u>ä</u>			Test duration : 96hr			
ರ	6	Temperature	High temp.side : 150±5°C			
		Cycle	Low temp.side : -55±5°C	B-131A	22	
			Duration time: HT 30min,LT 30min	test code A		
			Number of cycles : 100cycles			
	7	Thermal Shock	Fluid : pure water(running water)			
			High temp.side : 100+0/-5°C	B-141A	22	
			Low temp.side : 0+5/-0°C	test code A		
			Duration time: HT 5min,LT 5min			
			Number of cycles : 100cycles			
	1	Intermittent	Ta=25±5°C			
		Operating	∆Tc=90degree	D-322	22	
		Life	Tch≤Tch(max.)			
Ē			Test duration : 3000 cycle			
Test for FET	2	HTRB	Temperature : 150+0/-5°C			
<u>ب</u>		(Gate-source)	Bias Voltage : V _{GS} (max)	D-323	22	(0:1)
ခြိ			Test duration : 1000hr			
_	3	HTRB	Temperature : 150+0/-5°C			
		(Drain-Source)	Bias Voltage : V _{DS} (max)	D-323	22	
			Test duration : 1000hr			ĺ

Failure Criteria

railure Citieria							
		Symbols	Failure	Criteria	Unit		
	Item		Lower Limit	Upper Limit			
	Breakdown Voltage	BVDSS	LSL * 0.8		V		
<u>S</u>	Zero gate Voltage Drain-Source Current	IDSS		USL * 2	Α		
ical	Gate-Source Leakage Current	IGSS		USL * 2	Α		
Electrical Characteristics	Gate Threshold Voltage	VGS(th)	LSL * 0.8	USL * 1.2	V		
Ele	Drain-Source on-state Resistance	RDS(on)		USL * 1.2	Ω		
ਠੋ	Forward Transconductance	gfs	LSL * 0.8		S		
	Diode forward on-Voltage	VSD		USL * 1.2	V		
ě	Marking						
Outview	Soldering		With eyes or Micr	oscope			
Õ	and other damages						

^{*} LSL: Lower Specification Limit

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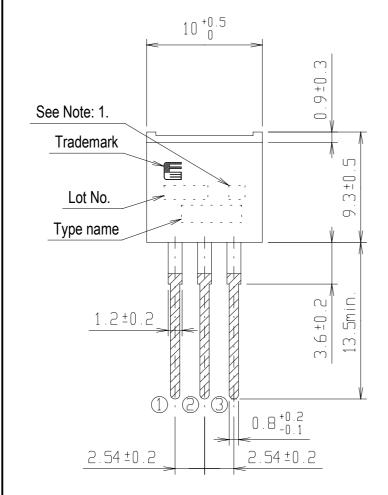
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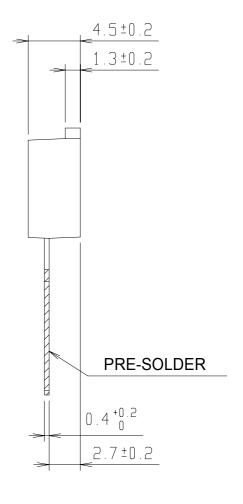
^{*} USL : Upper Specification Limit

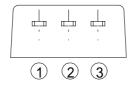
^{*} Before any of electrical characteristics measure, all testing related to the humidity have conducted after drying the package surface for more than an hour at 150°C.

T-pack L-type

FUJI POWER MOS FET







CONNECTION

- ① GATE
- 2 DRAIN
- ③ SOURCE

Note: 1. Guaranteed mark of avalanche ruggedness.

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

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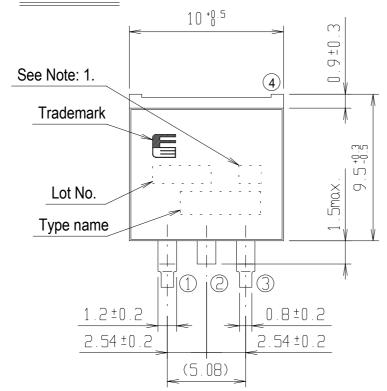
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T-pack S-type

FUJI POWER MOS FET

OUT VIEW

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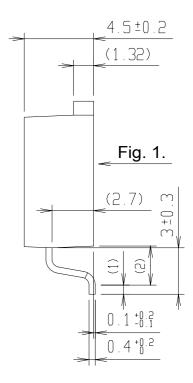
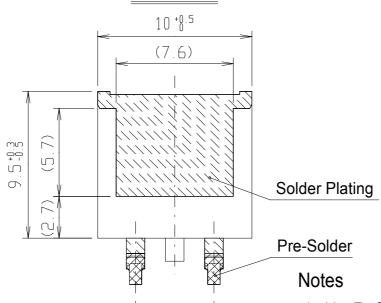


Fig. 1.



CONNECTION

- ① GATE
- 4 2 DRAIN
 - 3 SOURCE

Note: 1. Guaranteed mark of avalanche ruggedness.

- 1. (): Reference dimensions.
- 2. The metal part is covered with the solder plating, part of cutting is without the solder plating.

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

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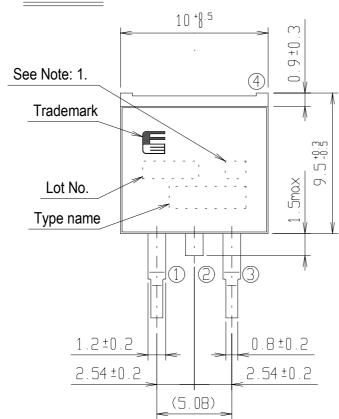
T-pack SJ-type

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OUT VIEW



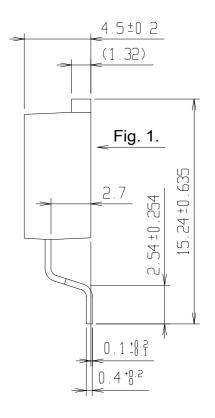
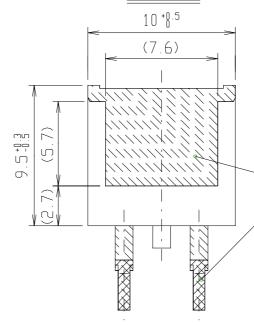


Fig. 1.



Note: 1. Guaranteed mark of avalanche ruggedness.

CONNECTION

- 1 GATE
- 4 2 DRAIN
 - (3) SOURCE

Solder Plating

Pre-Solder

Notes

- 1. (): Reference dimensions.
- 2. The metal part is covered with the solder plating, part of cutting is without the solder plating.

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

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9 Warning

- 9.1. Although Fuji Electric is enhancing product quality and reliability, a small percentage of semiconductor products may become faulty. When using Fuji Electric semiconductor products in your equipment, you are requested to take adequate safety measures to prevent the equipment from causing a physical injury, fire, or other problem if any of the products become faulty. It is recommended to make your design fail-safe, flame retardant, and free of malfunction.
- 9.2. The products introduced in this Specification are intended for use in the following electronic and electrical equipment witch has normal reliability requirements.

Computers OA equipments

- Communications equipment (Terminal devices)
- Measurement equipments
- Machine tools
 AV equipments
- Electrical home appliances
- Personal equipments
- Industrial robots

etc...

- 9.3. If you need to use a product in this Specification for equipment requiring higher reliability than normal, such as for the equipment listed below, it is imperative to contact Fuji Electric to obtain prior approval. When using these products for such equipment, take adequate measures such as a backup system to prevent the equipment from malfunctioning even if a Fuji's product incorporated in the equipment becomes faulty.
 - Transportation equipment (Automotives, Locomotives and ships etc...)
 - Backbone network equipment
- Traffic-signal control equipment
- Gas alarm, Leakage gas auto breaker
- Burglar alarm, Fire alarm, Emergency equipments etc...
- 9.4. Don't use products in this Specification for the equipment requiring strict reliability such as (without limitation)
 - Aerospace equipment
- Aeronautic equipment
- nuclear control equipment

- Medical equipment
- Submarine repeater equipment

10. General Notice

10.1. Preventing ESD Damage

Although the gate oxide of Fuji Power MOSFETs is much higher ruggedness to ESD damage than small-Signal MOSFETs and CMOS ICs, careful handling of any MOS devices are an important consideration.

- 1) When handling MOSFETs, hold them by the case (package) and don't touch the leads and terminals.
- 2) It is recommended that any handling of MOSFETs is done while used electrically conductive floor and tablemats that are grounded.
- 3) Before touching a MOSFETs terminal, discharge any static electricity from your body and clothes by grounding out through a high impedance resistor (about $1M\Omega$)
- 4) When soldering, in order to protect the MOSFETs from static electricity, ground the soldering iron or soldering bath through a low impedance resistor.

10.2. Short mode failure / Open mode failure

The MOSFETs may be in the risk of having short mode failure or open mode failure when the applied over voltage, over current or over temperature each specified maximum rating. It is recommended to use the fail-safe equipment or circuit from such possible failures.

10.3. An Electric shock / A Skin burn

You may be in risk for an Electric shock or a Skin burn for directly touching to the leads or package of the MOSFETs while turning on electricity or operating.

10.4. Smoke / Fire

Fuji MOSFETs are made of incombustibility material. However, a failure of the MOSFETs may emit smoke or fire. Also, operating the MOSFETs near any flammable place or material may risk the MOSFETs to emit smoke or fire due to the MOSFETs reach high temperature while operated.

10.5. Corrosion / Erosion

Avoid use or storage of the MOSFETs under the higher humidity, corrosive gases. It will lead the device to corrode and possibly cause the device to fail.

10.6. Radiation field

Don't use of the device under the radiation field since the device is not designed for radiation proofing.

11. Notes for Design

- 11.1. You must design the MOSFETs to be operated within specified maximum ratings (Voltage, Current, Temperature etc...) which are imperative to prevent possible failure or destruction of the device.
- 11.2. We recommend to use the protection equipment or safety equipment such as fuse, breaker to prevent the fire or damage in case of unexpected accident may have occurred.
- 11.3. You must design the MOSFETs within it's reliability and lifetime in certain the environment or condition. There is a risk that MOSFETs breakdown earlier than the target lifetime of the your products when MOSFETs was used in the reliability condition excessively. Especially avoid use of the MOSFETs under the higher humidity, corrosive gases.
- 11.4. We recommend to consider for the temperature rise not only for the Channel but also for the Leads if it designed to large current operation to the MOSFETs.
- 11.5. We only guarantee the non-repetitive and repetitive Avalanche capability and not for the continuous Avalanche capability which can be assumed as abnormal condition. Please note the device may be destructed from the Avalanche over the specified maximum rating.

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12. Note on implementation

12.1. Soldering

Soldering involves temperatures witch exceed the device storage temperature rating. To avoid device damage and to ensure reliability, the following guidelines from the quality assurance standard must be observed.

1) Solder temperature and duration (Through-Hole Package)

Solder temperature	Duration
260±5 °C	10±1 seconds
350±10 °C	3.5±0.5 seconds

- 2) The device should not be soldered closer than 1mm from the package. (* through-hole package)
- 3) When flow soldered, care must be taken to Avoid immersing the package in the solder-bath.
- 12.2. Please see to the following the Torque reference when mounting the device to heat sink. Excess torque applied to the mounting screw causes damage to the device and weak torque will increase the thermal resistance. Both of these conditions may lead the device to be destructed.

Table 1: Recommended tightening torques.

Package style	Screw	Recommended tightening torques
TO-220 TO-220F	M3	30 – 50 Ncm
TO-3P		
TO-3PF TO-247	M3	40 – 60 Ncm
TO-3PL	M3	60 –80 Ncm

12.3. If the heat sink with coarse finish is used, increase in thermal resistance and concentrated force to a point may cause the MOSFETs to be destructed. We recommend in such condition to process the surface of heat sink within ±50µm and use of thermal compound to optimize its efficiency of heat radiation. Moreover, it is important to evenly apply the compound and eliminate any air voids. A simple method is to apply a dot of compound of the appropriate quantity to the center of the case just below the chip mount.

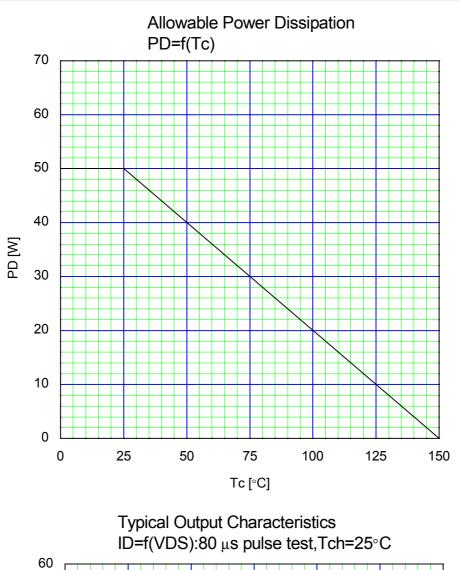
13. Notes for Storage

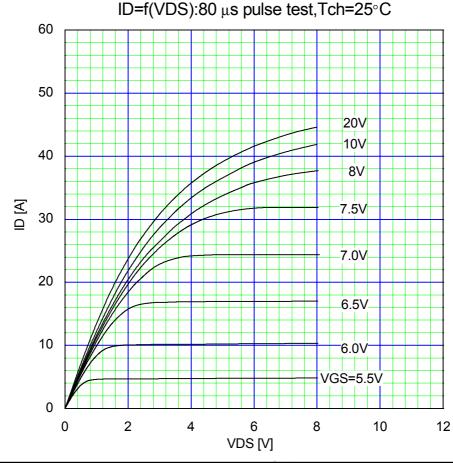
- 13.1. The MOSFETs should be stored at a standard temperature of 5 to 35 °C and humidity of 45 to 75%RH. If the storage area is very dry, a humidifier may be required. In such a case, use only deionized water or boiled water, since the chlorine in tap water may corrode the leads.
- 13.2. Avoid exposure to corrosive gases and dust.
- 13.3. Rapid temperature changes may cause condensation on the MOSFETs surface. Therefore, store the MOSFETs in a place with few temperature changes.
- 13.4. While in storage, it is important that nothing be loaded on top of the MOSFETs, since this may cause excessive external force on the case.
- 13.5. Store MOSFETs with unprocessed lead terminals. Rust may cause presoldered connections to go bad during later processing.
- 13.6. Use only antistatic containers or shipping bag for storing MOSFETs.

14. Additional points

If you have any question about any portion in this Specification, ask Fuji Electric or its sales agents before using the product. Neither Fuji nor its agents shall be liable for any injury caused bay any use of the products not in accordance with instructions set forth herein.



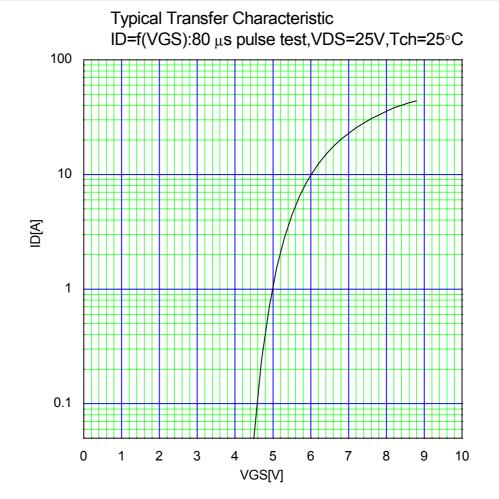


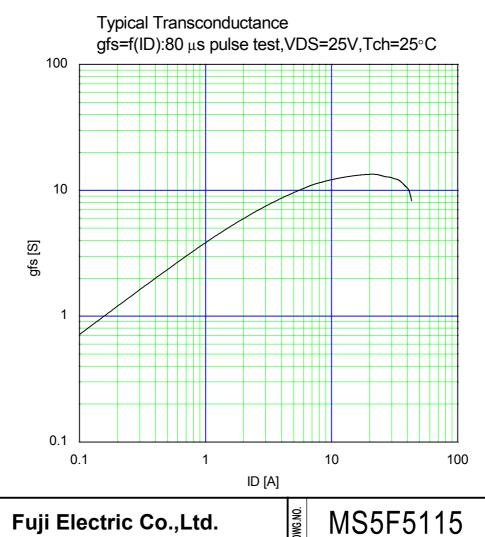


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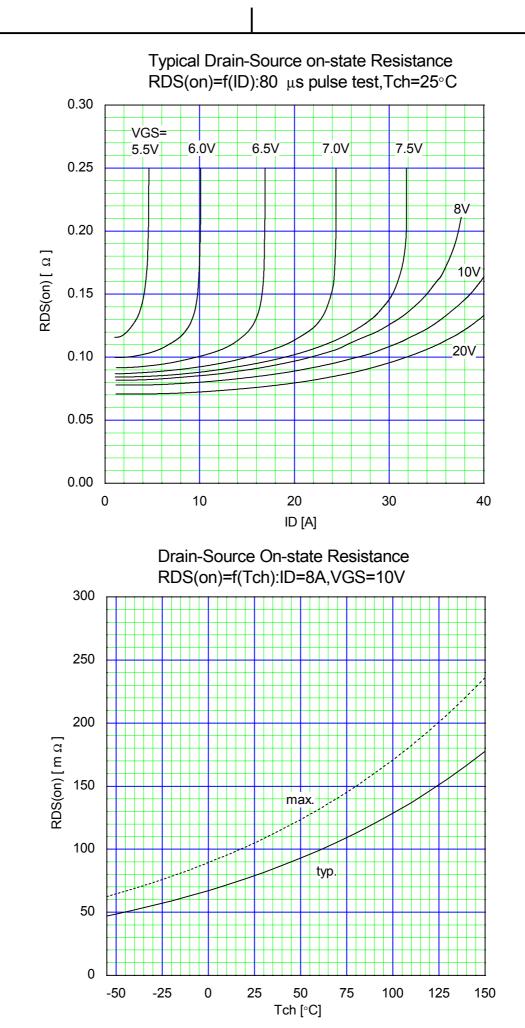
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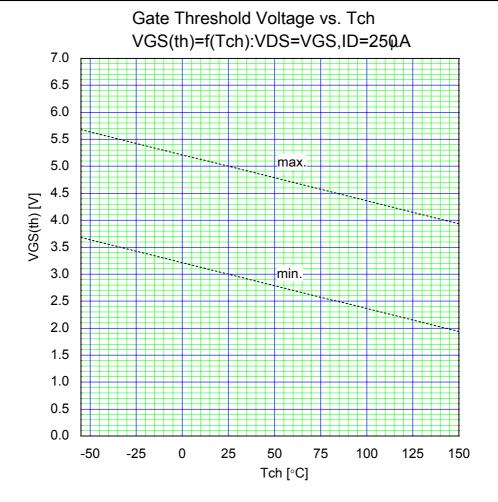


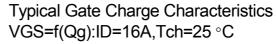
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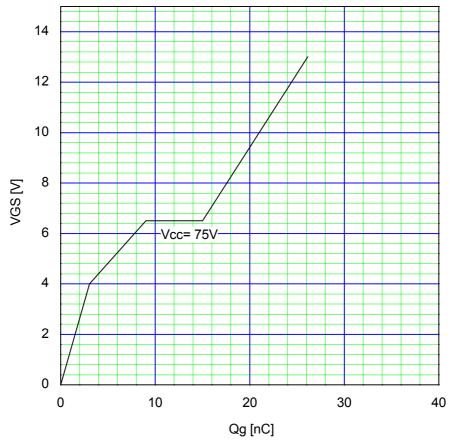
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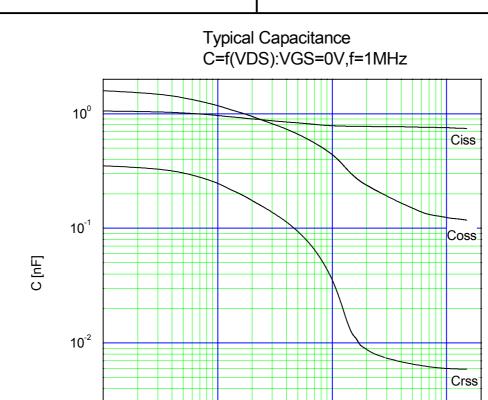


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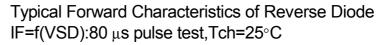
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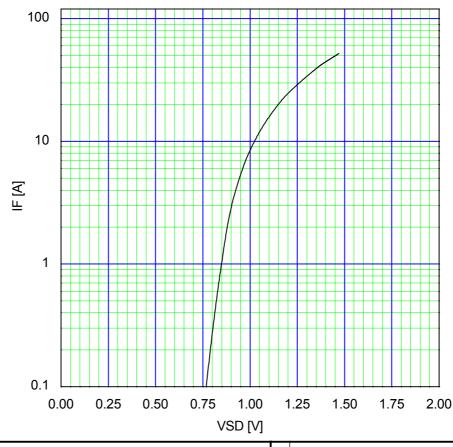


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VDS [V]

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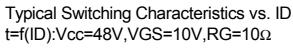


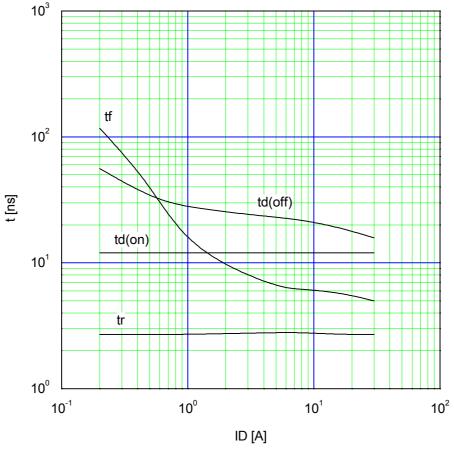
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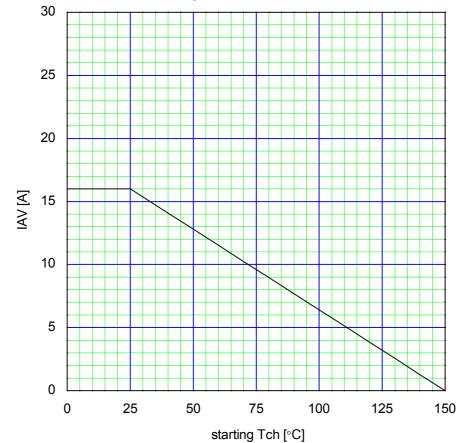
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Maximum Avalanche Current vs. starting Tch I(AV)=f(starting Tch):Vcc=48V

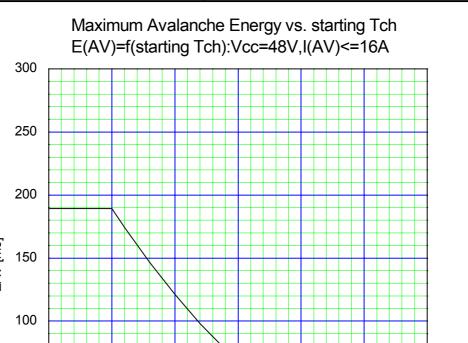


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Maximum Avalanche Current Pulsewidth I_{AV} =f(t_{AV}):starting Tch=25°C,Vcc=48V

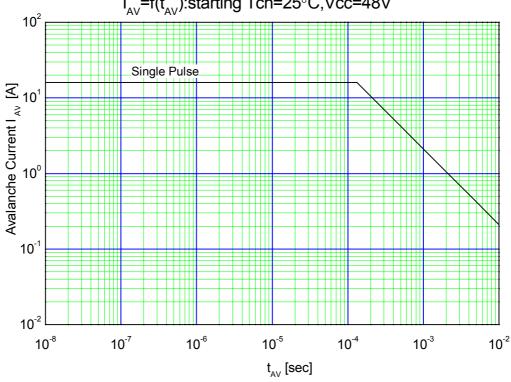
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starting Tch [°C]

100

125

150



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50

0

0

25

50

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Transient Thermal Impedance Zth(ch-c)=f(t):Duty=0 10¹ 10² 10⁻³ 10⁻⁶ 10⁻⁵ 10⁻⁴ 10⁻³ 10⁻⁶ 10⁻⁶ 10⁻⁶ 10⁻⁶ 10⁻⁷ 10⁻¹ 10⁻¹ 10⁻⁰ 10⁻¹ 10⁻¹ 10⁻¹ 10⁻¹ 10⁻² 10⁻¹ 10⁻² 10⁻¹ 10⁻² 10⁻¹ 10⁻² 10⁻¹ 10⁻² 10⁻¹ 10⁻²

t [sec]

Fuji Electric Co.,Ltd.

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