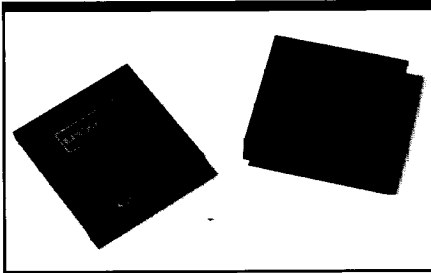


500kHz Bandwidth Analog Data Link Modulator/Demodulator



Description

The **Model 5501** and **5502** are precision, wide bandwidth V/F and F/V converters respectively, intended to be used as the modulator and demodulator for an analog fiber optic data link. The **5501** accepts a $-10\mu\text{V}$ to -10V full scale analog input at a 500kHz bandwidth. An offset adjust pin is provided which can be used to bias the **5501** input to allow bipolar operation. The input voltage is converted into a TTL-compatible frequency output

over the dc to 5MHz range. This TTL output can then be used to modulate the optical transmitter in an existing digital fiber optic data link, or to implement a stand-alone analog data link, either wire or fiber optic based.

The **Model 5502** demodulator performs the reverse process, converting a dc to 5MHz TTL frequency input into an analog output voltage over the range of 0V to -10V full scale. Again, an offset pin is provided to allow the recovery of bipolar voltages. Analog linearity through the modulator/demodulator system is $\pm 0.1\%$ FS for signals up to 500kHz in bandwidth.

The **5501** and **5502** are packaged in $2.0'' \times 2.0'' \times 0.4''$ plastic shells. Operating temperature range is 0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$. Power dissipation is 2.2W for either the **5501** or **5502** on $\pm 15\text{V}$ power supplies.

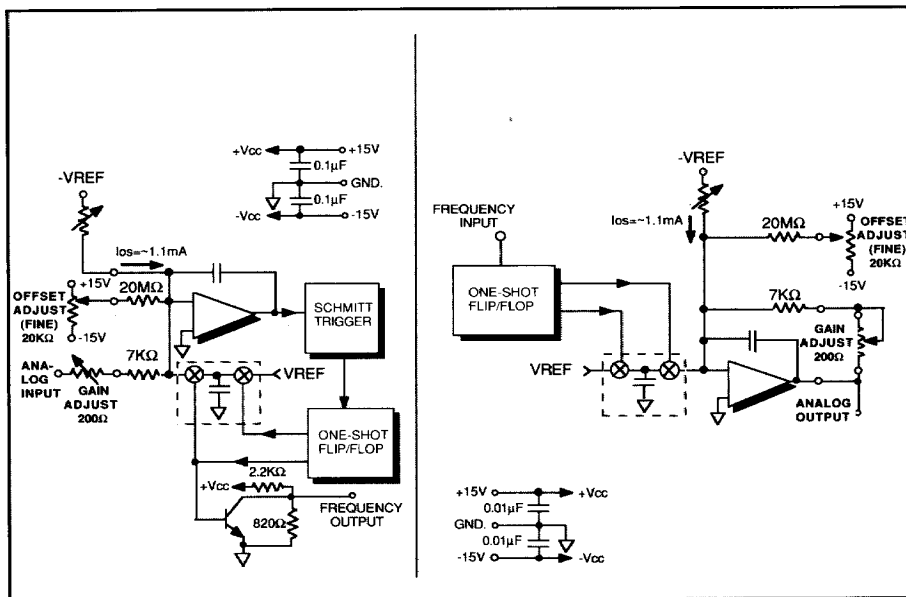


Figure 1. 5501/5502 Block Diagram

FEATURES

- ☐ **Wide Analog Bandwidth**
500kHz
- ☐ **Good Link Linearity**
0.1% End-to-End
- ☐ **Course and Fine Offset Inputs**
Allows bipolar operation
- ☐ **Good Stability**
 $\pm 100\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$ Gain T.C.
- ☐ **Convenient Interfacing**
TTL Compatible
- ☐ **PC-Mounted Module**
 $2.0'' \times 2.0'' \times 0.4''$ Plastic Package

APPLICATIONS

- ☐ **Analog Transmission on Existing Digital Data Links**
- ☐ **Wide Bandwidth Analog Data Links**
- ☐ **Wide Bandwidth, Low Speed A/D Converters**

Specifications

All Specifications Guaranteed at 25°C Unless Otherwise Noted

5501 MODULATOR

ANALOG INPUT

Input Voltage

-10 μ V to -10V,
 $\pm$ 10V with suitable offset voltage

Input Overrange

10% minimum

Maximum Input Voltage

$\pm V_{cc}$ without damage

Input Impedance

7k Ω nominal

OFFSET VOLTAGE INPUT

Input Impedance

Direct to integrator summing node

Offset Adjustment Range

$\pm$ 10V by insertion of $\pm$ 1.4mA into
Course Offset Adjust input

TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

Full Scale Frequency Output (F_{out})

5MHz, +10% overrange

Transfer Function

5MHz($V_{IN}/10V$), $\pm F_{OFFSET}$;

$F_{OFFSET} = -4\text{MHz} \times I_{IN}(\text{in mA})$, where I_{IN}

is applied to the Course Offset Adjust pin

Non-Linearity

$\pm 0.25\%$ FS maximum, dc to 5MHz;

$\pm 0.1\%$ FS maximum, 3.75-5.25MHz

Gain Error

$\pm 1\%$, adjustable to zero

Full Scale Step Response

2 cycles of new frequency plus 2 μ s

Overload Recovery

12 cycles of new frequency

FREQUENCY OUTPUT

Output Pulse Width

100ns $\pm$ 40ns

Logic Levels

Logic 1 ("Low") **Logic 0 ("High")**

<0.4V @ 16mA sink >3.5V

Fanout

100 TTL loads

Short Circuit Protection

Indefinite without damage

STABILITY

(Exclusive of external components)

Gain - Tempco

$\pm 100\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$ FS maximum

Gain - Power Supply Sensitivity

200ppm/% change in supply voltage

Offset - Tempco

50 μ V/ $^\circ\text{C}$ maximum

POWER REQUIREMENTS

+15V, $\pm 5\%$

-15V, $\pm 5\%$

55mA maximum

25mA maximum

Absolute Power Supply Limits

$\pm 13\text{V}$ to $\pm 18\text{V}$

ENVIRONMENTAL AND MECHANICAL

Operating Temperature Range (Rated Performance)

0 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +70 $^\circ\text{C}$

Operating Temperature Range

(50% Derated TC, Linearity and Fanout)

-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$

Storage Temperature

-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +95 $^\circ\text{C}$

Dimensions

2.0"x2.0"x0.4"

Plastic module

5502 DEMODULATOR

FREQUENCY INPUT

Input Pulse Width

30ns minimum, 85ns typical; positive pulse

Logic Levels

Logic 1 ("Low")

Logic 0 ("High")

<0.4V @ 16mA sink

>3.5V

Input Load

1TTL load

TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

Full Scale Frequency Input (F_{IN})

dc to 5MHz, +5% overrange

Transfer Function

-10V($F_{IN}/5\text{MHz}$), $\pm V_{OFFSET}$;

Non-Linearity

$\pm 0.25\%$ FS maximum, dc to 5MHz;

$\pm 0.1\%$ FS maximum, 3.75-5.25MHz

Gain Error

$\pm 1\%$, adjustable to zero

Full Scale Step Response

2 cycles of new frequency plus 2 μ s

Overload Recovery

12 cycles of new frequency

Specifications (continued)

All Specifications Guaranteed at 25°C Unless Otherwise Noted

ANALOG OUTPUT Output Voltage 0V to -10V; ±10V with suitable offset voltage Output Overrange 10% minimum Output Impedance <0.01Ω nominal Ripple Voltage ±500mV typical at carrier frequency; assumes no low pass filter present on output OFFSET VOLTAGE INPUT Input Impedance Direct to integrator summing node Offset Adjustment Range ±10V by insertion of ±1.4mA into Course Offset Adjust input STABILITY (Exclusive of external components) Gain - Tempco ±100ppm/°C FS maximum	Gain - Power Supply Sensitivity 200ppm/% change in supply voltage Offset - Tempco 50μV/°C maximum POWER REQUIREMENTS +15V, ±5% -15V, ±5% 55mA maximum 25mA maximum ENVIRONMENTAL AND MECHANICAL Operating Temperature Range (Rated Performance) 0°C to +70°C Operating Temperature Range (50% Derated TC, Linearity and Fanout) -25°C to +85°C Storage Temperature -25°C to +95°C Dimensions 2.0"x2.0"x0.4" Plastic module
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Using the 5500 Analog Modulator/Demodulator

General Considerations

As with any high precision conversion circuitry, the use of a ground plane is strongly recommended. The layout should be clean, with output pulses routed as far away as possible from the input analog signals. As shown in Figure 1, bypass capacitors should be mounted as close as possible to the power supply pins of the **5501** or **5502**.

Offset and Gain Calibration

The V/F OFFSET adjustment potentiometer should be a 20KΩ, 10-turn unit. With this pot in the circuit, initial offsets of up to ±10mV may be trimmed to zero.

The V/F GAIN adjustment

potentiometer should be a 200Ω, 10-turn unit with a recommended temperature coefficient of 100ppm/°C or better. With this potentiometer in the circuit, initial gain errors of up to ±2% may be trimmed to zero.

To calibrate the **5501**, the offset is adjusted prior to adjusting the gain. With a voltage at the analog input of -10mV signal at V_{IN} , adjust the OFFSET pot until an output frequency of 5.000kHz is obtained at the pin. With a full scale voltage of -10.000V at V_{IN} of the V/F, adjust the gain pot for an output frequency of 5.000MHz. Calibration is now completed.

To calibrate the **5502**, the offset is adjusted prior to adjusting the gain. With a TTL frequency at the input to the **5502** of 5.000kHz, adjust the OFFSET pot until an output voltage of 0.000V is present

on the output pin. With a TTL frequency of 5.000MHz on the input, adjust the GAIN pot until the output voltage equals -10.000V. Please refer to the section entitled "**Low-Pass Filtering Output Ripple**" for additional information.

Grounding

The Analog and Digital grounds are internally connected within the **5501/5502** circuitry.

The use of a ground plane is recommended. If a ground plane is not feasible, then a single-point ground ("star" ground) must be used. Significant performance degradation will result if these grounding schemes are not utilized.

Using the 5500 Analog Modulator/Demodulator (continued)

Low-Pass Filtering of 5502 Output Ripple

The 5502 analog output has an ac component that is composed of the carrier frequency. Unfiltered,

this ripple voltage can be as large as 2Vp-p on a $\pm 10\text{V}$ full scale output. To filter this ripple voltage and maintain the overall link analog bandwidth for the intended application, a capacitor is connected between the OUTPUT and OFFSET

ADJUST pins of the F/V converter. The value of this feedback capacitor is dependent on the bandwidth to be preserved and the required settling time of the receiver circuit. Representative values are given in Table 1.

TABLE 1						
RIPPLE (P-P)						
F_{IN} (IDEAL)	V_{OUT}	$C_F=330\text{pF}$	$C_F=66\text{pF}$	$C_F=33\text{pF}$	$C_F=470\text{pF}/10\text{K}\Omega$	$C_F=33\text{pF}/10\text{K}\Omega$
5kHz	-0.01V	0.6V	2.2V	2.2V	450mV	3.9V
500kHz	-1.00V	0.6V	2.2V	2.2V	450mV	3.9V
1.5MHz	-3.0V	0.6V	1.2V	1.3V	400mV	1.9V
2.5MHz	-5.0V	0.5V	0.8V	0.8V	275mV	0.9V
3.5MHz	-7.0V	0.5V	0.6V	0.6V	200mV	0.6V
5MHz	-10.0V	0.3V	0.4V	0.4V	110mV	0.4V
-3dB Freq., (0V to -10V)		80kHz	470kHz	488kHz	—	—

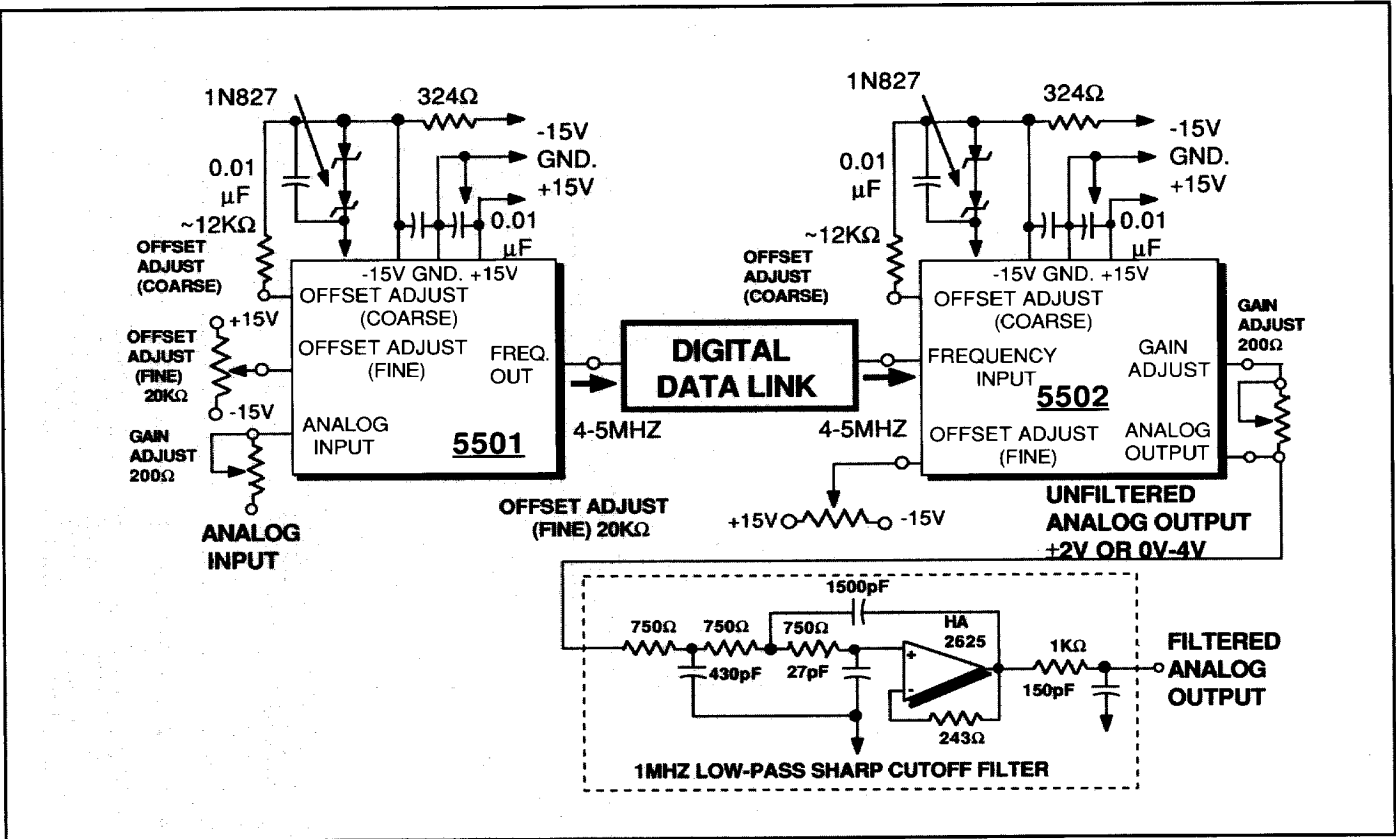
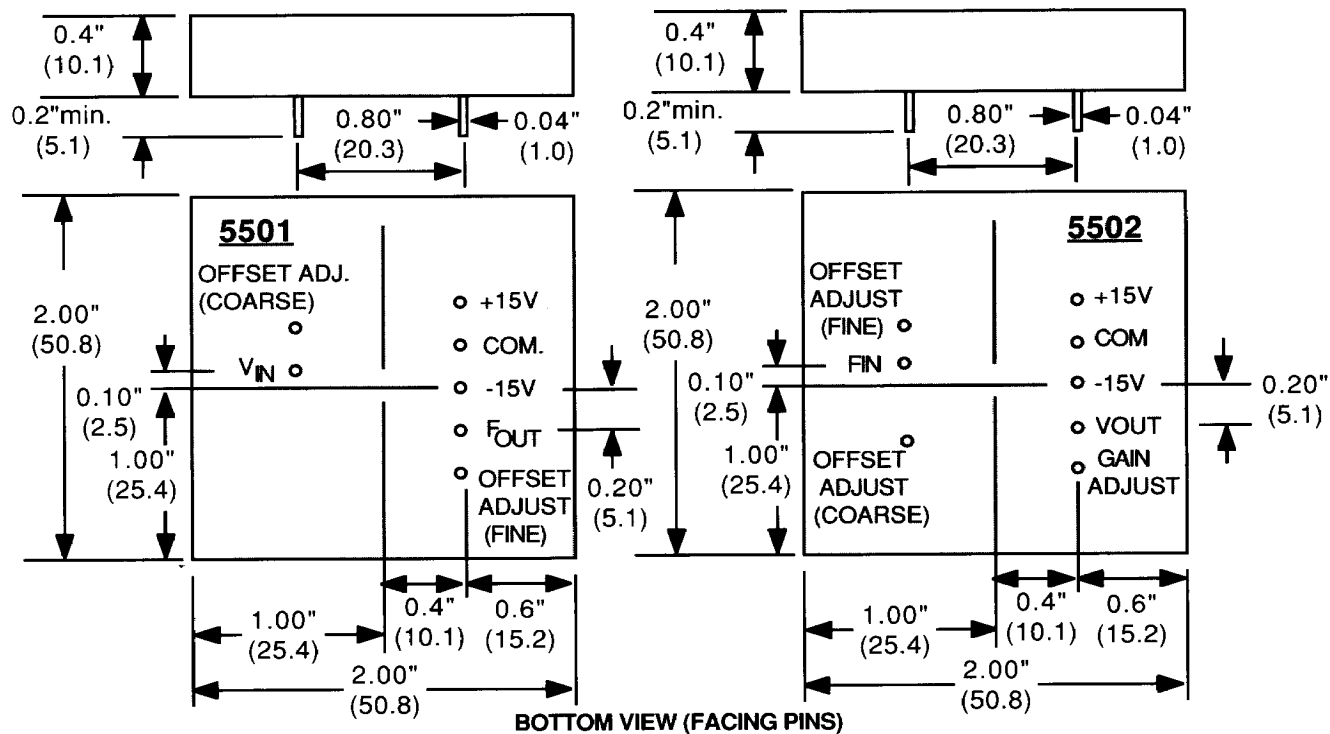


Figure 2. Typical Interconnection Scheme

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Mechanical Dimensions & Pinout

SIDE VIEW



ORDERING INFORMATION	
500kHz Bandwidth, $\pm 0.1\%$ Linearity	Order Model:
Analog Modulator	5501
Analog Demodulator	5502



Printed in U.S.A.

8 Lowell Avenue ☐ Winchester, MA 01890 ☐ 800-225-1151
(617) 729-7870 ☐ TWX: (710) 348-6596 ☐ FAX: (617) 729-1639

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