

54ACTQ/74ACTQ32 Quiet Series Quad 2-Input OR Gate

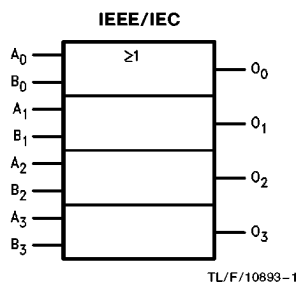
General Description

The 'ACTQ32 contains four, 2-input OR gates and utilizes NSC Quiet Series technology to guarantee quiet output switching and improved dynamic threshold performance. FACT Quiet Series™ features GTO™ output control and undershoot corrector in addition to a split ground bus for superior AC MOS performance.

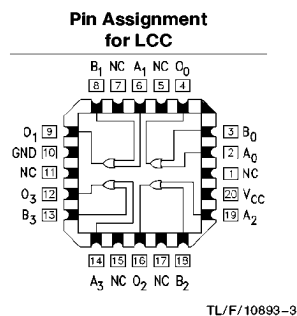
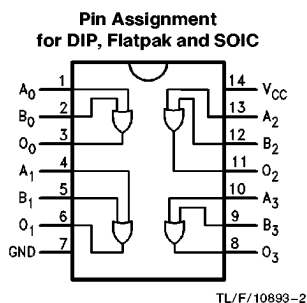
Features

- I_{CC} reduced by 50%
- Guaranteed simultaneous switching noise level and dynamic threshold performance
- Improved latch-up immunity
- Minimum 4 kV ESD protection
- Outputs source/sink 24 mA
- 'ACTQ32 has TTL-compatible inputs
- Standard Military Drawing (SMD)
— 'ACTQ32: 5962-89736

Logic Symbol



Connection Diagrams



Pin Names	Description
A_n, B_n	Inputs
O_n	Outputs

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Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	−0.5V to +7.0V
DC Input Diode Current (I_{IK})	
$V_I = -0.5V$	−20 mA
$V_I = V_{CC} + 0.5V$	+20 mA
DC Input Voltage (V_I)	−0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$
DC Output Diode Current (I_{OK})	
$V_O = -0.5V$	−20 mA
$V_O = V_{CC} + 0.5V$	+20 mA
DC Output Voltage (V_O)	−0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$
DC Output Source or Sink Current (I_O)	±50 mA
DC V_{CC} or Ground Current per Output Pin (I_{CC} or I_{GND})	±50 mA
Storage Temperature (T_{STG})	−65°C to +150°C
DC Latch-up Source or Sink Current	±300 mA
Junction Temperature (T_J)	
CDIP	175°C
PDIP	140°C

Note 1: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. The databook specifications should be met, without exception, to ensure that the system design is reliable over its power supply, temperature, and output/input loading variables. National does not recommend operation of FACT™ circuits outside databook specifications.

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 2)

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	4.5V to 5.5V
'ACTQ	
Input Voltage (V_I)	0V to V_{CC}
Output Voltage (V_O)	0V to V_{CC}
Operating Temperature (T_A)	
74ACTQ	−40°C to +85°C
54ACTQ	−55°C to +125°C
Minimum Input Edge Rate ($\Delta V/\Delta t$)	
'ACTQ Devices	125 mV/ns
V_{IN} from 0.8V to 2.0V	
V_{CC} @ 4.5V, 5.5V	

Note 2: All commercial packaging is not recommended for applications requiring greater than 2000 temperature cycles from −40°C to +125°C.

DC Characteristics for 'ACTQ Family Devices

Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC} (V)	74ACTQ		54ACTQ		74ACTQ		Units	Conditions
			T _A = +25°C		T _A = −55°C to +125°C		T _A = −40°C to +85°C			
			Typ	Guaranteed Limits						
V _{IH}	Minimum High Level Input Voltage	4.5	1.5	2.0	2.0		2.0		V	V _{OUT} = 0.1V or V _{CC} − 0.1V
		5.5	1.5	2.0	2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Maximum Low Level Input Voltage	4.5	1.5	0.8	0.8		0.8		V	V _{OUT} = 0.1V or V _{CC} − 0.1V
		5.5	1.5	0.8	0.8		0.8			
V _{OH}	Minimum High Level Output Voltage	4.5	4.49	4.4	4.4		4.4		V	I _{OUT} = −50 μA
		5.5	5.49	5.4	5.4		5.4			
		4.5		3.86	3.70		3.76		V	*V _{IN} = V _{IL} or V _{IH} −24 mA I _{OH} −24 mA
		5.5		4.86	4.70		4.76			
V _{OL}	Maximum Low Level Output Voltage	4.5	0.001	0.1	0.1		0.1		V	I _{OUT} = 50 μA
		5.5	0.001	0.1	0.1		0.1			
		4.5		0.36	0.50		0.44		V	*V _{IN} = V _{IL} or V _{IH} 24 mA I _{OL} 24 mA
		5.5		0.36	0.50		0.44			
I _{IN}	Maximum Input Leakage Current	5.5		±0.1	±1.0		±1.0		μA	V _I = V _{CC} , GND

*All outputs loaded; thresholds on input associated with output under test.

DC Characteristics for 'ACTQ Family Devices (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC} (V)	74ACTQ		54ACTQ	74ACTQ	Units	Conditions
			T _A = +25°C		T _A = −55°C to +125°C	T _A = −40°C to +85°C		
			Typ	Guaranteed Limits				
I _{CC}	Maximum I _{CC} /Input	5.5	0.6		1.6	1.5	mA	V _I = V _{CC} − 2.1V
I _{OLD}	†Minimum Dynamic Output Current	5.5			50	75	mA	V _{OLD} = 1.65V Max
I _{OHD}		5.5			−50	−75	mA	V _{OHD} = 3.85V Min
I _{CC}	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current	5.5		2.0	40.0	20.0	μA	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND (Note 1)
V _{OLP}	Quiet Output Maximum Dynamic V _{OL}	5.0	1.1	1.5			V	Figures 2-12, 13 (Notes 2, 3)
V _{OLV}	Quiet Output Minimum Dynamic V _{OL}	5.0	−0.6	−1.2			V	Figures 2-12, 13 (Notes 2, 3)
V _{IHD}	Minimum High Level Dynamic Input Voltage	5.0	1.9	2.2			V	(Notes 2, 4)
V _{ILD}	Maximum Low Level Dynamic Input Voltage	5.0	1.2	0.8			V	(Notes 2, 4)

†Maximum test duration 2.0 ms, one output loaded at a time.

Note 1: I_{CC} for 54ACTQ @ 25°C is identical to 74ACTQ @ 25°C.

Note 2: Plastic DIP package.

Note 3: Max number of outputs defined as (n). Data inputs are 0V to 3V. One output @ GND.

Note 4: Max number of data inputs (n) switching. (n−1) inputs switching 0V to 3V ('ACTQ). Input-under-test switching: 3V to threshold (V_{ILD}), 0V to threshold (V_{IHD}), f = 1 MHz.

AC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC} * (V)	74ACTQ			54ACTQ		74ACTQ		Units
			T _A = +25°C C _L = 50 pF			T _A = −55°C to +125°C C _L = 50 pF		T _A = −40°C to +85°C C _L = 50 pF		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay Data to Output	5.0	2.5	6.0	6.5	1.5	7.5	2.5	7.0	ns
t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay Data to Output	5.0	2.5	6.0	6.5	1.5	7.5	2.5	7.0	ns
t _{OSHL} , t _{OSLH}	Output to Output Skew**	5.0		0.5	1.0				1.0	ns

*Voltage Range 5.0 is 5.0V ±0.5V

**Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH to LOW (t_{OSHL}) or LOW to HIGH (t_{OSLH}). Parameter guaranteed by design.

Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Typ	Units	Conditions
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	4.5	pF	V _{CC} = OPEN
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	68	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0V

FACT Noise Characteristics

The setup of a noise characteristics measurement is critical to the accuracy and repeatability of the tests. The following is a brief description of the setup used to measure the noise characteristics of FACT.

Equipment:

Hewlett Packard Model 8180A Word Generator
PC-163A Test Fixture
Tektronics Model 7854 Oscilloscope

Procedure:

1. Verify Test Fixture Loading: Standard Load 50 pF, 500Ω.
2. Deskew the word generator so that no two channels have greater than 150 ps skew between them. This requires that the oscilloscope be deskewed first. Swap out the channels that have more than 150 ps of skew until all channels being used are within 150 ps. It is important to deskew the word generator channels before testing. This will ensure that the outputs switch simultaneously.
3. Terminate all inputs and outputs to ensure proper loading of the outputs and that the input levels are at the correct voltage.
4. Set V_{CC} to 5.0V.
5. Set the word generator to toggle all but one output at a frequency of 1 MHz. Greater frequencies will increase DUT heating and affect the results of the measurement.

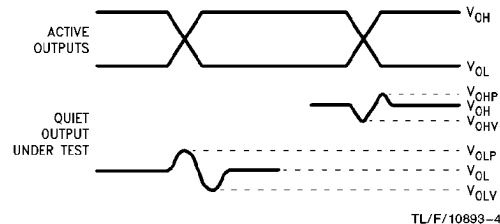


FIGURE 1. Quiet Output Noise Voltage Waveforms

Note A. V_{OHV} and V_{OLP} are measured with respect to ground reference.

Note B. Input pulses have the following characteristics: $f = 1$ MHz, $t_r = 3$ ns, $t_f = 3$ ns, skew < 150 ps.

6. Set the word generator input levels at 0V LOW and 3V HIGH for ACT devices and 0V LOW and 5V HIGH for AC devices. Verify levels with a digital volt meter.

V_{OLP}/V_{OLV} and V_{OHP}/V_{OHV} :

- Determine the quiet output pin that demonstrates the greatest noise levels. The worst case pin will usually be the furthest from the ground pin. Monitor the output voltages using a 50Ω coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- Measure V_{OLP} and V_{OLV} on the quiet output during the HL transition. Measure V_{OHP} and V_{OHV} on the quiet output during the LH transition.
- Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.

V_{ILD} and V_{IHD} :

- Monitor one of the switching outputs using a 50Ω coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- First increase the input LOW voltage level, V_{IL} , until the output begins to oscillate. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V_{IL} limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V_{IH} limits. The input LOW voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V_{ILD} .
- Next increase the input HIGH voltage level on the word generator, V_{IH} until the output begins to oscillate. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V_{IL} limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V_{IH} limits. The input HIGH voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V_{IHD} .
- Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.

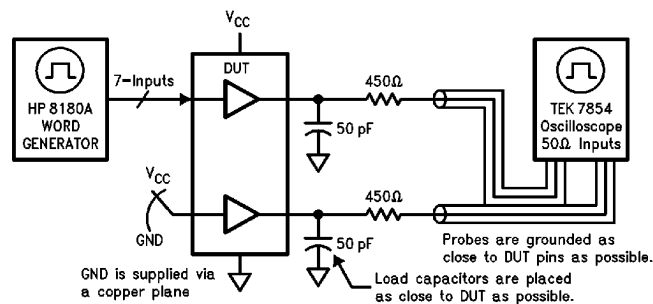
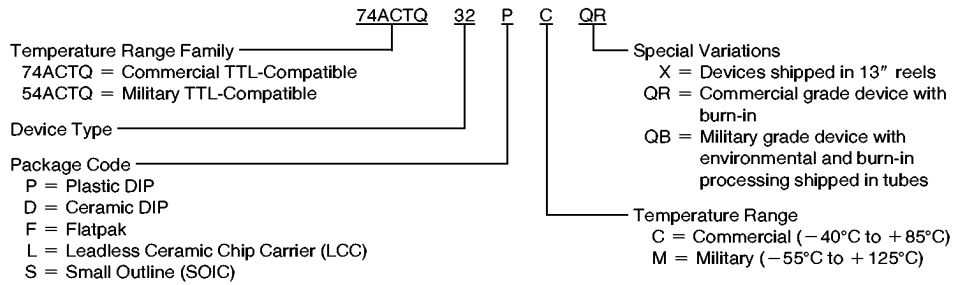


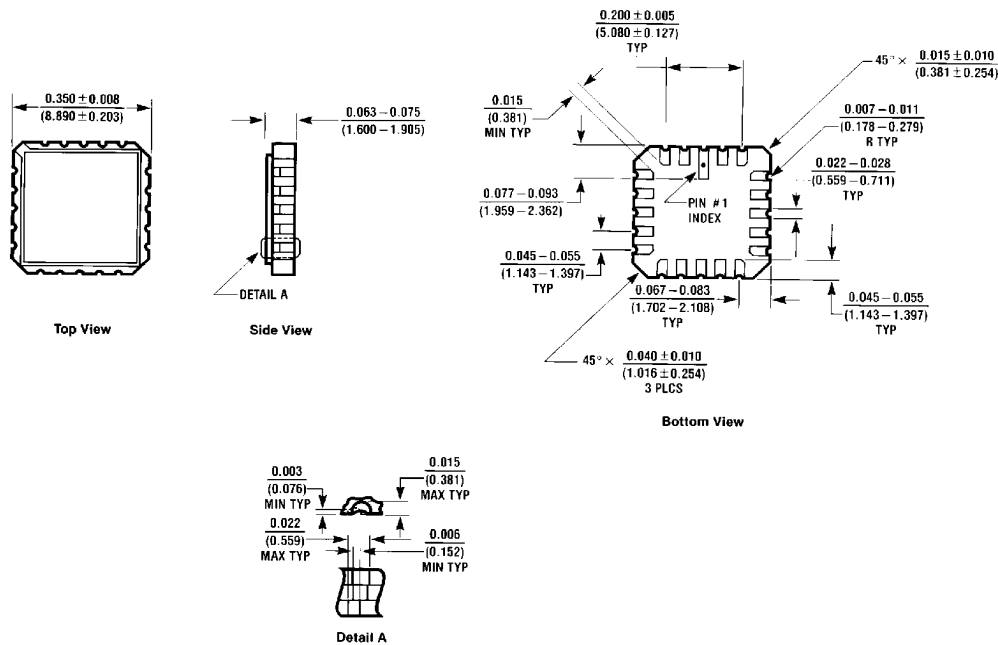
FIGURE 2. Simultaneous Switching Test Circuit

Ordering Information

The device number is used to form part of a simplified purchasing code where the package type and temperature range are defined as follows:



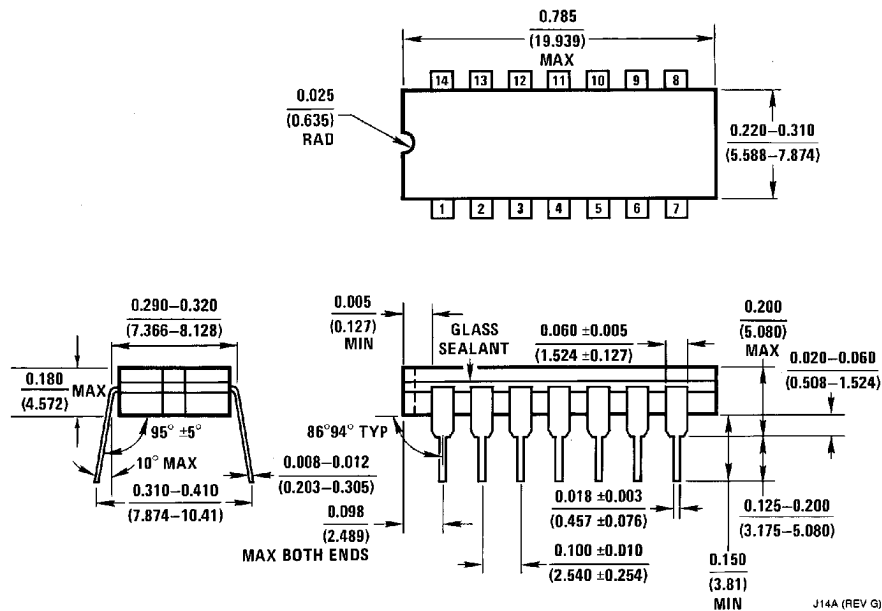
Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters)



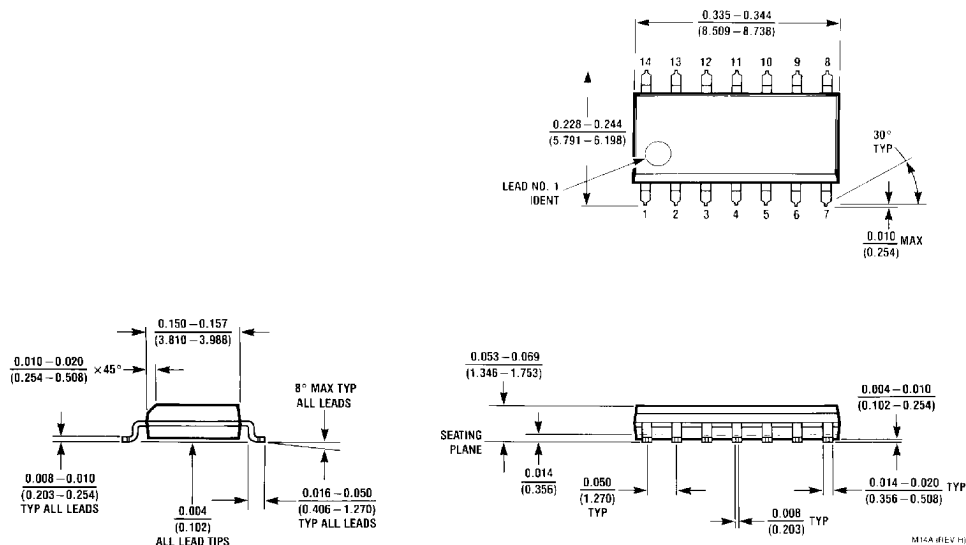
20-Terminal Ceramic Leadless Chip Carrier (L)
NS Package Number E20A

E20A (REV D)

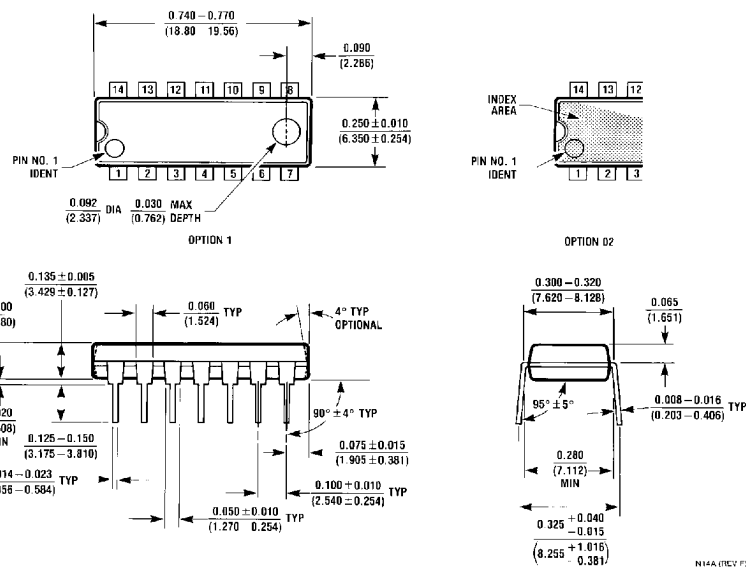
Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)



Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)

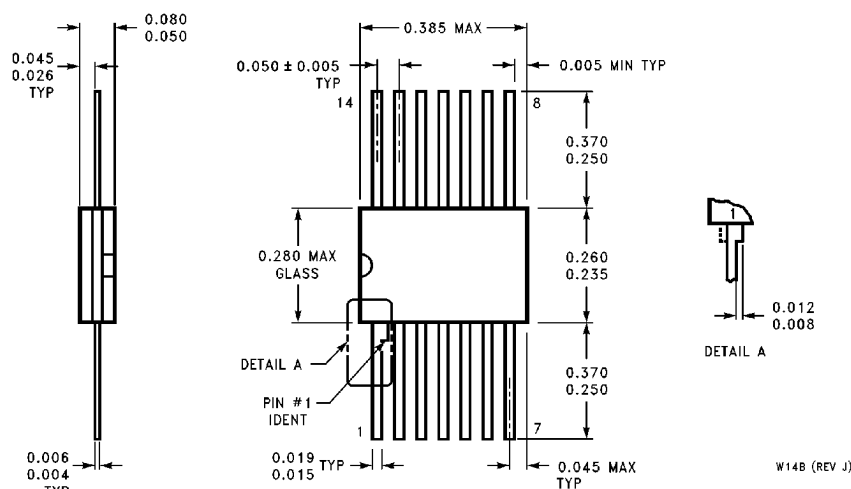


**14-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (S)
NS Package Number M14A**



**14-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (P)
NS Package Number N14A**

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)



14-Lead Ceramic Flatpak (F)
NS Package Number W14B

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