

## OCTAL BUFFER/LINE DRIVER; 3-STATE

## FEATURES

- Output capability: bus driver
- $I_{CC}$  category: MSI

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 74HC/HCT244 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices and are pin compatible with low power Schottky TTL (LSTTL). They are specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC/HCT244 are octal non-inverting buffer/line drivers with 3-state outputs. The 3-state outputs are controlled by the output enable inputs  $1OE$  and  $2OE$ . A HIGH on  $nOE$  causes the outputs to assume a high impedance OFF-state.

The "244" is identical to the "240" but has non-inverting outputs.

## FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUTS |        | OUTPUT |
|--------|--------|--------|
| $nOE$  | $nA_n$ | $nY_n$ |
| L      | L      | L      |
| L      | H      | H      |
| H      | X      | Z      |

H = HIGH voltage level

L = LOW voltage level

X = don't care

Z = high impedance OFF-state

| SYMBOL            | PARAMETER                                                   | CONDITIONS                      | TYPICAL |     | UNIT |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-----|------|
|                   |                                                             |                                 | HC      | HCT |      |
| $t_{PHL}/t_{PLH}$ | propagation delay<br>$1A_n$ to $1Y_n$ ;<br>$2A_n$ to $2Y_n$ | $C_L = 15$ pF<br>$V_{CC} = 5$ V | 9       | 11  | ns   |
| $C_i$             | input capacitance                                           |                                 | 3.5     | 3.5 | pF   |
| CPD               | power dissipation<br>capacitance per buffer                 | notes 1 and 2                   | 35      | 35  | pF   |

$GND = 0$  V;  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_r = t_f = 6$  ns

## Notes

1. CPD is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu\text{W}$ ):

$$P_D = CPD \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

$f_i$  = input frequency in MHz

$f_o$  = output frequency in MHz

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of outputs

$C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF

$V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V

2. For HC the condition is  $V_i = GND$  to  $V_{CC}$

For HCT the condition is  $V_i = GND$  to  $V_{CC} - 1.5$  V

## PACKAGE OUTLINES

20-lead DIL; plastic (SOT146).

20-lead mini-pack; plastic (SO20; SOT163A).

## PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN NO.        | SYMBOL           | NAME AND FUNCTION                |
|----------------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1              | $1OE$            | output enable input (active LOW) |
| 2, 4, 6, 8     | $1A_0$ to $1A_3$ | data inputs                      |
| 3, 5, 7, 9     | $2Y_0$ to $2Y_3$ | bus outputs                      |
| 10             | GND              | ground (0 V)                     |
| 17, 15, 13, 11 | $2A_0$ to $2A_3$ | data inputs                      |
| 18, 16, 14, 12 | $1Y_0$ to $1Y_3$ | bus outputs                      |
| 19             | $2OE$            | output enable input (active LOW) |
| 20             | $V_{CC}$         | positive supply voltage          |

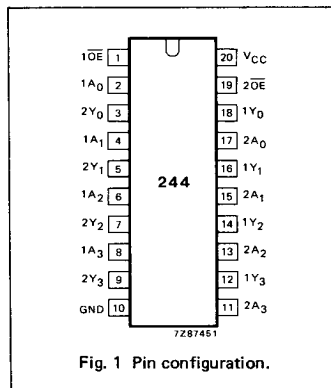


Fig. 1 Pin configuration.

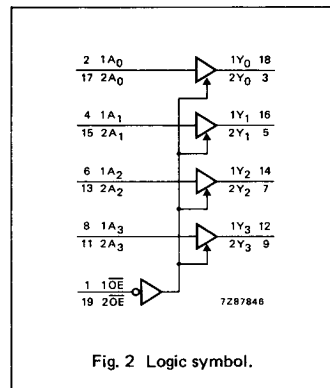


Fig. 2 Logic symbol.

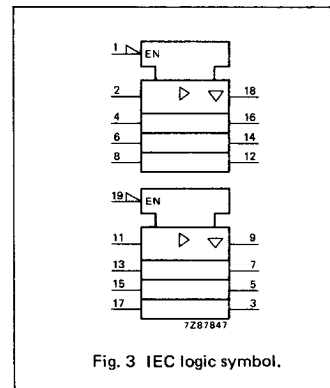


Fig. 3 IEC logic symbol.

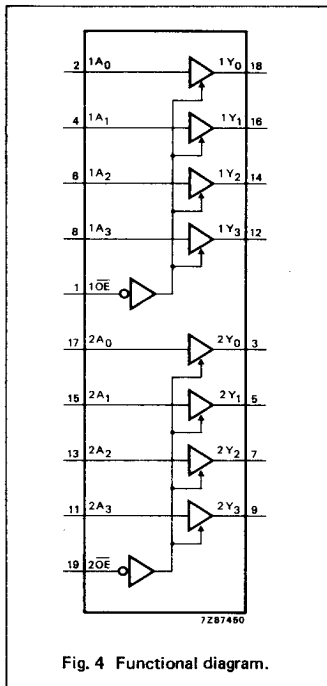


Fig. 4 Functional diagram.

DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

For the DC characteristics see chapter “HCMOS family characteristics”, section “Family specifications”.

Output capability: bus driver  
I<sub>CC</sub> category: MSI

AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

GND = 0 V; t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 6 ns; C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF

| SYMBOL                                 | PARAMETER                                                                                       | T <sub>amb</sub> (°C) |                |                 |            |                 |             |                 | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS      |           |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|------|----------------------|-----------|
|                                        |                                                                                                 | 74HC                  |                |                 |            |                 |             |                 |      | V <sub>CC</sub><br>V | WAVEFORMS |
|                                        |                                                                                                 | +25                   |                |                 | −40 to +85 |                 | −40 to +125 |                 |      |                      |           |
|                                        |                                                                                                 | min.                  | typ.           | max.            | min.       | max.            | min.        | max.            |      |                      |           |
| t <sub>PHL</sub> /<br>t <sub>PLH</sub> | propagation delay<br>1A <sub>n</sub> to 1Y <sub>n</sub> ;<br>2A <sub>n</sub> to 2Y <sub>n</sub> |                       | 30<br>11<br>9  | 110<br>22<br>19 |            | 145<br>28<br>24 |             | 165<br>33<br>28 | ns   | 2.0<br>4.5<br>6.0    | Fig. 5    |
| t <sub>PZH</sub> /<br>t <sub>PZL</sub> | 3-state output enable time<br>1OE to 1Y <sub>n</sub> ;<br>2OE to 2Y <sub>n</sub>                |                       | 36<br>13<br>10 | 150<br>30<br>26 |            | 190<br>38<br>33 |             | 225<br>45<br>38 | ns   | 2.0<br>4.5<br>6.0    | Fig. 6    |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub> /<br>t <sub>PLZ</sub> | 3-state output disable time<br>1OE to 1Y <sub>n</sub> ;<br>2OE to 2Y <sub>n</sub>               |                       | 39<br>14<br>11 | 150<br>30<br>26 |            | 190<br>38<br>33 |             | 225<br>45<br>38 | ns   | 2.0<br>4.5<br>6.0    | Fig. 6    |
| t <sub>THL</sub> /<br>t <sub>TLH</sub> | output transition time                                                                          |                       | 14<br>5<br>4   | 60<br>12<br>10  |            | 75<br>15<br>13  |             | 90<br>18<br>15  | ns   | 2.0<br>4.5<br>6.0    | Fig. 5    |

# DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

For the DC characteristics see chapter "HCMOS family characteristics", section "Family specifications".

Output capability: bus driver

I<sub>CC</sub> category: MSI

## Note to HCT types

The value of additional quiescent supply current ( $\Delta I_{CC}$ ) for a unit load of 1 is given in the family specifications. To determine  $\Delta I_{CC}$  per input, multiply this value by the unit load coefficient shown in the table below.

| INPUT           | UNIT LOAD COEFFICIENT |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 1A <sub>n</sub> | 0.70                  |
| 2A <sub>n</sub> | 0.70                  |
| 1OE             | 0.70                  |
| 2OE             | 0.70                  |

# AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

GND = 0 V; t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 6 ns; C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF

| SYMBOL                                 | PARAMETER                                                                                       | T <sub>amb</sub> (°C) |      |      |            |      |             |      | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS      |           |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|------|------------|------|-------------|------|------|----------------------|-----------|
|                                        |                                                                                                 | 74HCT                 |      |      |            |      |             |      |      | V <sub>CC</sub><br>V | WAVEFORMS |
|                                        |                                                                                                 | +25                   |      |      | −40 to +85 |      | −40 to +125 |      |      |                      |           |
|                                        |                                                                                                 | min.                  | typ. | max. | min.       | max. | min.        | max. |      |                      |           |
| t <sub>PHL</sub> /<br>t <sub>PLH</sub> | propagation delay<br>1A <sub>n</sub> to 1Y <sub>n</sub> ;<br>2A <sub>n</sub> to 2Y <sub>n</sub> |                       | 13   | 22   |            | 28   |             | 33   | ns   | 4.5                  | Fig. 5    |
| t <sub>PZH</sub> /<br>t <sub>PZL</sub> | 3-state output enable time<br>1OE to 1Y <sub>n</sub> ;<br>2OE to 2Y <sub>n</sub>                |                       | 15   | 30   |            | 38   |             | 45   | ns   | 4.5                  | Fig. 6    |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub> /<br>t <sub>PLZ</sub> | 3-state output disable time<br>1OE to 1Y <sub>n</sub> ;<br>2OE to 2Y <sub>n</sub>               |                       | 15   | 25   |            | 31   |             | 38   | ns   | 4.5                  | Fig. 6    |
| t <sub>THL</sub> /<br>t <sub>TLH</sub> | output transition time                                                                          |                       | 5    | 12   |            | 15   |             | 18   | ns   | 4.5                  | Fig. 5    |

## AC WAVEFORMS

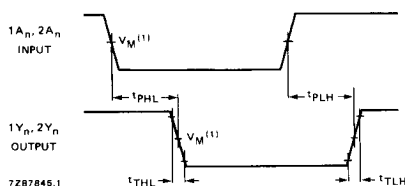


Fig. 5 Waveforms showing the input ( $1A_n$ ,  $2A_n$ ) to output ( $1Y_n$ ,  $2Y_n$ ) propagation delays and the output transition times.

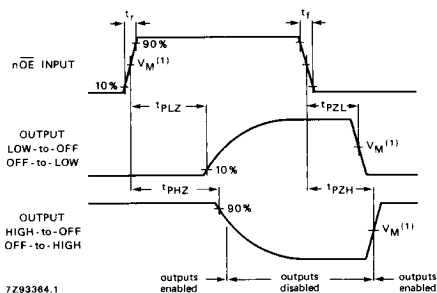


Fig. 6 Waveforms showing the 3-state enable and disable times.

## Note to AC waveforms

- (1) HC :  $V_M = 50\%$ ;  $V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$ .  
HCT:  $V_M = 1.3\text{ V}$ ;  $V_I = \text{GND to } 3\text{ V}$ .