

## OCTAL D-TYPE TRANSPARENT LATCH; 3-STATE; INVERTING

### FEATURES

- 3-state inverting outputs for bus oriented applications
- Common 3-state output enable input
- Output capability: bus driver
- ICC category: MSI

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 74HC/HCT533 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices and are pin compatible with low power Schottky TTL (LSTTL). They are specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC/HCT533 are octal D-type transparent latches featuring separate D-type inputs for each latch and 3-state outputs for bus oriented applications. A latch enable (LE) input and an output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input are common to all latches.

The "533" consists of eight D-type transparent latches with 3-state inverting outputs. When LE is HIGH, data at the  $D_n$  inputs enter the latches. In this condition the latches are transparent, i.e. a latch output will change state each time its corresponding D-input changes.

When LE is LOW the latches store the information that was present at the D-inputs a set-up time preceding the HIGH-to-LOW transition of LE.

When  $\overline{OE}$  is LOW, the contents of the 8 latches are available at the outputs. When  $\overline{OE}$  is HIGH, the outputs go to the high impedance OFF-state. Operation of the  $\overline{OE}$  input does not affect the state of the latches.

The "533" is functionally identical to the "373", "563" and "573", but the "373" and "573" have non-inverted outputs and the "563" and "573" have a different pin arrangement.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYPICAL		UNIT
			HC	HCT	
$t_{PHL}/t_{PLH}$	propagation delay $D_n$ to $\overline{Q}_n$ LE to $\overline{Q}_n$	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$	14 18	16 19	ns ns
$C_I$	input capacitance		3.5	3.5	pF
$C_{PD}$	power dissipation capacitance per latch	notes 1 and 2	34	34	pF

GND = 0 V;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$

### Notes

1.  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu\text{W}$ ):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

$f_i$  = input frequency in MHz       $C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF  
 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz       $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V  
 $\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of outputs

2. For HC the condition is  $V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$   
 For HCT the condition is  $V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC} - 1.5 \text{ V}$

### PACKAGE OUTLINES

20-lead DIL; plastic (SOT146).

20-lead mini-pack; plastic (SO20; SOT163A).

### PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1	$\overline{OE}$	3-state output enable input (active LOW)
2, 5, 6, 9, 12, 15, 16, 19	$\overline{Q}_0$ to $\overline{Q}_7$	3-state latch outputs
3, 4, 7, 8, 13, 14, 17, 18	$D_0$ to $D_7$	data inputs
10	GND	ground (0 V)
11	LE	latch enable input (active HIGH)
20	$V_{CC}$	positive supply voltage

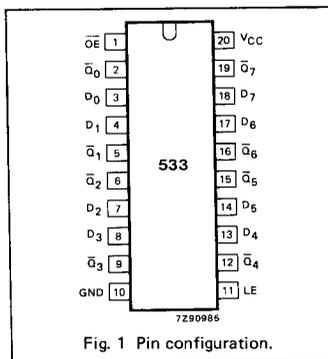


Fig. 1 Pin configuration.

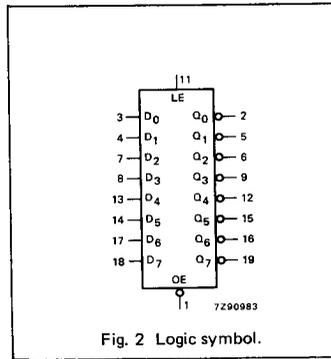


Fig. 2 Logic symbol.

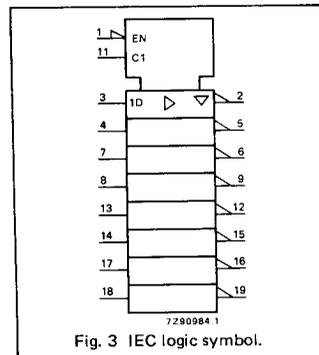
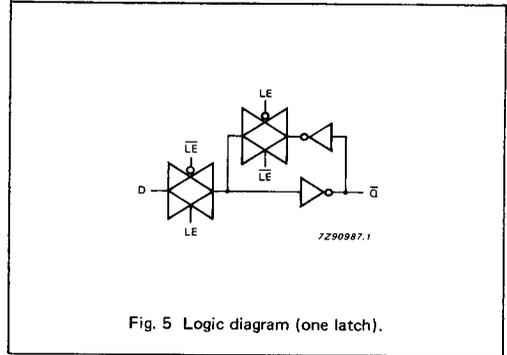
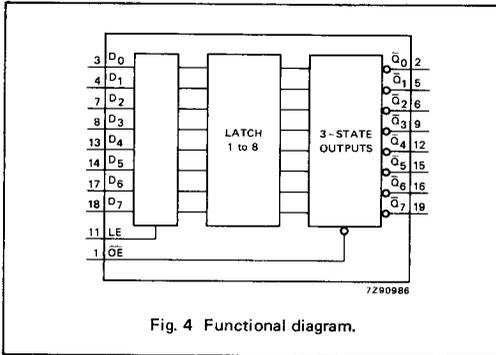


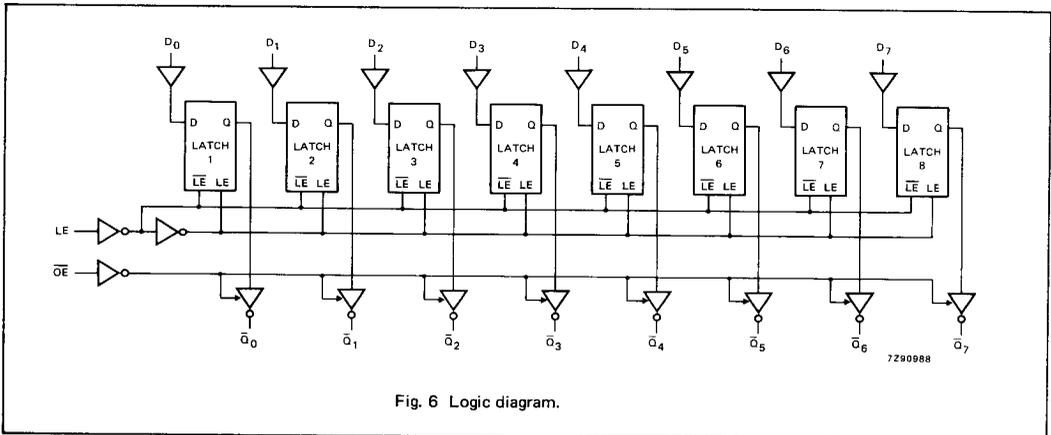
Fig. 3 IEC logic symbol.



FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODES	INPUTS			INTERNAL LATCHES	OUTPUTS $\bar{Q}_0$ to $\bar{Q}_7$
	$\bar{O}E$	LE	$D_n$		
enable and read register. (transparent mode)	L L	H H	L H	L H	H L
latch and read register	L L	L L	l h	L H	H L
latch register and disable outputs	H H	X X	X X	X X	Z Z

H = HIGH voltage level  
h = HIGH voltage level one set-up prior to the HIGH-to-LOW LE transition  
L = LOW voltage level  
l = LOW voltage level one set-up prior to the HIGH-to-LOW LE transition  
X = don't care  
Z = high impedance OFF-state



**DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC**

For the DC characteristics see chapter "HCMOS family characteristics", section "Family specifications".

Output capability: bus driver

I<sub>CC</sub> category: MSI**AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC**GND = 0 V; t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 6 ns; C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	T <sub>amb</sub> (°C)						UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS		
		74HC							V <sub>CC</sub> V	WAVEFORMS	
		+25			-40 to +85		-40 to +125				
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	max.	min.				max.
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay D <sub>n</sub> to $\bar{Q}_n$		47 17 14	150 30 26		190 38 33		225 45 38	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig. 7
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay LE to $\bar{Q}_n$		58 21 17	175 35 30		220 44 37		265 53 45	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig. 8
t <sub>PZH</sub> / t <sub>PZL</sub>	3-state output enable time $\bar{OE}$ to $\bar{Q}_n$		44 16 13	150 30 26		190 38 33		225 45 38	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig. 9
t <sub>PHZ</sub> / t <sub>PLZ</sub>	3-state output disable time $\bar{OE}$ to $\bar{Q}_n$		50 18 14	150 30 26		190 38 33		225 45 38	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig. 9
t <sub>THL</sub> / t <sub>TLL</sub>	output transition time		14 5 4	60 12 10		75 15 13		90 18 15	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig. 7
t <sub>w</sub>	LE pulse width HIGH	80 16 14	14 5 4		100 20 17		120 24 20		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig. 8
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time D <sub>n</sub> to LE	50 10 9	3 1 1		65 13 11		75 15 13		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig. 10
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time D <sub>n</sub> to LE	35 7 6	3 1 1		45 9 8		55 11 9		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig. 10

**DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT**

For the DC characteristics see chapter "HCMOS family characteristics", section "Family specifications".

Output capability: bus driver

I<sub>CC</sub> category: MSI

**Note to HCT types**

The value of additional quiescent supply current ( $\Delta I_{CC}$ ) for a unit load of 1 is given in the family specifications. To determine  $\Delta I_{CC}$  per input, multiply this value by the unit load coefficient shown in the table below.

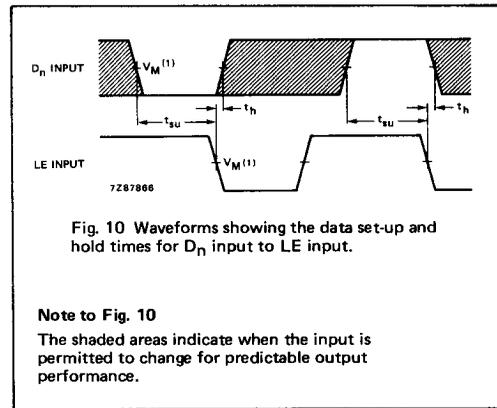
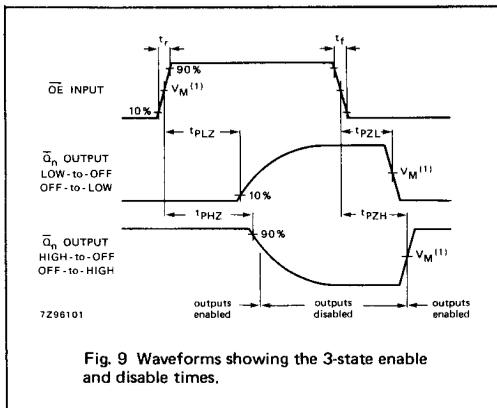
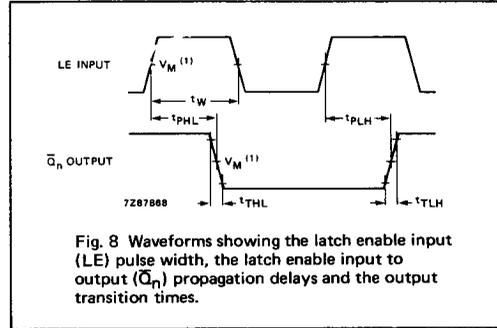
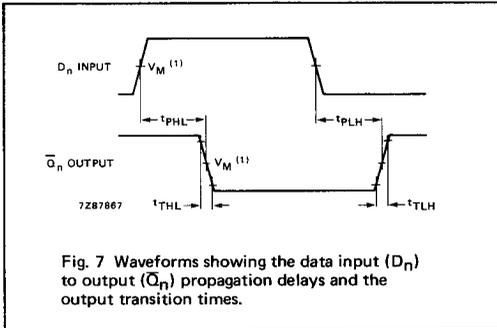
INPUT	UNIT LOAD COEFFICIENT
D <sub>n</sub>	0.15
LE	0.30
OE	0.55

**AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT**

GND = 0 V; t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 6 ns; C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	T <sub>amb</sub> (°C)						UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS		
		74HCT							V <sub>CC</sub> V	WAVEFORMS	
		+25			-40 to +85		-40 to +125				
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	max.	min.				max.
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay D <sub>n</sub> to $\bar{Q}_n$		19	34		43		51	ns	4.5	Fig. 7
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay LE to $\bar{Q}_n$		22	38		48		57	ns	4.5	Fig. 8
t <sub>PZH</sub> / t <sub>PZL</sub>	3-state output enable time $\bar{OE}$ to $\bar{Q}_n$		19	35		44		53	ns	4.5	Fig. 9
t <sub>PHZ</sub> / t <sub>PLZ</sub>	3-state output disable time $\bar{OE}$ to $\bar{Q}_n$		18	30		38		45	ns	4.5	Fig. 9
t <sub>THL</sub> / t <sub>TLH</sub>	output transition time		5	12		15		18	ns	4.5	Fig. 7
t <sub>W</sub>	LE pulse width HIGH	16	5		20		24		ns	4.5	Fig. 8
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time D <sub>n</sub> to LE	10	3		13		15		ns	4.5	Fig. 10
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time D <sub>n</sub> to LE	8	2		10		12		ns	4.5	Fig. 10

AC WAVEFORMS



Note to AC waveforms

- (1) HC :  $V_M = 50\%$ ;  $V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$ .
- HCT:  $V_M = 1.3 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_I = \text{GND to } 3 \text{ V}$ .

Note to Fig. 10

The shaded areas indicate when the input is permitted to change for predictable output performance.