

10-bit transparent latch with 5-volt tolerant inputs/outputs; damping resistor; 3-state

74LVC2841A
74LVCH2841A

FEATURES

- 5-volt tolerant inputs/outputs, for interfacing with 5-volt logic.
- Wide supply voltage range of 2.7 V to 3.6 V
- In accordance with JEDEC standard no. 8-1A.
- Inputs accept voltages upto 5.5 V
- CMOS low power consumption
- Direct interface with TTL levels
- Flow-through pin-out architecture
- Bushold on all data inputs (LVCH2841A only).
- Integrated 30Ω damping resistor.

DESCRIPTION

The 74LVC(H)2841A is a low-power, low-voltage, Si-gate CMOS device and superior to most advanced CMOS compatible TTL families.

Inputs can be driven from either 3.3 V or 5 V devices. In 3-state operation, outputs can handle 5 V. This feature allows the use of these devices as translators in a mixed 3.3 V/5 V environment. The 74LVC(H)2841A is an 10-bit transparent latch featuring separate D-type inputs for each latch and 3-state outputs for bus oriented applications. A latch enable (LE) input and an output enable (\overline{OE}) input are common to all internal latches. The '2841' consists of ten transparent latches with 3-state true outputs. When LE is HIGH, data at the D_n inputs enters the latches. In this condition the latches are transparent, i.e. a latch output will change each time its corresponding D-input changes. When LE is LOW the latches store the information that was present at the D-inputs a set-up time preceding the HIGH-to-LOW transition of LE. When \overline{OE} is LOW, the contents of the ten latches are available at the outputs.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

$GND = 0 \text{ V}$; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $t_c = t_i \leq 2.5 \text{ ns}$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYPICAL	UNIT
$t_{\text{PHL}}/t_{\text{PLH}}$	propagation delay D_n to Q_n ; LE to Q_n	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ $V_{\text{CC}} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	4.3 4.6	ns
C_I	input capacitance		5.0	pF
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance per latch	notes 1 and 2	23	pF

Notes to the quick reference data

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{\text{PD}} \times V_{\text{CC}}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{\text{CC}}^2 \times f_o)$$
 where:
 f_i = input frequency in MHz; C_L = output load capacity in pF;
 f_o = output frequency in MHz; V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;
 $\sum (C_L \times V_{\text{CC}}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs.
2. The condition is $V_i = GND$ to V_{CC} .

ORDERING INFORMATION

TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGES			
	PINS	PACKAGE	MATERIAL	CODE
74LVC(H)2841AD	24	SO24	plastic	SOT137-1
74LVC(H)2841ADB	24	SSOP24	plastic	SOT340-1
74LVC(H)2841APW	24	TSSOP24	plastic	SOT355-1

PINNING

PIN	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1	\overline{OE}	output enable input (active LOW)
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	D_0 to D_9	data inputs
23, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14	Q_0 to Q_9	3-state latch outputs
12	GND	ground (0 V)
13	LE	latch enable input (active HIGH)
24	V_{CC}	positive supply voltage

When \overline{OE} is HIGH, the outputs go to the high impedance OFF-state. Operation of the \overline{OE} input does not affect the state of the latches.

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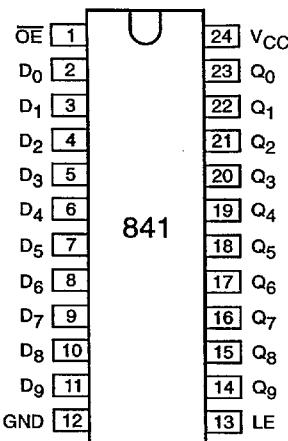


Fig.1 Pin configuration.

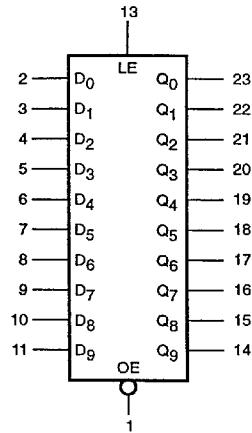


Fig.2 Logic symbol.

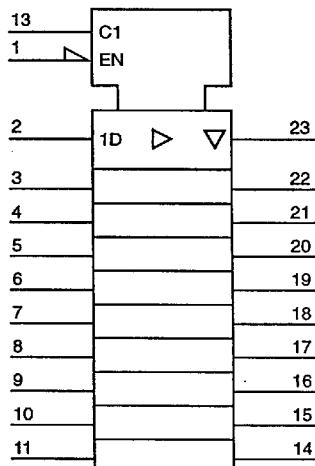


Fig.3. IEC logic symbol.

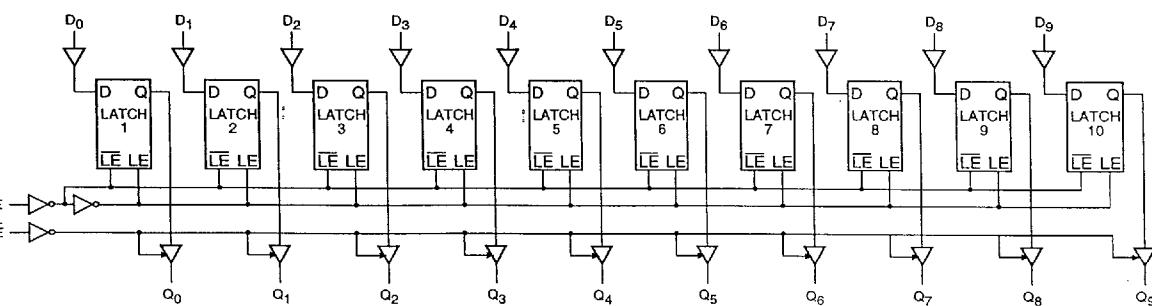


Fig.4 Logic diagram.

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FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODES	INPUTS			INTERNAL LATCHES	OUTPUTS Q_0 to Q_8
	\overline{OE}	LE	D_n		
enable and read register (transparent mode)	L L	H H	L H	L H	L H
latch and read register	L L	↓ ↓	I h	L H	L H
latch register and disable outputs	H H	X X	I h	L H	Z Z
hold	L	L	X	NC	NC

H = HIGH voltage level

h = HIGH voltage level one set-up time prior to the HIGH-to-LOW LE transition

L = LOW voltage level

i = LOW voltage level one set-up time prior to the HIGH-to-LOW LE transition

X = don't care

Z = high impedance OFF-state

NC = no change

DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74LVC(H)2841A

For the DC characteristics see chapter "LVC(H)-A family characteristics", section "Family specifications".

AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74LVC(H)2841AGND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f \leq 2.5$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	T_{amb} ($^{\circ}$ C)			UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS		
		-40 to +85				V_{cc} (V)	WAVEFORMS	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.				
t_{PHL}/t_{PLH}	propagation delay D_n to Q_n	- 1.5 1.5	- - -	- 9.5 8.5	ns	1.2 2.7 3.0 to 3.6	Figs 5, 9	
t_{PHL}/t_{PLH}	propagation delay LE to Q_n	- 1.5 1.5	- - -	- 10 9.0	ns	1.2 2.7 3.0 to 3.6	Figs 6, 9	
t_{PZH}/t_{PZL}	3-state output enable time \overline{OE} to Q_n	- 1.5 1.5	- - -	- 9.5 9.0	ns	1.2 2.7 3.0 to 3.6	Figs 7, 9	
t_{PHZ}/t_{PLZ}	3-state output disable time \overline{OE} to Q_n	- 1.5 1.5	- - -	- 8.5 8.0	ns	1.2 2.7 3.0 to 3.6	Figs 7, 9	
t_w	LE pulse width HIGH	- -	3.0 3.0*	- -	ns	2.7 3.0 to 3.6	Fig.8	
t_{su}	set-up time D_n to LE	1.0 1.0	0.2 0.2*	- -	ns	2.7 3.0 to 3.6	Fig.8	
t_h	hold time D_n to LE	1.0 1.0	0 0*	- -	ns	2.7 3.0 to 3.6	Fig.8	

Notes: All typical values are measured at $T_{amb} = 25$ $^{\circ}$ C.* Typical values are measured at $V_{cc} = 3.3$ V.

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AC WAVEFORMS

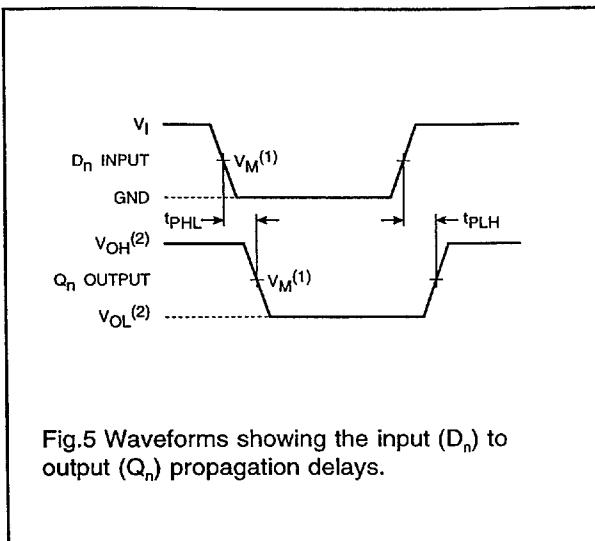


Fig.5 Waveforms showing the input (D_n) to output (Q_n) propagation delays.

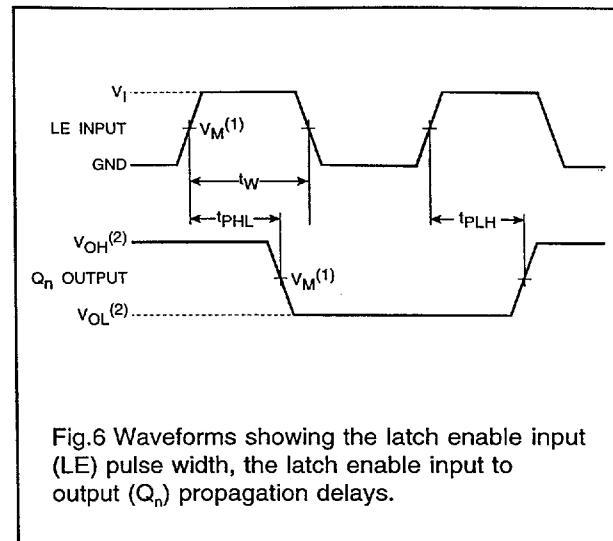


Fig.6 Waveforms showing the latch enable input (LE) pulse width, the latch enable input to output (Q_n) propagation delays.

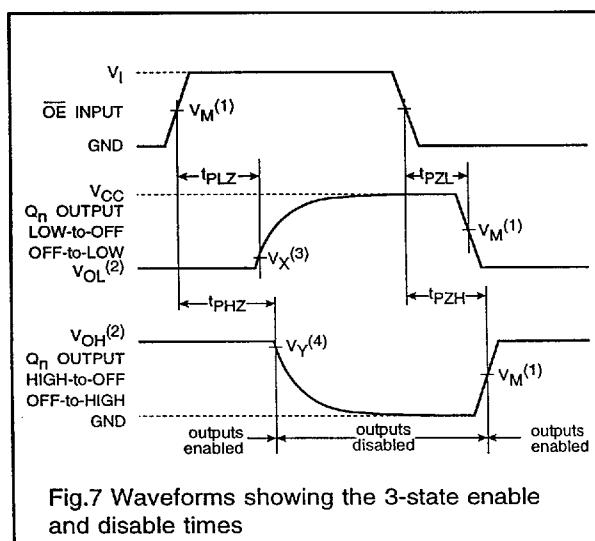


Fig.7 Waveforms showing the 3-state enable and disable times

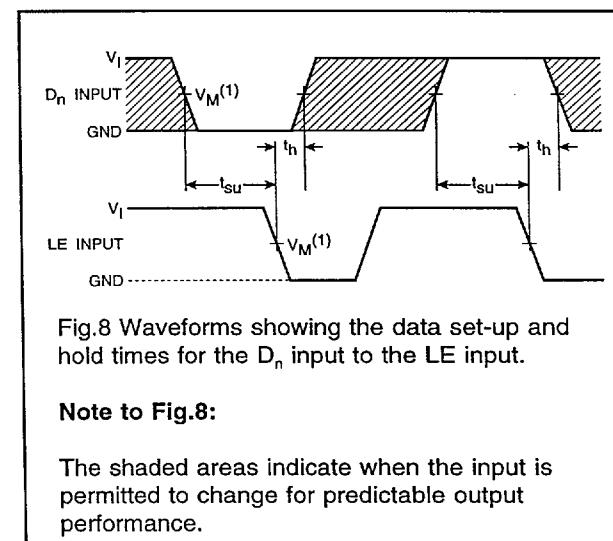


Fig.8 Waveforms showing the data set-up and hold times for the D_n input to the LE input.

Note to Fig.8:

The shaded areas indicate when the input is permitted to change for predictable output performance.

- Notes:**
- (1) $V_M = 1.5 \text{ V}$ at $V_{CC} \geq 2.7 \text{ V}$
 $V_M = 0.5 \cdot V_{CC}$ at $V_{CC} < 2.7 \text{ V}$
 - (2) V_{OL} and V_{OH} are the typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load
 - (3) $V_X = V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$ at $V_{CC} \geq 2.7 \text{ V}$
 $V_X = V_{OL} + 0.1 \cdot V_{CC}$ at $V_{CC} < 2.7 \text{ V}$
 - (4) $V_Y = V_{OH} - 0.3 \text{ V}$ at $V_{CC} \geq 2.7 \text{ V}$
 $V_Y = V_{OH} - 0.1 \cdot V_{CC}$ at $V_{CC} < 2.7 \text{ V}$

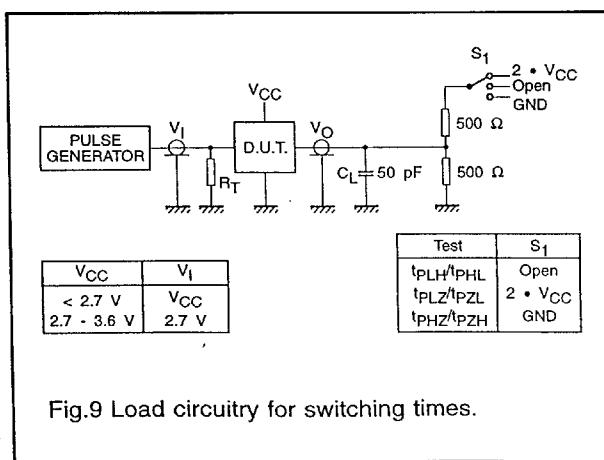


Fig.9 Load circuitry for switching times.