PC851X

PC851X

High Collector-emitter Voltage Type Photocoupler

* Lead forming type (I type) and taping reel type (P type) are also available. (PC851XI/PC851XP)

■ Features

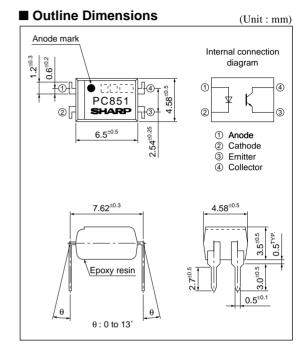
- 1. High collector-emitter voltage (V_{CEO}:350V)
- 2. High isolation voltage between input and output (V_{iso (rms)}:5kV)
- 3. Compact dual-in-line package
- 4. Recognized by UL, file No. E64380 (model No.PC851)

■ Applications

- 1. Telephones
- 2. Modems
- 3. Facsimiles
- 4. Set-top Boxes

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (T _a =25°C)						
	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit		
Input	Forward current	I_F	50	mA		
	*1 Peak forward current	I_{FM}	1	A		
	Reverse voltage	V _R	6	V		
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW		
	Collector-emitter voltage	V _{CEO}	350	V		
Output	Emitter-collector voltage	V _{ECO}	6	V		
	Collector current	I_{C}	50	mA		
	Collector power dissipation	P _C	150	mW		
	Total power dissipation	P _{tot}	200	mW		
*2 Isolation voltage		V _{iso (rms)}	5	kV		
Operating temperature		Topr	-25 to+100	°C		
	Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +125	°C		
*3	Soldering temperature	T _{sol}	260	°C		

^{*1} Pulse width≤100µs, Duty ratio:0.001



^{*2 40} to 60% RH, AC for 1 minute

^{*3} For 10s

■ Electro-optical Characteristic

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Parameter			Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage		V_F	$I_F=20mA$	-	1.2	1.4	V
	Reverse current		I_R	$V_R=4V$	-	-	10	μΑ
	Terminal capacitance		C_t	V=0, f=1kHz	_	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark current		I_{CEO}	$V_{CE}=200V, I_{F}=0$	_	-	1	μΑ
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage		BV_{CEO}	$I_{C}=0.1 \text{mA}, I_{F}=0$	350	-	-	V
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage		BV_{ECO}	$I_{E}=10\mu A, I_{F}=0$	6	-	-	V
	Collector current		I_C	$I_F=5mA$, $V_{CE}=5V$	2	4	-	mA
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		$V_{\text{CE (sat)}}$	$I_F=20\text{mA}, I_C=1\text{mA}$	_	0.1	0.3	V
	Isolation resistance		$R_{\rm ISO}$	DC500V, 40 to 60%RH	5×10 ¹⁰	1011	-	Ω
	Floating capacitance		$C_{\rm f}$	V=0, f=1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF
	Cut-off frequency		f_c	$V_{CE}=5V, I_{C}=2mA, R_{L}=100\Omega, -3dB$	_	50	-	kHz
	Response time	Rise time	t_r	V_{CE} =2V, I_C =2mA, R_L =100 Ω	_	4	10	μs
		Fall time	$t_{\rm f}$		_	5	12	μs

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient **Temperature**

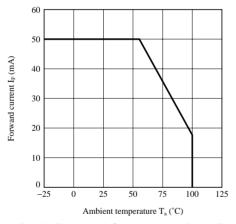


Fig.3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

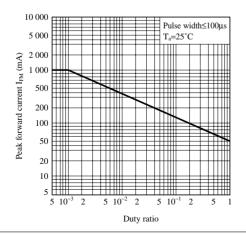


Fig.2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. **Ambient Temperature**

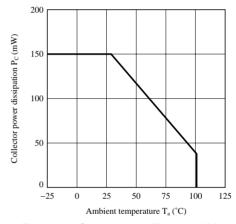


Fig.4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

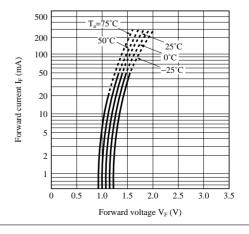


Fig.5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

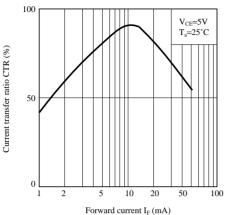


Fig.7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

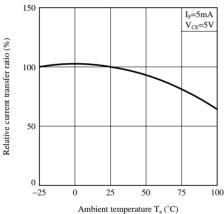


Fig.9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

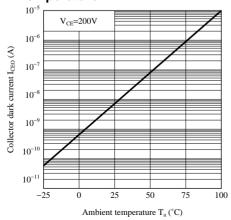


Fig.6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

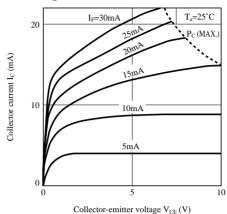


Fig.8 Collector - emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

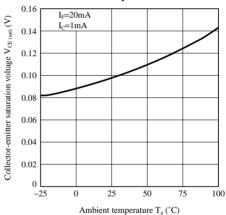


Fig.10 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current

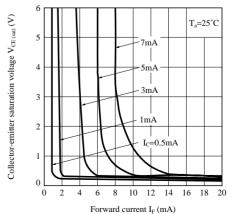


Fig.11 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

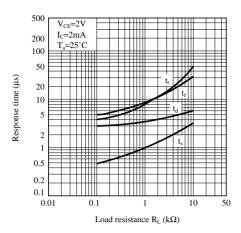
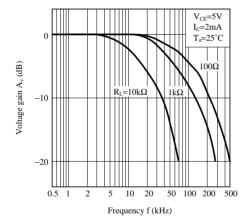
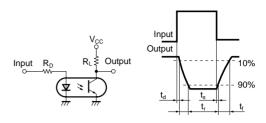


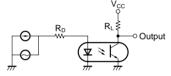
Fig.12 Frequency Response



Test Circuit for Response Time



Test Circuit for Frequency Response



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