

SLIM, SPACE-SAVING RELAY TERMINAL FOR 4-POINT OUTPUT



FEATURES

- 33 mm 1.299 inchwide space-saving type, with four independent points on a base measuring 33 × 67 mm 1.299×2.638 inch. Contributes to con-
- trol panel and device downsizing.
- Equipped with PA relays with highsensitivity twin contacts and Au-caldding.

Equipped with 5 mm .197 inch wide PA relays. The PA relays feature high sensitivity (12 V type: 120 mW, 24 V type: 180 mW) and twin contacts with Au-cladding, which combine to ensure high reliability even with minute loads.

- RT-3 UNIT RELAY (PA Relay type)
 - Can be used mounted on a DIN rail or mounted directly (by screw).
 - Equipped with an LED display to allow easy confirmation of operation.
 - Incorporates a surge absorber.
 Incorporates an absorber circuit for coil surges. This protects the circuitry of the controller and prevents operation errors.
 - Relay installation and removal can be easily accomplished with the removal key accessory.
 - Includes a cover as standard equipment for increased safety.

TYPES

| Туре | Rated input voltage | Part No. | Packing quantity | |
|----------|---------------------|----------|------------------|--------------|
| | | | Inner carton | Outer carton |
| PA relay | 12 V DC | RT3S-12V | 10 pcs. | 100 500 |
| | 24 V DC | RT3S-24V | | Too pes. |

Notes: 1. Cannot be equipped with Power PhotoMOS standard type relays. However, equipping with voltage sensitive type of Power PhotoMOS relays (AQZOOD) is possible.

2.5 V DC units are also available. Please consult us.

RATINGS

1. Input ratings (per PA relay)

| Part No. | Rated input voltage | Input current (at rated input voltage, 20°C 68°F) (approx.) | Allowable variation of rated input voltage (-20 to +55°C -4 to +131°F) |
|----------|---------------------|--|---|
| RT3S-12V | 12 V DC | 11.5 mA (Relay 10 mA + LED 1.5 mA) | 12 V DC ± 10% |
| RT3S-24V | 24 V DC | 10.5 mA (Relay 7.5 mA + LED 3 mA) | 24 V DC ± 10% |

2. Relay coil specifications (per PA relay) (ref. value)

| Relay part No. | Rated coil voltage | Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial) | Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial) | 10% Coil resistance (±10%) (at 20°C 68°F) | Rated comsumption power |
|----------------|--------------------|--|---|---|-------------------------|
| PA1a-12V | 12 V DC | less than 70% | more than 5% | 1,200 Ω ±10% | 120 mW |
| PA1a-24V | 24 V DC | of nominal voltage | of nominal voltage | 3,200 Ω ±10% | 180 mA |

3. Output ratings (per PA relay)

| Specification | Item | Performance | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Contact rating | Rated control capacity (resistive load) | 2 A 250 V AC, 2 A 30 V DC | |
| | Maximum allowable contact power (resistive load) | 500 VA (AC), 60 W (DC) | |
| | Maximum allowable contact voltage | 250 V AC, 30 V DC | |
| | Maximum allowable contact current | 2 A | |
| | Minimum load (ref. value) | 100 mV 100 μA | |
| Expected life (Min. operations) | Electrical (resistive load) | 10 ⁵ : 2 A 250V AC 10 ⁵ : 2 A 30V DC 3 × 10 ⁵ : 1 A 250V AC 3 × 10 ⁵ : 1 A 30V DC | |
| | Mechanical (at 180 cpm) | 2 × 10 ⁷ | |

PERFORMANCE

| ltem | | Performance | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Breakdown voltage | Between input and output | 2,000 Vrms for 1 min. | |
| | Between different terminals (between relays, both ways) | 1,500 Vrms for 1 min. | |
| Insulation resistance | | Min. 100 MΩ (Using 500 V DC megger) | |
| Vibration resistance | destructive | 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude 1 mm .039 inch | |
| | functional | 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude 1 mm .039 inch | |
| Shock resistance | destructive | Min. 196 m/s² {20G} | |
| | functional | Min. 98 m/s ² {10G} | |
| Ambient temperature | | −20°C to +55°C −4°F to +131°F | |
| Ambient humidity | | 35% to 85% R.H. (Not condensing) | |
| Storage temperature | | -30°C to +80°C -22°F to +176°F (Not freezing and condensing) | |
| Terminal screw fasten torque | | 0.3 to 0.5 Nm {3 to 5 kgf·cm} | |
| Coil surge absorber | | Diode (1 A, 400 V) | |
| Cross connection protecting diode | | 1.5 A, inverse voltage 40 V | |
| Weight | | Approx. 100 g 3.53 oz | |

Notes: 1. The value of breakdown voltage and insulation resistance is the initial one.

2. Condensing occurs when the unit relay is exposed to sudden temperature change in a high temperature and high humidity atmosphere. This may cause some troubles like insulation failure of the socket or the print circuit board. Take care under this condition

3. Below 0°C 32°F, condensing water can freeze and cause socket contact failures and other problems. Take care under this condition.

2. Life curve per relay (output)

DATA

1. Maximum value for switching capacity per relay (output)





DIMENSIONS



General tolerance $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$



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TERMINAL BLOCK

We recommend using wire-pressed terminals for connection to the terminal portion.

• Applicable electrical wire

- 0.25 to 1.65 mm² .01 to .065 inch
- Applicable wire-pressed terminals



ACCESSORIES

Short circuit plate

Use when you want to bridge terminals. For the external dimensions, see the Options section for —4-point Unit Relay (Power PhotoMOS Relay Type).—







CAUTIONS FOR USE

1. Operating environment

1) Keep the product as far way as possible from power cables, high tension equipment, power equipment, equipment with transmitting devices such as amateur radios, or equipment which generates a large switching surge.

2) The main unit is made of resin; therefore, do not use it in areas where it may come in contact with (or be exposed to) organic solvents such as benzine, thinner, and alcohol, or strong alkaline substances such as ammonia and caustic soda.
3) Do not use the product in areas where it may be exposed to flammable gases, corrosive gases, excessive dust, or moisture, or areas where it may be subjected to strong vibration or shock.

2. Dropping

If a unit is dropped be sure to check its external appearance and characteristics before using it.

3. Installing and removing the module

1) Firmly insert the module into the socket with the terminals going in the direction of the blade receptacles.

2) The module can be easily removed using the removal key.

(1) Insert the removal key into the socket slots.



(2) Pull the removal key up to remove the module.

mm inch

4. Wiring and circuit configuration

1) Perform wiring according to the internal schematic. Take care not to make any mistakes.

2) We recommend the use of wirepressed terminals for connection to the terminal portion.

3) When the load is inductive, we recommend adding a diode or surge absorber at both ends of the load.

5. Installation

1) Perform mounting hole cutout according to the panel cutout drawings.

2) When installing the unit on a DIN rail, use the DIN rail locking lever on the side of the unit. Installation is accomplished by simply fitting the unit onto the rail and pressing gently.



3) To remove the unit from the DIN rail, use a flat head screwdriver to pull out the DIN rail locking lever.



6. Transporting and storage

1) If the product is subjected to extreme vibration while being transported, the relays may become detached, the lead may become bent, and the unit may become damaged. Handle the inner and outer boxes with care.

2) If the product is stored in an extremely adverse environment, visible defects and deterioration of performance characteristics may result. We recommend the following storage conditions.

- Temperature: 5 to 30°C 41 to 86°F
- Humidity: Max. 60% R.H.
- Environment: No hazardous substances such as sulfurous acid gases and little dust.

7. When equipped with Power Photo-MOS relay voltage drive type

Since the Power PhotoMOS relay voltage drive type does not require the currentcontrolling resistance on the input side, it can be used together with PA relays on 4point unit relays (PA relay types) or RT-2 relay terminals.

When connecting Power PhotoMOS relay voltage drive types, since it will be a close connection, it will be necessary to be careful of load currents. Be sure to refer to the information given regarding load currents and ambient temperature characteristics in the precautions given for use of RT-2 relay terminals.