

2 Watt Cellular T/R and Antenna Changeover Switch

DC - 2.0 GHz

SW-358, 359A

V2.00

Features

- Low Cost Plastic SSOP-8 Package¹
- Both Positive and/or Negative 3 to 10 V Control
- Low Insertion Loss: 0.4 dB
- Very High Intercept Point: 55 dBm IP₃
- Very Low Power Consumption: 50μW
- For AMPS, NAMPS, ETACS, NMT, GSM, PCN, PDC, and DECT Applications

Description

The SW-358³ and SW-359A⁴ are GaAs MMIC SPDT switches in low cost SSOP 8-lead surface mount plastic packages.

These switches are ideally suited for use where very low distortion and low loss are required. The SW-358 and the SW-359A can be operated with negative, positive, or a combination of positive/negative control voltages. Typical application is an internal/external antenna select switch for portable telephones and data radios. In addition, because of its low loss, good isolation and inherent speed, the SW-358 can be used as a conventional T/R switch, or as an antenna diversity switch. Both switches can be used for power applications up to 2 watts in systems such as cellular, PCM, GSM, and other analog/digital wireless communication systems.

The SW-358 and SW-359A are fabricated with monolithic GaAs MMICs using a mature 1 micron process. The process features full passivation for increased performance and reliability.

Electrical Specifications, T_A = +25°C

Parameter	Test Conditions	Units	SW-358			SW-359A		
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
Insertion Loss	DC - 0.5 GHz	dB		0.35	0.4		0.35	0.4
	DC - 1.0 GHz	dB		0.45	0.6		0.45	0.6
	DC - 2.0 GHz	dB		1.0	1.2		1.0	1.2
Isolation	DC - 0.5 GHz	dB	20	23		20	23	
	DC - 1.0 GHz	dB	15	17		15	17	
	DC - 2.0 GHz	dB	8	10		8	10	
VSWR	DC - 1.0 GHz			1.2:1	1.4:1		1.2:1	1.4:1
	DC - 2.0 GHz			1.6:1	1.8:1		1.6:1	1.8:1
Trise, Tfall Ton, Toff Transients	10%-90% RF, 90% - 10% RF	nS		38			38	
	50% Control to 90% RF, 50% Control to 10% RF	nS		42			42	
	In-Band	mV		30			30	
1 dB Compression	Input Power, (5V Supply/Control)	0.9 GHz		35			35	
	Input Power, (8V Supply/Control)	0.9 GHz		37			37	
Input IP ₃	2-Tone, 5 MHz spacing, +10 dBm (+13 dBm total)	0.9 GHz		55			55	
Input IP ₂	2-Tone, 5 MHz spacing, +10 dBm (+13 dBm total)	0.9 GHz		98			98	
T/R Intermodulation Products ⁵	TX Tone +30 dBm @ 830 MHz (5V Supply/Control)	dBm		-45			-45	
	RX Spurious +10 dBm @ 785 MHz (8.5V Supply/Control)	dBm		-78			-78	

1. Available in Tape and Reel packaging.

2. All specifications apply when operated with bias voltages of 0 and 5V at 1 GHz in a 50 ohm system, unless otherwise specified

3. SW-358 replaces SW-031.

4. SW-359A replaces SW-030.

5. See diagram on following page for test set up.

Specifications Subject to Change Without Notice.

M/A-COM, Inc.

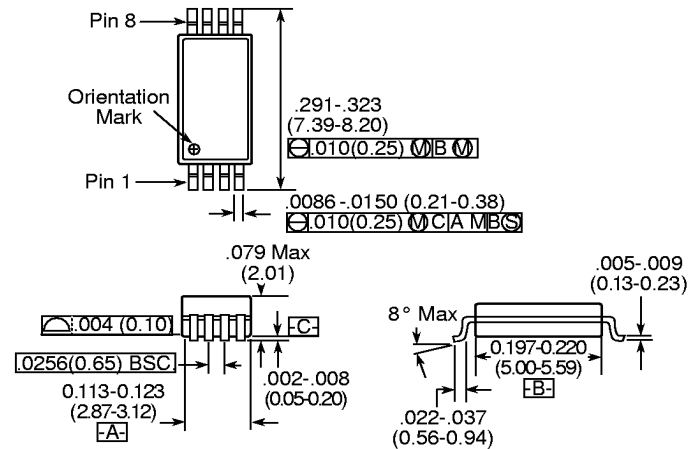
North America: Tel. (800) 366-2266
Fax (800) 618-8883

Asia/Pacific: Tel. +81 (03) 3226-1671
Fax +81 (03) 3226-1451

Europe: Tel. +44 (1344) 869 595
Fax +44 (1344) 300 020

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SSOP-8



Dimensions in () are in mm.
Unless otherwise noted:
.xxx = ± 0.010 (.xx = ± 0.25)

Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Parameter	Absolute Maximum
Max. Input Power (0.5 - 2.5GHz)	
3 V Control and Supply	+34dBm
5 V Control and Supply	+37dBm
9 V Control and Supply	+40dBm
Power Dissipation	1.0W
Operating Temperature	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Thermal Resistance ²	$\theta_{jc} = 87^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

Note: 1. Operation of this device above any one of these parameters may cause permanent damage.
2. Thermal resistance is given for $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$. Tcase is the temperature of leads 1 and 4.

Ordering Information

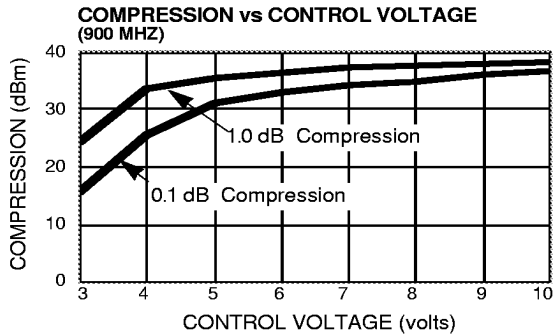
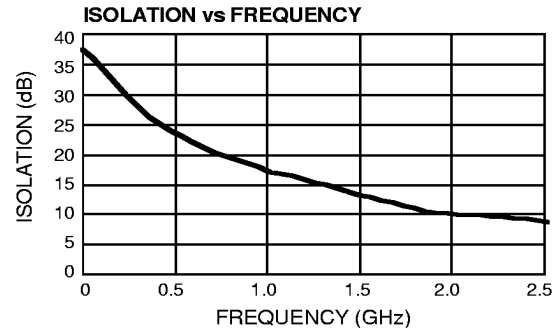
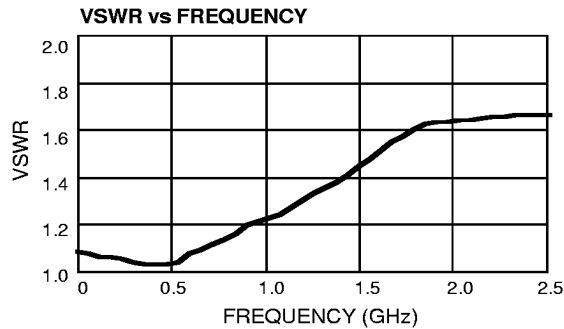
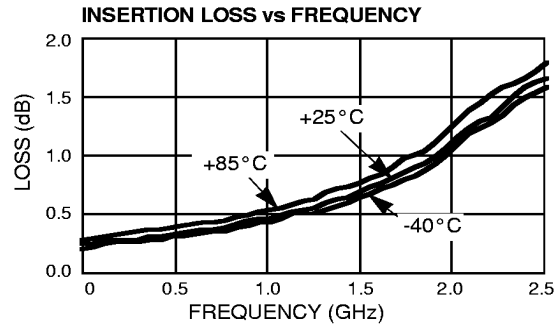
Part Number	Package
SW-358 PIN	SSOP 8 Lead Plastic
SW-358TR	Forward Tape & Reel*
SW-358RTR	Reverse Tape & Reel*
SW-359A PIN	SSOP 8 Lead Plastic
SW-359ATR	Forward Tape & Reel*
SW-359ARTR	Reverse Tape & Reel*

* If Specific reel size is required, consult factory for part number assignment.

Two Tone IP₃ Measurements

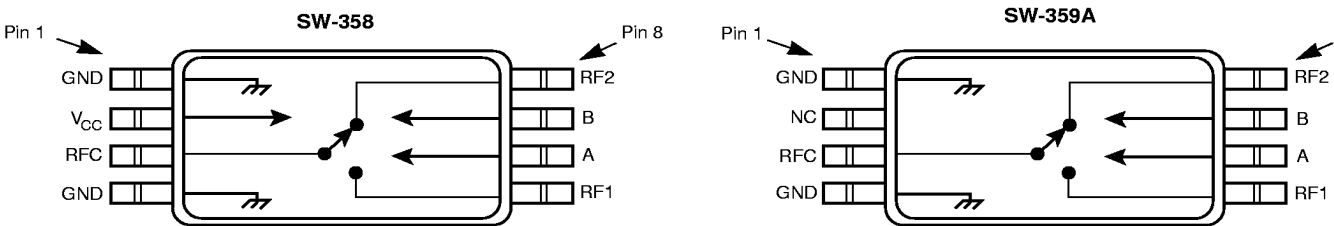
Supply & Control Voltage	Input Power (dBm)	3rd Order Intermodulation Products (dBc)	IP ₃ (dBm)	Second Harmonic (dBc)
0, 3 V	+27	-33	+43	-54
0, 5 V	+27	-38	+46	-63
0, 8 V	+27	-66	+60	-65
0, 10 V	+27	-65	+60	-67
0, 3 V	+28	-33	+45	-55
0, 5 V	+28	-35	+45	-63
0, 8 V	+28	-64	+60	-68
0, 10 V	+28	-63	+60	-66
0, 3 V	+29	-32	+45	-51
0, 5 V	+29	-36	+47	-64
0, 8 V	+29	-62	+60	-67
0, 10 V	+29	-63	+61	-67
0, 3 V	+30	-33	+46	-51
0, 5 V	+30	-31	+45	-59
0, 8 V	+30	-54	+57	-67
0, 10 V	+30	-62	+61	-67

Typical Performance @ +25°C



Specifications Subject to Change Without Notice.

Functional Schematics



SW-358 Voltage Selection Truth Table

Mode	V _{CC}	Control Input A	Control Input B	RFC - RF1	RFC - RF2
Positive Control and Supply ¹	+3 to +8.5 V	0 ±0.2 V V _{CC} ±0.2 V	V _{CC} ±0.2 V 0 ±0.2 V	On Off	Off On
Positive Supply and Positive/Negative Control ^{1,2}	+3 to +8.5 V	-V V _{CC}	V _{CC} -V	On Off	Off On
Negative Control ³	0 V (GND)	0 ±0.2 V -3 V -8.5 V	-3 V to -8.5 V 0 ±0.2 V	Off On	On Off

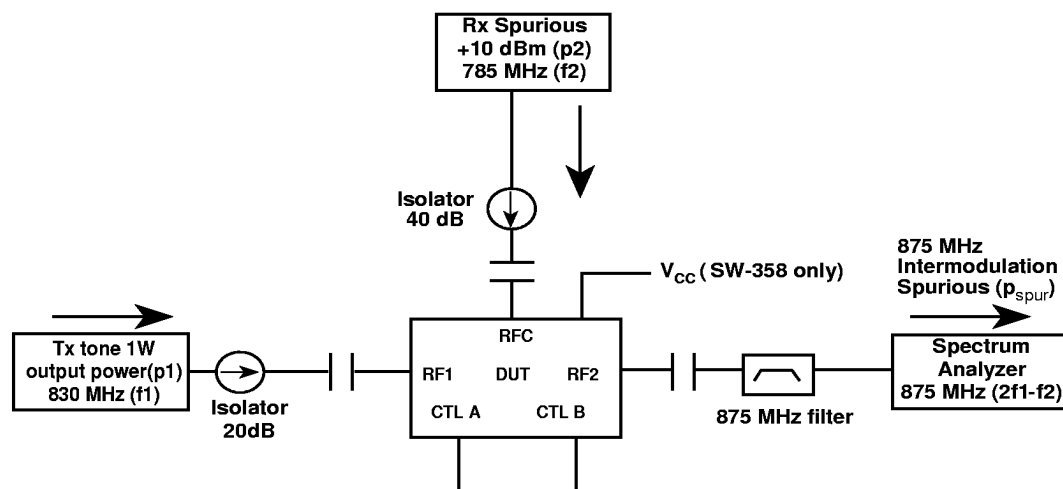
Note: 1. External DC blocking capacitors are required on all RF ports.
2. $| -V | + V_{CC} \leq 8.5$ volts.
3. If negative control is used, DC blocking capacitors are not required on the RF ports.

SW-359A Voltage Selection Truth Table

Mode	Control Input A	Control Input B	RFC - RF1	RFC - RF2
Positive Control ¹	0 ±0.2 V +3 to +8.5 V	+3 to +8.5 V 0 ±0.2 V	On Off	Off On
Positive/Negative Control ^{1,2}	-V +V	+V -V	On Off	Off On
Negative Control ³	0 ±0.2 V -3 V to -8.5 V	-3 V to -8.5 V 0 ±0.2 V	Off On	On Off

Note: 1. External DC blocking capacitors are required on all RF ports.
2. $| -V | + V \leq 8.5$.
3. If negative control is used, DC blocking capacitors are not required on the RF ports.

T/R Intermodulation Products Test Set-Up



This set-up tests the intermodulation product at the receiver frequency of 875 MHz generated by the intermodulation of the 1W Tx signal at 830 MHz (f_1) and a Rx spurious at 785 MHz (f_2). A +10 dBm spurious signal is used in order to overcome measurement sensitivity.

To calculate the intermodulation product, at the RF2 port, for a different Tx power level (p_1) and a different Rx spurious level (p_2),

use the following formula:

$$P_{\text{spur}} (@ \text{RF2}) = (2p_1 + p_2) - 148 \text{ dBm}$$

To calculate the intermodulation product, at the RF1 port, for a different Tx power level (p_1) and a different Rx spurious level (p_2), use the following formula:

$$P_{\text{spur}} (@ \text{RF1}) = (2p_1 + p_2) - 130 \text{ dBm}$$