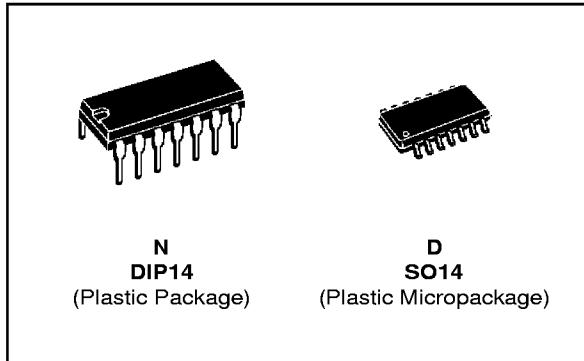


RAIL TO RAIL CMOS DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER (WITH STANDBY POSITION)

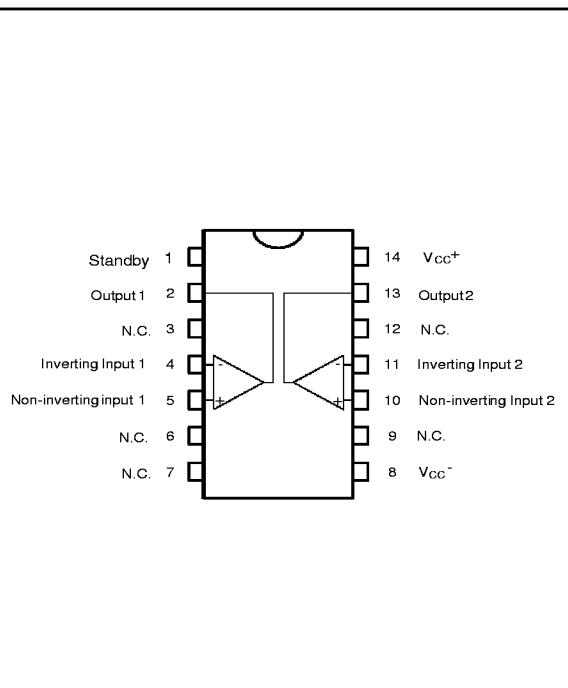
- RAIL TO RAIL INPUT AND OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANGES
- STANDBY POSITION : REDUCED CONSUMPTION ($0.5\mu A$) AND HIGH IMPEDANCE OUTPUTS
- SINGLE (OR DUAL) SUPPLY OPERATION FROM **2.7V TO 16V**
- EXTREMELY LOW INPUT BIAS CURRENT : **1pA TYP**
- SPECIFIED FOR **600Ω** AND **100Ω** LOADS
- LOW SUPPLY CURRENT : **200μA/Ampli**
- SPICE MACROMODEL INCLUDED IN THIS SPECIFICATION



ORDER CODES

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package	
		N	D
TS902I/AI	-40, +125°C	•	•

PIN CONNECTIONS (top view)



DESCRIPTION

The TS902 is a RAIL TO RAIL dual CMOS operational amplifier designed to operate with single or dual supply voltage.

The input voltage range V_{icm} includes the two supply rails V_{cc^+} and V_{cc^-} .

The output reaches ($V_{cc} = 5V$) :

- $V_{cc^-} +50mV \quad V_{cc^+} -50mV$ with $R_L = 10k\Omega$
- $V_{cc^-} +350mV \quad V_{cc^+} -400mV$ with $R_L = 600\Omega$

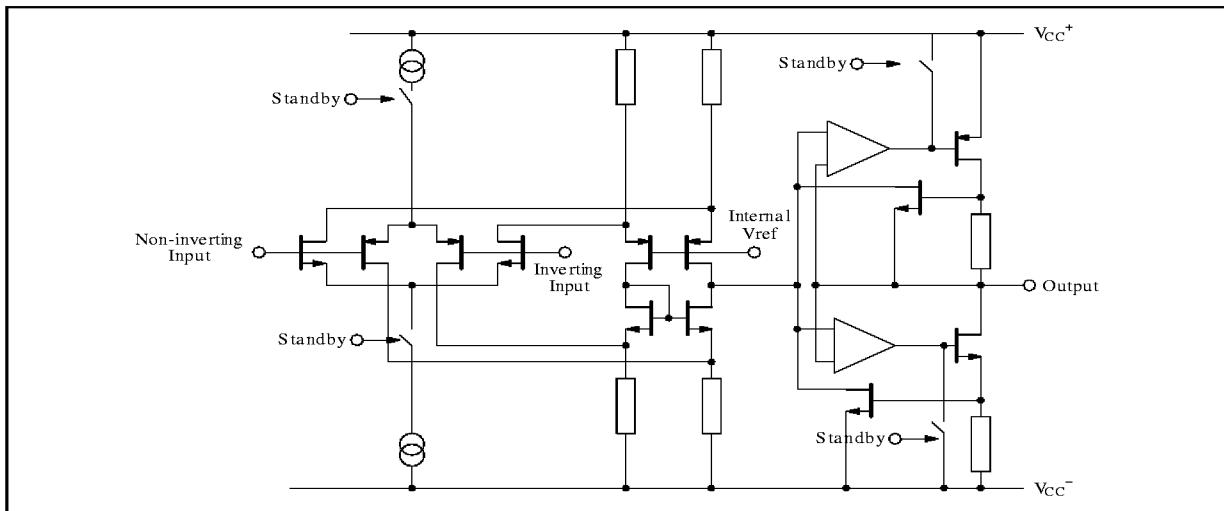
This product offers a broad supply voltage operating range from 2.7V to 16V and a supply current of only $200\mu A/\text{amp.}$ ($V_{cc} = 3V$).

Source and sink output current capability is typically 40mA (at $V_{cc} = 3V$), fixed by an internal limitation circuit.

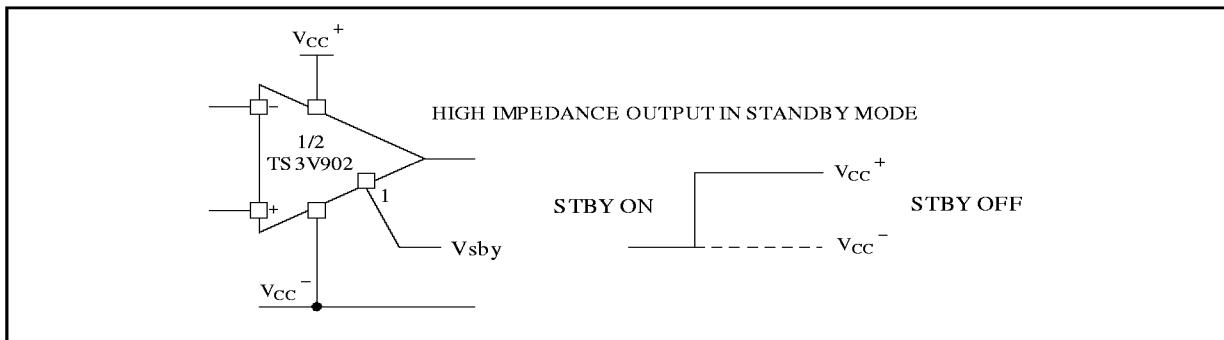
The TS902 can be put on STANDBY position (only $0.5\mu A$ and high impedance outputs).

STMicroelectronics is offering a quad op-amp with the same features : TS904.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (1/2 TS902)



STANDBY POSITION



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage - (note 1)	18	V
V_{id}	Differential Input Voltage - (note 2)	± 18	V
V_i	Input Voltage - (note 3)	-0.3 to 18	V
I_{in}	Current on Inputs	± 50	mA
I_o	Current on Outputs	± 130	mA
T_{oper}	Operating Free Air Temperature Range TS902I/AI	-40 to +125	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

Notes :

1. All voltage values, except differential voltage are with respect to network ground terminal.
2. Differential voltages are the non-inverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.
3. The magnitude of input and output voltages must never exceed $V_{CC}^+ + 0.3V$.

OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	2.7 to 16	V
V_{icm}	Common Mode Input Voltage Range	$V_{CC}^- - 0.2$ to $V_{CC}^+ + 0.2$	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC^+} = 3V$, $V_{CC^-} = 0V$, R_L, C_L connected to $V_{CC}/2$, Standby OFF, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$
(unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	TS902I/AI			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{io}	Input Offset Voltage ($V_{ic} = V_o = V_{CC}/2$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	TS902 TS902A TS902 TS902A		10 5 12 7	mV
DV_{io}	Input Offset Voltage Drift		5		$\mu V/^\circ C$
I_{io}	Input Offset Current - (note 1) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		1	100 200	pA
I_{ib}	Input Bias Current - (note 1) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		1	150 300	pA
I_{cc}	Supply Current (per amplifier, $A_{VCL} = 1$, no load) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		200	300 400	μA
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio $V_{ic} = 0$ to $3V$, $V_o = 1.5V$		60		dB
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ($V_{CC^+} = 2.7$ to $3.3V$, $V_o = V_{CC}/2$)		80		dB
A_{vd}	Large Signal Voltage Gain ($R_L = 10k\Omega$, $V_o = 1.2V$ to $1.8V$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	3 2	10		V/mV
V_{OH}	High Level Output Voltage ($V_{id} = 1V$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$ $R_L = 100\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$	2.9 2.2 2.7 2	2.97	V
V_{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage ($V_{id} = -1V$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$ $R_L = 100\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$		30 250 900	100 600 150 900
I_o	Output Short Circuit Current ($V_{id} = \pm 1V$) Source ($V_o = V_{CC^-}$) Sink ($V_o = V_{CC^+}$)		40 40		mA
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product ($A_{VCL} = 100$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $f = 100kHz$)			0.7	MHz
SR	Slew Rate ($A_{VCL} = 1$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $V_i = 1.3V$ to $1.7V$)			0.5	V/ μs
φ_m	Phase Margin		30		Degrees
e_n	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage ($R_s = 100\Omega$, $f = 1kHz$)		30		$\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$

Note 1 : Maximum values including unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial test.

STANDBY MODE

$V_{CC^+} = 3V$, $V_{CC^-} = 0V$, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	TS902I/AI			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{inSBY/ON}$	Pin 1 Threshold Voltage for STANDBY ON		1.2		V
$V_{inSBY/OFF}$	Pin 1 Threshold Voltage for STANDBY OFF		1.2		V
$I_{cc SBY}$	Total Consumption in Standby Position (STANDBY ON)		0.5		μA



TS902

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC^+} = 5V$, $V_{CC^-} = 0V$, R_L, C_L connected to $V_{CC}/2$, Standby OFF, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$
(unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	TS902I/AI			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{io}	Input Offset Voltage ($V_{ic} = V_o = V_{CC}/2$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	TS902 TS902A TS902 TS902A		10 5 12 7	mV
DV_{io}	Input Offset Voltage Drift		5		$\mu V^\circ C$
I_{io}	Input Offset Current - (note 1) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		1	100 200	pA
I_{ib}	Input Bias Current - (note 1) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		1	150 300	pA
I_{cc}	Supply Current (per amplifier, $A_{VCL} = 1$, no load) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		230	350 450	μA
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio $V_{ic} = 1.5$ to $3.5V$, $V_o = 2.5V$		85		dB
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ($V_{CC^+} = 2.7$ to $3.3V$, $V_o = V_{CC}/2$)		80		dB
A_{vd}	Large Signal Voltage Gain ($R_L = 10k\Omega$, $V_o = 1.5V$ to $3.5V$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	7 5	30		V/mV
V_{OH}	High Level Output Voltage ($V_{id} = 1V$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$ $R_L = 100\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$	4.85 4.2 4.6 3.7 4.8 4.1	4.95	V
V_{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage ($V_{id} = -1V$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$ $R_L = 100\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$		50 350 1400	100 680 150 900
I_o	Output Short Circuit Current ($V_{id} = \pm 1V$) Source ($V_o = V_{CC^-}$) Sink ($V_o = V_{CC^+}$)		60 60		mA
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product ($A_{VCL} = 100$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $f = 100kHz$)			0.8	MHz
SR	Slew Rate ($A_{VCL} = 1$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $V_i = 1V$ to $4V$)			0.8	V/ μs
\emptyset_m	Phase Margin			30	Degrees

Note 1 : Maximum values including unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial test.

STANDBY MODE

$V_{CC^+} = 5V$, $V_{CC^-} = 0V$, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	TS902I/AI			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{inSBY/ON}$	Pin 1 Threshold Voltage for STANDBY ON		5.2		V
$V_{inSBY/OFF}$	Pin 1 Threshold Voltage for STANDBY OFF		5.2		V
$I_{cc SBY}$	Total Consumption in Standby Position (STANDBY ON)		0.5		μA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC^+} = 10V$, $V_{CC^-} = 0V$, R_L, C_L connected to $V_{CC}/2$, Standby OFF, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$
(unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	TS902I/AI			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{io}	Input Offset Voltage ($V_{ic} = V_o = V_{CC}/2$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	TS902 TS902A TS902 TS902A		10 5 12 7	mV
DV_{io}	Input Offset Voltage Drift		5		$\mu V^\circ C$
i_{io}	Input Offset Current - (note 1) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		1	100 200	pA
i_{ib}	Input Bias Current - (note 1) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		1	150 300	pA
I_{cc}	Supply Current (per amplifier, $A_{VCL} = 1$, no load) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		400	600 700	μA
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio $V_{ic} = 3$ to $7V$, $V_o = 5V$ $V_{ic} = 0$ to $10V$, $V_o = 5V$		90 70		dB
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ($V_{CC^+} = 5$ to $10V$, $V_o = V_{CC}/2$)		80		dB
A_{vd}	Large Signal Voltage Gain ($R_L = 10k\Omega$, $V_o = 2.5V$ to $7.5V$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	15 10	40		V/mV
V_{OH}	High Level Output Voltage ($V_{id} = 1V$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$ $R_L = 100\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$	9.85 9.2 9.8 9	9.95 9.35 7.8	V
V_{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage ($V_{id} = -1V$) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$ $R_L = 100\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$		50 650 2300 150 900	mV
I_o	Output Short Circuit Current ($V_{id} = \pm 1V$)	Source ($V_o = V_{CC^-}$) Sink ($V_o = V_{CC^+}$)		60 60	mA
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product ($A_{VCL} = 100$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $f = 100kHz$)			1.3	MHz
SR	Slew Rate ($A_{VCL} = 1$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $V_i = 2.5V$ to $7.5V$)			1.3	V/ μs
\emptyset_m	Phase Margin			40	Degrees
e_n	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage ($R_s = 100\Omega$, $f = 1kHz$)			30	$\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion ($A_{VCL} = 1$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $V_o = 4.75V$ to $5.25V$, $f = 1kHz$)			0.024	%
C_{in}	Input Capacitance			1.5	pF

Note 1 : Maximum values including unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial test.

STANDBY MODE

$V_{CC^+} = 10V$, $V_{CC^-} = 0V$, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	TS902I/AI			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{inSBY/ON}$	Pin 1 Threshold Voltage for STANDBY ON		8.2		V
$V_{inSBY/OFF}$	Pin 1 Threshold Voltage for STANDBY OFF		8.5		V
$I_{cc SBY}$	Total Consumption in Standby Position (STANDBY ON)		1		μA



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

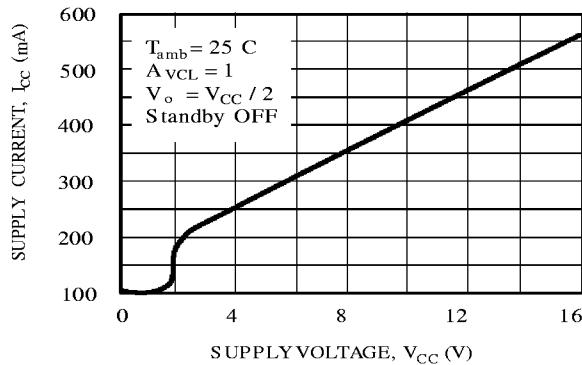
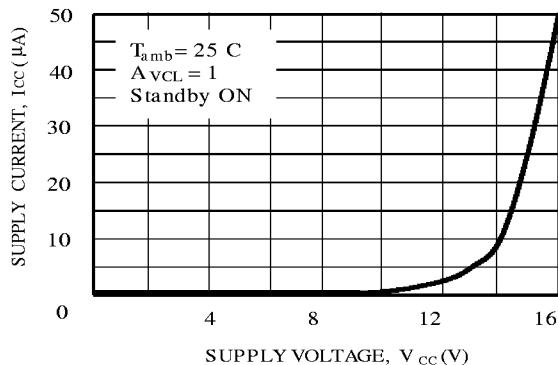
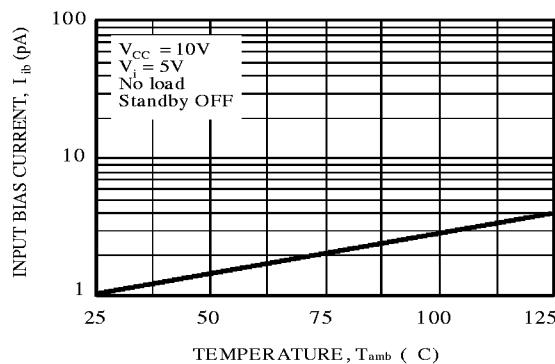
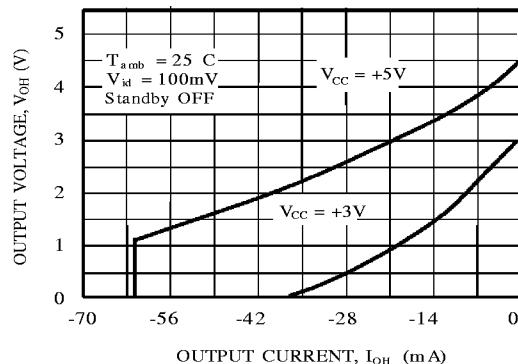
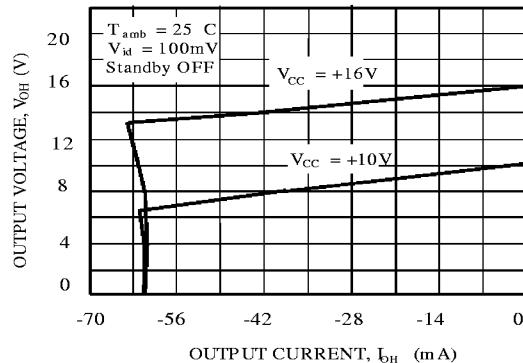
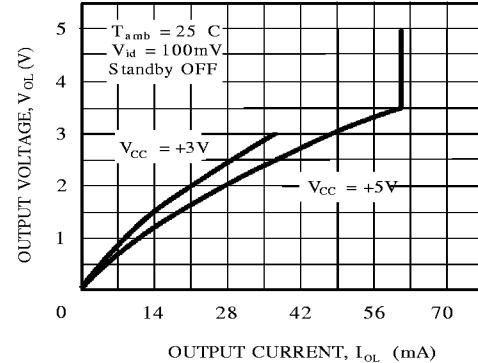
Figure 1a : Supply Current (each amplifier) vs Supply Voltage**Figure 1b** : Supply Current (each amplifier) vs Supply Voltage (in STANDBY mode)**Figure 2** : Input Bias Current vs Temperature**Figure 3a** : High Level Output Voltage vs High Level Output Current**Figure 3b** : High Level Output Voltage vs High Level Output Current**Figure 4a** : Low Level Output Voltage vs Low Level Output Current

Figure 4b : Low Level Output Voltage vs Low Level Output Current

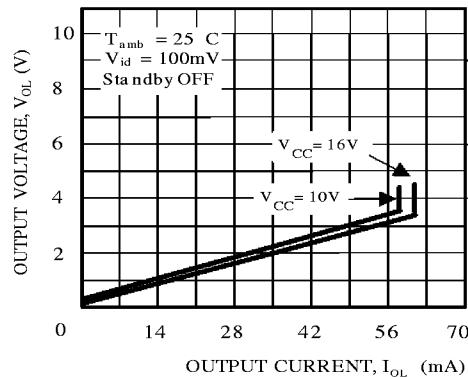


Figure 5b : Gain and Phase vs Frequency

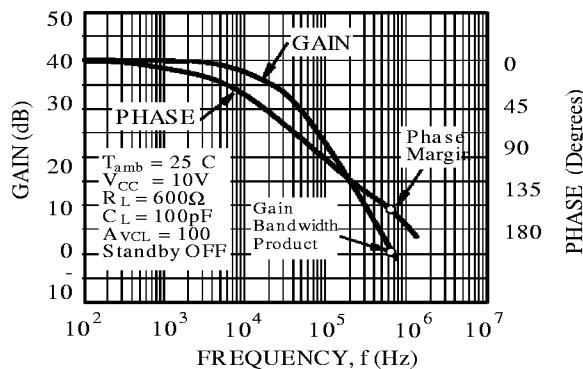


Figure 6b : Gain bandwidth Product vs Supply Voltage

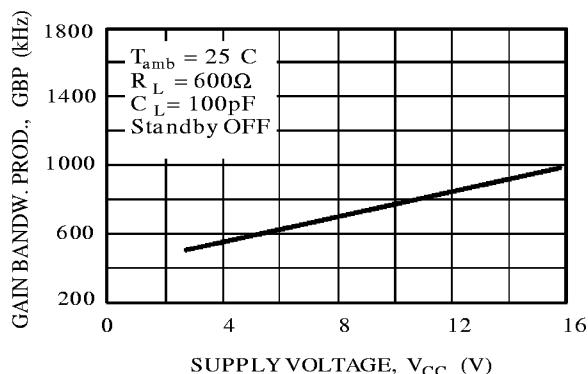


Figure 5a : Gain and Phase vs Frequency

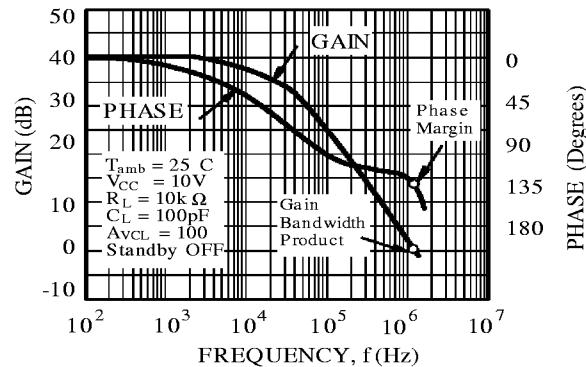


Figure 6a : Gain Bandwidth Product vs Supply Voltage

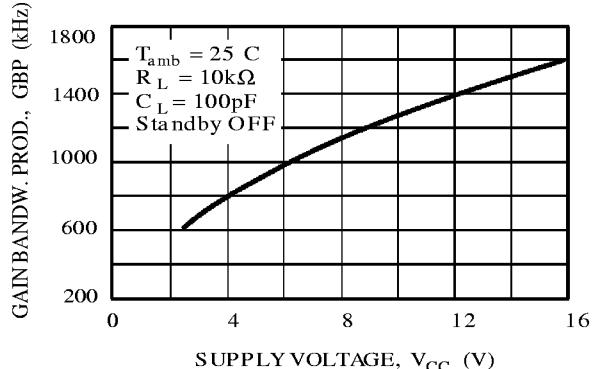


Figure 7a : Phase Margin vs Supply Voltage

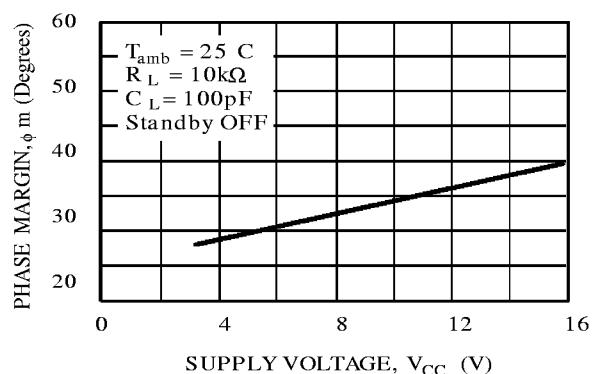
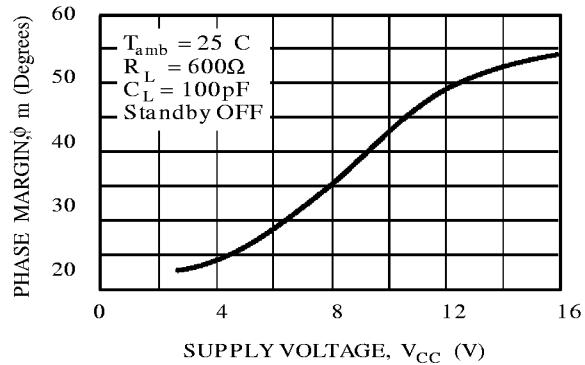
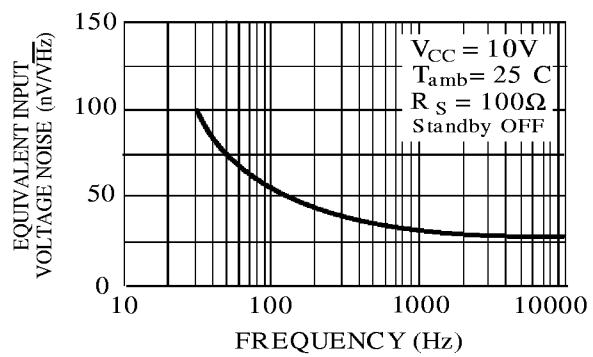


Figure 7b : Phase Margin vs Supply Voltage**Figure 8 : Input Voltage Noise vs Frequency**

STANDBY APPLICATION

The two operators of the TS902 are **both** put on **STANDBY**.

In this configuration (standby ON) :

- The **total consumption** of the circuit is considerably **reduced** down to **0.5 μ A** ($V_{CC} = 3V$).
This standby consumption vs V_{CC} curve is given figure 1b.
- The **both outputs** are in **high impedance** state.
No output current can then be sourced or sinked by the device.

The standby pin 1 should never stay unconnected.

- The "standby OFF" state, is reached when the pin 1 voltage is **higher than $V_{IN\ SBY/OFF}$** .
- The "standby ON" state is assured by a pin 1 voltage **lower than $V_{IN\ SBY/ON}$** .
(see electrical characteristics)

MACROMODEL

- **RAIL TO RAIL INPUT AND OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANGES**
- **STANDBY POSITION : REDUCED CONSUMPTION (0.5 μ A) AND HIGH IMPEDANCE OUTPUTS**
- **SINGLE (OR DUAL) SUPPLY OPERATION FROM 2.7V TO 16V (\pm 1.35V to \pm 8V)**

- **EXTREMELY LOW INPUT BIAS CURRENT : 1pA TYP**
- **LOW INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE : 5mV max.**
- **SPECIFIED FOR 600 Ω AND 100 Ω LOADS**
- **LOW SUPPLY CURRENT : 200 μ A/Ampli**
- **SPEED : 0.7MHz - 0.5V/ μ s**

Applies to : TS902I,AI

** Standard Linear Ics Macromodels, 1993.

** CONNECTIONS :

* 1 INVERTING INPUT
 * 2 NON-INVERTING INPUT
 * 3 OUTPUT
 * 4 POSITIVE POWER SUPPLY
 * 5 NEGATIVE POWER SUPPLY
 * 6 STANDBY

.SUBCKT TS902 1 3 2 4 5 6 (analog)

```
*****
.MODEL MDTH D IS=1E-8 KF=6.563355E-14 CJO=10F
* INPUT STAGE
CIP 2 5 1.500000E-12
CIN 1 5 1.500000E-12
EIP 10 0 2 0 1
EIN 16 0 1 0 1
RIP 10 11 6.500000E+00
RIN 15 16 6.500000E+00
RIS 11 15 7.655100E+00
DIP 11 12 MDTH 400E-12
DIN 15 14 MDTH 400E-12
VOFP 12 13 DC 0.000000E+00
VOFN 13 14 DC 0
FPOL 13 0 VSTB 1
CPS 11 15 3.82E-08
DINN 17 13 MDTH 400E-12
VIN 17 5 -0.5000000e+00
DINR 15 18 MDTH 400E-12
VIP 4 18 -0.5000000E+00
FCP 4 5 VOFP 8.6E+00
FCN 5 4 VOFN 8.6E+00
ISTBO 5 4 900NA
* AMPLIFYING STAGE
FIP 0 19 VOFP 5.500000E+02
FIN 0 19 VOFN 5.500000E+02
RG1 19 120 5.087344E+05
GCOM1 120 5 POLY(1) 110 109 LEVEL=1 6.25E+11
RG2 121 19 5.087344E+05
GCOM2 121 4 POLY(1) 110 109 LEVEL=1 6.25E+11
CC 19 29 2.200000E-08
HZTP 30 29 VOFP 12.33E+02
HZTN 5 30 VOFN 12.33E+02
ROUT 26 103 65
COUT 103 5 1.000000E-12
GCOM 103 3 POLY(1) 110 109 LEVEL=1 6.25E+11
* OUTPUT SWING
DOP 19 68 MDTH 400E-12
VOP 4 25 1.924
HSCP 68 25 VSCP1 1E8
DON 69 19 MDTH 400E-12
VON 24 5 2.4419107
HSCN 24 69 VSCN1 1.5E8
VSCTHP 60 61 0.1375
DSCP1 61 63 MDTH 400E-12
VSCP1 63 64 0
ISCP 64 0 1.000000E-8
DSCP2 0 64 MDTH 400E-12
DSCN2 0 74 MDTH 400E-12
ISCN 74 0 1.000000E-8
VSCN1 73 74 0
DSCN1 71 73 MDTH 400E-12
VSCTHN 71 70 -0.75
ESCP 60 0 2 1 500
ESCN 70 0 2 1 -2000
* STAND BY
RMI1 4 111 1E+12
RMI2 5 111 1E+12
RSTBIN 6 0 1E+12
ESTBIN 106 0 6 0 1
ESTBREF 106 107 111 0 1
DSTB1 107 108 MDTH 400E-12
VSTB 108 109 0
ISTB 109 0 40U
RSTB 109 110 1
DSTB2 0 110 MDTH 400E-12
.ENDS
```

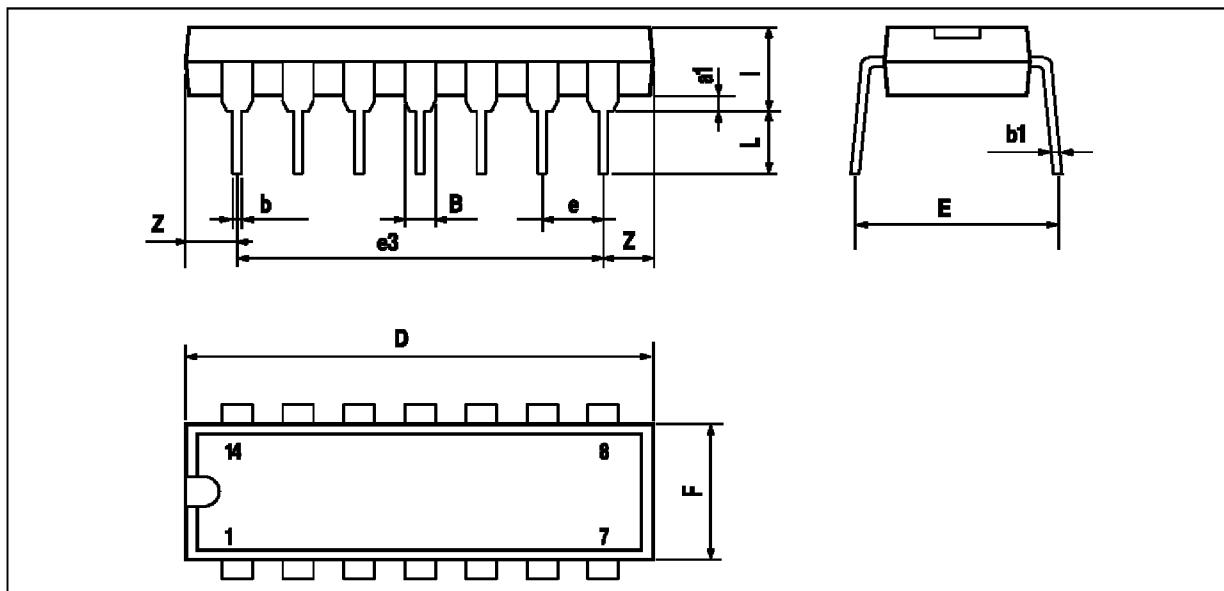


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC^+} = 5V$, $V_{CC^-} = 0V$, R_L, C_L connected to $V_{CC}/2$, standby off, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$
 (unless otherwise specified)

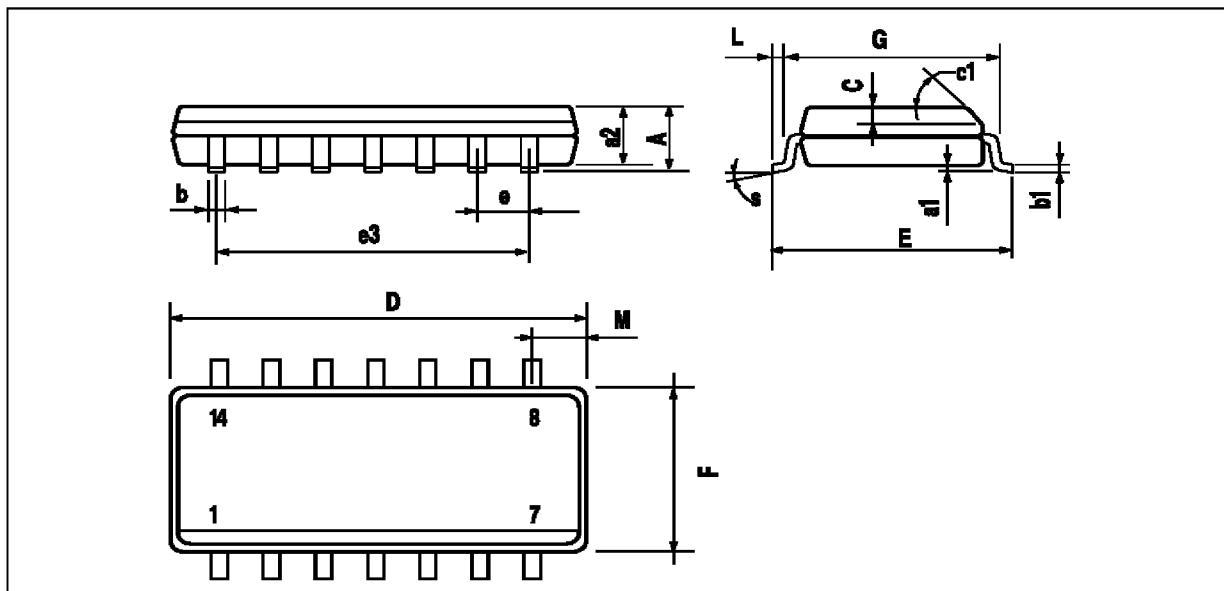
Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
V_{io}		0	mV
A_{vd}	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	30	V/mV
I_{CC}	No load, per operator	230	μA
V_{icm}		-0.2 to 5.2	V
V_{OH}	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	4.95	V
V_{OL}	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	50	mV
I_{sink}	$V_O = 10V$	60	mA
I_{source}	$V_O = 0V$	60	mA
GBP	$R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	0.8	MHz
SR	$R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	0.8	V/ μs
$\emptyset m$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	30	Degrees
$I_{CC STBY}$	$V_{STBY} = 0V$	500	nA

PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA
14 PINS - PLASTIC DIP



Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	1.39		1.65	0.055		0.065
b		0.5			0.020	
b1		0.25			0.010	
D			20			0.787
E		8.5			0.335	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		15.24			0.600	
F			7.1			0.280
i			5.1			0.201
L		3.3			0.130	
Z	1.27		2.54	0.050		0.100

PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA
14 PINS - PLASTIC MICROPACKAGE (SO)



Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			1.75			0.069
a1	0.1		0.2	0.004		0.008
a2			1.6			0.063
b	0.35		0.46	0.014		0.018
b1	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.010
C		0.5			0.020	
c1		45° (typ.)				
D	8.55		8.75	0.336		0.334
E	5.8		6.2	0.228		0.244
e		1.27			0.050	
e3		7.62			0.300	
F	3.8		4.0	0.150		0.157
G	4.6		5.3	0.181		0.208
L	0.5		1.27	0.020		0.050
M			0.68			0.027
S		8° (max.)				

Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, STMicroelectronics assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of STMicroelectronics. Specifications mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. STMicroelectronics products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without express written approval of STMicroelectronics.

© The ST logo is a trademark of STMicroelectronics

© 1999 STMicroelectronics – Printed in Italy – All Rights Reserved

STMicroelectronics GROUP OF COMPANIES

Australia - Brazil - Canada - China - France - Germany - Italy - Japan - Korea - Malaysia - Malta - Mexico - Morocco
The Netherlands - Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - Taiwan - Thailand - United Kingdom - U.S.A.

© <http://www.st.com>