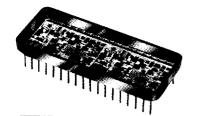
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**BUS-63147** 



## MIL-STD-1553 DATA BUS +5V DUAL TRANSCRIVER

## **FEATURES**

- ONLY REQUIRES +5V POWER SUPPLY
- SMALL SIZE 36 PIN DDIP
- ●LOW POWER
- MIL-STD-883B SCREENING **AVAILABLE**
- DUAL REDUNDANT PACKAGING
- HARRIS I/O COMPATIBILITY
- CONFORMS FULLY TO MIL-STD-1553A AND 1553B

## DESCRIPTION

The BUS-63147 transceiver is a complete transmitter and receiver pair conforming fully to MIL-STD-1553A and 1553B. Features include: +5V power supply voltage, Harris interface type, completely independent dual redundant operation, and small size (36 pin DDIP). The receiver section of the BUS-63147 series accepts phase-modulated bipolar data from a MIL-STD-1553 Data Bus and produces TTL signal data at its outouts: RX DATA OUT and RX DATA

OUT. These outputs represent positive

and negative variations of the input data

signals beyond an internally fixed thresh-

old level. An external STROBE input en-

ables or disables the receiver's outputs.

The transmitter section accepts biphase TTL signal data at its TX DATA and TX DATA inputs and produces phase-modulated bipolar data at the TX DATA and TX DATA outputs. The transmitter's output voltage level is typically 30Vpp. An external input, INHIBIT, takes priority over the transmitter inputs and disables the transmitter when activated with a logic "1".

The small size, +5V power supply voltage, and compliance with MIL-STD-1553 simplify engineering design, making it an excellent choice for interfacing with any MIL-STD-1553 system.

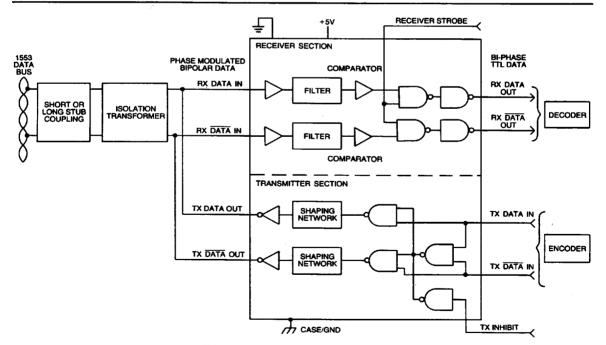


FIGURE 1. BUS-63147 BLOCK DIAGRAM

# **BUS-63147**

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TABLE 1. BUS-63147 SPECIFICATIONS				
RECEIVER Strobe Input Level Threshold Level* CMRR Input Resistance – Diff Input Capacitance – Diff Output Fan Out	2LS Loads 40Vpp, Diff, max 0.56Vpp min, 1.0Vpp max 40 db, min 2KΩ, min 5pf, max 10 LS Loads			
TRANSMITTER TX DATA Input TX DATA Input TX Inhibit Output Level (Direct Coupled) Rise/Fall Time (nsec) Output Noise Output Offset Voltage Output Offset Voltage Output Impedance (Non-Transmitting) Output Resistance – Diff Output Capacitance – Diff	2TTL Loads 2 TTL Loads 1 TTL Load 30Vpp, nom across 140Ω load 100 min, 150 typ, 300 max 10mVpp, Diff, max ±90mVpp, max across 35Ω load			
POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS	Each channel +5V-5% +10%			
Non-Transmitting – (typ/max) Transmitting – 50% duty cycle (typ/max) Transmitting –	29/49mA 164/199.5mA			
100% duty cycle (typ/max)	299.5/349.5mA			

TABLE 1. BUS-63147 SPECIFICATIONS (Continued)				
THERMAL Operating Junction Temperature Operating Case Temperature Storage Temperature Thermal Impedance – Junction to Case Case to Air (typ)	-55°C to +160°C -55°C to +125°C -55°C to +160°C 110°C/W (Hottest Die) 20°C/W			
POWER DISSIPATION Single Channel	(Total Hybrid, one channel transmitting, other at idle)			
Non-Transmitting – (typ/max) Transmitting – 50% duty cycle (typ/max) Transmitting – 100% duty cycle (typ/max)	0.29/0.49W 1.25/1.80W 2.49/3.10W			
POWER DISSIPATION Hottest Die	(Each Channel)			
Non-Transmitting – (typ/max) Transmitting – 50% duty cycle (typ/max) Transmitting – 100% duty cycle (typ/max)	0.0W 0.13/0.16W 0.27/0.32W			
MECHANICAL Size Dimensions Weight	36 Pin DDIP 1.895" x 0.775" x 0.210" .6 oz			

The Threshold Level, as referred to in this specification, is meant to be the maximum peak to peak voltage (measured on the Data Bus) that can be applied to the receivers' input without causing the output to change from the OFF state.

### **GENERAL**

The BUS-63147 is a dual redundant transmitter and receiver packaged in a 36 pin DDIP. It is directly compatible to Harris 15530 encoder/decoder and has internal (factory preset) threshold levels. Requiring only a +5V power supply, the BUS-63147 is designed for use in any MIL-STD-1553 application. Figure 2 illustrates the BUS-63147 connected to a MIL-STD-1553 Data Bus. Once transformer isolated, coupling to Data Bus can be either short stub (direct) or long stub (transformer). The recommended transformer for long stub and short stub coupling is DDC's BUS-41429.

#### TRANSMIT OPERATING MODE

The transmitter section accepts encoded TTL data and converts it to phase-modulated bipolar form by means of a waveshaping network and driver circuitry. These driver outputs are coupled to a MIL-STD-1553 Data Bus via a transformer which is driven from the TX DATA OUT and TX DATA OUT terminals. These output terminals can be put into a high impedance state when transmitting by enabling INHIBIT, or by placing both inputs at the same logic level following the Manchester II truth table. Table 2, Transmit Operating Mode, lists the functions for the output data and input data in reference to the state of INHIBIT.

The transceivers are able to operate in a "wraparound" mode. This allows output data to be monitored by the receiver section and returned to the decoder where it can be checked for errors. Reference DDC Protocol Monolithics (BUS-65600 or BUS-65112) for more information.

#### RECEIVER OPERATING MODE

The receiver section accepts data from a MIL-STD-1553 Data Bus when properly coupled in either of the two possible configurations (long or short stub). This data is converted to bi-phase TTL and made available for decoding at the RX DATA and RX DATA output terminals. Applying a logic "1" to the STROBE input allows data to pass through to the receiver output. Applying a logic "0" to the STROBE input, turns the receiver output OFF.

The BUS-63147 receiver outputs are both at a logic "0" when they are either strobed off, or no signal is being received. This is directly compatible with Harris type of encoder/decoder. Compatibility to Smiths type of encoder/decoder can be accomplished by swapping the RX DATA and RX DATA outputs and then inverting them (see figure 3).

#### **BUS-63147 WAVEFORMS**

Figure 4 illustrates the waveforms for the BUS-63147 with Harris type encoder/decoders. Note that DATA and DATA inputs must be complementary waveforms of 50% duty cycle. Care must be taken that the Manchester bi-phase truth table is followed if other encoder/decoders are used.

 $Z_0(70\Omega, NOM)$ 

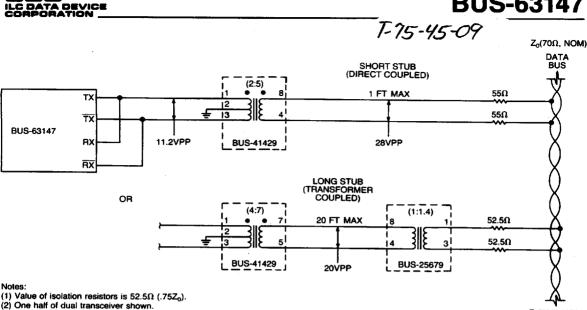


FIGURE 2. BUS-63147 CONNECTIONS TO DATA BUS

TABLE 2. TRANSMIT OPERATING MODE					
TX DATA IN	TX DATA IN	TX INHIBIT	DRIVER OUTPUT(2)		
X <sup>(1)</sup>	Х	н	OFF <sup>(3)</sup>		
0	0	×	OFF		
0	1	L	ON		
1	0	L	ON		
1	1	×	OFF		

(3) Bus must be terminated with its characteristic impedance at both ends.

Notes:

(1) X = Don't care.

(2) DRIVER OUT = TX DATA OUT and TX DATA OUT

(3) DRIVER OUTPUT terminals are in the high impedance mode during OFF time, independent of INHIBIT status.

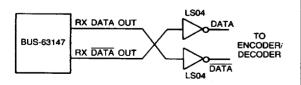
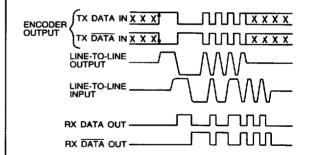


FIGURE 3. SMITHS ENCODER/DECODER COMPATIBILITY



Notes:

- (1) TX DATA IN and RX DATA OUT are TTL signals.
- (2) TX DATA IN inputs must be at opposite logic levels during transmission, and at the same logic level when not transmitting. (3) LINE-TO-LINE output voltage is measured between TX DATA OUT
- AND TX DATA OUT.
- (4) LINE-TO-LINE input voltage is measured on the Data Bus.

FIGURE 4. BUS-63147 WAVEFORMS

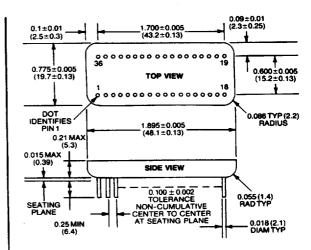
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C DATA DEVICE

BUS-63147 T-75-45-09

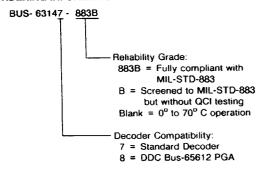
TABLE 3. BUS-63147 PIN FUNCTIONS					
PIN	FUNCTION		PIN	FUNCTION	
1	TX DATA OUT	*	19	NC	
2	TX DATA OUT	*	20	RX DATA IN	**
3	GND	*	21	RX DATA IN	**
4	NC	*	22	GND	**
5	RX DATA OUT	*	23	NC	**
6	STROBE	*	24	+5V	**
7	GND	*	25	INHIBIT	**
8	RX DATA OUT	*	26	TX DATA IN	**
9	GND (CASE)	*	27	TX DATA IN	**
10	TX DATA OUT	**	28	NC	
11	TX DATA OUT	**	29	RX DATA IN	*
12	GND	**	30	RX DATA IN	•
13	NC		31	GND	*
14	RX DATA OUT	**	32	NC	
15	STROBE	**	33	+5V	*
16	GND	**	34	INHIBIT	*
17	RX DATA OUT	**	35	TX DATA IN	•
18	NC		36	TX DATA IN	*

<sup>\*</sup>Channel One \*\*Channel Two



Dimensions in inches (millimeters).

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**



Matching transformer BUS-41429. SMD Listing: DESC# 5962-89522-01XC

## FIGURE 5. BUS-63147 MECHANICAL OUTLINE