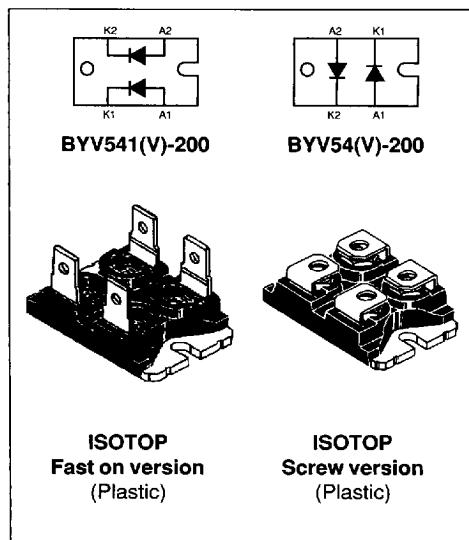


## HIGH EFFICIENCY FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER DIODES

### FEATURES

- SUITED FOR SMPS
- VERY LOW FORWARD LOSSES
- NEGLIGIBLE SWITCHING LOSSES
- HIGH SURGE CURRENT CAPABILITY
- HIGH AVALANCHE ENERGY CAPABILITY
- INSULATED :
  - Insulating voltage = 2500 V<sub>RMS</sub>
  - Capacitance = 45 pF



### DESCRIPTION

Dual rectifier suited for switchmode power supply and high frequency DC to DC converters.  
 Packaged in ISOTOP™ this device is intended for use in low voltage, high frequency inverters, free wheeling and polarity protection applications.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter			Value	Unit
I <sub>F(RMS)</sub>	RMS forward current			Per diode	A
I <sub>F(AV)</sub>	Average forward current $\delta = 0.5$		T <sub>c</sub> =90°C	Per diode	A
I <sub>FSM</sub>	Surge non repetitive forward current		t <sub>p</sub> =10ms sinusoidal	Per diode	A
T <sub>stg</sub> T <sub>j</sub>	Storage and junction temperature range			- 40 to + 150 - 40 to + 150	°C °C

Symbol	Parameter	BYV54(V) / BYV541(V)				Unit
		50	100	150	200	
V <sub>RRM</sub>	Repetitive peak reverse voltage	50	100	150	200	V

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## THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R <sub>th</sub> (j-c)	Junction to case	Per diode	1.2
		Total	0.85
R <sub>th</sub> (c)	Coupling	0.1	°C/W

When the diodes 1 and 2 are used simultaneously :

$$T_j - T_c (\text{diode 1}) = P(\text{diode 1}) \times R_{th(j-c)} (\text{Per diode}) + P(\text{diode 2}) \times R_{th(c)}$$

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Per diode)

## STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>R</sub> *	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	V <sub>R</sub> = V <sub>RRM</sub>			50	µA
	T <sub>j</sub> = 100°C				5	mA
V <sub>F</sub> **	T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 50 A			0.85	V
	T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 100 A			1.00	
	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 100 A			1.15	

Pulse test : \* tp = 5 ms, duty cycle < 2 %

\*\* tp = 380 µs, duty cycle < 2 %

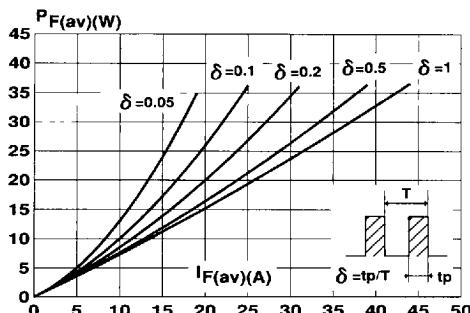
To evaluate the conduction losses use the following equation :

$$P = 0.7 \times I_F(AV) + 0.003 \times I_F^2(RMS)$$

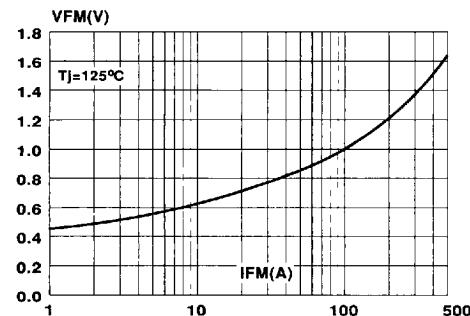
## RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
trr	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 0.5A	I <sub>rr</sub> = 0.25A		40	ns
		I <sub>R</sub> = 1A			60	
tfr	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 1A V <sub>FR</sub> = 1.1 x V <sub>F</sub>	dI <sub>F</sub> /dt = -50A/µs		10	ns
V <sub>FP</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 1A	tr = 5 ns		1.5	V

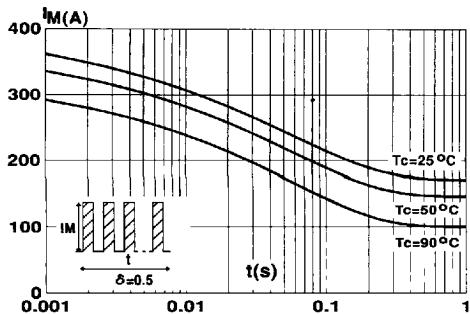
**Fig.1** : Average forward power dissipation versus average forward current.



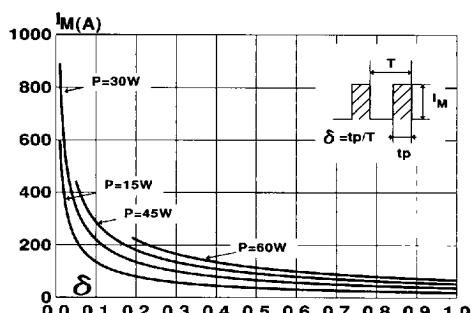
**Fig.3** : Forward voltage drop versus forward current (maximum values).



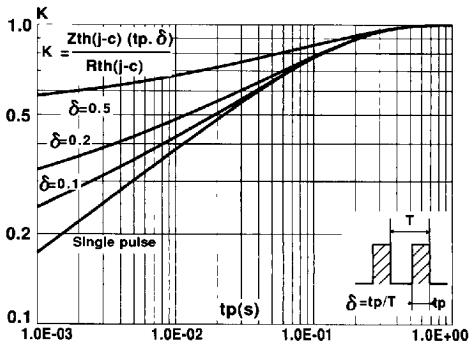
**Fig.5** : Non repetitive surge peak forward current versus overload duration.



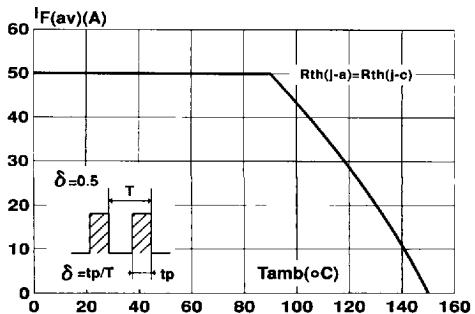
**Fig.2** : Peak current versus form factor.



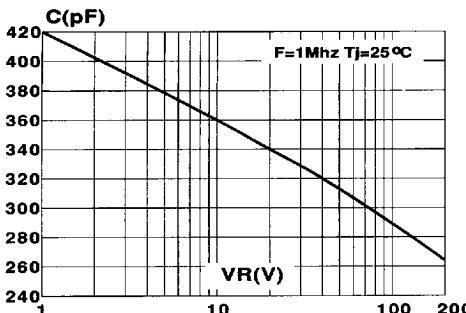
**Fig.4** : Relative variation of thermal impedance junction to case versus pulse duration.



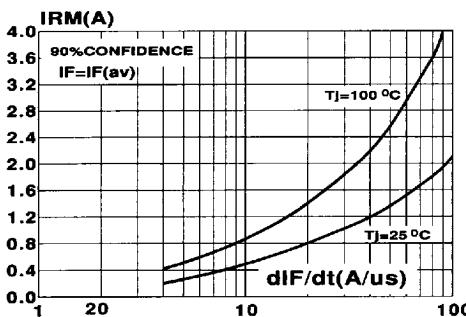
**Fig.6** : Average current versus ambient temperature. (duty cycle : 0.5)



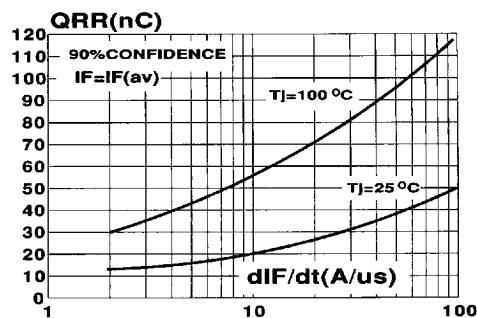
**Fig.7 : Junction capacitance versus reverse voltage applied (Typical values).**



**Fig.9 : Peak reverse current versus dIF/dt.**



**Fig.8 : Recovery charges versus dIF/dt.**



**Fig.10 : Dynamic parameters versus junction temperature.**

