AUTOMOTIVE LAMP MONITORS

Capable of monitoring all types of automotive lamps, the ULN2454L, ULQ2454M, and ULN2455A lamp monitors provide multiple LED outputs to pinpoint the area in which a lamp has failed. The ULN2455A is a quad comparator capable of monitoring eight individual lamps or groups of lamps. The ULN/UL2454L/M are dual comparators featuring an additional output to trigger an alarm if either of the comparators detects a lamp failure. This output can be used to drive an audible signaling device or centrally located warning indicator. All devices can be used to monitor lamps, multiple low-voltage power supplies, or, with appropriate sensors, industrial processes.

Installation and operation of these lamp monitors has no effect on normal lamp operation. Comparators sense the normal voltage drop in the lamp wiring (approximately 20 mV) for each of the monitored lamp circuits. Little additional wiring is necessary for installation because the system can be completely integral to the wiring assembly. No standby power is required...the operating voltage is obtained from the sense leads; the system is energized only when the lamps are turned ON.

All devices are designed for use in the severe automotive environment. Lateral PNP transistors provide high-frequency noise immunity and differential transient-voltage protection. Reverse voltage protection, internal regulators, and temperature compensation are all embodied in the circuit designs. A failure within a device will not affect lamp operation.

These versatile lamp monitors are packaged in 14-pin plastic DIPs (suffix A), 8-lead surface-mountable SOICs (suffix L), or 8-pin mini-DIPs (suffix M) and are rated for operation over the temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at +25°C Free-Air Temperature

ULN2455A

OUT

V_{IN} |

GROUND

NC 14

13 V_{IN} N_S

11 OUT

10 V_{IN} /V_S

9 V_{IN}

8 OUT

Dwg. No. PS-013

| Supply Voltage, V _{CC} |
|--|
| Peak Supply Voltage, V _{CC} (100 ms) 80 V |
| Peak Reverse Voltage, V _R 30 V |
| Output Current, IOUT 35 mA |
| Package Power Dissipation, PD See Graph |
| Operating Temperature Range, |
| T _A 40°C to +85°C |
| Storage Temperature Range, |

T_S -65°C to +150°C

FEATURES ■ No Standby Power

- Integral to Wiring Assembly
- Internal Transient Protection
- Fail-Safe
- Reverse Voltage Protected
- DIP or SOIC Plastic Packages

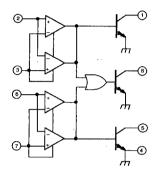
Always order by complete part number:

| Part Number | Function | Style 8-Lead SOIC | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| ULN2454L | Dual Comparator with OR Output | | | |
| UL2454M | Dual Comparator with OR Output | 8-Pin Mini-DIP | | |
| ULN2455A | Quad Comparator | 14-Pin DIP | | |

2454 AND 2455 AUTOMOTIVE LAMP MONITORS

PIN OUT & FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

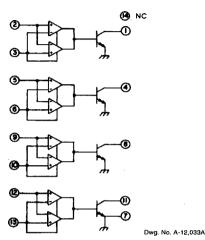
ULN2454L and ULQ2454M

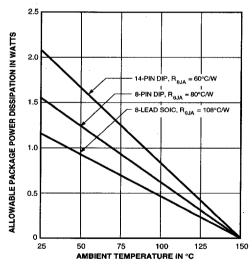


Dwg. No. FS-010A

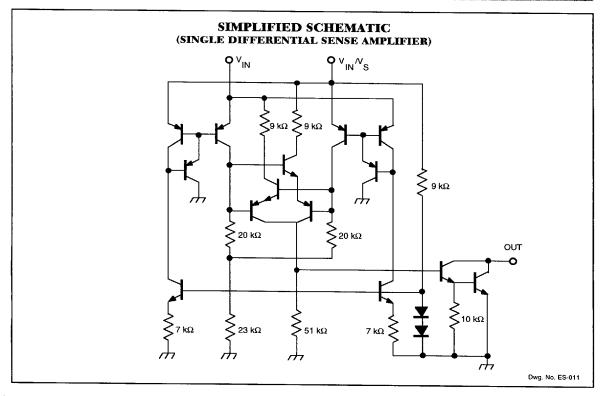
Note that the dual in-line package and the small-outline IC package are electrically identical and share a common pin number assignment.

ULN2455A





Dwg. No. GS-008-1A



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T_A = +25°C, V_{CC} = V_{IN} = 10 to 16 V (unless otherwise noted).

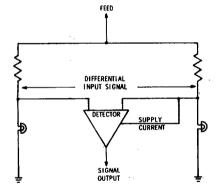
| Characteristic | Symbol | Test Conditions | Limits | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------|------|------|-------|
| | | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
| Output Leakage Current | I _{CEX} | V _{OUT} = 80 V, ΔV _{IN} < 7 mV | | | 100 | μА |
| Output Saturation Voltage | V _{CE(SAT)} | $I_{OUT} = 5 \text{ mA}, \Delta V_{IN} > 20 \text{ mV}$ | | 0.8 | 1.0 | V |
| | | I _{OUT} = 30 mA, ΔV _{IN} > 20 mV | _ | 1.4 | 2.0 | V |
| Differential Switch Voltage | ΔV _{IN} | V _{IN} -V _{IN} /V _S | 7.0 | 13 | 20 | mV |
| Input Current | I _{IN} | $\Delta V_{IN} = V_{IN} - V_{IN} / V_S = +30 \text{ mV}$ | 150 | 300 | 800 | μА |
| | I _{IN} /I _S | $\Delta V_{IN} = V_{IN} - V_{IN} / V_S = -30 \text{ mV}$ | 0.5 | 1.7 | 3.5 | mA |

2454 AND 2455 AUTOMOTIVE LAMP MONITORS

PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

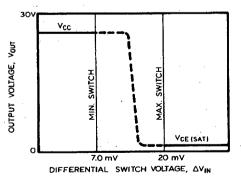
Operation of these lamp monitors is similar to that of a simple bridge circuit in which the top two legs of the bridge are formed by the wiring assembly resistance or discrete low-value resistors. The bottom legs of the bridge are the monitored lamps. These differential amplifier circuits sense the voltage drops in the wiring assemblies (approximately 20 mV) for each of the lamp circuits. When the system detects a difference in voltage due to an open filament, the appropriate output driver is turned ON.

BASIC BRIDGE MONITORING SYSTEM

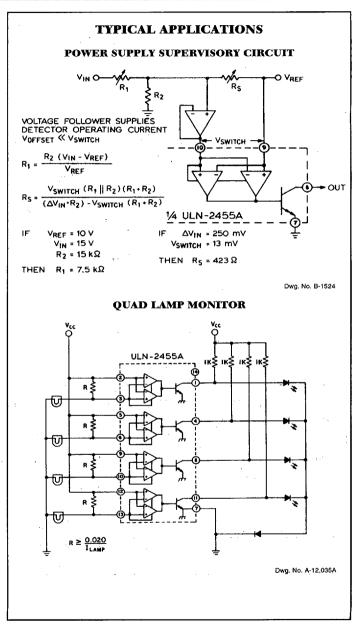


Dwg. No. A-11,473A

TYPICAL SWITCH CHARACTERISTICS



Dwg. No. A-12,187



5-10

■ 0504338 0008173 218 **■**