9325812 UNITED MICROELECTRONICS

92D 00707



UM3032A

🌃 8-Digit Single-Chip 🔯 CMOS Calculator



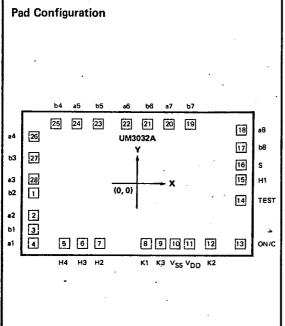
Features

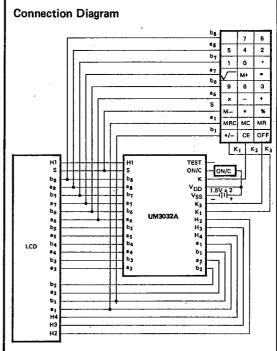
- 8-Digit number capacity with floating decimal point
- Memory (M), negative (—) and error (E) symbols
- Memory calculations
- Six mathematical functions (+, -, x, ÷, %, √
- Leading zero and trailing zero suppression
- Multiplexed output for direct driving of LCD
- \cdot \blacksquare On-Chip clock generator that requires no external circuits
 - On-Chip keyboard encoding and debouncing circuit
 - Power-On/clear and power-off keys
 - Automatic power-off, typically 6 minutes after the last key entry

General Description

The UM3032A is an 8-digit, one-memory IC. It provides an on-chip clock generator, input pins for keyboard matrix, and all necessary pins for direct driving of a liquid

crystal display. The UM3032A is intended for batteryoperated, hand-held calculators.







(III) UMC

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

*Comments

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied and exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{DD} = 3V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise specified.)$

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition	Notes (below)
Supply Voltage		V _{DD}	2.7	3.0	3.3	V	-	1
Input Voltage	(High)	VIH	2.3	_	3.0	V	_	1
Input Voltage	(Low)	VIL	0	_	0.7	٧	-	1
Output Voltage	(0)	V ₀	0	0	0.2	V		2
Output Voltage	(1)	V ₁	0.8	1	1.2	V	_	2
Output Voltage	(2)	V ₂	1.8	2.0	2.2	V	_	2
Output Voltage	(3)	V ₃	2.8	3.0	3.0	V	_	2
Output Voltage	(High)	л ^{он}	2.8	3.0	_	·v	_	3
Output Voltage	(Low)	V _{OL}	-	0	0.2	V	·	3
Output Current	(High)	I _{OH}	20	40	_	μΑ	V _{OH} = 2.8V	3
Output Current	(Low)	– I _{OL}	10	20	-	μΑ	V _{OL} = 0.2V	3
Input Current	(High)	I _{IH}	_	3	15	μΑ	V _{IH} = 3V	1
Input Current	(Low)	-I _{IL}	-	2	5	μΑ	V _{IL} = 0V	1
Frame Frequency		F _{FR}	55	72	-	Hz	-	4
Supply Current	(On)	I _{DD} (on)	-	_	70	μΑ	All clear	5
Supply Current	(Off)	I _{DD} (off).	-	0.3	1	μΑ	Power off	6

9325812 UNITED MICROELECTRONICS 92D 00709

D7-49-13-02

UM3032A

Pad Description

NMC

Pad No.	Le	bel	D		
rau No	Input	Output	Description		
1		b2	b2 output signal to LCD		
2		a2·	a2 output signal to LCD		
3		b1	b1 output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
4		al	al output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
5		H4	H4 output signal to LCD		
6		НЗ	H3 output signal to LCD		
7		H2	H2 output signal to LCD		
8 .	K1		Key input signal 1		
9	К3		Key input signal 3		
10	V _{SS}	-	Ground		
11	V _{DD}		Power supply terminal		
12	K2		Key input signal 2		
13	ON/C		Auto-power-on and clear input		
14			Test		
15		H1	H1 output signal to LCD		
16		s	S output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
17		b8	b8 output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
18		8a	a8 output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
19		b7	b7 output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
20		a7	a7 output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
21		b6	b6 output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
22		a6	a6 output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
23		b5	b5 output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
24		a5	a5 output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
25		b4	b4 output signal to LCD and strobe to key		
26		84	a4 output signal to LCD		
27		b3	b3 output signal to LCD		
28		a 3	a3 output signal to LCD		



9325812 UNITED MICROELECTRONICS

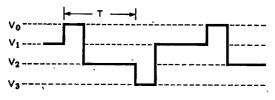
92D 00710 D7-49-13-02



11M2022A

Notes: 1. Applies to key input singals K_1 , K_2 , & K_3 .

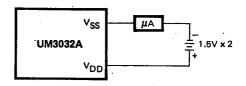
Applies to LCD back plate signals Hi (i = 1-4) and a_i, b_i (j = 1-8), and S, when used as LCD segment signals. The following diagram shows an example of output waveform in which spikes are excluded.



 $F_{FR} = 1/T$

3. Applies to a_k, b_k (k = 5 - 8), b₄, when used as keyboard scanning strobes.

- Measures the waveform of the back plate signals during the key non-depressing state. F_{FR} = 1/T, as shown in note 2.
- For measurement, apply the following circuit, with "0" displayed and no key depressed.



For measurement, apply the circuit shown above, after the operation of auto-power-off or depression of "OFF" key.

Display Format

NUMBERS:

0/23456789

SYMBOLS:

M: Displayed when memory content is not zero.

-: Displayed when data is negative.

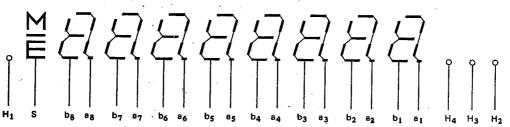
E: Displayed when error occurs.

LCD Configuration

H LINES (BACK PLATE):



SEGMENT LINES:



KEYBOARD DEBOUNCE: Key make time -20 ms Max. Key break time -30 ms Max.

9325812 UNITED MICROELECTRONICS

92D 00711

DT-49-13-02

UM3032A



Keyboard Description

Equals Key (=)

Performs previous operation and maintains that operation for possible use. Establishes power/reciprocation calculation.

Multiplication Key (x)

Enters multiplicand.

Performs previous operation and displays result.

Division Key (÷)

Enters dividend.

Performs previous operation and displays result.

Addition Key (+)

Performs previous operation and displays result. Conditions machine for an addition.

Subtraction Key (-)

Performs previous operation and displays result. Conditions machine for a subtraction.

Percent Key (%)

The purpose of the percent key is to allow for calculation of add-on and discount. Determination of add-on requires the principal amount to be the first entry followed by the "+" or "x" key, with the percentage being the second entry. Depression of the percent key yields the amount to add on, such as tax or interest. Depression of the = key adds this amount to be principal.

Change Sign Key (+/-)

Pushing the "+" or "-" key twice in succession causes the corresponding sign to appear and disappear.

During digit entry this function changes the sign of the entered factor.

Power ON/Clear Key (ON/C)

First push as power on will disp ay "0".

In the middle of a digit entry, a second push will clear all registers except memory.

Clear Entry Key (CE)

During digit entry, one depression will clear the entry register to zero.

Square Root Key (√)

The square root key extracts the square root of a positive number displayed in the entry register.

Memory Plus Key "M+"

Adds the current display to the contents of memory. This will terminate a number entry.

Memory Minus Key "M-"

Subtracts current display from the contents of the memory. This will terminate a number entry.

Memory Recall and Clear Key (R. CM)

First push, as RM key, transfers the contents of the memory register into the display register. Second push, as CM key, clears the memroy.

Number, Decimal Key (0 - 9, ●)

The first number key in a sequence will clear the display and enter the digit in the display. Successive entries will shift the display left and enter data in the display register. The first decimal point entered is effective. An attempted entry of more than 8 digits or 7 decimal places will be

Memory Clear Key (CM)

Clears the memory.

Memory Recall Key (RM)

Transfers the contents of the memory register into the display register.

Error Conditions

System Error

- An absolute value exceeding $10^{16} 1$.
- In the memory calculation, a result in absolute value exceeding $10^8 - 1$.
- At the discount/mark-up calculation, a result in absolute value exceeding $10^8 - 1$.
- Division by zero.
- Negative number square root calculation.

Operation Error

In the arithmetic, %, square/reciprocation calculation, a result exceeding $10^8 - 1$ below $10^{16} - 1$.

Error Indication

System error:

The first digit is 0 and the symbol digit display "E".

Operation error:

When the result in absolute value exceeds $10^8 - 1$, the symbol digit will display "E"

If the result in absolute value is less than 10^{-8} , zero shift is stop.



92D 00712

DT-49-13-02-

9325812 UNITED MICROELECTRONICS

UM3032A

Error Release

System error:

Push the ON/C key.

Operation error:

Push the ON/C key or CE key. When CE key is pushed the symbol "E" disappears and the result is still kept in register to allow the calculation to continue.

Operation Characteristics

Constant Operation

The UM3032A has an implied constant mode on \div , -, x, and % operations. The constant calculation is performed automatically by the = key, % key, or % = keys without a constant switch. The second operand is treated as the constant for addition, substraction, and division, while the first operand is the constant for multiplication.

If any number except zero is in the memory, the symbol digit will display an "M"

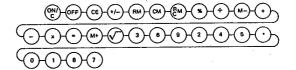
Automatic Power-Off

If no key is depressed for 6 minutes, an internal automatic power-off, circuit will turn off the power.

Key Priority

DE

If more than one key is depressed simultaneously, the following figure show key priority.



Application Note

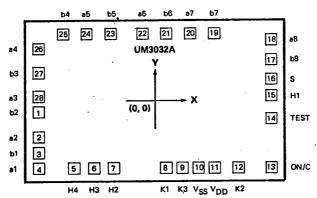
The UM3032A includes a display test/chip identification function that requires few external components and will cause the following to be displayed:





The operation is to press simultaneously all of the keys on the keyboard except those in the top row ($\sqrt{}$, %, OFF, ON/C).

Bonding Diagram



unit:	μm
-------	----

							•
Pad No.	Designation	: X	• 🗸	Pad No.	Designation	X	<u> </u>
1		-985.01	117.09	15	H1	963.93	-363.98
2	a2	-981,96	-140,97	16	S	970.02	-171.95
3	b1	-985.01	-325.12	17	b8	970.02	115.06
4	. a1	-985.01	-700,02	18	a8	963.93	462.02
5	H4	-788.92	852.93	19	· b7	895,09	855.98
. 6	Н3	-608.07	-848.10	20	a7	686.05	855.98
7	H2	-420.87	-848.10	21	b6	496.06	853.94
в'	K1	17.01	-848.10	22	a6	136.90	855.98
9	К3	207:01	-848.10	23	b5	-360.93	853.94
10	Vss	390.90	-848.10	24	a5 ·	-595.88	853.94
. 11	V _{DD}	583.94	-848,10	25	b4	-788.92	855.98
· 12	K2	776,98	-848.10	26	a4 . ·	-985.01	738.88
13	ON/C	963.93	-848.10	27	b3	-985.01	551.94
14	Test	970,02	553.97	28	аЗ .	-985,01	296.92

12345678 12345678 a + (a · b/100) a-(a · b/100) a + (a • b/100) a - (a • b/100)

gradential of the transfer of the

9325812 UNITED MICROELECTRONICS 92D 00714

DT-49-13-02-



UM3032A

·	Key Operation	Display	Memory
Repeated Calculation	a + b = =	a + 2b	
•	a - b = =	a – 2b	
	a ÷ b = =	(a/b)/b	
	a x b = =	(a • b) • a	
Mixed Calculations	a + b x c ÷ d =	(a + b) • c/d	
(at $[(a+b) \cdot c/d) \cdot e > 10^8)$	x e =	((a+b) • c/d) • e/10 ⁸ E	
	CE	((a+b) • c/d) • e/10 ⁸	
Power Calculation	a 🗴 😑	a ²	
	x =	a ⁴	
	a x = =	a ³	
	a 🔃 =	1/a	•
	a 😛 😑	1/a ²	
Memory Calculations	a M+	aM	а
	a M—	bM	a — b
•	RM	a – b ^M	a b
	СМ	a - b	0
	a + b M+	a + b ^M	a + b
	c x d M+	c • d ^M	a+b+c•d
•	RM	a + b + c • d ^M	a+b+c•d
(at $ a+b+c+d+e > 10^8$)	e M+	o_{E}^{M}	a+b+c •d
	ON/C	o ^M	a+b+c•d
	RM	a+b+c•d ^M	a+b+c•d

Ordering Information

Туре	Package	Mask Type
UM3032A	PLASTIC	MIRROR
UM3032AH	CHIP	MIRROR
UM3032AB	C.O.B.	MIRROR