DATA SHEET



BIPOLAR ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS μ PC2757T, μ PC2758T

SILICON MMIC 1st FREQUENCY DOWN-CONVERTER FOR MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS

DESCRIPTION

The μ PC2758T and μ PC2758T are silicon monolithic integrated circuits designed as 1st down-converters for L band mobile communications. The ICs consist of mixer and local amplifier. The μ PC2757T features low current consumption and the μ PC2758T features improved intermodulation. From these two version, you can chose either IC corresponding to your system design.

The μ PC2758T and μ PC2758T are manufactured using NEC's 20 GHz fr NESATTM III silicon bipolar process. This process uses silicon nitride passivation film and gold electrodes. These materials can protect chip surface from external pollution and prevent corrosion and migration. Thus, these products have excellent performance, uniformity and reliability.

FEATURES

• Wide band operation : fRFin = 0.1 GHz to 2.0 GHz

· High-density surface mounting : 6-pin minimold

Low voltage operation : Supply voltage 3.0 V TYP.

• Low power consumption 15 mW: μ PC2757T

• Power-save function : μ PC2757T, μ PC2758T

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Markings	Product Type	Package	Supplying Form
μPC2757T-E3	C1X	Low power consumption	6-pin minimold	Embossed tape 8-mm wide. Pin 1, 2, 3 face to perforation side of the tape.
μPC2758T-E3	C1Y	High output IP₃		QTY 3 kp/Reel.

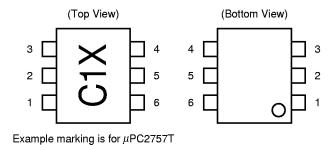
Note To order evaluation samples, please contact local NEC sales office. (Part number for sample order: μ PC2757T, μ PC2758T)

Caution Electro-static sensitive devices

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version. Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.



PIN CONNECTIONS



Pin No.	Pin Name
1	RF input
2	GND
3	LO input
4	PS
5	Vcc
6	IF output

★ PRODUCT LINE-UP (TA = +25 °C, Vcc = 3.0 V, ZL = Zs = 50 Ω)

Part No.	No RF Icc (mA)	900 MHz SSB NF (dB)	1.5 GHz SSB NF (dB)	1.9 GHz SSB NF (dB)	900 MHz CG (dB)	1.5 GHz CG (dB)	1.9 GHz CG (dB)	900 MHz IIP ₃ (dBm)	1.5 GHz IIP ₃ (dBm)	1.9 GHz IIP₃ (dBm)
μPC2757T	5.6	10	10	13	15	15	13	-14	-14	-12
μPC2757TB										
μPC2758T	」		40	40	40	40	47	40	40	44
μPC2758TB	11	9	10	13	19	18	17	–13	–12	-11
μPC8112T]		44	44	15	10	10	10	0	7
μPC8112TB	8.5	9	11	11	15	13	13	-10	9	-7

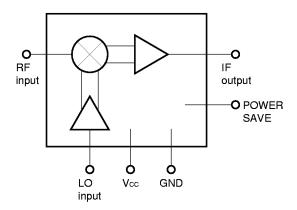
Part No.	900 MHz Po(sat) (dBm)	1.5 GHz Po _(sat) (dBm)	1.9 GHz Po _(sat) (dBm)	900 MHz RF ₁₀ (dB)	1.5 GHz RF _I o (dB)	1.9 GHz RF _I o (dB)	IF Output Configuration	Packages
μPC2757T								6-pin minimold
μPC2757TB	- 3	_	-8	_	_	_	Emitter follower	6-pin super minimold
μPC2758T							Ellitter follower	6-pin minimold
μPC2758TB	+1	_	-4	_	_	_		6-pin super minimold
μPC8112T	0.5			90	E-7	EE	On an action	6-pin minimold
μPC8112TB	-2.5	- 3	- 3	-80	− 57	− 55	Open collector	6-pin super minimold

Remark Typical performance. Please refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS in detail. To know the associated product, please refer to each latest data sheet.

Notice μ PC2757 and μ PC2758's IIP₃ are calculated with Δ IM₃ = 3 which is the same IM₃ inclination as μ PC8112. On the other hand, OIP₃ of Standard characteristics in page 4 is cross point IP.



INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM (µPC2757T, µPC2758T IN COMMON)



To know the detail in associated product, please refer to its latest data sheet.



PIN EXPLANATION (BOTH μ PC2757T, 2758T)

Pin No.	Pin Name	Applied Voltage (V)	Pin Voltage (V) ^{Note}	Function and Application	Equivalent Circuit
1	RF input	-	1.2	This pin is RF input for mixer designed as double balance type. This circuit contributes to suppress spurious signal with minimum LO and bias power consumption. Also this symmetrical circuit can keep specified performance insensitive to process-condition distribution.	To IF Amp.
2	GND	GND	-	This pin is ground of IC. Must be connected to the system ground with minimum inductance. Ground pattern on the board should be formed as wide as possible. (Track length should be kept as short as possible.)	_
3	LO input	_	1.3	This pin is LO input for local buffer designed as differential amplifier. Recommendable input level is –15 to –0 dBm. Also this symmetrical circuit can keep specified performance insensitive to process-condition distribution.	Wixer 3
4	PS	Vcc/GND	_	This pin is for power-save function. This pin can control ON/OFF operation with bias as follows;	Vcc
5	Vcc	2.7 to 3.3	-	Supply voltage 3.0 ±0.3 V for operation. Must be connected bypass capacitor. (example: 1 000 pF) to minimize ground impedance.	-
6	IF output	_	1.7	This pin is output from IF buffer amplifier designed as single-ended push-pull type. This pin is assigned for emitter follower output with low-impedance. In the case of connecting to high-impedance stage, please attach external matching circuit.	Vcc (6)

Note Each pin voltage is measured with $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	Ta = +25 °C	5.5	V
PS Pin Voltage	V PS	Ta = +25 °C	5.5	٧
Power Dissipation of Package Allowance	Po	Mounted on $50 \times 50 \times 1.6$ mm double sided copper clad epoxy glass board at TA = +85 °C	280	mW
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA		-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg		-55 to +150	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

Parameters	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	2.7	3.0	3.3	٧
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA	-4 0	+25	+85	°C
LO Input Level	PLOin	-15	-10	0	dBm

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = +25°C, Vcc = Vps = 3.0 V, PLoin = -10 dBm, ZL = Zs = 50 Ω)

			1	PC2757					
Parameters	Symbol	Conditions	MIN. TYP. MAX.		μPC2758T MIN. TYP. MAX.			Unit	
Circuit Current	Icc	No input signal	3.7	5.6	7.7	6.6	11	14.8	dB
RF Frequency Response	fRFin	CG ≥ (CG1 –3 dB) f _{Fout} = 130 MHz constant	0.1		2.0	0.1		2.0	GHz
IF Frequency Response	fiFout	CG ≥ (CG1 –3 dB) f _{RFin} = 0.8 GHz constant	20		300	20		300	MHz
Conversion Gain 1	CG1	frin = 0.8 GHz, firout = 130 MHz Prin = -40 dBm, Upper local	12	15	18	16	19	22	dB
Conversion Gain 2	CG2	f _{RFin} = 2.0 GHz, f _{IFout} = 250 MHz P _{RFin} = -40 dBm, Lower local	10	13	16	14	17	20	dB
Single Sideband Noise Figure 1	SSB NF1	frin = 0.8 GHz, firout = 130 MHz, Upper local		10	13		9	12	dB
Single Sideband Noise Figure 2	SSB NF2	frin = 2.0 GHz, firout = 250 MHz, Lower local		13	16		13	15	dB
Maximum IF Output Level 1	Po(sat) 1	frin = 0.8 GHz, firout = 130 MHz Prin = -10 dBm, Upper local	-11	-3		-7	+1		dBm
Maximum IF Output Level 2	Po(sat) 2	frein = 2.0 GHz, firout = 250 MHz Prein = -10 dBm, Lower local	-11	-8		- 7	-4		dBm

STANDARD CHARACTERISTICS FOR REFERENCE

(Unless otherwise specified: TA = +25°C, Vcc = VPS = 3.0 V, PLoin = -10 dBm, ZL = ZS = 50Ω)

		·			
Parameters	Symbol	Conditions	Referen	l locia	
Parameters	Symbol	Cortations	μPC2757T	μPC2758T	Unit
Output 3rd intercept point	OIP ₃	f _{RFin} = 0.8 to 2.0 GHz, f _{IFout} = 0.1 GHz, Cross point IP	+5	+11	dBm
LO leakage at RF pin	LOri	fLoin = 0.8 to 2.0 GHz	-35	-30	dBm
LO leakage at IF pin	LOif	fLoin = 0.8 to 2.0 GHz	-23	– 15	dBm
Power-saving current	IPS	V _{PS} = 0.5 V	0.1	0.1	μΑ

Remark IIP₃ is determined by comparing two method; theoretical calculation and cross point of IM₃ curve. IIP₃ = $(\Delta IM_3 \times P_{in} + CG - IM_3) \div (\Delta IM_3 - 1)$ (dBm) [ΔIM_3 : IM₃ curve inclination in linear range]

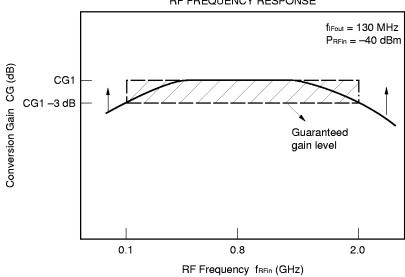


SCHEMATIC SUPPLEMENT FOR RF, IF SPECIFICATIONS

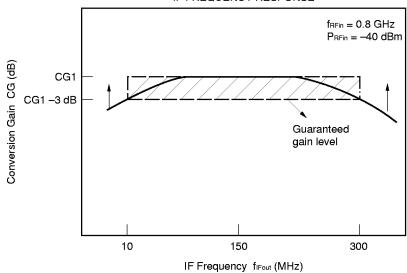
Note

		μPC2757T	•		μPC2758T		Unit
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Offic
CG1	12	15	18	16	19	22	dB
CG1 – 3 dB	9	12	15	13	16	19	dB

RF FREQUENCY RESPONSE

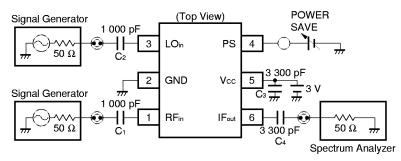


IF FREQUENCY RESPONSE

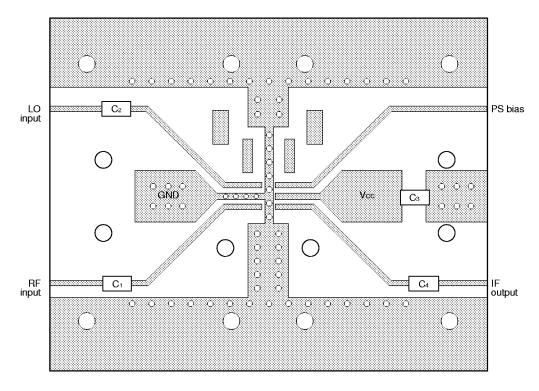


TEST CIRCUIT

μ PC2757T, μ PC2758T



★ ILLUSTRATION OF THE TEST CIRCUIT ASSEMBLED ON EVALUATION BOARD



COMPONENT LIST

No.	Value
C ₁ , C ₂	1 000 pF
C₃ to C₅	3 300 pF

Notes 1. $35 \times 42 \times 0.4$ mm double sided copper clad polyimide board.

2. Back side: GND pattern

3. Solder plated on pattern

4. °O: Through holes

APPLICATION

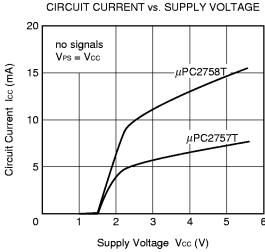
This IC is guaranteed on the test circuit constructed with 50 Ω equipment and transmission line.

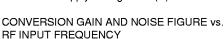
This IC, however, does not have 50 Ω input/output impedance, but electrical characteristics such as conversion gain and intermodulation distortion are described herein on these conditions without impedance matching. So, you should understand that conversion gain and intermodulation distortion at input level will vary when you improve VS of RF input with external circuit (50 Ω termination or impedance matching).

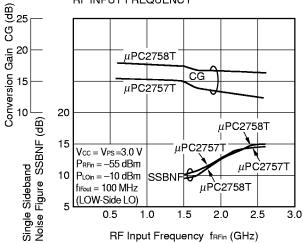
External circuits of the IC can be referred to following application notes.

• To RF and IF port: μ PC2757, μ PC2758, μ PC8112 application note (Document No. P11997E)

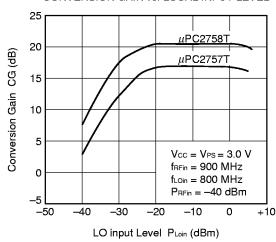
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = +25 °C)



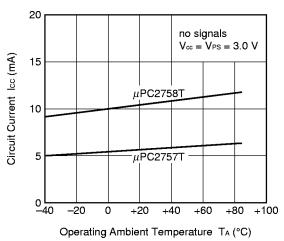




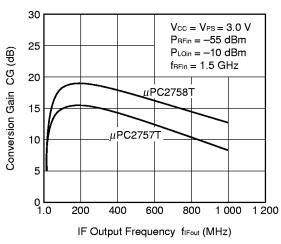
CONVERSION GAIN vs. LOCAL INPUT LEVEL



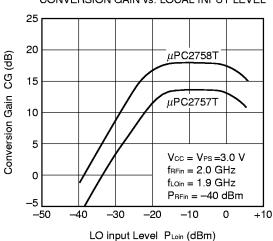
CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE

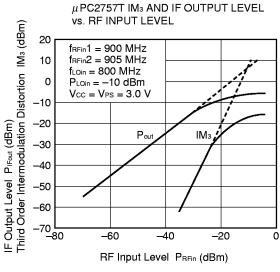


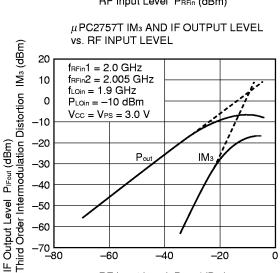
CONVERSION GAIN vs. IF OUTPUT FREQUENCY



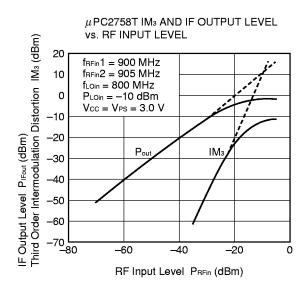
CONVERSION GAIN vs. LOCAL INPUT LEVEL

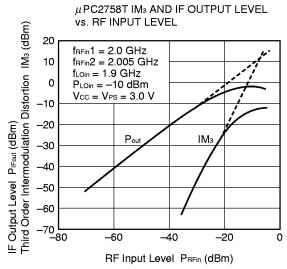


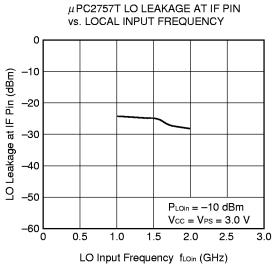


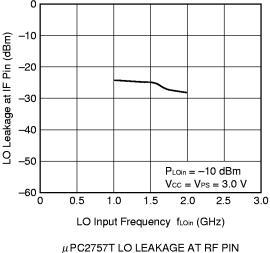


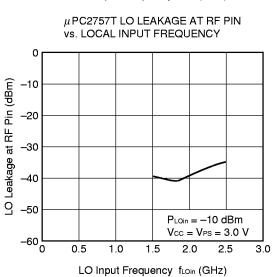
RF Input Level PRFin (dBm)

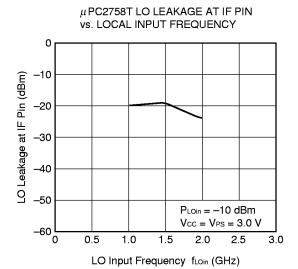


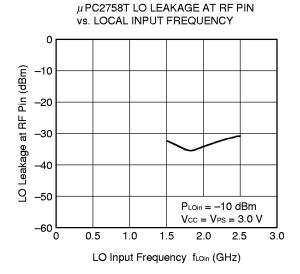




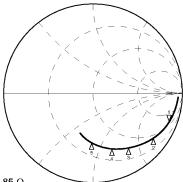








S-PARAMETERS $- \mu PC2757T -$



0.050000000 GHz 3.000000000 GHz

START STOP

RF port Vcc=Vps=3.0V

LO port

Vcc=Vps=3.0V

4:1900MHz 48.867 Ω –j74.281 Ω

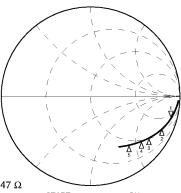
5:2500MHz 40.842 Ω –j55.199 Ω

1:500MHz 64.273 Ω -j250.85 Ω 2:900MHz 40.93 Ω-j141.55 Ω 3:1500MHz 31.09 Ω–j82.902 Ω

4:1900MHz 27.545 Ω -j62.115 Ω 5:2500MHz 26.459 Ω –j41.922 Ω RF port

Vcc=3.0V Vps=GND 1:500MHz 109.98 Ω -j363.47 Ω 2:900MHz 79.687 Ω –j214.84 Ω

3:1500MHz 60.195 Ω-j141.38 Ω 4:1900MHz 50.621 Ω -j114.52 Ω 5:2500MHz 42.488 Ω –j87.531 Ω



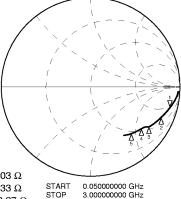
0.050000000 GHz 3.000000000 GHz

1:500MHz 99.852 Ω –j220.24 Ω START STOP 2:900MHz 73.133 Ω-j139.53 Ω 0.050000000 GHz 3:1500MHz 52.672 Ω –j91.57 Ω

LO port

Vcc=3.0V Vps=GND 1:500MHz 128.02 Ω -j354.03 Ω 2:900MHz 88.133 Ω -j222.33 Ω 3:1500MHz $62.516 \Omega-j140.97 \Omega$ 4:1900MHz 58.312 Ω-j117.96 Ω

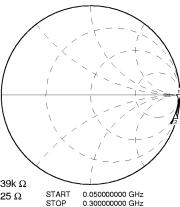
5:2500MHz 45.59 Ω -j93.238 Ω



0.050000000 GHz

IF port

Vcc=3.0V Vps=GND 1:130MHz 168.88 Ω–j1.2039k Ω 2:250MHz 120.56 Ω-j652.25 Ω

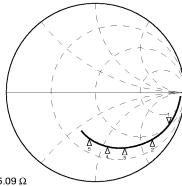


IF port Vcc=Vps=3.0V

1:130MHz 24.197 Ω–j7.668 Ω 2:250MHz 28.207 Ω -j13.525 Ω

START STOP 0.300000000 GHz

$- \mu PC2758T -$



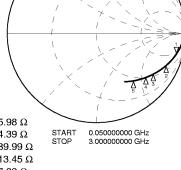
RF port Vcc=Vps=3.0V

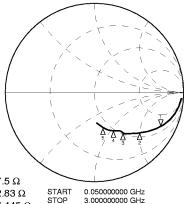
1:500MHz 59.633 Ω -j235.09 Ω 2:900MHz 37.609 Ω –j131.38 Ω 3:1500MHz 29.121 Ω –j76.48 Ω 4:1900MHz 26.992 Ω-j56.742 Ω 5:2500MHz 26.697 Ω -j37.975 Ω

START STOP 0.050000000 GHz 3.000000000 GHz

RF port Vcc=3.0V Vrs=GND 1:500MHz 105.94 Ω-j355.98 Ω 2:900MHz 79.336 Ω –j214.39 Ω 3:1500MHz $61.398 \Omega - j139.99 \Omega$

4:1900MHz 51.539 Ω-j113.45 Ω 5:2500MHz 42.875 Ω –j87.09 Ω





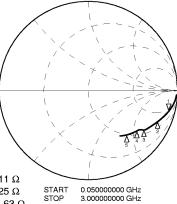
LO port Vcc=Vps=3.0V

1:500MHz 69.883 Ω-j177.5 Ω 2:900MHz 59.047 Ω-j102.83 Ω 3:1500MHz 49.656 Ω-j67.445 Ω

4:1900MHz 46.871 Ω–j53.65 Ω 5:2500MHz 42.143 Ω –j40.105 Ω LO port

Vcc=3.0V Vps=GND 1:500MHz 102.48 Ω –j330.11 Ω 2:900MHz 79.703 Ω –j199.25 Ω

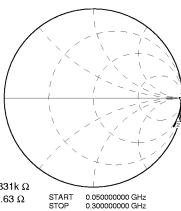
3:1500MHz 60.961 Ω -j128.63 Ω 4:1900 MHz 59.211 Ω-j107.32 Ω 5:2500 MHz 48.105 Ω-j86.215 Ω



1:130MHz 20.784 Ω-j10.842 Ω 2:250MHz 27.586 Ω-j18.538 Ω START STOP 0.050000000 GHz 0.300000000 GHz

IF port Vcc=3.0V Vps=GND

1:130MHz 182.06 Ω-j1.1831k Ω 2:250MHz 117.16 Ω –j631.63 Ω



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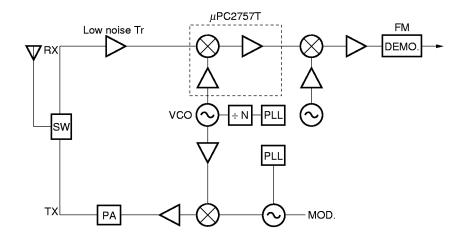
IF port

 $V_{CC}=V_{PS}=3.0V$

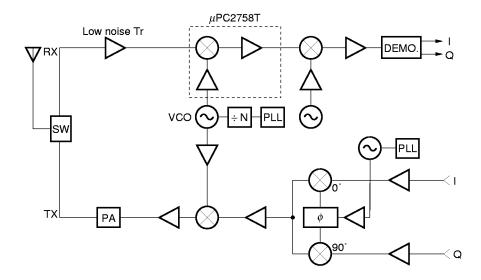


SYSTEM APPLICATION EXAMPLE

ANALOG CELLULAR TELEPHONE



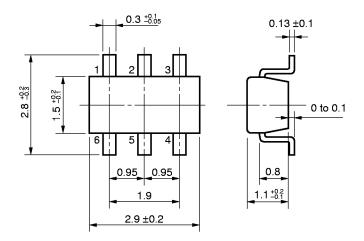
DIGITAL CELLULAR TELEPHONE



These examples show only IC's location on the system use schematically, do not present or recommend the actual application circuit in detail.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

6 PIN MINIMOLD (Unit: mm)





NOTE ON CORRECT USE

- (1) Observe precautions for handling because of electrostatic sensitive devices.
- (2) Form a ground pattern as wide as possible to minimize ground impedance (to prevent undesired oscillation).
- (3) Keep the track length of the ground pins as short as possible.
- (4) Connect a bypass capacitor (example: 1 000 pF) to the Vcc pin.

RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

This product should be soldered under the following recommended conditions. For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, contact your NEC sales representative.

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions	Recommended Condition Symbol
Infrared Reflow	Package peak temperature: 235 °C or below Time: 30 seconds or less (at 210 °C) Count: 3, Exposure limit: None ^{Note}	IR35-00-3
VPS	Package peak temperature: 215 °C or below Time: 40 seconds or less (at 200 °C) Count: 3, Exposure limit: None ^{Note}	VP15-00-3
Wave Soldering	Soldering bath temperature: 260 °C or below Time: 10 seconds or less Count: 1, Exposure limit: None ^{Note}	WS60-00-1
Partial Heating	Pin temperature: 300 °C Time: 3 seconds or less (per side of device) Exposure limit: None ^{Note}	-

Note After opening the dry pack, keep it in a place below 25 °C and 65 % RH for the allowable storage period.

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).

For details of recommended soldering conditions for surface mounting, refer to information document SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE MOUNTING TECHNOLOGY MANUAL (C10535E).



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- NEC devices are classified into the following three quality grades:
 - "Standard", "Special", and "Specific". The Specific quality grade applies only to devices developed based on a customer designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of a device depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each device before using it in a particular application.
 - Standard: Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots
 - Special: Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)
 - Specific: Aircraft, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems or medical equipment for life support, etc.

The quality grade of NEC devices is "Standard" unless otherwise specified in NEC's Data Sheets or Data Books. If customers intend to use NEC devices for applications other than those specified for Standard quality grade, they should contact an NEC sales representative in advance.

M7 98.8