

DATA SHEET

NEC

MOS INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

μ PD42S18160L, 4218160L

3.3 V OPERATION 16 M-BIT DYNAMIC RAM 1 M-WORD BY 16-BIT, FAST PAGE MODE, BYTE READ/WRITE MODE

Description

The μ PD42S18160L, 4218160L are 1,048,576 words by 16 bits CMOS dynamic RAMs. The fast page mode and byte read/write mode capability realize high speed access and low power consumption.

These differ in refresh cycle and the μ PD42S18160L can execute $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ self refresh.

These are packaged in 50-pin plastic TSOP (II) and 42-pin plastic SOJ.

Features

- 1,048,576 words by 16 bits organization
- Fast page mode
- Fast access and cycle time
- Single +3.3 V \pm 0.3 V power supply

Part number	Power consumption Active (MAX.)	Access time (MAX.)	R/W cycle time (MIN.)	Fast page mode cycle time (MIN.)
μ PD42S18160L-A60, 4218160L-A60	540 mW	60 ns	110 ns	40 ns
μ PD42S18160L-A70, 4218160L-A70	504 mW	70 ns	130 ns	45 ns

- The μ PD42S18160L can execute $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ self refresh

Part number	Refresh cycle	Refresh	Power consumption at standby (MAX.)
μ PD42S18160L	1,024 cycles/128 ms	$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ self refresh, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ refresh, $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ only refresh, Hidden refresh	0.54 mW (CMOS level input)
μ PD4218160L	1,024 cycles/16 ms	$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ refresh, $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ only refresh, Hidden refresh	1.8 mW (CMOS level input)

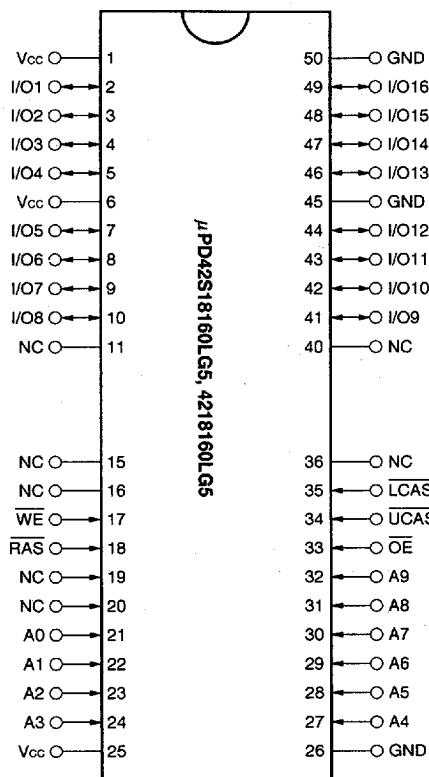
The information in this document is subject to change without notice.

Ordering Information

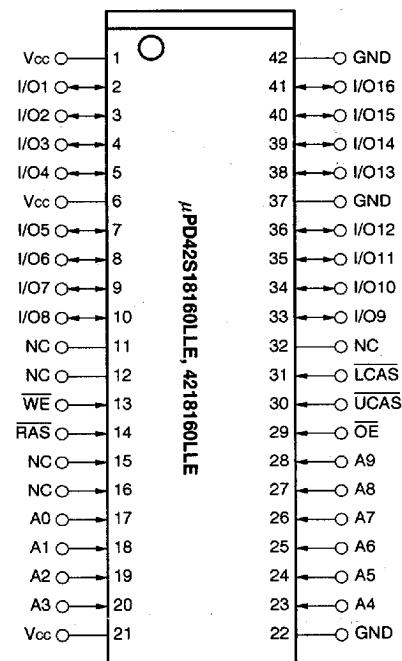
Part number	Access time (MAX.)	Package	Refresh
μPD42S18160LG5-A60 μPD42S18160LG5-A70	60 ns 70 ns	50-pin plastic TSOP (II) (400 mil)	CAS before RAS self refresh CAS before RAS refresh RAS only refresh Hidden refresh
μPD42S18160LLE-A60 μPD42S18160LLE-A70	60 ns 70 ns	42-pin plastic SOJ (400 mil)	
μPD4218160LG5-A60 μPD4218160LG5-A70	60 ns 70 ns	50-pin plastic TSOP (II) (400 mil)	CAS before RAS refresh RAS only refresh Hidden refresh
μPD4218160LLE-A60 μPD4218160LLE-A70	60 ns 70 ns	42-pin plastic SOJ (400 mil)	

Pin Configurations (Marking Side)

50-pin Plastic TSOP (II) (400 mil)



42-pin Plastic SOJ (400 mil)



A0 to A9 : Address Inputs

I/O1 to I/O16 : Data Inputs/Outputs

RAS : Row Address Strobe

UCAS : Column Address Strobe (upper)

LCAS : Column Address Strobe (lower)

WE : Write Enable

OE : Output Enable

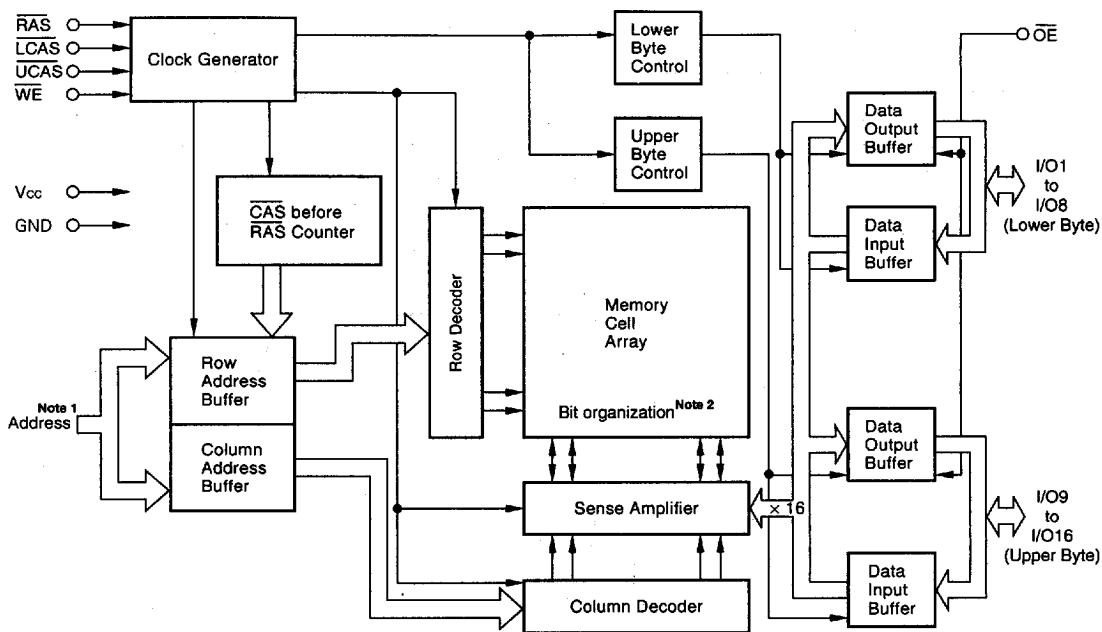
Vcc : Power Supply

GND : Ground

NC : No Connection

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Block Diagram



Notes 1.

Part number	Row address	Column address
μ PD42S18160L, 4218160L	A0 - A9	A0 - A9

2. μ PD42S18160L, 4218160L $\cdots 1,024 \times 1,024 \times 16$

Input/Output Pin Functions

The μ PD42S18160L, 4218160L have input pins $\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ ^{Note 1}, $\overline{\text{WE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, Address^{Note 2} and input/output pins I/O1 to I/O16.

Pin name	Input/ Output	Function
RAS (Row address strobe)	Input	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ activates the sense amplifier by latching a row address and selecting a corresponding word line. It refreshes memory cell array of one line selected by the row address. It also selects the following function. • CAS before RAS refresh
CAS (Column address strobe)	Input	CAS activates data input/output circuit by latching column address and selecting a digit line connected with the sense amplifier.
A0 to A9 (Address input)	Input	Address bus. Input total 20-bit of address signal, upper bits and lower bits ^{Note 2} in sequence (address multiplex method). Therefore, one word is selected from 1,048,576-word by 16-bit memory cell array. In actual operation, latch row address by specifying row address and activating $\overline{\text{RAS}}$. Then, switch the address bus to column address and activate $\overline{\text{CAS}}$. Each address is taken into the device when $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ are activated. Therefore, the address input setup time (t_{ASR} , t_{ASC}) and hold time (t_{RAH} , t_{CAH}) are specified for the activation of $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CAS}}$.
WE (Write enable)	Input	Write control signal. Write operation is executed by activating $\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{WE}}$.
OE (Output enable)	Input	Read control signal. Read operation can be executed by activating $\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{OE}}$. If WE is activated during read operation, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is to be ineffective in the device. Therefore, read operation cannot be executed.
I/O1 to I/O16 (Data input/ output)	Input/ Output	16-bit data bus. I/O1 to I/O16 are used to input/output data.

Notes 1. CAS means UCAS and LCAS.

2.

Part number	Address inputs	Upper bits	Lower bits
μ PD42S18160L, 4218160L	A0 - A9	10 bits	10 bits

Electrical Specifications

- CAS means UCAS and LCAS.
- All voltages are referenced to GND.
- After power up ($V_{CC} \geq V_{CC(MIN.)}$), wait more than 100 μ s(RAS, CAS inactive) and then, execute eight CAS before RAS or RAS only refresh cycles as dummy cycles to initialize internal circuit.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to GND	V_T		-0.5 to +4.6	V
Supply voltage	V_{CC}		-0.5 to +4.6	V
Output current	I_O		20	mA
Power dissipation	P_D		1	W
Operating ambient temperature	T_A		0 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	T_{STG}		-55 to +125	°C

Caution Exposing the device to stress above those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings could cause permanent damage. The device is not meant to be operated under conditions outside the limits described in the operational section of this specification. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{CC}		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
High level input voltage	V_{IH}		2.0		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
Low level input voltage	V_{IL}		-0.3		+0.8	V
Operating ambient temperature	T_A		0		70	°C

Capacitance ($T_A = 25$ °C, $f = 1$ MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Test condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input capacitance	C_{IN}	Address			5	pF
	C_{I2}	<u>RAS</u> , <u>CAS</u> , <u>WE</u> , <u>OE</u>			7	pF
Data input/output capacitance	C_{IO}	I/O			7	pF

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DC Characteristics (Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted)

Parameter		Symbol	Test condition		MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Notes	
Operating current		Icc1	RAS, CAS cycling tRC = tRC (MIN.), Io = 0 mA		tRAC = 60 ns		150	mA 1, 2, 3	
					tRAC = 70 ns		140		
Standby current	μ PD42S18160L	Icc2	RAS, CAS \geq V _{IH} (MIN.), Io = 0 mA			0.5	mA		
			RAS, CAS \geq V _{CC} - 0.2 V, Io = 0 mA			0.15			
	μ PD4218160L		RAS, CAS \geq V _{IH} (MIN.), Io = 0 mA			2.0			
			RAS, CAS \geq V _{CC} - 0.2 V, Io = 0 mA			0.5			
RAS only refresh current		Icc3	RAS cycling, CAS \geq V _{IH} (MIN.) tRC = tRC (MIN.), Io = 0 mA		tRAC = 60 ns		150	mA 1, 2, 3, 4	
					tRAC = 70 ns		140		
(Fast page mode)		Icc4	RAS \leq V _{IL} (MAX.), CAS cycling tPC = tPC (MIN.), Io = 0 mA		tRAC = 60 ns		90	mA 1, 2, 5	
					tRAC = 70 ns		80		
CAS before RAS refresh current		Icc5	RAS cycling tRC = tRC (MIN.), Io = 0 mA		tRAC = 60 ns		150	mA 1, 2	
					tRAC = 70 ns		140		
CAS before RAS long refresh current (1,024 cycles / 128 ms, only for the μ PD42S18160L)		Icc6	CAS before RAS refresh: tRC = 125.0 μ s RAS, CAS: V _{CC} - 0.2 V \leq V _{IL} \leq V _{IH} (MAX.) 0 V \leq V _{IL} \leq 0.2 V Standby: RAS, CAS \geq V _{CC} - 0.2 V Address: V _{IH} or V _{IL} WE, OE: V _{IH} Io = 0 mA		tRAS \leq 1 μ s		180	μ A 1, 2	
Self refresh current (CAS before RAS self refresh, only for the μ PD42S18160L)		Icc7	RAS, CAS: tRASS = 5 ms V _{CC} - 0.2 V \leq V _{IL} \leq V _{IH} (MAX.) 0 V \leq V _{IL} \leq 0.2 V Io = 0 mA				150	μ A 2	
Input leakage current	I _{IN(L)}		V _I = 0 to 3.6 V All other pins not under test = 0 V		-5	+5	μ A		
Output leakage current	I _{O(L)}		V _O = 0 to 3.6 V Output is disabled (Hi-Z)		-5	+5	μ A		
High level output voltage	V _{OH}		Io = -2.0 mA		2.4		V		
Low level output voltage	V _{OL}		Io = +2.0 mA			0.4	V		

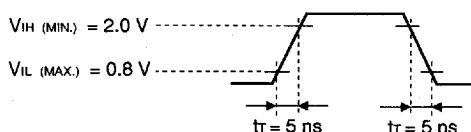
- Notes**
1. Icc1, Icc3, Icc4, Icc5 and Icc6 depend on cycle rates (tRC and tPC).
 2. Specified values are obtained with outputs unloaded.
 3. Icc1 and Icc3 are measured assuming that address can be changed once or less during RAS \leq V_{IL} (MAX.) and CAS \geq V_{IH} (MIN.).
 4. Icc3 is measured assuming that all column address inputs are held at either high or low.
 5. Icc4 is measured assuming that all column address inputs are switched only once during each fast page cycle.

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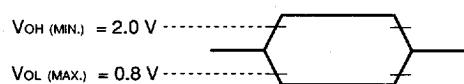
AC Characteristics (Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted)

AC Characteristics Test Conditions

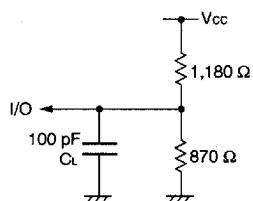
(1) Input timing specification



(2) Output timing specification



(3) Output load condition



Common to Read, Write, Read Modify Write Cycle

Parameter	Symbol	t _{RAC} = 60 ns		t _{RAC} = 70 ns		Unit	Notes
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Read / Write cycle time	t _{RC}	110	—	130	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ precharge time	t _{RP}	40	—	50	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ precharge time	t _{CPN}	10	—	10	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ pulse width	t _{RAS}	60	10,000	70	10,000	ns	1
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ pulse width	t _{CAS}	15	10,000	20	10,000	ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ hold time	t _{RSH}	15	—	18	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ hold time	t _{CSH}	60	—	70	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ delay time	t _{RCD}	20	45	20	50	ns	2
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to column address delay time	t _{RAD}	15	30	15	35	ns	2
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ precharge time	t _{CRP}	5	—	5	—	ns	3
Row address setup time	t _{ASR}	0	—	0	—	ns	
Row address hold time	t _{RAH}	10	—	10	—	ns	
Column address setup time	t _{ASC}	0	—	0	—	ns	
Column address hold time	t _{CAH}	15	—	15	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ lead time referenced to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$	t _{OES}	0	—	0	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to data setup time	t _{C LZ}	0	—	0	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to data setup time	t _{O LZ}	0	—	0	—	ns	
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to data delay time	t _{OED}	13	—	15	—	ns	
Masked byte write hold time referenced to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$	t _{MRH}	0	—	0	—	ns	
Transition time (rise and fall)	t _r	3	50	3	50	ns	
Refresh time	μ PD42S18160L	—	128	—	128	ms	
	μ PD4218160L		16		16	ms	

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Notes 1. In CAS before RAS refresh cycles, $t_{RAS(MAX.)}$ is 100 μ s.

If 10 μ s < t_{RAS} < 100 μ s, RAS precharge time for CAS before RAS self refresh (t_{RP}) is applied.

2. For read cycles, access time is defined as follows:

Input conditions	Access time	Access time from <u>RAS</u>
$t_{RAD} \leq t_{RAD(MAX.)}$ and $t_{RCDD} \leq t_{RCDD(MAX.)}$	$t_{TRAC}(MAX.)$	$t_{TRAC}(MAX.)$
$t_{RAD} > t_{RAD(MAX.)}$ and $t_{RCDD} \leq t_{RCDD(MAX.)}$	$t_{TAA}(MAX.)$	$t_{RAD} + t_{TAA}(MAX.)$
$t_{RCDD} > t_{RCDD(MAX.)}$	$t_{TCAC}(MAX.)$	$t_{RCDD} + t_{TCAC}(MAX.)$

$t_{RAD(MAX.)}$ and $t_{RCDD(MAX.)}$ are specified as reference points only ; they are not restrictive operating parameters.

They are used to determine which access time (t_{TRAC} , t_{TAA} or t_{TCAC}) is to be used for finding out when output data will be available. Therefore, the input conditions $t_{RAD} \geq t_{RAD(MAX.)}$ and $t_{RCDD} \geq t_{RCDD(MAX.)}$ will not cause any operation problems.

3. $t_{CRP(MIN.)}$ requirement is applied to RAS, CAS cycles.

Read Cycle

Parameter	Symbol	$t_{TRAC} = 60$ ns		$t_{TRAC} = 70$ ns		Unit	Notes
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Access time from <u>RAS</u>	t_{TRAC}	—	60	—	70	ns	1
Access time from <u>CAS</u>	t_{TCAC}	—	15	—	20	ns	1
Access time from column address	t_{TAA}	—	30	—	35	ns	1
Access time from <u>OE</u>	t_{TOEA}	—	15	—	20	ns	
Column address lead time referenced to <u>RAS</u>	t_{TRAL}	30	—	35	—	ns	
Read command setup time	t_{TRCS}	0	—	0	—	ns	
Read command hold time referenced to <u>RAS</u>	t_{TRRH}	0	—	0	—	ns	2
Read command hold time referenced to <u>CAS</u>	t_{TRCH}	0	—	0	—	ns	2
Output buffer turn-off delay time from <u>OE</u>	t_{TOEZ}	0	13	0	15	ns	3
Output buffer turn-off delay time from <u>CAS</u>	t_{TOFF}	0	13	0	15	ns	3

Notes 1. For read cycles, access time is defined as follows:

Input conditions	Access time	Access time from <u>RAS</u>
$t_{RAD} \leq t_{RAD(MAX.)}$ and $t_{RCDD} \leq t_{RCDD(MAX.)}$	$t_{TRAC}(MAX.)$	$t_{TRAC}(MAX.)$
$t_{RAD} > t_{RAD(MAX.)}$ and $t_{RCDD} \leq t_{RCDD(MAX.)}$	$t_{TAA}(MAX.)$	$t_{RAD} + t_{TAA}(MAX.)$
$t_{RCDD} > t_{RCDD(MAX.)}$	$t_{TCAC}(MAX.)$	$t_{RCDD} + t_{TCAC}(MAX.)$

$t_{RAD(MAX.)}$ and $t_{RCDD(MAX.)}$ are specified as reference points only ; they are not restrictive operating parameters.

They are used to determine which access time (t_{TRAC} , t_{TAA} or t_{TCAC}) is to be used for finding out when output data will be available. Therefore, the input conditions $t_{RAD} \geq t_{RAD(MAX.)}$ and $t_{RCDD} \geq t_{RCDD(MAX.)}$ will not cause any operation problems.

2. Either $t_{TRCH(MIN.)}$ or $t_{TRRH(MIN.)}$ should be met in read cycles.

3. $t_{TOFF(MAX.)}$ and $t_{TOEZ(MAX.)}$ define the time when the output achieves the condition of Hi-Z and is not referenced to V_{OH} or V_{OL} .

Write Cycle

Parameter	Symbol	t _{RAC} = 60 ns		t _{RAC} = 70 ns		Unit	Notes
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
WE hold time referenced to CAS	t _{WCH}	10	—	10	—	ns	1
WE pulse width	t _{WP}	10	—	10	—	ns	1
WE lead time referenced to RAS	t _{RWL}	20	—	20	—	ns	
WE lead time referenced to CAS	t _{CWL}	15	—	15	—	ns	
WE setup time	t _{WCS}	0	—	0	—	ns	2
OE hold time	t _{OEH}	0	—	0	—	ns	
Data-in setup time	t _{DS}	0	—	0	—	ns	3
Data-in hold time	t _{DH}	10	—	15	—	ns	3

- Notes**
1. t_{WP} (MIN.) is applied to late write cycles or read modify write cycles. In early write cycles, t_{WCH} (MIN.) should be met.
 2. If t_{WCS} ≥ t_{WCS} (MIN.), the cycle is an early write cycle and the data out will remain Hi-Z through the entire cycle.
 3. t_{DS} (MIN.) and t_{DH} (MIN.) are referenced to the CAS falling edge in early write cycles. In late write cycles and read modify write cycles, they are referenced to the WE falling edge.

Read Modify Write Cycle

Parameter	Symbol	t _{RAC} = 60 ns		t _{RAC} = 70 ns		Unit	Notes
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Read modify write cycle time	t _{RWC}	158	—	180	—	ns	
RAS to WE delay time	t _{RWD}	83	—	95	—	ns	1
CAS to WE delay time	t _{CWD}	38	—	40	—	ns	1
Column address to WE delay time	t _{AWD}	53	—	60	—	ns	1

- Note**
1. If t_{WCS} ≥ t_{WCS} (MIN.), the cycle is an early write cycle and the data out will remain Hi-Z through the entire cycle. If t_{RWD} ≥ t_{RWD} (MIN.), t_{CWD} ≥ t_{CWD} (MIN.), t_{AWD} ≥ t_{AWD} (MIN.) and t_{CPWD} ≥ t_{CPWD} (MIN.), the cycle is a read modify write cycle and the data out will contain data read from the selected cell. If neither of the above conditions is met, the state of the data out is indeterminate.

Fast Page Mode

Parameter	Symbol	trac = 60 ns		trac = 70 ns		Unit	Note
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Fast page mode cycle time	t _{PC}	40	—	45	—	ns	
Access time from <u>CAS</u> precharge	t _{ACP}	—	35	—	40	ns	
RAS pulse width	t _{RASP}	60	125,000	70	125,000	ns	
CAS precharge time	t _{CP}	10	—	10	—	ns	
RAS hold time from <u>CAS</u> precharge	t _{RHCP}	35	—	40	—	ns	
Read modify write cycle time	t _{PWRC}	83	—	90	—	ns	
CAS precharge to <u>WE</u> delay time	t _{CPWD}	58	—	65	—	ns	1

Note 1. If twcs \geq twcs (MIN.), the cycle is an early write cycle and the data out will remain Hi-Z through the entire cycle.

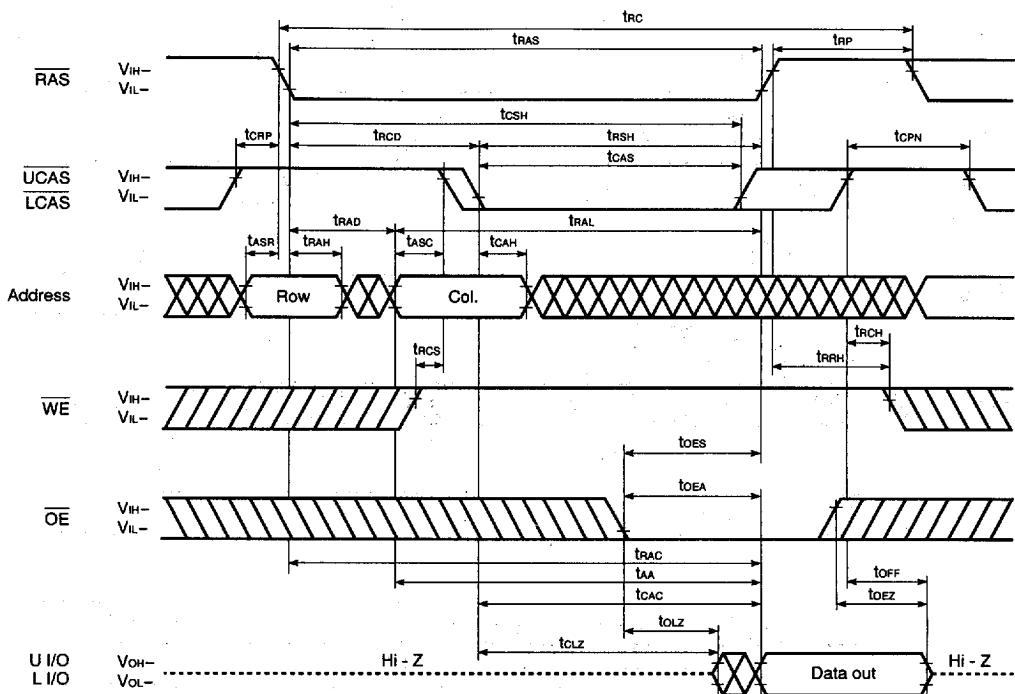
If trwd \geq tawd (MIN.), tcwd \geq tcwd (MIN.), tawd \geq tawd (MIN.) and tcpwd \geq tcpwd (MIN.), the cycle is a read modify write cycle and the data out will contain data read from the selected cell. If neither of the above conditions is met, the state of the data out is indeterminate.

Refresh Cycle

Parameter	Symbol	trac = 60 ns		trac = 70 ns		Unit	Note
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
CAS setup time	t _{CSR}	5	—	5	—	ns	
CAS hold time (<u>CAS</u> before <u>RAS</u> refresh)	t _{CHR}	10	—	10	—	ns	
RAS precharge <u>CAS</u> hold time	t _{RPC}	5	—	5	—	ns	
RAS pulse width (<u>CAS</u> before <u>RAS</u> self refresh)	t _{RASS}	100	—	100	—	μs	1
RAS precharge time (<u>CAS</u> before <u>RAS</u> self refresh)	t _{RPS}	110	—	130	—	ns	1
CAS hold time (<u>CAS</u> before <u>RAS</u> self refresh)	t _{CHS}	-50	—	-50	—	ns	1
WE hold time	t _{WHR}	15	—	15	—	ns	

Note 1. This specification is applied only to the μ PD42S18160L.

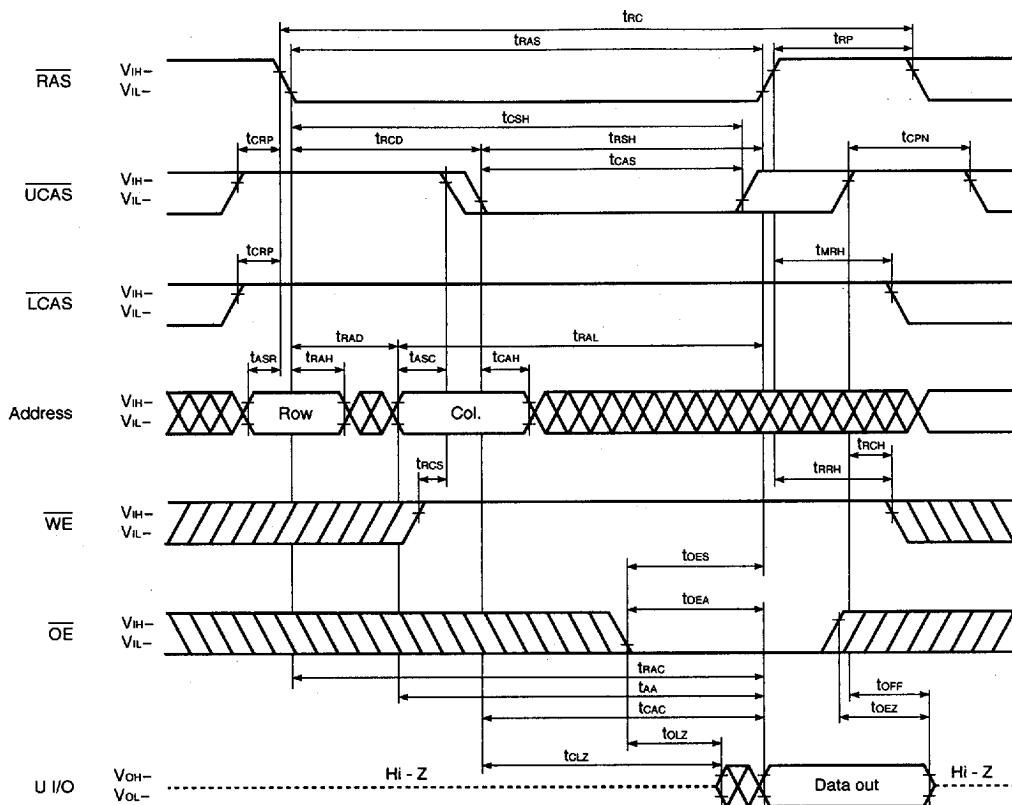
Read Cycle



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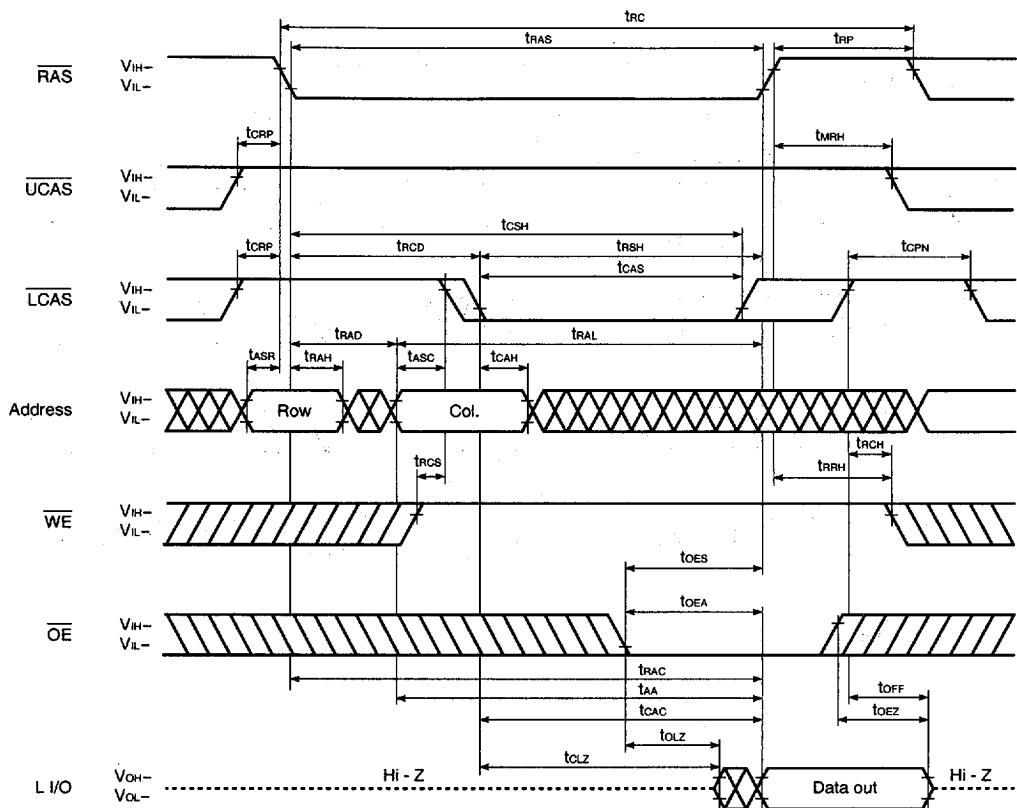
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Upper Byte Read Cycle



Remark L I/O: Hi-Z

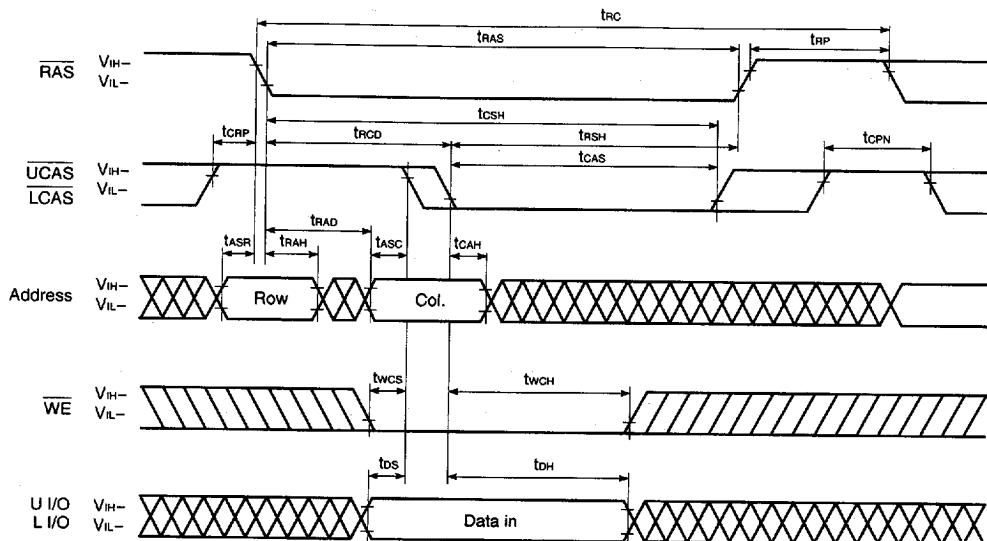
Lower Byte Read Cycle



Remark U I/O: Hi-Z

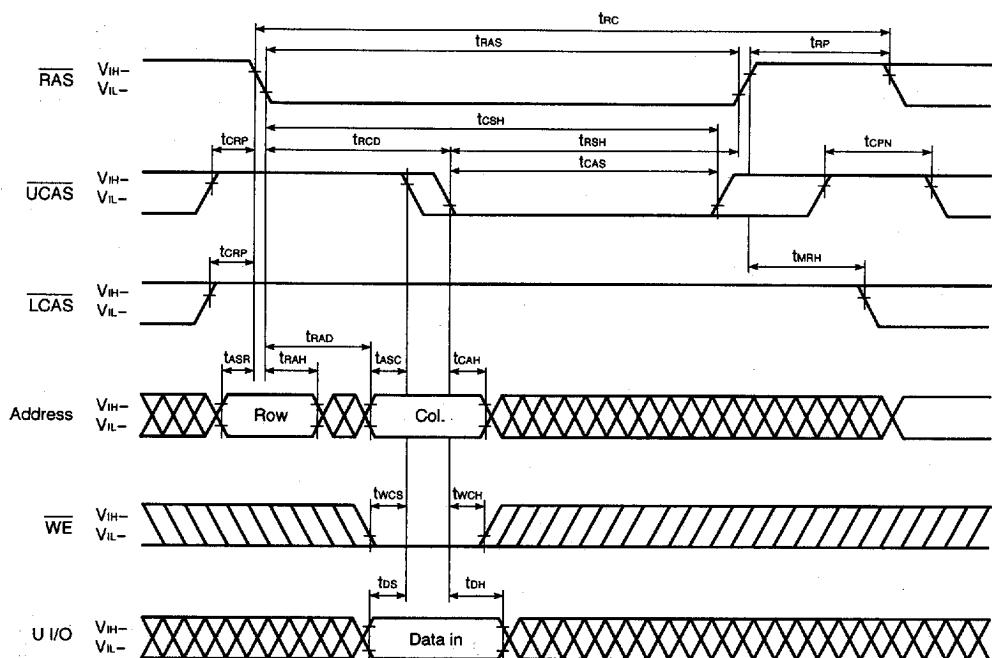
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Early Write Cycle



Remark OE: Don't care

Upper Byte Early Write Cycle

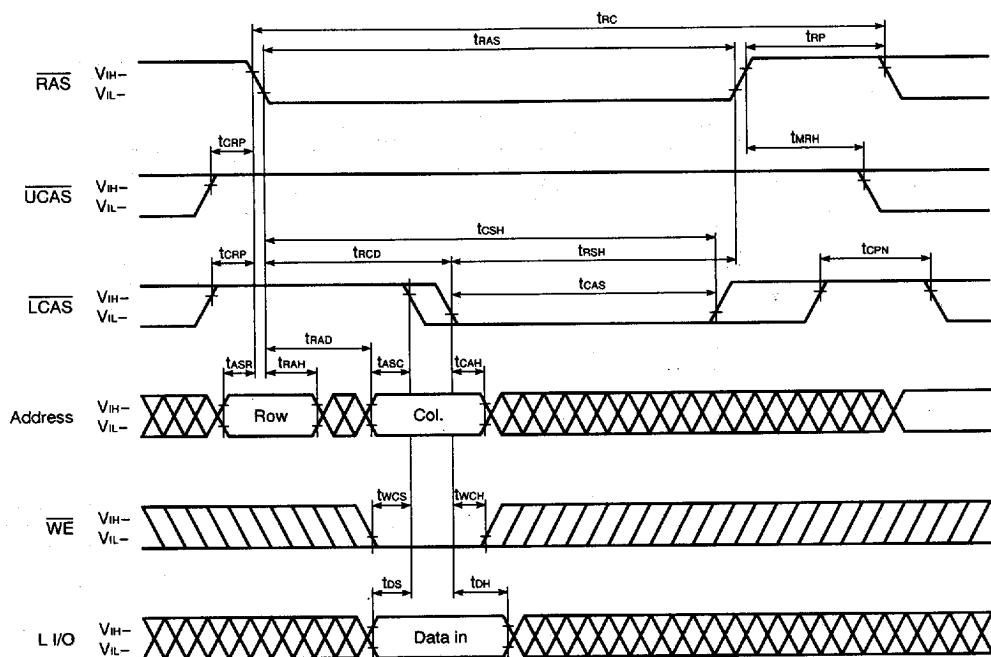


Remark \overline{OE} , L I/O: Don't care

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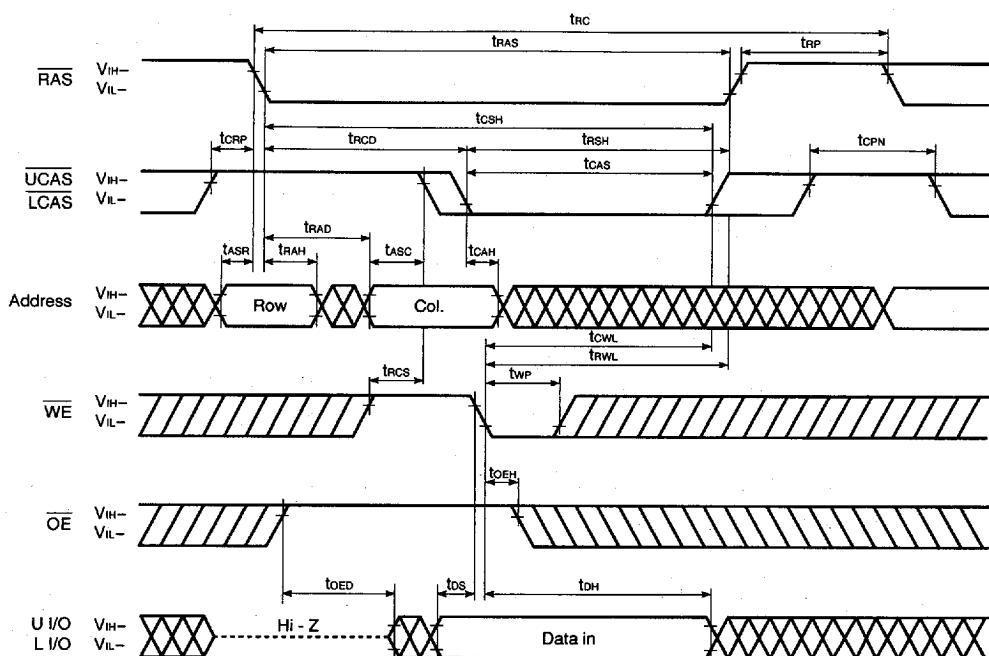
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Lower Byte Early Write Cycle



Remark \overline{OE} , U I/O: Don't care

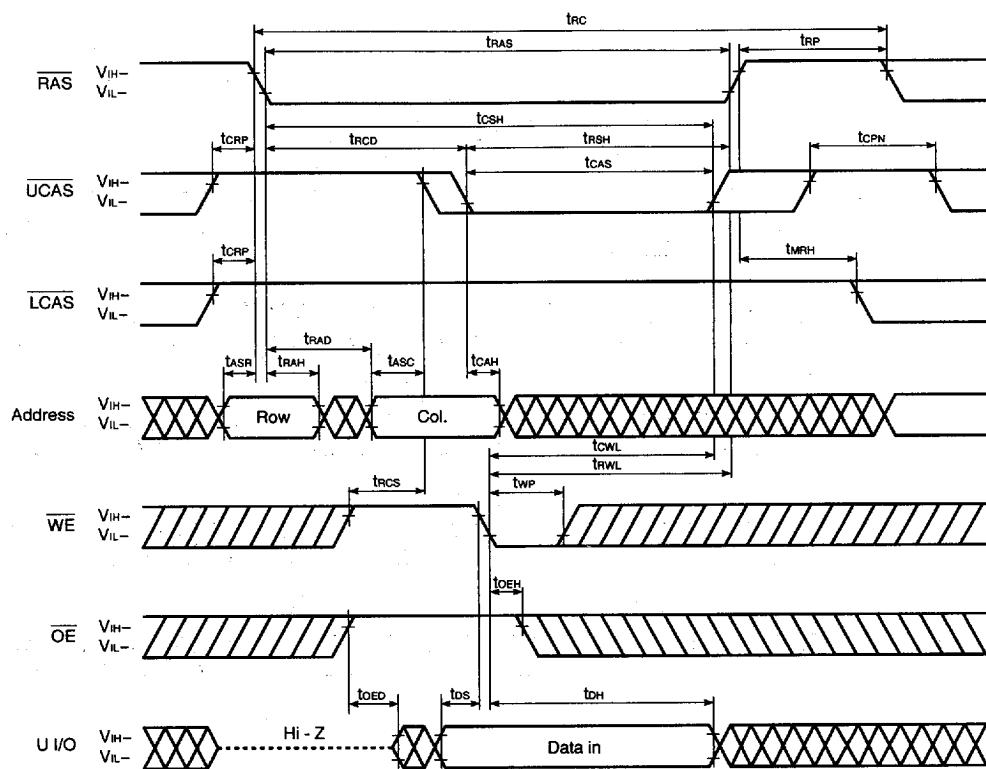
Late Write Cycle



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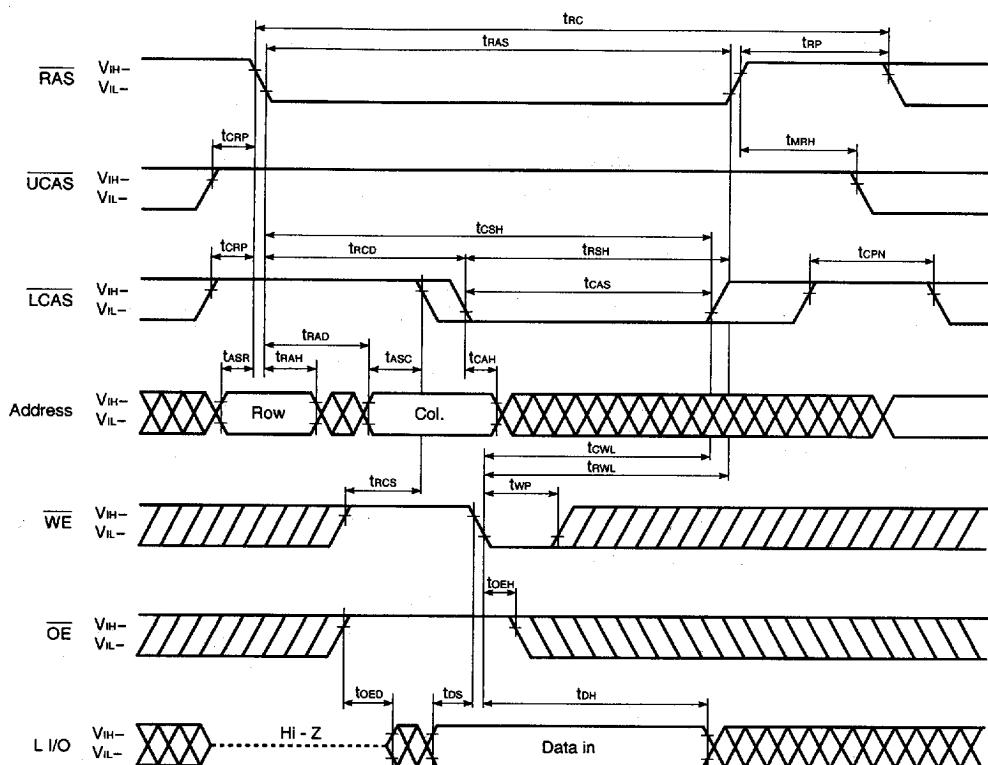
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Upper Byte Late Write Cycle



Remark L I/O: Don't care

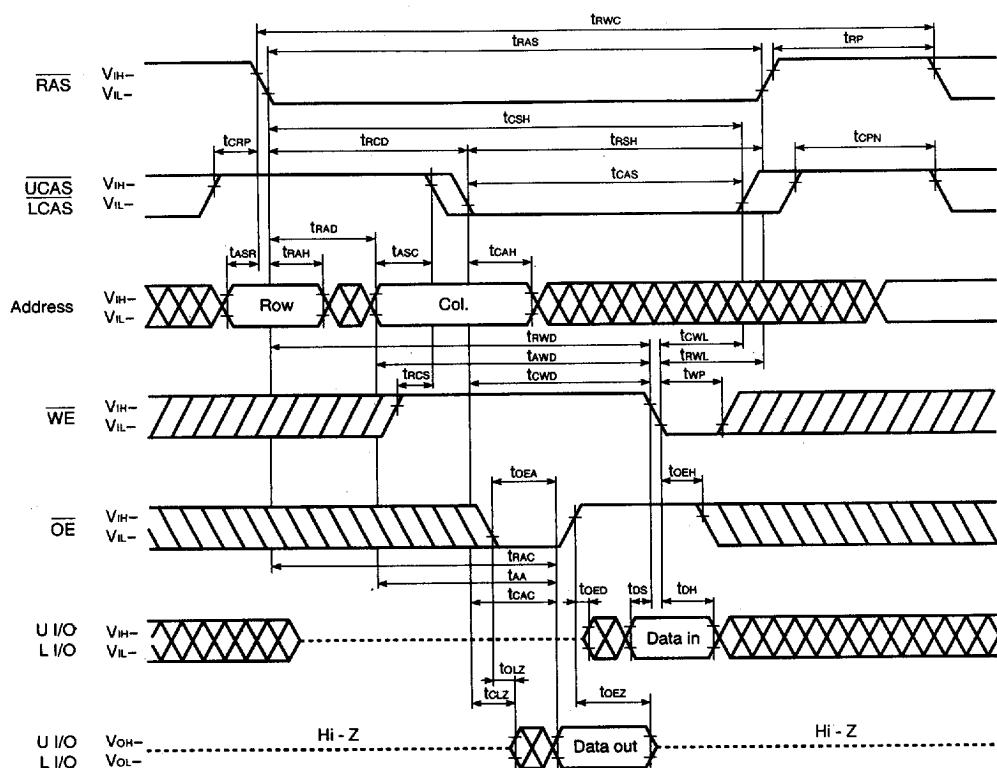
Lower Byte Late Write Cycle



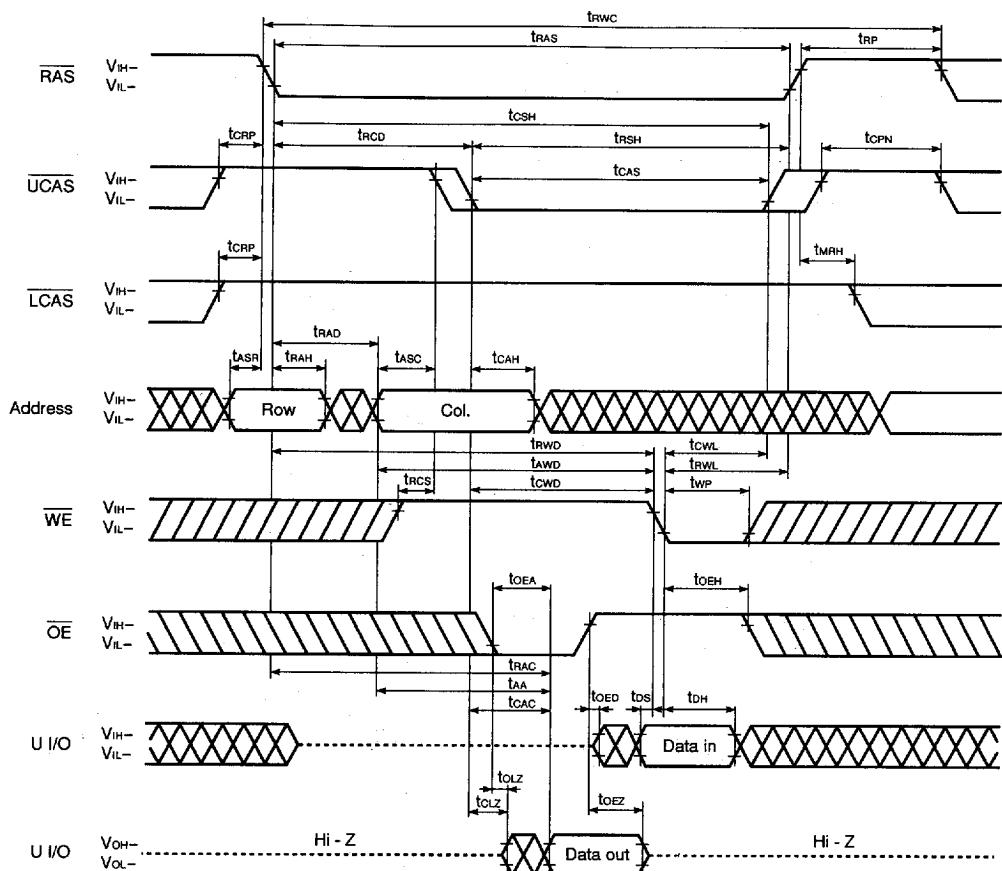
Remark U I/O: Don't care

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Read Modify Write Cycle



Upper Byte Read Modify Write Cycle

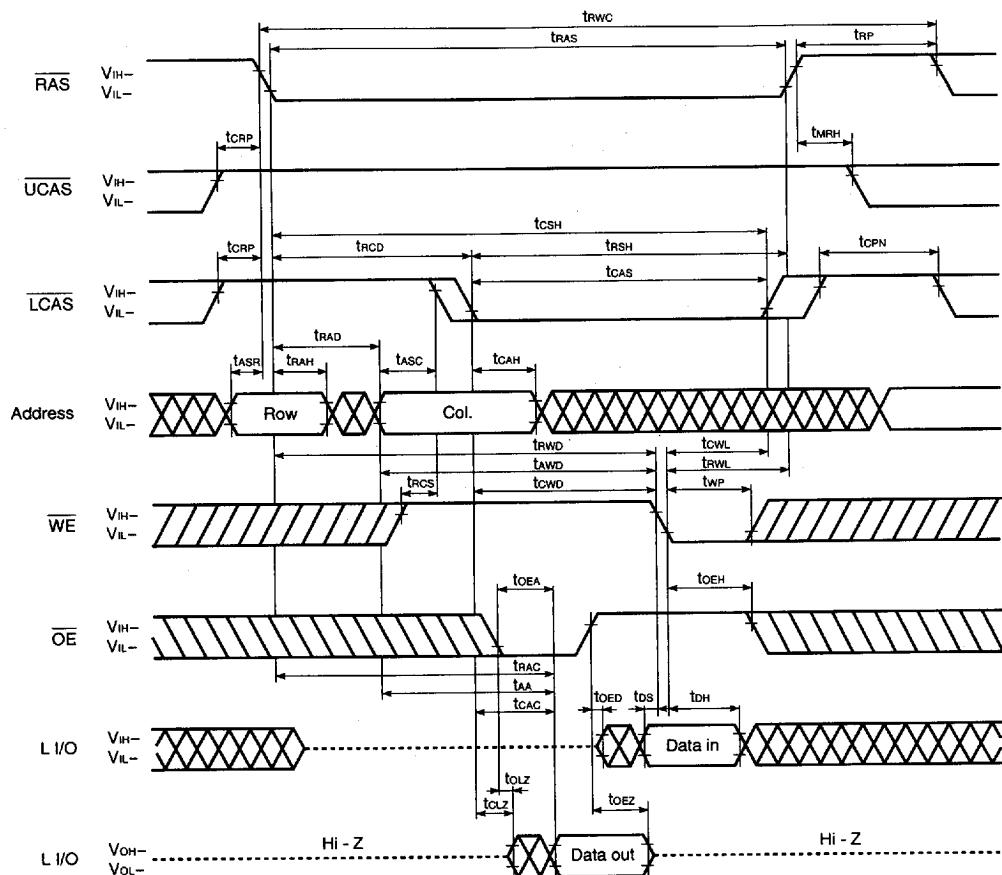


Remark In this cycle, the input data to Lower I/O is ineffective. The data out of that remains Hi-Z.

■ 6427525 0091661 125 ■

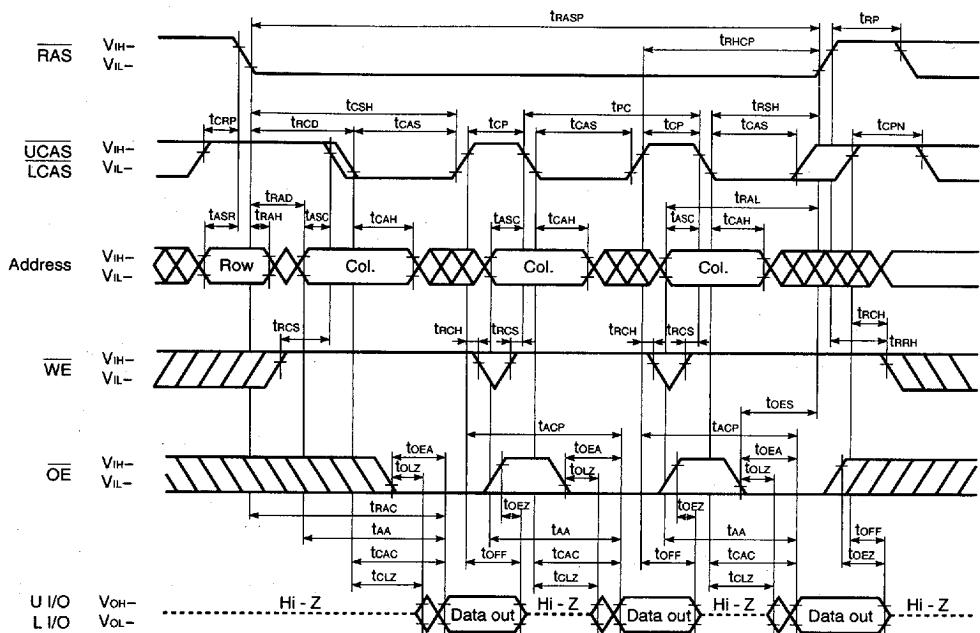
857

Lower Byte Read Modify Write Cycle



Remark In this cycle, the input data to Upper I/O is ineffective. The data out of that remains Hi-Z.

Fast Page Mode Read Cycle

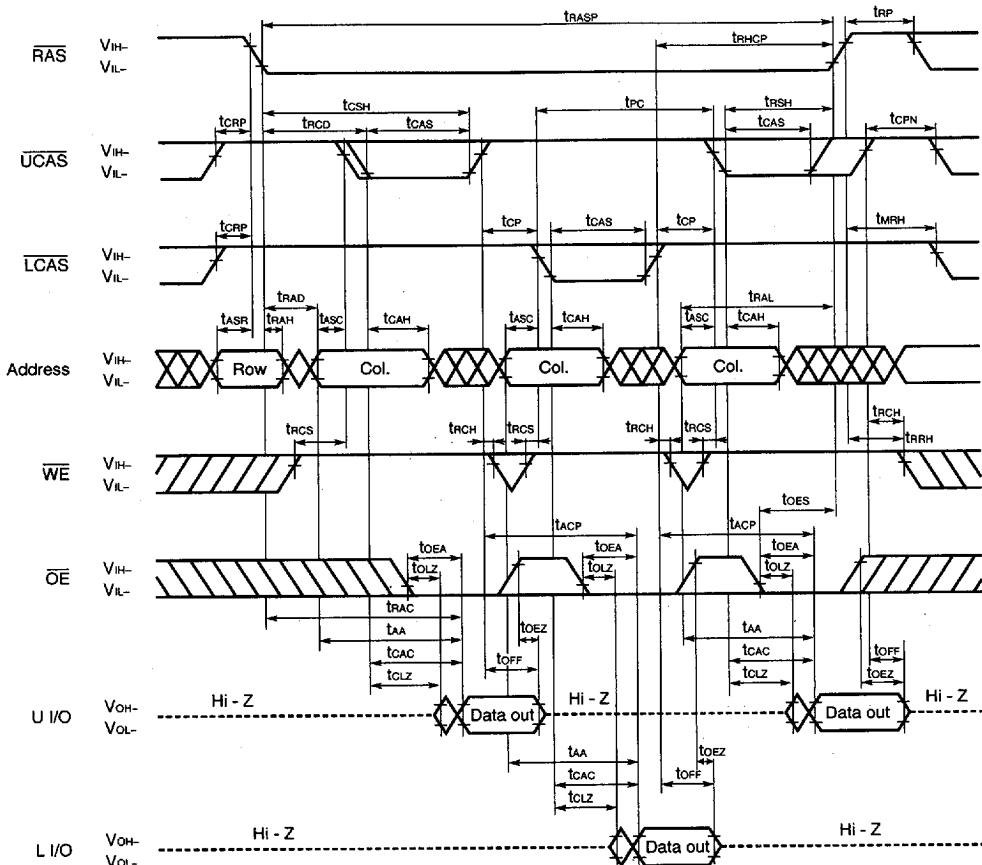


Remark In the fast page mode, read, write and read modify write cycles are available for each of the consecutive CAS cycles within the same RAS cycle.

■ 6427525 0091663 TT8 ■

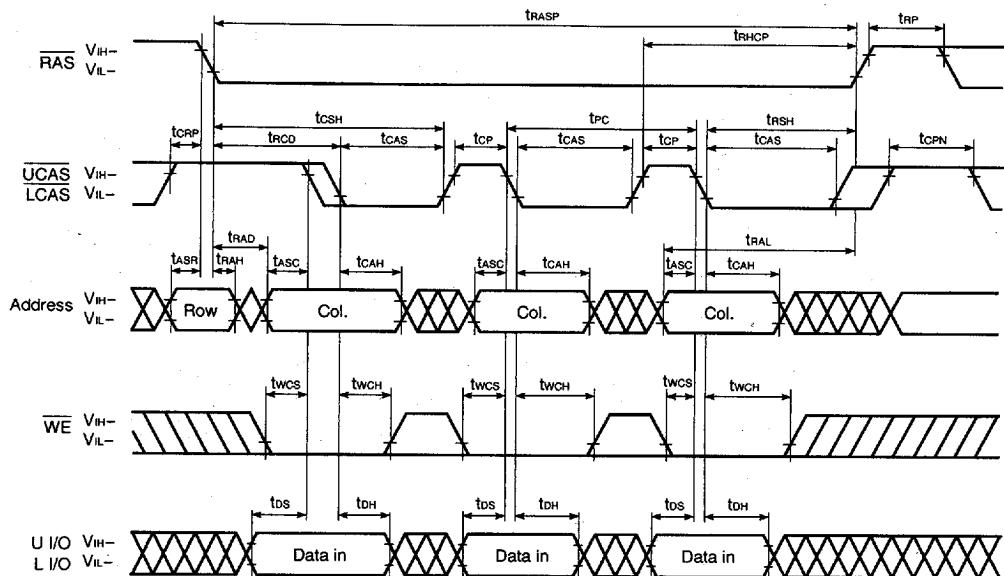
859

Fast Page Mode Byte Read Cycle



- Remarks**
1. In the fast page mode, read, write and read modify write cycles are available for each of the consecutive CAS cycles within the same RAS cycle.
 2. This cycle can be used to control either UCAS or LCAS only. Or, it can be used to control UCAS or LCAS simultaneously, or at random.

Fast Page Mode Early Write Cycle



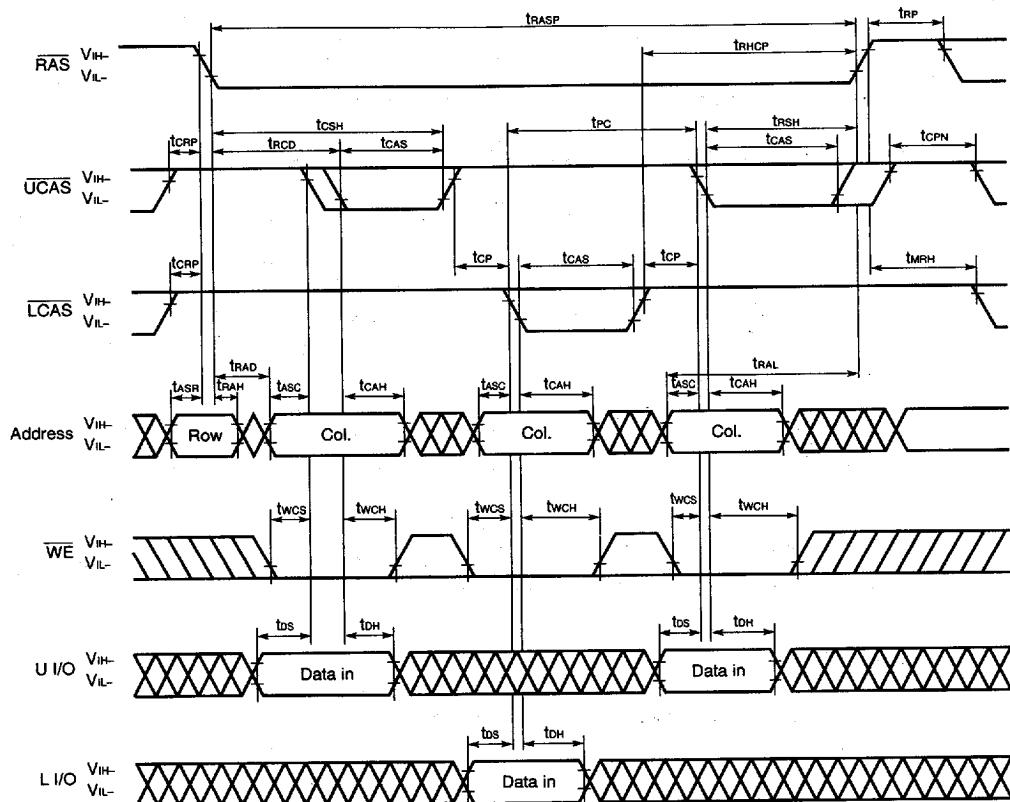
Remarks 1. OE: Don't care

2. In the fast page mode, read, write and read modify write cycles are available for each of the consecutive CAS cycles within the same RAS cycle.

■ 6427525 0091665 870 ■

861

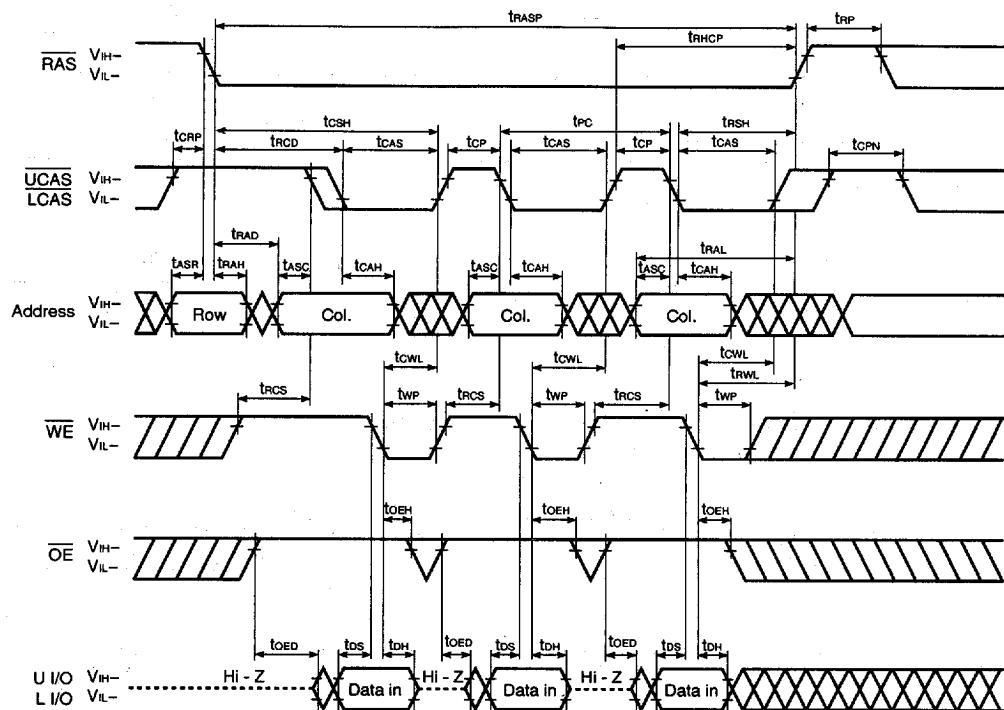
Fast Page Mode Byte Early Write Cycle



Remarks 1. \overline{OE} : Don't care

2. In the fast page mode, read, write and read modify write cycles are available for each of the consecutive CAS cycles within the same RAS cycle.
3. This cycle can be used to control either UCAS or LCAS only. Or, it can be used to control UCAS or LCAS simultaneously, or at random.

Fast Page Mode Late Write Cycle

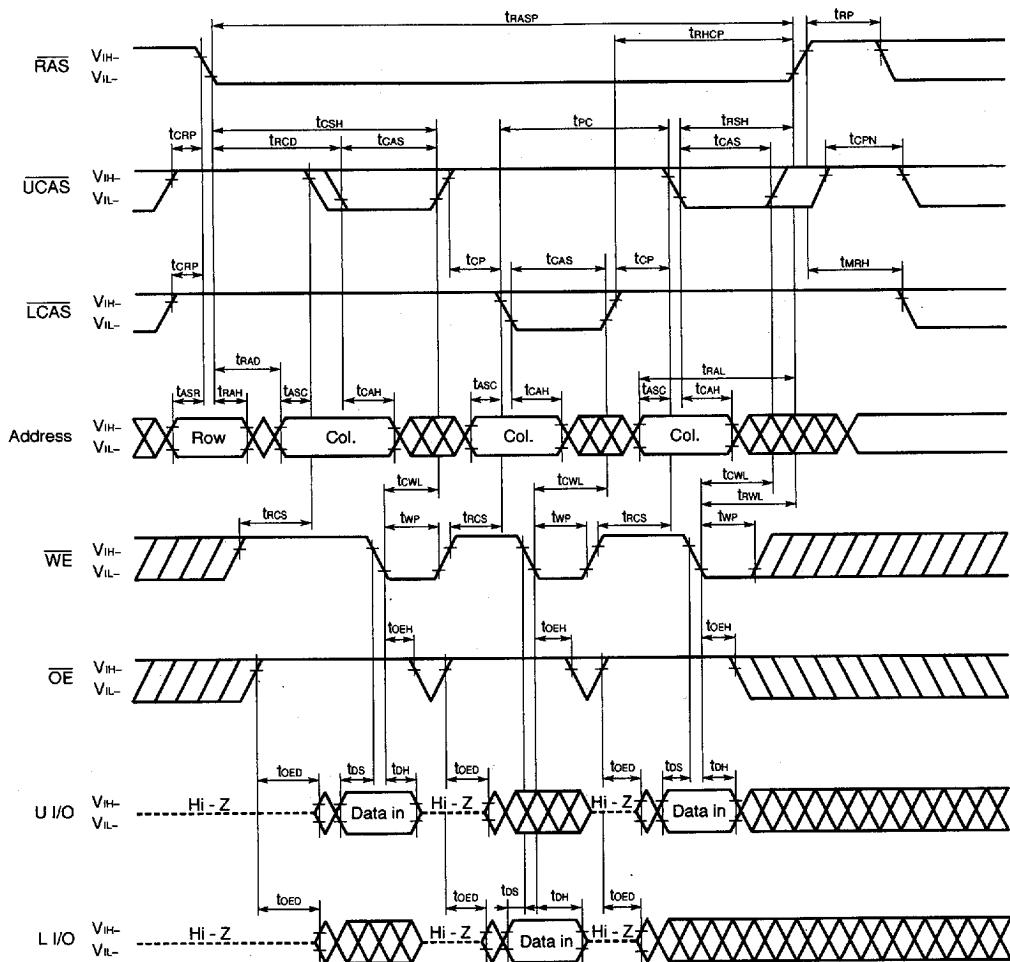


Remark In the fast page mode, read, write and read modify write cycles are available for each of the consecutive CAS cycles within the same RAS cycle.

■ 6427525 0091667 643 ■

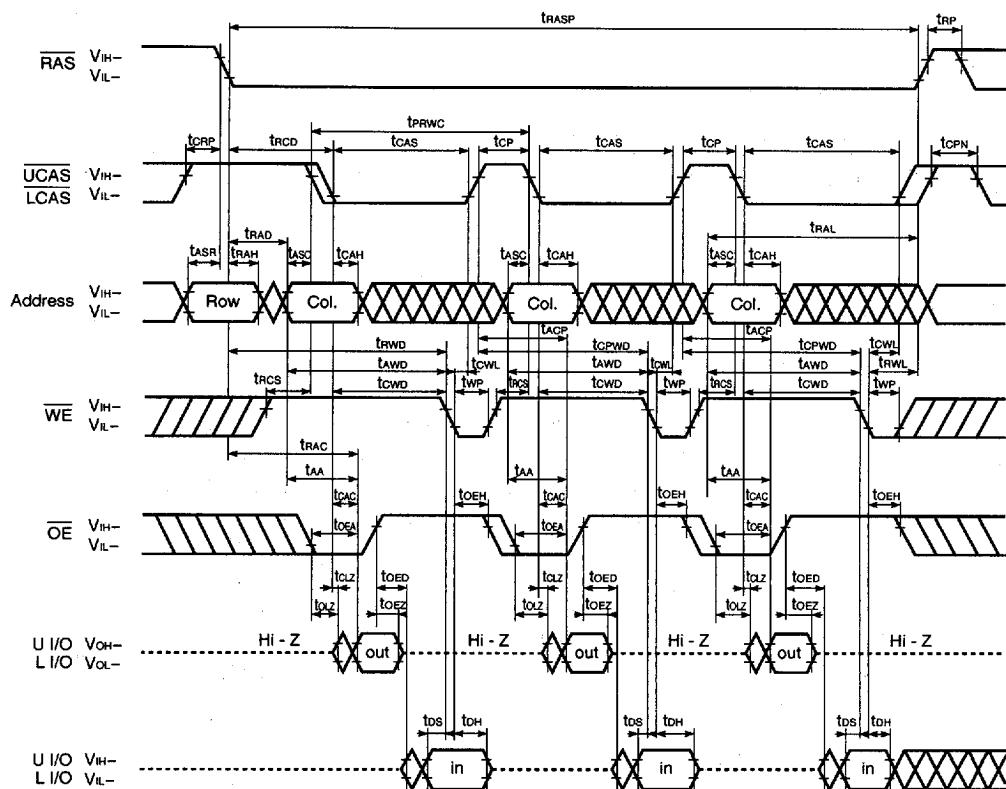
863

Fast Page Mode Byte Late Write Cycle



- Remarks**
1. In the fast page mode, read, write and read modify write cycles are available for each of the consecutive CAS cycles within the same RAS cycle.
 2. This cycle can be used to control either UCAS or LCAS only. Or, it can be used to control UCAS or LCAS simultaneously, or at random.

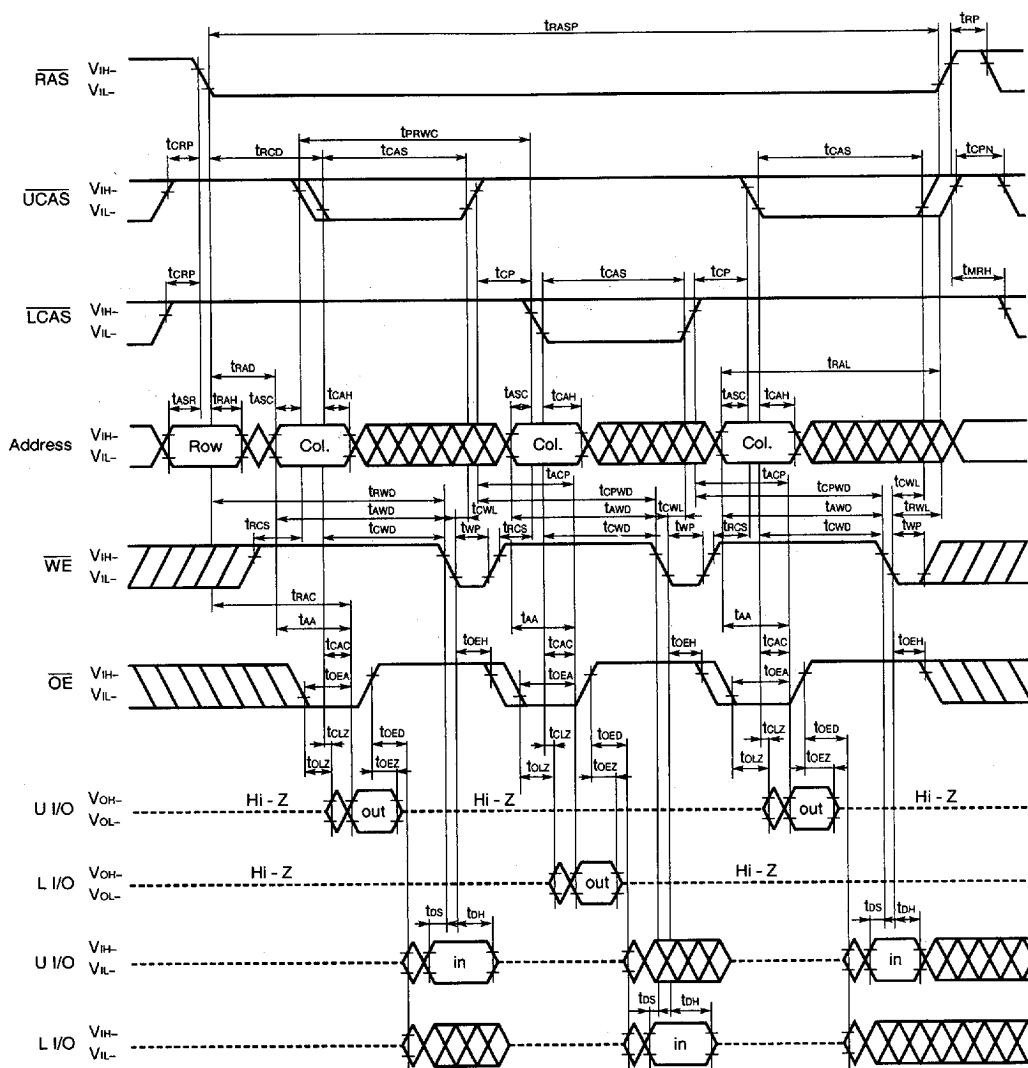
Fast Page Mode Read Modify Write Cycle



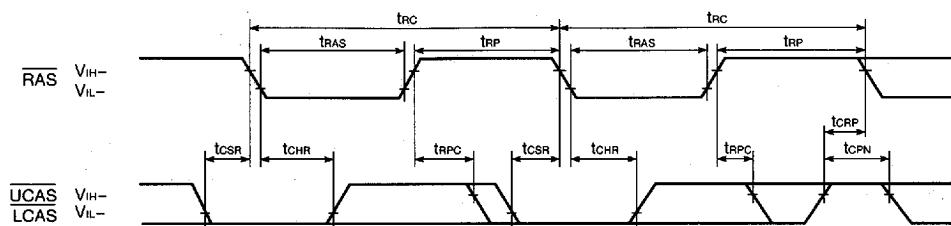
Remark In the fast page mode, read, write and read modify write cycles are available for each of the consecutive CAS cycles within the same RAS cycle.

■ 6427525 0091669 416 ■

865

Fast Page Mode Byte Read Modify Write Cycle

- Remarks**
1. In the fast page mode, read, write and read modify write cycles are available for each of the consecutive CAS cycles within the same RAS cycle.
 2. This cycle can be used to control either UCAS or LCAS only. Or, it can be used to control UCAS or LCAS simultaneously, or at random.

CAS Before RAS Self Refresh Cycle (Only for the μ PD42S18160L)

Remark Address, WE, OE: Don't care L I/O, U I/O: Hi-Z

Cautions on Use of CAS Before RAS Self Refresh

CAS before RAS self refresh can be used independently when used in combination with distributed CAS before RAS long refresh; However, when used in combination with burst CAS before RAS long refresh or with long RAS only refresh (both distributed and burst), the following cautions must be observed.

(1) Normal Combined Use of CAS Before RAS Self Refresh and Burst CAS Before RAS Long Refresh

When CAS before RAS self refresh and burst CAS before RAS long refresh are used in combination, please perform CAS before RAS refresh as follows just before and after setting CAS before RAS self refresh.

μ PD42S18160L: 1,024 times within a 16 ms interval

(2) Normal Combined Use of CAS Before RAS Self Refresh and Long RAS Only Refresh

When CAS before RAS self refresh and RAS only refresh are used in combination, please perform RAS only refresh as follows just before and after setting CAS before RAS self refresh.

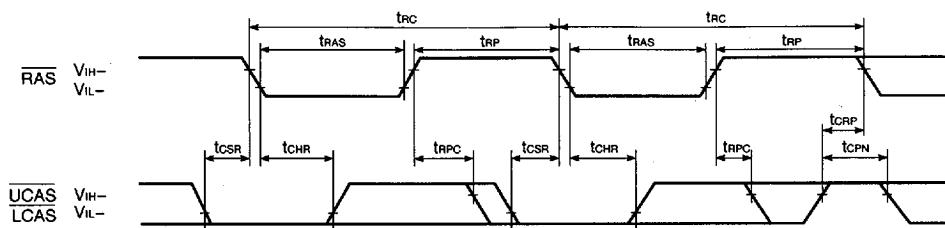
μ PD42S18160L: 1,024 times within a 16 ms interval

(3) If t_{RASS} (MIN.) is not satisfied at the beginning of CAS before RAS self refresh cycles ($t_{RAS} < 100 \mu s$), CAS before RAS refresh cycles will be executed one time.

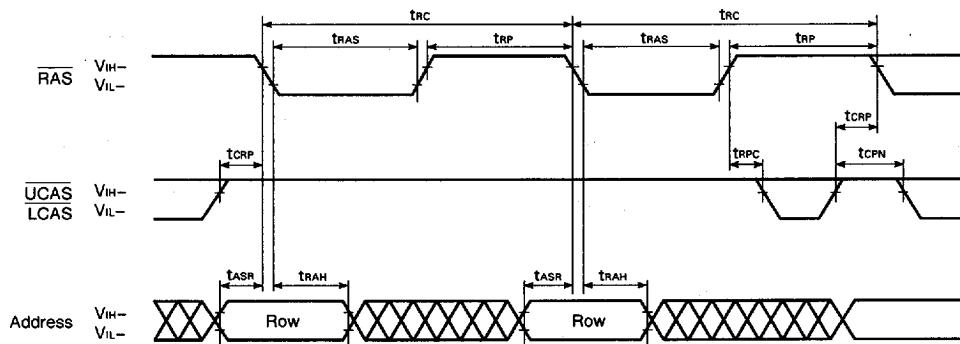
If $10 \mu s < t_{RAS} < 100 \mu s$, RAS precharge time for CAS before RAS self refresh (t_{RPS}) is applied. And refresh cycles as follows should be met.

μ PD42S18160L: 1,024 times within a 128 ms interval

For details, please refer to How to use DRAM User's Manual.

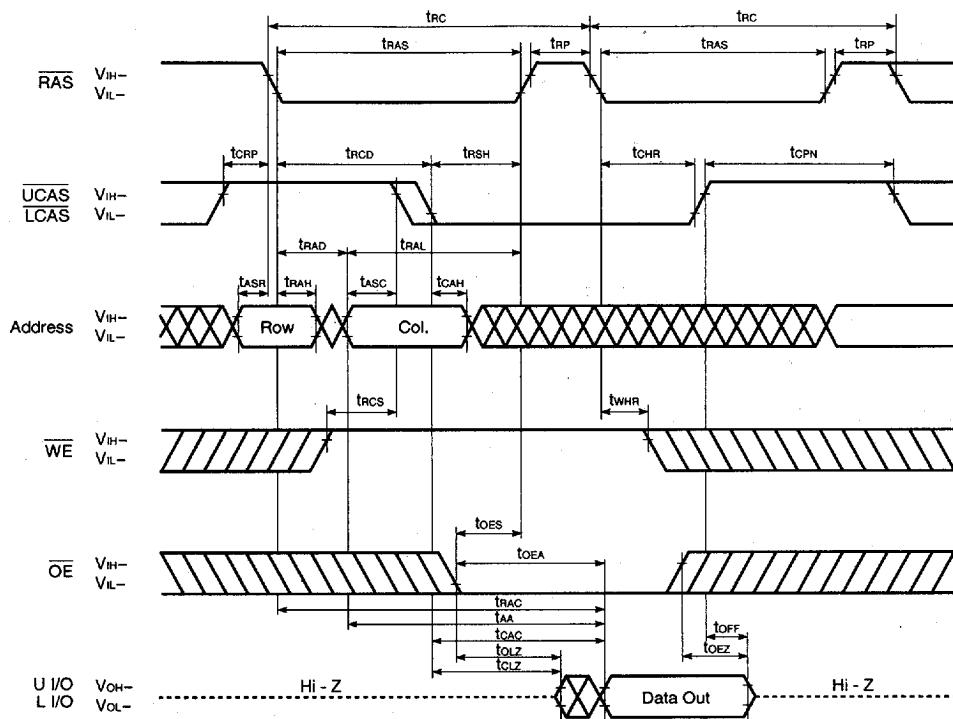
CAS Before RAS Refresh Cycle

Remark Address, WE, OE: Don't care L I/O, U I/O: Hi-Z

RAS Only Refresh Cycle

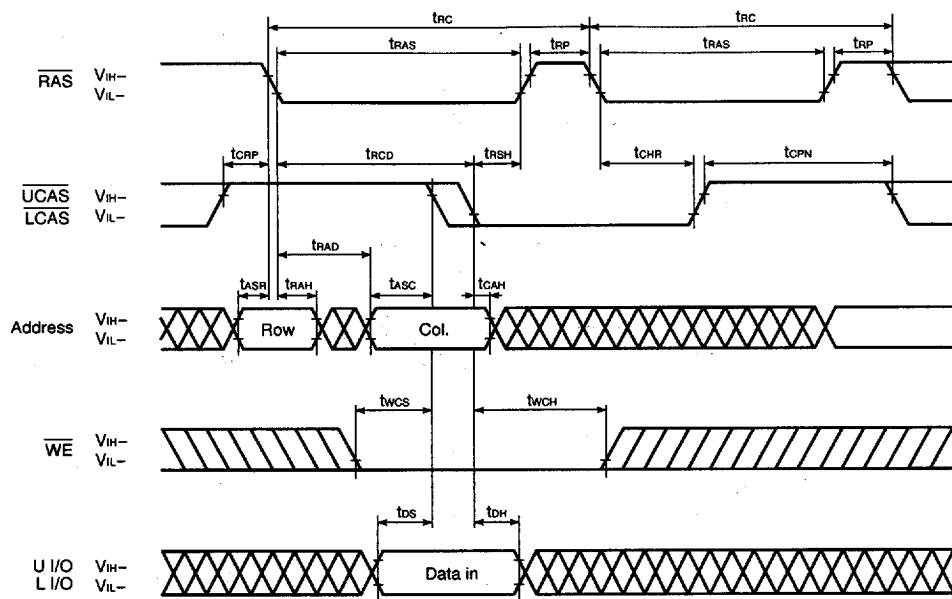
Remark WE, OE: Don't care L I/O, U I/O: Hi-Z

Hidden Refresh Cycle (Read)



■ 6427525 0091673 947 ■

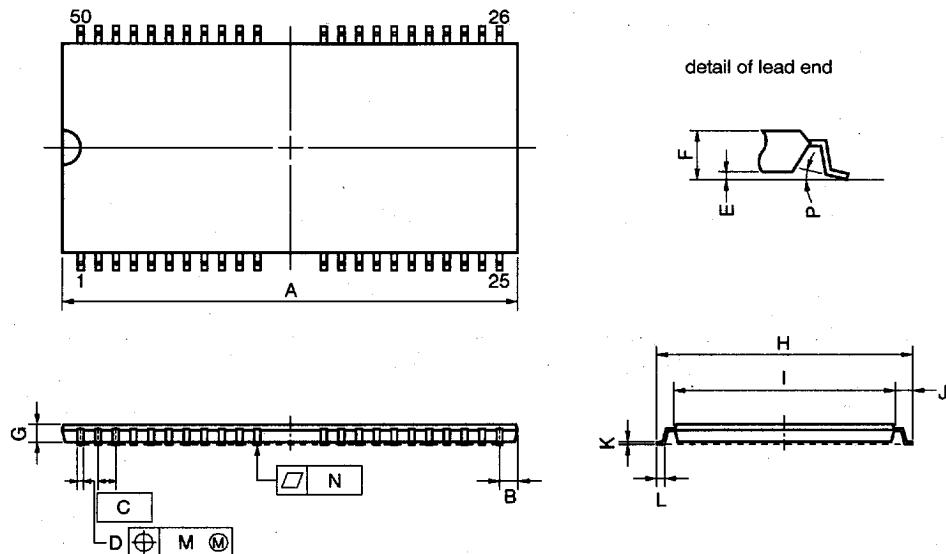
869

Hidden Refresh Cycle (Write)

Remark \overline{OE} : Don't care

Package Drawings

50PIN PLASTIC TSOP(II) (400 mil)



NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.13 mm (0.005 inch) of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

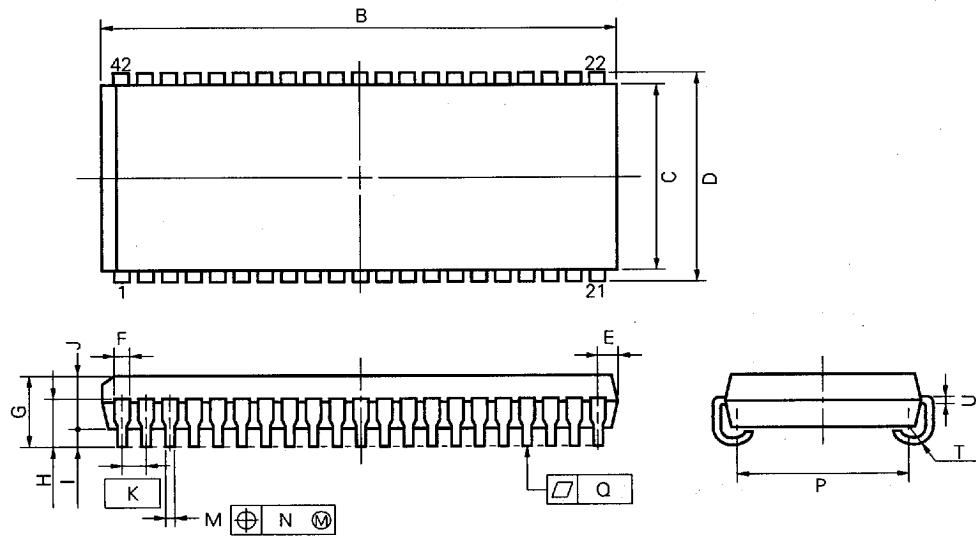
ITEM	MILLIMETERS	INCHES
A	21.17 MAX.	0.834 MAX.
B	1.0 MAX.	0.040 MAX.
C	0.8 (T.P.)	0.031 (T.P.)
D	$0.32^{+0.08}_{-0.07}$	0.013 ± 0.003
E	0.1 ± 0.05	0.004 ± 0.002
F	1.2 MAX.	0.048 MAX.
G	0.97	0.038
H	11.76 ± 0.2	0.463 ± 0.008
I	10.16 ± 0.1	0.400 ± 0.004
J	0.8 ± 0.2	0.031 ± 0.009
K	$0.145^{+0.025}_{-0.015}$	0.006 ± 0.001
L	0.5 ± 0.1	0.020 ± 0.004
M	0.13	0.005
N	0.10	0.004
P	$3^{\circ} \pm 7^{\circ}$	$3^{\circ} \pm 7^{\circ}$

S50G5-80-7JF4

■ 6427525 0091675 71T ■

871

42 PIN PLASTIC SOJ (400 mil)

**NOTE**

Each lead centerline is located within 0.12 mm (0.005 inch) of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

P42LE-400A

ITEM	MILLIMETERS	INCHES
B	$27.56^{+0.2}_{-0.35}$	$1.085^{+0.008}_{-0.014}$
C	10.16	0.400
D	11.18 ± 0.2	0.440 ± 0.008
E	1.08 ± 0.15	$0.043^{+0.006}_{-0.007}$
F	0.74	0.029
G	3.5 ± 0.2	0.138 ± 0.008
H	2.545 ± 0.2	0.100 ± 0.008
I	0.8 MIN.	0.031 MIN.
J	2.6	0.102
K	1.27 (T.P.)	0.050 (T.P.)
M	0.40 ± 0.10	$0.016^{+0.004}_{-0.005}$
N	0.12	0.005
P	9.4 ± 0.20	0.370 ± 0.008
Q	0.10	0.004
T	R 0.85	R 0.033
U	$0.20^{+0.10}_{-0.05}$	$0.008^{+0.004}_{-0.002}$

Recommended Soldering Conditions

The following conditions (see tables below and next page) must be met when soldering μ PD42S18160L, 4218160L.

For more details, refer to our document "SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE MOUNTING TECHNOLOGY MANUAL" (IEI-1207).

Please consult with our sales offices in case other soldering process is used, or in case the soldering is done under different conditions.

Types of Surface Mount Device

μ PD42S18160LG5, 4218160LG5: 50-pin plastic TSOP (II) (400 mil)

Soldering process	Soldering conditions	Symbol
Infrared ray reflow	Peak temperature of package surface: 235 °C or lower, Reflow time: 30 seconds or less (210 °C or higher), Number of reflow processes: MAX. 2 Exposure limit: 7 days <small>Note</small> (10 hours pre-baking is required at 125 °C afterwards) Cautions 1. After the first reflow process, cool the package down to room temperature, then start the second reflow process. 2. After the first reflow process, do not use water to remove residual flux (water can be used in the second process).	IR35-107-2
VPS	Peak temperature of package: 215 °C or lower, Reflow time: 40 seconds or less (200 °C or higher), Number of reflow processes: MAX. 2 Exposure limit: 7 days <small>Note</small> (10 hours pre-baking is required at 125 °C afterwards) Cautions 1. After the first reflow process, cool the package down to room temperature, then start the second reflow process. 2. After the first reflow process, do not use water to remove residual flux (water can be used in the second process).	VP15-107-2
Partial heating method	Terminal temperature: 300 °C or lower, Time: 3 seconds or less (Per side of the package).	—

Note Exposure limit before soldering after dry-pack package is opened.

Storage conditions: 25 °C and relative humidity at 65 % or less.

Caution Do not apply more than one soldering method at any one time, except for "Partial heating method".

μPD42S18160LLE, 4218160LLE: 42-pin plastic SOJ (400 mil)

Soldering process	Soldering conditions	Symbol
Infrared ray reflow	Peak temperature of package surface: 235 °C or lower, Reflow time: 30 seconds or less (210 °C or higher), Number of reflow processes: MAX. 2 Exposure limit: 7 days <small>Note</small> (20 hours pre-baking is required at 125 °C afterwards) Cautions 1. After the first reflow process, cool the package down to room temperature, then start the second reflow process. 2. After the first reflow process, do not use water to remove residual flux (water can be used in the second process).	IR35-207-2
VPS	Peak temperature of package: 215 °C or lower, Reflow time: 40 seconds or less (200 °C or higher), Number of reflow processes: MAX. 2 Exposure limit: 7 days <small>Note</small> (20 hours pre-baking is required at 125 °C afterwards) Cautions 1. After the first reflow process, cool the package down to room temperature, then start the second reflow process. 2. After the first reflow process, do not use water to remove residual flux (water can be used in the second process).	VP15-207-2
Partial heating method	Terminal temperature: 300 °C or lower, Time: 3 seconds or less (Per side of the package).	—

Note Exposure limit before soldering after dry-pack package is opened.

Storage conditions: 25 °C and relative humidity at 65 % or less.

Caution Do not apply more than one soldering method at any one time, except for "Partial heating method".