



W91340N SERIES

10-MEMORY TONE/PULSE DIALER WITH HANDFREE AND HOLD FUNCTIONS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The W91340N series are tone/pulse switchable telephone dialers with ten memories, hold function, and a handfree dialing control circuit. Fabricated using CMOS technology, the W91340N series offer good performance in low-voltage and low-power applications.

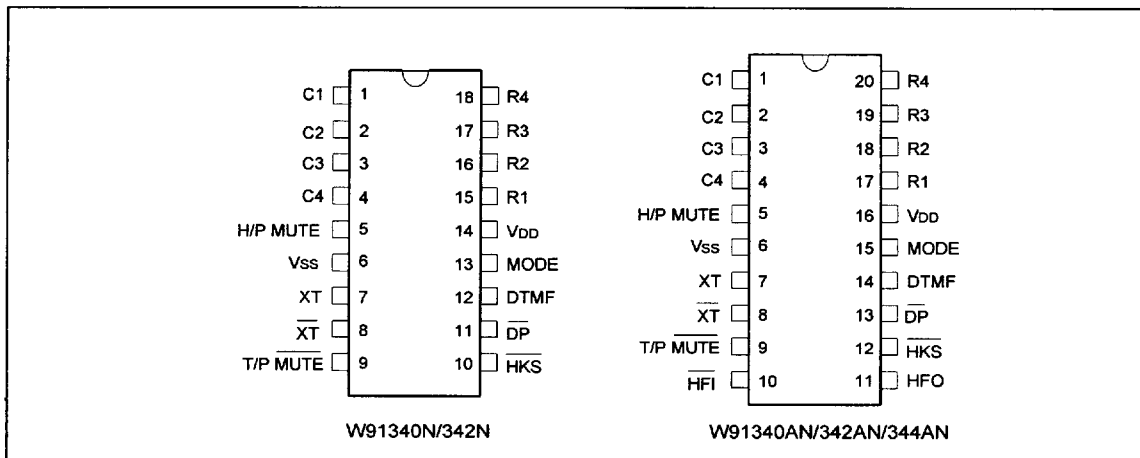
FEATURES

- DTMF/pulse switchable dialer
- 32-digit redial memory
- Ten by 16-digit two-touch direct repertory memory
- Cascaded dialing allowed, with unlimited dialing length
- Pulse-to-tone (*T) keypad for long distance call operation
- Uses 5 × 4 keyboard
- Easy operation with redial, flash, pause, and *T keypads
- Pause, P→T (pulse-to-tone) can be stored as a digit in memory
- Dialing rate (10 ppS or 20 ppS) is selectable by bonding option
- On-hook debounce time: 150 msec.
- Minimum tone output duration: 93 msec. (W91344AN: 87 mS)
- Minimum intertone pause: 93 msec. (W91344AN: 87 mS)
- Flash break time (73, 100, 300, 600 msec) selectable by keypad; pause time is 1.0 sec.
- Make/break ratio (40:60 or 33.3:66.7) selectable by MODE pin
- On-chip power-on reset
- Uses 3.579545 MHz crystal or ceramic resonator
- Packaged in 18 or 20-pin plastic DIP
- The different dialers in the W91340N series are shown in the following table:

TYPE NO.	REPLACEMENT TYPE NO.	PULSE (ppS)	FLASH (mS)	M/B	HANDFREE DIALING	PACKAGE (PINS)
W91340N	W91340	10	600/300/73/100	Pin	-	18
	W91341					
W91342N	W91342	20	600/300/73/100	Pin	-	18
W91340AN	W91340A	10	600/300/73/100	Pin	Yes	20
	W91341A					
W91342AN	W91342A	20	600/300/73/100	Pin	Yes	20
W91344AN	New type	10	600/300/73/100	Pin	Yes	20

Note: The W91344AN is designed specifically for use in France. The pause time is not added in pulse-to-tone mode.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS



PIN DESCRIPTION

SYMBOL	18-PIN	20-PIN	I/O	FUNCTION
Column-Row Inputs	1-4 & 15-18	1-4 & 17-20	I	The keyboard inputs may be used with either a standard 5 × 4 keyboard or an inexpensive single contact (Form A) keyboard. Electronic input from a μ C can also be used. A valid key is defined as a single row being connected to a single column.
XT, $\overline{\text{XT}}$	7, 8	7, 8	I, O	A built-in inverter provides oscillation with an inexpensive 3.579545 MHz crystal or ceramic resonator.
T/P MUTE	9	9	O	The T/P MUTE is a conventional CMOS N-channel open drain output. The output transistor is switched on during dialing sequence and flash break time. Otherwise, it is switched off.
MODE	13	15	I	Pulling mode pin to Vss places the dialer in tone mode. Pulling mode pin to VDD places the dialer in pulse mode with M/B ratio of 40:60 (10 ppS, except for W91342N/W91342AN = 20 ppS.) Floating mode pin places the dialer in pulse mode with M/B ratio of 33.3:66.7 (10 ppS, except for W91342N/W91342AN = 20 ppS.)
$\overline{\text{HKS}}$	10	12	I	Hook switch input. $\overline{\text{HKS}} = \text{VDD}$: On-hook state. Chip in sleeping mode, no operation. $\overline{\text{HKS}} = \text{Vss}$: Off-hook state. Chip is enabled for normal operation. HKS pin is pulled to VDD by an internal resistor.



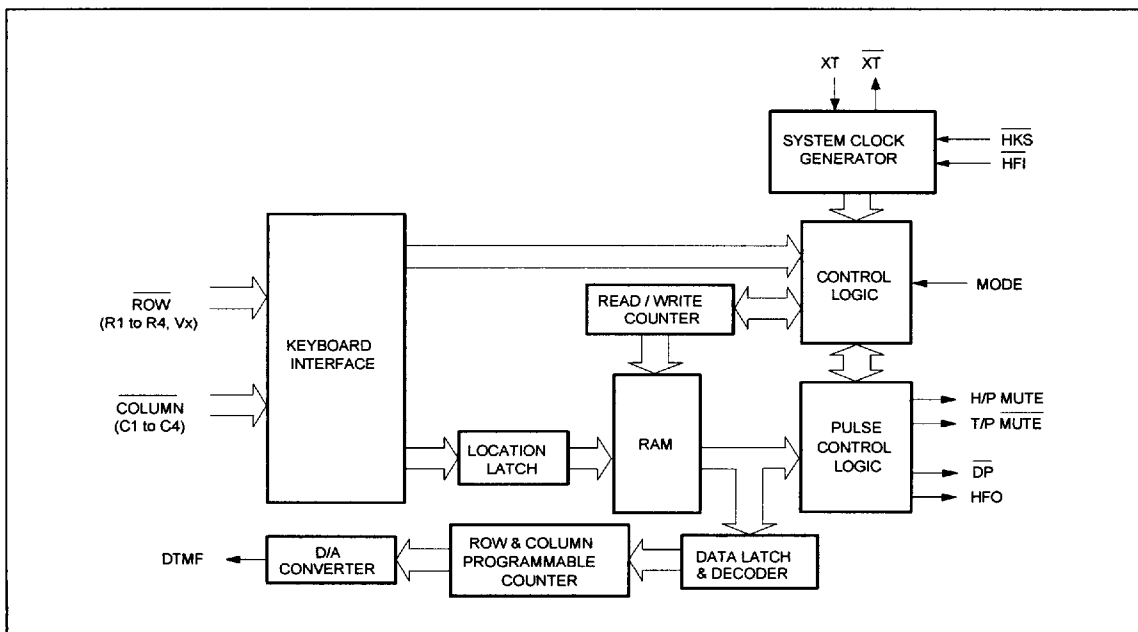
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Pin Description, continued

SYMBOL	18-PIN	20-PIN	I/O	FUNCTION																																								
\overline{DP}	11	13	O	N-channel open drain dialing pulse output. Flash key will cause \overline{DP} to be active in either tone mode or pulse mode. The timing diagram for pulse mode is shown in Figure 1(a, b, c).																																								
VDD, VSS	14, 6	16, 6	I	Power input pins.																																								
DTMF	12	14	O	In pulse mode, this pin remains in low state at all times. In the tone mode, it will output a dual or single tone. Detailed timing diagram for tone mode is shown in Figure 2(a, b, c). <table border="1"><thead><tr><th colspan="4">Output Frequency</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Specified</th><th>Actual</th><th>Error %</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>R1</td><td>697</td><td>699</td><td>+0.28</td></tr><tr><td>R2</td><td>770</td><td>766</td><td>-0.52</td></tr><tr><td>R3</td><td>852</td><td>848</td><td>-0.47</td></tr><tr><td>R4</td><td>941</td><td>948</td><td>+0.74</td></tr><tr><td>C1</td><td>1209</td><td>1216</td><td>+0.57</td></tr><tr><td>C2</td><td>1336</td><td>1332</td><td>-0.30</td></tr><tr><td>C3</td><td>1477</td><td>1472</td><td>-0.34</td></tr></tbody></table>	Output Frequency					Specified	Actual	Error %	R1	697	699	+0.28	R2	770	766	-0.52	R3	852	848	-0.47	R4	941	948	+0.74	C1	1209	1216	+0.57	C2	1336	1332	-0.30	C3	1477	1472	-0.34				
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\overline{HFI} , HFO	-	10, 11	I, O	Handfree control pins. The handfree control state is toggled on by a low pulse on the \overline{HFI} input pin. The status of the handfree control state is described in the following table: <table border="1"><thead><tr><th colspan="2">CURRENT STATE</th><th colspan="3">NEXT STATE</th></tr><tr><th>Hook SW.</th><th>HFO</th><th>Input</th><th>HFO</th><th>Dialing</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>-</td><td>Low</td><td>\overline{HFI} </td><td>High</td><td>Yes</td></tr><tr><td>On Hook</td><td>High</td><td>\overline{HFI} </td><td>Low</td><td>No</td></tr><tr><td>Off Hook</td><td>High</td><td>\overline{HFI} </td><td>Low</td><td>Yes</td></tr><tr><td>On Hook</td><td>-</td><td>Off Hook</td><td>Low</td><td>Yes</td></tr><tr><td>Off Hook</td><td>Low</td><td>On Hook</td><td>Low</td><td>No</td></tr><tr><td>Off Hook</td><td>High</td><td>On Hook</td><td>High</td><td>Yes</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>\overline{HFI} pin is pulled to VDD by an internal resistor. Detailed timing diagram is shown in Figure 3.</p>	CURRENT STATE		NEXT STATE			Hook SW.	HFO	Input	HFO	Dialing	-	Low	\overline{HFI}	High	Yes	On Hook	High	\overline{HFI}	Low	No	Off Hook	High	\overline{HFI}	Low	Yes	On Hook	-	Off Hook	Low	Yes	Off Hook	Low	On Hook	Low	No	Off Hook	High	On Hook	High	Yes
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H/P MUTE	5	5	O	The H/P MUTE is a conventional inverter output. During pulse dialing, flash break or hold period, this output is active high; otherwise, it remains in low state.																																								

Publication Release Date: May 1997
Revision A2

BLOCK DIAGRAM



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Keyboard Operation

C1	C2	C3	C4	
1	2	3	S	R1
4	5	6	F4	R2
7	8	9	A	R3
* / T	0	#	R / P	R4
F1	F2	F3	H	Vx

- S: Store function key
- H: Hold function key
- A: Indirect repertory memory dialing function key
- R/P: Redial and pause function key
- * / T: * in tone mode and P → T in pulse mode
- F1, ..., F4: Flash keys, F1 = 600 mS, F2 = 300 mS, F3 = 73 mS, F4 = 100 mS

Notes:

D1, ..., Dn, D1', ..., Dn': 0, ..., 9, * / T, #

Ln: 0, ..., 9 ; Fn: F1, ..., F4

Normal Dialing

OFF HOOK , (or ON HOOK & $\overline{\text{HFI}}$), D1 , D2 , ..., Dn

1. D1, D2, ..., Dn will be dialed out.
2. Dialing length is unlimited, but redial is inhibited if length exceeds 32 digits in normal dialing.

Redialing

OFF HOOK , (or ON HOOK & $\overline{\text{HFI}}$), D1 , D2 , ..., Dn Busy, Come
ON HOOK , OFF HOOK , (or ON HOOK & $\overline{\text{HFI}}$), R/P

1. The redial memory content will be dialed out.
2. The R/P key can execute the redial function only as the first key-in after off-hook; otherwise, it executes pause function.

Number Store

OFF HOOK , (or ON HOOK & $\overline{\text{HFI}}$), D1 , D2 , ..., Dn , S , S , Ln

1. If the sequence of the dialed digits D1, D2, ..., Dn has not finished, S will be ignored.

2. D1, D2, ..., Dn will be dialed out and stored in memory location.

OFF HOOK , (or ON HOOK & $\overline{\text{HFI}}$), S , D1 , D2 , ..., Dn , S , Ln

3. D1, D2, ..., Dn will be stored in memory location but will not be dialed out.

4. R/P and *T keys can be stored as a digit in memory.

In store mode, R/P is the pause function key.

5. The store mode is released after the store function is executed or when the state of the hook switch is changed.

Repertory Dialing

OFF HOOK , (or ON HOOK & $\overline{\text{HFI}}$), A , Ln

Access Pause

OFF HOOK , (or ON HOOK & $\overline{\text{HFI}}$), D1 , D2 , R/P , D3 , ..., Dn

1. The pause function can be stored as a digit in memory.

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2. The pause function is executed in normal dialing, redial dialing, or memory dialing.
3. The detailed timing diagram for the pause function is shown in Figure 4.

Pulse-to-tone (*T)

OFF HOOK , (or **ON HOOK** & **HFI**), **D1** , **D2** , ..., **Dn** , ***T** , **D1'** , **D2'** , ..., **Dn'**

1. If the mode switch is set to pulse mode, then the output signal will be as follows:

All versions except W91344AN:

D1, D2, ..., Dn, Pause (3.6 sec.), D1', D2', ..., Dn'
(Pulse) (Tone)

W91344AN:

D1, D2, ..., Dn, *, D1', D2', ..., Dn'
(Pulse) (Tone) (Tone)

2. If the mode switch is set to tone mode, then the output signal will be as follows:

D1, D2, ..., Dn, *, D1', D2', ..., Dn'
(Tone) (Tone)

3. The dialer remains in tone mode when the digits have been dialed out and can be reset to pulse mode only by going on-hook.
4. The pulse-to-tone function timing diagram is shown in Figure 5(a, b).

Flash

OFF HOOK , (or **ON HOOK** & **HFI**), **Fn**

1. $F_n = F_1, \dots, F_4$
2. The dialer will execute a flash break time of 600 mS (F1), 300 mS (F2), 73 mS (F3), or 100 mS (F4).
In each case the flash pause time is 1.0 sec. before the next digit is dialed out.
3. Flash key cannot be stored as a digit in memory, and it has first priority among keyboard functions.
4. The system will return to the initial state after the flash pause time is finished.
5. The flash function timing diagram is shown in Figure 6.

Cascaded Dialing

1. **Normal Dialing** + **Repertory Dialing** + **Normal Dialing**
2. **Repertory Dialing** + **Normal Dialing** + **Repertory Dialing**
3. **Redialing** + **Normal Dialing** + **Repertory Dialing**

Redialing is valid as first key-in only.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
DC Supply Voltage	VDD-VSS	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Input/Output Voltage	VIL	VSS -0.3	V
	VIH	VDD +0.3	V
	VOL	VSS -0.3	V
	VOH	VDD +0.3	V
Power Dissipation	PD	120	mW
Operation Temperature	TOPR	-20 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-55 to +150	°C

Note: Exposure to conditions beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may adversely affect the life and reliability of the device.

DC CHARACTERISTICS

(VDD-VSS = 2.5V, Fosc. = 3.579545 MHz, TA = 25° C, all outputs unloaded)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Operating Voltage	VDD	-	2.0	-	5.5	V
Operating Current	IOP	Tone, Unloaded	-	0.4	0.6	mA
		Pulse, Unloaded	-	0.2	0.4	
Standby Current	ISB	HKS = VSS, No load & No key entry	-	-	15	μA
Memory Retention Current	IMR	HKS = VDD, VDD = 1.0V	-	-	0.2	μA
DTMF Output Voltage	VTO	Row group, RL = 5 KΩ	130	150	170	mVrms
Pre-emphasis	-	Col/Row, VDD = 2.0 to 5.5V	1	2	3	dB
DTMF Distortion	THD	RL = 5 KΩ, VDD = 2.0 to 5.5V	-	-30	-23	dB
DTMF Output DC Level	VTDC	RL = 5 KΩ, VDD = 2.0 to 5.5V	1.0	-	3.0	V
DTMF Output Sink Current	ITL	VTO = 0.5V	0.2	-	-	mA
DP Output Sink Current	IPL	VPO = 0.5V	0.5	-	-	mA
T/P MUTE Output Sink Current	IML	VMO = 0.5V	0.5	-	-	mA

DC Characteristics, continued

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
H/P Mute Output Drive/Sink Current	IHPH	VHPH = 2.0V	0.5	-	-	mA
	IHPL	VHPL = 0.5V	0.5	-	-	mA
HFO Drive/Sink Current	IHFH	VHFH = 2.0V	0.5	-	-	mA
	IHFL	VHFL = 0.5V	0.5	-	-	mA
Keypad Input Drive Current	IKD	VI = 0.0V	30	-	-	μA
Keypad Input Sink Current	IKS	VI = 2.5V	200	400	-	μA
HKS I/P Pull-high Resistor	RHK	-	-	300	-	KΩ
Keypad Resistance	RK	-	-	-	5.0	KΩ

AC CHARACTERISTICS

(VDD-VSS = 2.5V, FOSC = 3.579545 MHz, TA = 25° C, all outputs unloaded)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Key-in Debounce	TKID	-	-	20	-	mS
Key Release Debounce	TKRD	-	-	20	-	mS
On-hook Debounce	TOHD	-	-	150	-	mS
Pre-digit Pause ¹	TPDP1	Mode = VDD	-	40	-	mS
	10 ppS	Mode = Floating	-	33.3	-	
Pre-digit Pause ²	TPDP2	Mode = VDD	-	20	-	mS
	20 ppS	Mode = Floating	-	16.7	-	
Interdigit Pause (Auto Dialing)	TIDP	10 ppS	-	800	-	mS
		20 ppS	-	500	-	
Make/Break Ratio	M/B	Mode = VDD	-	40:60	-	%
		Mode = Floating	-	33.3:66.7	-	
Tone Output Duration	TTD	Auto dialing	-	93	-	mS
		W91344AN Only	-	87	-	
Intertone Pause	TITP	Auto dialing	-	93	-	mS
		W91344AN Only	-	87	-	
Flash Break Time	TFB	F1	-	600	-	mS
		F2	-	300	-	
		F3	-	73	-	
		F4	-	100	-	
Flash Pause Time	TFP	F1, F2, F3, F4	-	1.0	-	S
Pause Time	TP	R/P	-	3.6	-	S

Notes:

- Crystal parameters suggested for proper operation are Rs<10Ω, Lm = 96 mH, Cm = 0.02 pF, Cn = 5 pF, Cl = 18 pF, Fosc = 3.579545 MHz± 0.02%.
- Crystal oscillator accuracy directly affects these times.

TIMING WAVEFORMS

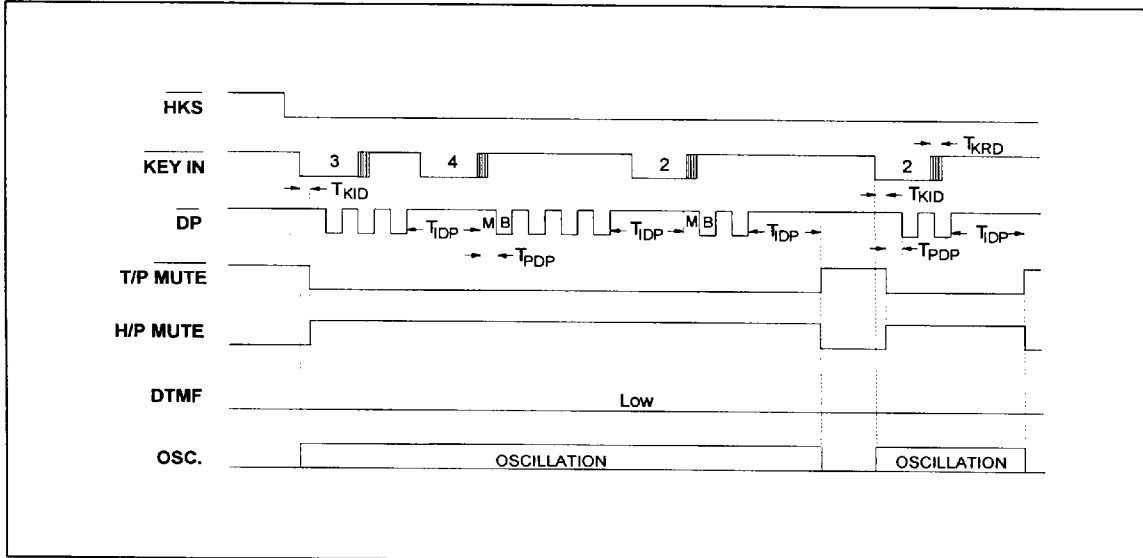


Figure 1(a). Normal Dialing Timing Diagram

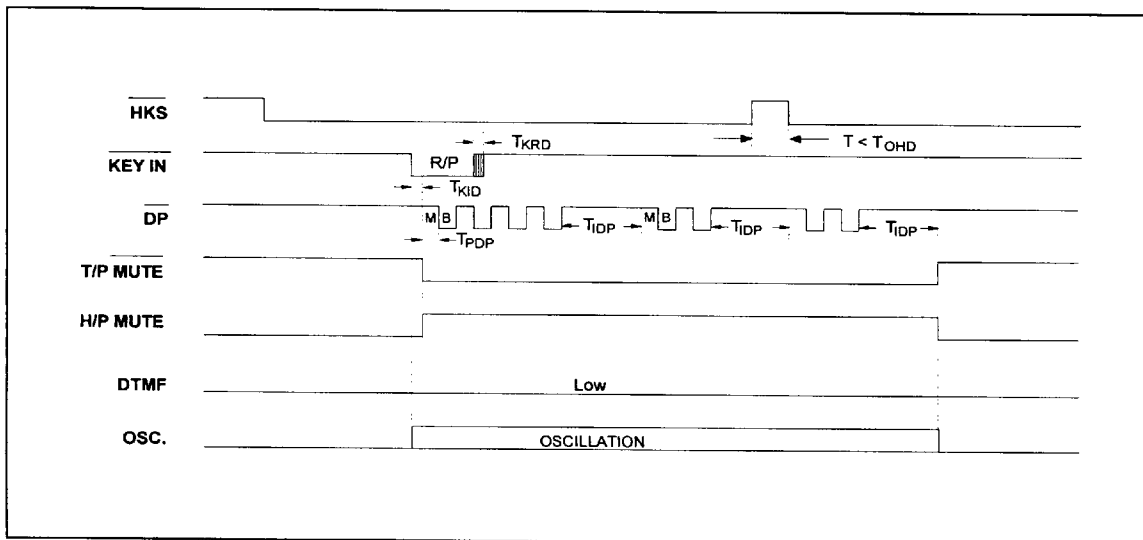


Figure 1(b) Pulse Mode Auto Dialing Timing Diagram