

#### General Description

The MAX406/MAX407/MAX409/MAX417-MAX419 are single, dual, and quad low-voltage, micropower, precision op amps designed for battery-operated systems. They feature a supply current of less than 1.2µA per amplifier that is relatively constant over the entire supply range, which represents a 15 to 20 times improvement over industry-standard micropower op amps. A unique output stage enables these op amps to operate at ultra-low supply current while maintaining linearity under loaded conditions. In addition, the output is capable of sourcing 1.8mA when powered by a 9V battery.

The common-mode input-voltage range extends from the negative rail to within 1.1V of the positive supply (for the singles, 1.2V for the duals and quads), and the output stage swings rail-to-rail. The entire family is designed to maintain good DC characteristics over the operating temperature range, minimizing the input referred errors.

The MAX406 is a single op amp with two modes of operation: compensated mode and decompensated mode. Floating BW (pin 8) or connecting it to V- internally compensates the amplifier. In this mode, the MAX406 is unity-gain stable with a 5V/ms typical slew rate and an 8kHz gain bandwidth. Connecting BW to V+ puts the MAX406 into decompensated mode with a 20V/ms typical slew rate and a 40kHz gain bandwidth (AVCL ≥ 2V/V).

The dual MAX407 and quad MAX418 are internally compensated to be unity-gain stable. The MAX409/MAX417/ MAX419 single/dual/quad op amps feature 150kHz typical bandwidth, 75V/ms slew rate, and stability for gains of 10V/V or greater.

## Applications

Battery-Powered Systems
Medical Instruments
Electrometer Amplifiers
Intrinsically Safe Systems
Photodiode Pre-Amps
pH Meters

#### \_Features

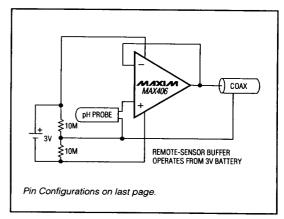
- 1.2μA Max Quiescent Current per Amplifier
- ♦ +2.5V to +10V Single-Supply Range
- ♦ 500μV Max Offset Voltage (MAX406A/MAX409A)
- ♦ < 0.1pA Typical Input Bias Current
- ♦ Output Swings Rail-to-Rail
- ♦ Input Voltage Range Includes Negative Rail

### Selection Table

PART NUMBER	NO. OF AMPLI- FIERS	GAIN-BW PRODUCT (kHz,TYP)	GAIN STABILITY (V/V)	OFFSET VOLTAGE (mV, MAX)
MAX406A	1	8*/40**	1*/2**	0.5
MAX406B	1	8*/40**	1*/2**	2.0
MAX407	2	8	1	3.0
MAX409A	1	150	10	0.5
MAX409B	1	150	10	2.0
MAX417	2	150	10	3.0
MAX418	4	8	1	4.0
MAX419	4	150	10	4.0

<sup>\*</sup> With BW pin open or connected to V-

## \_Typical Operating Circuit



<sup>\*\*</sup> With BW pin connected to V+

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Total Supply Voltage (V+ to V-)	12\
Input Voltage(V+ + 0.3V) to (V	
Continuous Current	
All Input Pins	10mA
All Other Pins	50mA
Short-Circuit Duration	ntinuous
Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)	
8-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C)	727mW
8-Pin SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C)	471mW
8-Pin CERDIP (derate 8.00mW/°C above +70°C)	

14-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 10.00mW/°C above +70°C)800m 14-Pin SO (derate 8.33mW/°C above +70°C)667m	
14-Pin CERDIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C)727m	W
Operating Temperature Ranges:	
MAX4C0°C to +70°	Ò,
MAX4E40°C to +85°	°C
MAX4M55°C to +125°	°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +160°	°C.
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)+300	

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings do not apply to devices supplied in die or wafer form.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V+ = 2.5V, V- = -2.5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		MAX406A, MAX409	Α		0.25	0.5	
		MAX406B, MAX409I	В		0.75	2.0	1
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	MAX407, MAX417			1.0	3.0	mV
		MAX418, MAX419			1.0	4.0	
Input Bias Current	I <sub>B</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V (Note 2)			<0.1	10.0	pΑ
		5 4440	MAX406A, MAX409A	200	1000		
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	Avol	$R_L = 1M\Omega$ , $V_{OUT} = \pm 2V$	MAX406B, MAX407, MAX409B, MAX41_	100	1000		V/mV
Ū		R <sub>L</sub> = 1MΩ, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5	±4V, V+ = 5V, V- = -5V	10	23		]
	1		Compensated mode	4	8		
Gain Bandwidth	GBW	MAX406A/B	Decompensated mode (A <sub>V</sub> = 2V/V)	20	40		kHz
Gain Bandwidth	J 42	MAX407, MAX418		4	8		]
		MAX409A/B, MAX4	17, MAX419, A <sub>VCL</sub> ≥ 10V/V	80	150		
Input Common-Mode		MAX406A/B, MAX40	09A/B	V-		V + -1.1	V
Range	CMR	MAX407, MAX41_		V-		V + -1.2	]
Output Voltage Swing	Vo	$R_L = 1M\Omega$		±2.47	±2.49		V
			MAX406A, MAX409A	70	80		
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	(Note 3)	MAX406B, MAX407, MAX409B, MAX41_	60	80		dB
			MAX406A, MAX409A		50	100	
Power-Supply	PSRR	$V_{IN} = 0V$ , $V_{+} = 2.5V$ to 7.5V	MAX406B, MAX409B		150	300	μ٧/٧
Rejection Ratio		V+ = 2.5V to 7.5V	MAX407, MAX41_		200	600	1

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V+ = 2.5V, V- = -2.5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	•	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
			Compensated mode	3	5		
Slew Rate	SR	MAX406A/B	Decompensated mode (Ay = 2V/V)	12	20		1
Olew Hale	) on	MAX407, MAX418		3	5		V/ms
		MAX409A/B, MAX4 Avcl ≥ 10V/V	17, MAX419	40	80		
Supply Current Per Amplifier	Isy				1.0	1.2	μА
Output Sink Current	IOSINK	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V		100	200		μА
Output Source Current	IOSOURCE	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V		300	600		μА
Supply Voltage (V+ to V-)	VS			2.5		10.0	V
Input Noise Voltage	en	fo = 1kHz			150		nV/√Hz
	On I	fo = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			6		μV <sub>p-p</sub>

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(V+ = 2.5V, V- = -2.5V, T<sub>A</sub> = 0°C to +70°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	Co	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		MAX406A, MAX409A	\	1		0.95	
Input Offset Voltage		MAX406B, MAX409E	3			3.00	
input Onset voltage	Vos	MAX407				4.00	m۷
		MAX41_		1		5.00	
Offset-Voltage Tempco	TC <sub>VOS</sub>	MAX406A, MAX409A	, 100% drift tested		2	10	μV/°C
Input Bias Current	lв	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V				20	pA
Large-Signal		$R_L = 1M\Omega$ ,	MAX406A, MAX409A	100			
Voltage Gain	Avol	Vout = ±2V	MAX406B	50			V/mV
		$R_L = 1M\Omega$ , (Vout = ±	:4V, V+ = 5V, V- = -5V	10			.,
Output Voltage Swing	Vo	$R_L = 1M\Omega$		±2.45			V
Common-Mode			MAX406A, MAX409A	66			
Rejection Ratio	CMRR	(Note 3)	MAX406B, MAX407 MAX409B, MAX41_	60			· dB
Davies County			MAX406A, MAX409A			150	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{IN} = 0V$ , V + = 2.5V to 7.5V	MAX406B, MAX409B			450	μV/V
			MAX407, MAX41_			800	•

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V+ = 2.5V, V- = -2.5V, T_A = 0^{\circ}C$  to  $+70^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Current Per Amplifier	Isy				1.6	μА
Output Sink Current	IOSINK	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V	50			μА
Output Source Current	IOSOURCE	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V	250			μΑ

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V+=2.5V, V-=-2.5V, T_A=-40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		MAX406A, MAX409A				1.10	
		MAX406B, MAX409B				3.00	mV
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	MAX407, MAX417				4.00	
		MAX418, MAX419				5.00	
Offset-Voltage Tempco	TCvos	MAX406A, MAX409A,	100% drift tested			10	μV/°C
Input Bias Current	lΒ	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V				50	pА
		$R_{i} = 1M\Omega$	MAX406A, MAX409A	50			
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	Avol	V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±2V	MAX406B, MAX407, MAX409B, MAX41_	25			V/mV
Voltago Gain		$R_L = 1M\Omega$ , $V_{OUT} = \pm 4$	V, V+ = 5V, V- = -5V	10			
Output Voltage Swing	Vo	$R_L = 1M\Omega$		±2.45			٧
			MAX406A, MAX409A	66			ļ <u> </u>
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	(Note 3)	MAX406B, MAX407, MAX409B, MAX41_	60			dB
			MAX406A, MAX409A			150	
Power-Supply	PSRR	$V_{IN} = 0V$ , V+ = 2.5V to 7.5V	MAX406B, MAX409B		-	450	μ\/\
Rejection Ratio		V = 2.5V to 7.5V	MAX407, MAX41_			800	]
Supply Current Per Amplifier	Isy					1.7	μА
Output Sink Current	losink	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V		40			μА
Output Source Current	IOSOURCE	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V		250	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		μА

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V + = 2.5V, V - = -2.5V, T_A = -55^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 

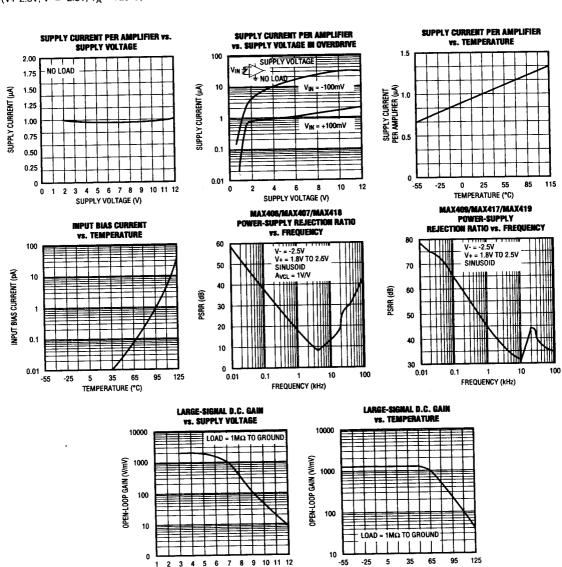
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	co	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		MAX406A, MAX409A		<del></del>		1.5	
Innut Office Make		MAX406B, MAX409B				4.0	1
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	MAX407, MAX417	·	<del> </del>		5.0	m۷
		MAX418, MAX419				6.0	
Offset-Voltage Tempco	TCvos	MAX406A, MAX409A,	100% drift tested			10	μV/°C
Input Bias Current	le	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V		<u> </u>		1.0	nA
		$R_L = 1M\Omega$ ,	MAX406A, MAX409A	10			
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	Avol	V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±2V	MAX406B, MAX407, MAX409B, MAX41_	5			V/mV
		$R_L = 1M\Omega$ , $V_{OUT} = \pm 4$	V, V+ = 5V, V- = -5V	10			
Output Voltage Swing	Vo	$R_L = 1M\Omega$		±2.45			
Common-Mode	_		MAX406A, MAX409A	66			
Rejection Ratio	CMRR	(Note 3)	MAX406B, MAX407, MAX409B, MAX41_	60			d₿
Danier 0			MAX406A, MAX409A			150	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{IN} = 0V$ , V+ = 2.5V to 7.5V	MAX406B, MAX409B	<u> </u>		450	μV/V
			MAX407, MAX41_			800	
Supply Current Per Amplifier	Isy					2.0	μА
Output Sink Current	losink	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V		20			μА
Output Source Current	IOSOURCE	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V		200			<u>'</u> μΑ

Note 2: Production-automated test equipment cannot resolve input bias currents below 1pA. Lab equipment has shown the MAX40\_, MAX41\_ typical input bias currents below 0.1pA.

Note 3: MAX406A/MAX409A: V<sub>CM</sub> = V- to (V+ - 1.1V). MAX407, MAX41\_ V<sub>CM</sub> = V- to (V+ - 1.2V).

Typical Operating Characteristics

 $\overline{(V+ 2.5V, V- = -2.5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})}$ 



SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)

TEMPERATURE (°C)

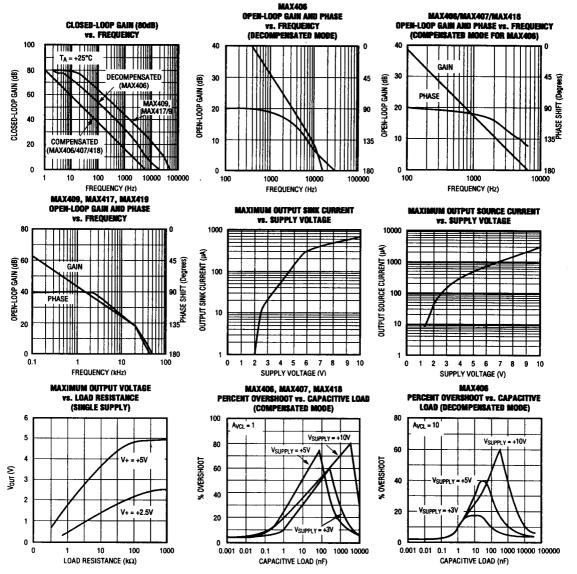
3-25

# 1.2µA Max, Single/Dual/Quad, Single-Supply Op Amps

\_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V+ = 2.5V, V- = -2.5V, T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted).

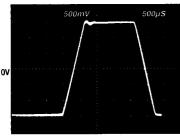
MIXAM



### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

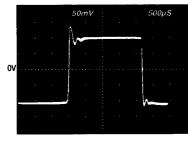
 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted).$ 

#### MAX406/MAX407/MAX418 LARGE-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



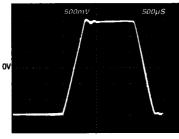
NONINVERTING,  $A_{VCL} = 1V/V$ ,  $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 2.5V$ ,  $LOAD = 1M\Omega \parallel 250pF$ 

#### MAX406/MAX407/MAX418 SMALL-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



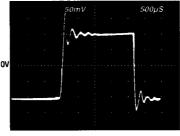
NONINVERTING, A<sub>VCL</sub> = 1V/V,  $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 2.5V$ , LOAD = 1M $\Omega$  II 250pF

#### MAX406/MAX407/MAX418 LARGE-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



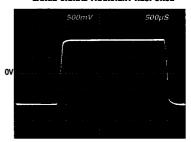
NONINVERTING, A<sub>VCL</sub> =1V/V,  $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 2.5V$ , LOAD =  $1M\Omega$  || 1000pF

#### MAX406/MAX407/MAX418 SMALL-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



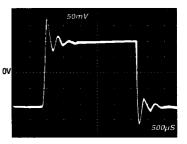
NONINVERTING, A<sub>VCL</sub> = 1V/V,  $V_{SUPPLY}$  = ±2.5V, LOAD = 1M $\Omega$  II 1000pF

# MAX406 (DECOMPENSATED MODE) LARGE-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



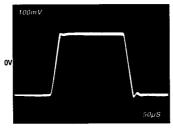
 $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 2.5V$ ,  $A_{VCL} = 2V/V$ , LOAD =  $1M\Omega$  || 15pF

#### MAX406 (DECOMPENSATED MODE) SMALL-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



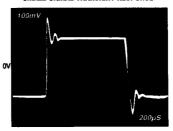
 $A_{VCL} = 10V/V$ ,  $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 2.5V$ ,  $LOAD = 1M\Omega$  II 1000pF

#### MAX409/MAX417/MAX419 LARGE-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



 $A_V$  = 10V/V,  $V_{SUPPLY}$  = ±2.5V, LOAD = 1M $\Omega$  II 10pF

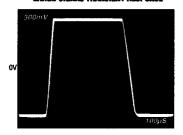
#### MAX409/MAX417/MAX419 SMALL-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



 $A_V = 10V/V$ ,  $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 2.5V$ , LOAD =  $1M\Omega$  || 110pF

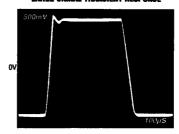
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

#### MAX409/MAX417/MAX419 LARGE-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



 $A_V = 10V/V$ ,  $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 2.5V$ ,  $LOAD = 1M\Omega$  II 10pF

#### MAX409/MAX417/MAX419 LARGE-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



 $A_V = 10V/V$ ,  $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 2.5V$ , LOAD  $\approx 1M\Omega$  II 110pF

### Pin Description

MAX406 PIN	MAX407 MAX417 PIN	MAX409 PIN	MAX418 MAX419 PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1		1		NULL	Nulling. Connect to one end of 100k potentiometer for offset voltage trimming. See Figure 1.
	1		1	OUTA	Amplifier Output A
2		2		IN-	Inverting Input
	2		2	INA-	Inverting Input A
3		3		IN+	Noninverting Input
	3		3	INA+	Noninverting Input A
4	4	4	11	V-	Negative Power-Supply Pin. Connect to (-) terminal of power supply or ground.
5		5		NULL	Nulling. Connect to one end of 100k potentiometer for offset voltage trimming. Connect wiper to V+. See Figure 1.
	5		5	INB+	Noninverting Input B
6		6		OUT	Amplifier Output
	6		6	INB-	Inverting Input B
7	8	7	4	V+	Positive Supply Pin. Connect to (+) terminal of power supply.
	7		7	OUTB	Amplifier Output B
8				BW	Bandwidth Selection Pin. Leave floating or connect to V- for unity-gain stability (compensated mode) or connect to V+ (decompensated mode).
		8		I.C.	Internal Connection. Make no connection to this pin.
			8	OUTC	Amplifier Output C
			9	INC-	Inverting Input C
			10	INC+	Noninverting Input C
			12	IND+	Noninverting Input D
			13	IND-	Inverting Input D
			14	OUTD	Amplifier Output D

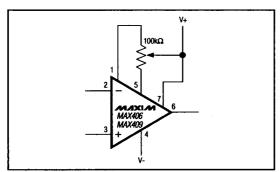


Figure 1. Offset-Voltage Adjustment

### Applications Information

#### **Trimming Voltage Offset**

The MAX406/MAX409's typical input offset voltage is between 0.25mV and 0.75mV, depending on the grade. If the application requires additional offset adjustment, connect a  $100k\Omega$  trim pot between pins 1, 5, and 7 for the MAX406/MAX409 (Figure 1). The dual and quad amplifiers' offset voltages are not adjustable.

#### Input Overdrive vs. Supply Current

The supply current of the MAX406/MAX407/MAX409/MAX417-MAX419 remains relatively constant over the supply range if the amplifier output is not overdriven to the negative supply rail. For example, when connecting the amplifier as a comparator and applying a -100mV input overdrive, supply current rises above the 1µA per amplifier typical value and varies with supply voltage. (see Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage in Overdrive, Typical Operating Characteristics).

#### **Total Supply-Voltage Considerations**

Although the MAX406/MAX407/MAX409/MAX417-MAX419 can operate with supply voltages between 2.5V and 10V, best performance is achieved with supply voltages below 7V. The Open-Loop Gain vs. Supply Voltage graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics* shows how open-loop gain is reduced at voltages that exceed 7V.

#### Bandwidth

The MAX407/MAX418 are internally compensated for stable unity-gain operation, with an 8kHz typical gain bandwidth. The MAX409/MAX417/MAX419 have a 150kHz typical gain-bandwidth product and are stable with a gain of 10V/V or greater.

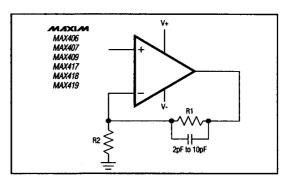


Figure 2. Compensation for Feedback Node Capacitance

The MAX406 operates in one of two modes. Floating BW or connecting BW to V- internally compensates the amplifier for stable unity-gain operation. Connecting BW to V+ reduces the compensation and allows the amplifier to be used at higher speeds. When operating in decompensated mode, the MAX406 is stable for closed loop gains ≥ 2V/V, with a 40kHz typical gain bandwidth and a 20V/ms typical slew rate:

#### Stability

Unlike other industry-standard micropower CMOS op amps, the MAX406/MAX407/MAX409/MAX417-MAX419 maintain stability in their minimum gain configuration while driving heavy capacitive loads, as demonstrated in the Percent Overshoot vs. Capacitive Load graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*.

Although this product family is primarily designed for low-frequency applications, good layout is extremely important. This is because low power requirements demand high-impedance circuits. A 10M\(\Omega\) impedance and a 1pF capacitance will provide a breakpoint at approximately 16kHz, which is near the amplifier's bandwidth. The layout should minimize stray capacitance at the amplifier's inputs. However, some stray capacitance may be unavoidable, and it may be necessary to add a 2pF to 10pF capacitor across the feedback resistor as shown in Figure 2. Select the smallest capacitor value that insures stability.

## \_Typical Application Circuits

Buffered pH Probe Allows Low-Cost Cable
The MAX406 has less than 20pA input leakage current

over the commercial temperature range, and is typically less than 100fA at +25°C. These characteristics are ideal for buffering pH probes and a variety of other high output impedance chemical sensors. The circuit in

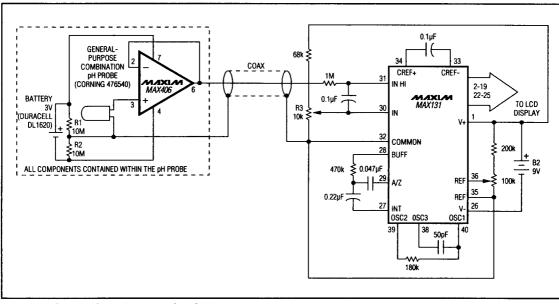


Figure 3. Buffered pH Probe Allows Low-Cost Cable

Figure 3 eliminates expensive low-leakage cables that often connect pH probes to meters. A MAX406 and a lithium battery are included in the probe housing. A conventional low-cost coaxial cable carries the buffered pH signal to the MAX131 A/D converter. In most cases, the probe assembly's battery life exceeds the functional life of the probe itself.

#### Micropower, 4-Channel Simultaneous Sample-and-Hold

Switch leakage and buffer input bias current in sample and hold circuits limit performance by discharging the signal voltage on the hold capacitor (an effect called "droop"). The 2pA typical room temperature leakage current for the MAX327 and 100fA typical input bias current for the MAX407 translates to a typical droop rate of 200µV/sec for Figure 4's circuit. Another advantage is low power consumption. The MAX327 guarantees no more than 250µA supply current with ±15V supplies, but most of this is drawn by internal logic level translators. By using rail-to-rail logic (CD4000, 74C00, or 74HC00 families) to drive IN1-IN3, the level

translators are turned off and the supply current falls well below  $1\mu A$  when the switches are off. This technique turns any Maxim switch or multiplexer into an ultra low-power device. Figure 4's circuit typically draws  $6\mu A$  with 0V to 9V logic input levels.

#### Remotely Powered Sensor Amp

Figure 5 shows a simple 2-wire current transmitter that uses no power at the transmitting end except from the transmitted signal itself. At the transmitter, a 0V to 1V input drives both a MAX406 and an NPN transistor connected as a voltage-controlled current sink. The 0mA to 2mA output is sent through a twisted pair to the receiver and develops a voltage across the receiver sense resistor R2. The resulting sense voltage is buffered by another MAX406, producing a 0V to 1V ground-referenced output signal. R1 and R2 should be well matched. The MAX406's supply current is added to the 0mA to 2mA signal, resulting in a 500μV offset at the output. This offset, in addition to the MAX406's input offset, varies with temperature.

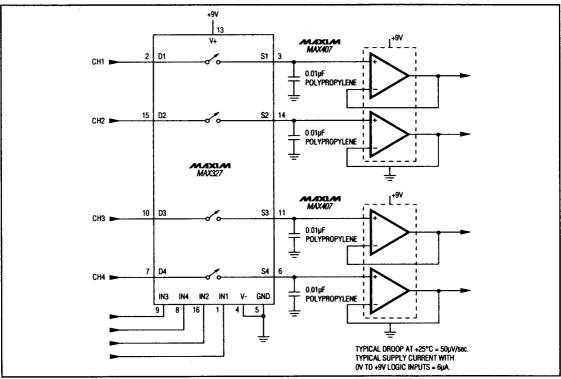


Figure 4. Micropower, 4-Channel, Simultaneous Sample-and-Hold

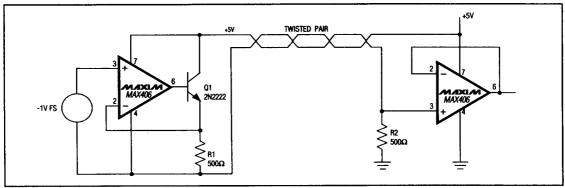


Figure 5. Remotely Powered Sensor Amp

3-30 \_\_\_\_

# Negative Reference Circuit Draws Less Than 11µA

By biasing a low-power, low-dropout reference (MAX872) so it sits in the feedback path of a MAX406, a precise -2.50V reference is produced that requires no external components, as shown in Figure 6. This is superior to a standard inverting configuration, which requires two resistors that can add errors.

Other advantages of this circuit are:

- 1. Maximum current drain is 11µA.
- 2. The output load is driven by the op amp so there is no degradation of voltage due to load regulation.
- 3. No compensation is needed for load capacitance.

The supplies do not have to be carefully regulated. The positive supply can be as low as 1.1V and the negative supply can be as little as 2.7V.

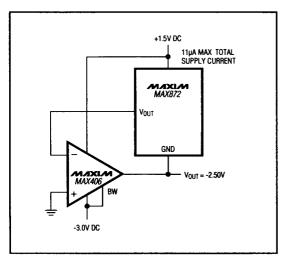


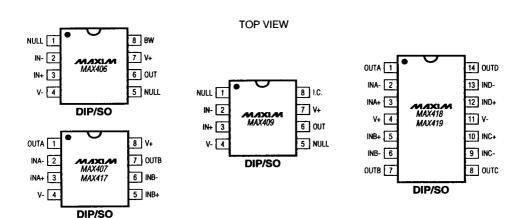
Figure 6. Micropower, Low-Dropout Negative Reference

### \_Ordering Information

MAX406ACPA         C           MAX406BCPA         C           MAX406BCSA         C           MAX406BCSA         C           MAX406C/D         C           MAX406EPA         -4C           MAX406BEPA         -4C           MAX406BESA         -4C           MAX406BESA         -4C           MAX406BMJA         -55           MAX407CPA         C           MAX407CSA         C           MAX407CPA         C           MAX407EPA         -4C           MAX407ESA         -4C           MAX407MJA         -55           MAX409ACPA         C           MAX409BCPA         C           MAX409BCPA         C           MAX409BEPA         -4C           MAX409AEPA         -4C           MAX409BESA         -4C           MAX409BMJA         -55           MAX409BMJA         -55           MAX409BMJA         -55           MAX417CPA         C           MAX417CSA         C	EMP. RANGE  1°C to +70°C 1°C to +85°C 1°C to +85°C 1°C to +85°C 1°C to +125°C 1°C to +125°C 1°C to +70°C 1°C to +85°C	PIN-PACKAGE 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP
MAX406BCPA  MAX406ACSA  MAX406BCSA  MAX406C/D  MAX406AEPA  MAX406BEPA  MAX406BESA  MAX406BESA  MAX406BESA  MAX406BBSA  MAX406BBSA  MAX406BMJA  SSA  MAX407CPA  MAX407CPA  MAX407EPA  MAX407EPA  MAX407ESA  MAX407BA  MAX407BA  MAX409BCPA  MAX40PCPA	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP
MAX406ACSA  MAX406BCSA  MAX406C/D  MAX406AEPA  MAX406BEPA  MAX406BESA  MAX406BESA  MAX406BESA  MAX406BBSA  MAX406BMJA  SEM  MAX407CPA  MAX407CPA  MAX407EPA  MAX407EPA  MAX407EPA  MAX407MJA  SEM  MAX409BCPA  MAX409BCPA  MAX409BCPA  MAX409BCPA  MAX409BEPA  MAX409BEPA  MAX409BEPA  MAX409BEPA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BBSA  MAX409BBSA  MAX409BMJA  MAX417CSA	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C	8 SO 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX406BCSA MAX406C/D MAX406AEPA MAX406BEPA MAX406BESA MAX406BESA MAX406BESA MAX406BMJA -55 MAX407CPA MAX407CPA MAX407CPA MAX407EPA -40 MAX407ESA MAX407MJA -55 MAX409BCPA MAX409BCPA MAX409BCPA MAX409BEPA MAX409BEPA MAX409BEPA MAX409BESA MAX409BESA MAX409BESA MAX409BBSA MAX409BBSA MAX409BBSA MAX409BBSA MAX409BBSA MAX409BMJA MAX409BMJA -55 MAX409BMJA MAX409BMJA -55	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C	8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX406C/D C MAX406AEPA -4C MAX406BEPA -4C MAX406BESA -4C MAX406BESA -4C MAX406BMJA -55 MAX407CPA C MAX407CPA C MAX407CPA -4C MAX407EPA -4C MAX407ESA -4C MAX407MJA -55 MAX409BCPA C MAX40PA C	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +70°C	Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX406AEPA -4C MAX406BEPA -4C MAX406BESA -4C MAX406BESA -4C MAX406BMJA -55 MAX407CPA -6C MAX407CPA -4C MAX407CPA -4C MAX407EPA -4C MAX407MJA -55 MAX409BCPA -6C MAX409BCPA -6C MAX409BCPA -6C MAX409BCPA -6C MAX409BCPA -4C MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA -6C MAX417CPA -6C MAX417CPA -6C	0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX406BEPA -4C MAX406AESA -4C MAX406BESA -4C MAX406AMJA -55 MAX406BMJA -55 MAX407CPA CC MAX407CPA CC MAX407CPA -4C MAX407EPA -4C MAX407EPA -4C MAX409ACPA CC MAX409BCPA -4C MAX409BMJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA CC MAX417CPA CC	9°C to +85°C 1°C to +85°C 1°C to +85°C 1°C to +125°C 1°C to +125°C 1°C to +70°C 1°C to +70°C 1°C to +85°C 1°C to +85°C 1°C to +70°C 1°C to +85°C 1°C to +85°C 1°C to +70°C 1°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX406AESA -4C MAX406BESA -4C MAX406BMJA -55 MAX406BMJA -55 MAX407CPA C MAX407CPA C MAX407CPA -4C MAX407EPA -4C MAX407ESA -4C MAX407BCPA C MAX409BCPA C MAX409BMJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C	0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +70°C	8 SO 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX406BESA -4C MAX406AMJA -55 MAX406BMJA -55 MAX407CPA C MAX407CPA C MAX407CSA C MAX407CPA -4C MAX407ESA -4C MAX407ESA -4C MAX409ACPA C MAX409BCPA -4C MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C	0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C	8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX406AMJA -55 MAX406BMJA -55 MAX407CPA C MAX407CSA C MAX407CSA C MAX407ESA -4C MAX407ESA -4C MAX407BACPA C MAX409ACPA C MAX409BCPA -4C MAX409B	6°C to +125°C 6°C to +125°C 6°C to +70°C 6°C to +70°C 6°C to +70°C 6°C to +85°C 6°C to +125°C 6°C to +125°C 6°C to +70°C 6°C to +85°C	8 CERDIP 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX406BMJA -55 MAX407CPA C MAX407CPA C MAX407CPA C MAX407CPA C MAX407EPA -4C MAX407ESA -4C MAX409BCPA C MAX409BMJA -55 MAX409BMJA C MAX409BMJA C MAX409BMJA C MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C	6°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C	8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX407CPA  MAX407CPA  MAX407CSA  MAX407CPA  MAX407EPA  -4C  MAX407ESA  -4C  MAX409ACPA  CO  MAX409BCPA  MAX409BCSA  MAX409BCPA	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP 8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX407CSA C MAX407CJD C MAX407EPA -4C MAX407ESA -4C MAX407BCPA C MAX409ACPA C MAX409ACSA C MAX409BCSA C MAX409BCSA C MAX409BCPA C MAX409BEPA -4C MAX409BEPA -4C MAX409BESA -4C MAX409BESA -4C MAX409BESA -4C MAX409BESA -4C MAX409BBJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C	8 SO Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX407C/D  MAX407EPA  -40  MAX407ESA  MAX407MJA  -55  MAX409ACPA  MAX409BCPA  MAX409BCSA  MAX409BC/D  MAX409BEPA  MAX409BEPA  MAX409BEPA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BBSA  MAX409BBSA  MAX409BMJA  -55  MAX409BMJA  MAX417CPA  MAX417CSA	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C	Dice* 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX407EPA -40 MAX407ESA -40 MAX407MJA -55 MAX409ACPA 0 MAX409BCPA 0 MAX409BCSA 0 MAX409BC/D 0 MAX409BEPA -40 MAX409BEPA -40 MAX409BESA -40 MAX409BESA -40 MAX409BBSA -40 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA 0 MAX417CSA -60	0°C to +85°C 0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX407ESA -40 MAX409MCPA C MAX409BCPA C MAX409BCSA C MAX409BCSA C MAX409BCSA C MAX409BEPA -40 MAX409BEPA -40 MAX409BESA -40 MAX409BESA -40 MAX409BBSA -40 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C	0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C	8 SO 8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX407MJA -55 MAX409ACPA C MAX409BCPA C MAX409BCSA C MAX409BCSA C MAX409BCPA C MAX409BEPA -40 MAX409BEPA -40 MAX409BESA -40 MAX409BESA -40 MAX409BBSA -40 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C	9°C to +125°C 9°C to +70°C 9°C to +85°C	8 CERDIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX409ACPA  MAX409BCPA  MAX409BCSA  MAX409BCSA  MAX409BC/D  MAX409AEPA  MAX409BEPA  MAX409AESA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BBSA  MAX409BMJA  MAX409BMJA  MAX417CPA  MAX417CSA	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP 8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX409BCPA  MAX409ACSA  MAX409BCSA  MAX409BC/D  MAX409AEPA  MAX409BEPA  MAX409AESA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BBSA  MAX409AMJA  MAX409BMJA  MAX409BMJA  MAX417CPA  MAX417CSA	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP 8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX409ACSA  MAX409BCSA  MAX409BC/D  C  MAX409AEPA  MAX409BEPA  MAX409AESA  MAX409BESA  MAX409AMJA  MAX409BMJA  MAX409BMJA  MAX417CPA  MAX417CSA	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C	8 SO 8 SO Dice*
MAX409BCSA  MAX409BC/D  MAX409AEPA  MAX409BEPA  MAX409AESA  MAX409BESA  MAX409BMJA  MAX409BMJA  MAX417CPA  MAX417CSA	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C	8 SO Dice*
MAX409BC/D C MAX409AEPA -4C MAX409BEPA -4C MAX409BESA -4C MAX409BMJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +85°C	Dice*
MAX409AEPA -4C MAX409BEPA -4C MAX409AESA -4C MAX409BESA -4C MAX409AMJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C	)°C to +85°C	
MAX409BEPA -4C MAX409AESA -4C MAX409BESA -4C MAX409AMJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C		0.00
MAX409AESA -4C MAX409BESA -4C MAX409AMJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C		8 Plastic DIP
MAX409BESA -4C MAX409AMJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C	)°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX409AMJA -55 MAX409BMJA -55 MAX417CPA C MAX417CSA C	)°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX409BMJA -55 <b>MAX417</b> CPA 0 MAX417CSA 0	°C to +85°C	8 SO
<b>MAX417</b> CPA C MAX417CSA C	°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP
MAX417CSA C	5°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP
	°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAYA17C/D	°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX417C/D C	)°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX417EPA -40	)°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX417ESA -40	)°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX417MJA -55	5°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP
MAX418CPD C	0°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX418CSD C	0°C to +70°C	14 SO
MAX418EPD -40	0°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX418ESD -40	)°C to +85°C	14 SO
MAX418MJD -55	5°C to +125°C	14 CERDIP
MAX419CPD C	°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX419CSD 0	)°C to +70°C	14 SO
MAX419EPD -40	)°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX419ESD -40	0°C to +85°C	14 SO
MAX419MJD -55	5°C to +125°C	14 CERDIP

<sup>\*</sup>Dice are specified at +25°C, DC parameters only.

### Pin Configurations



### Chip Topographies

