

LH5021B/LH5022

LCD Dot Matrix Driver
LSI

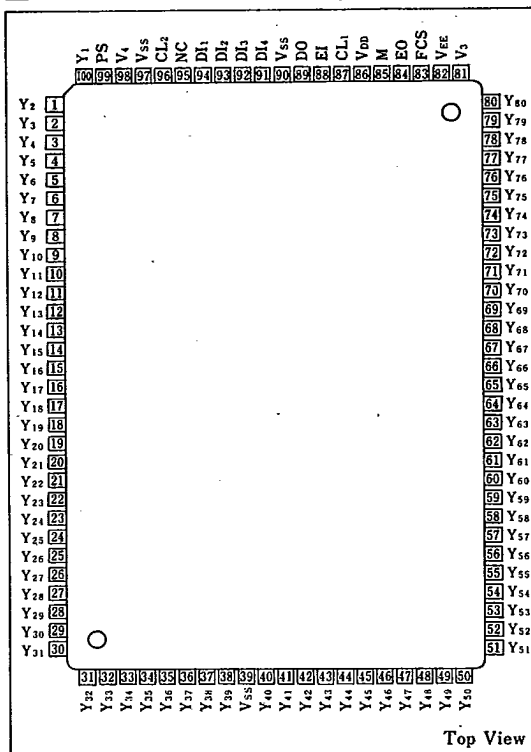
Description

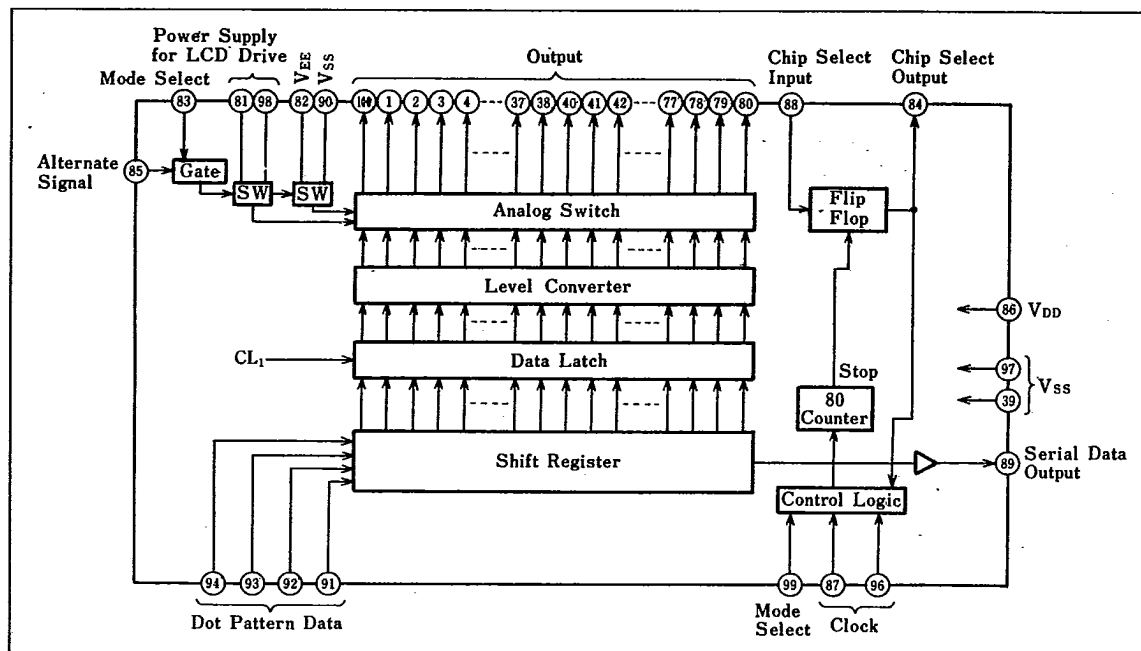
LH5021B/LH5022 is an LCD driver LSI which can receive either serial input data or parallel input data. In case of the serial input mode, it can be connected in series. It converts character pattern data input to parallel data output with 80-bit latch circuit and provides character pattern waveforms output in accordance with mode select signal.

Features

1. CMOS process
2. 80-LCD driver circuit
3. 4 functions selectable as follows
 - (a) Segment signal drivers on the serial input mode
 - (b) Segment signal drivers with the chip-selectable function on the serial input mode
 - (c) Segment signal drivers with the chip-selectable function on the parallel input mode
 - (d) Common signal drives on the serial input mode
4. Auto count function ; in a chip selected state, counts 80 input data automatically and stops the internal clock CL₂
5. Power supply voltage : -5V (TYP.)
6. Display voltage
LH5021B : -17V (TYP.),
LH5022 : -24V (TYP.)
7. 100-pin quad-flat package

Pin Connections





■ Pin Description

Pin name	Name	I/O	Functions																									
V _{DD}	Power supply	I	For logic circuit (−5V)																									
V _{EE}			For liquid crystal drive circuit (LH5021A: −17V, LH5022: −24V)																									
V _{SS}			GND																									
V ₃ , V ₄	Segment output voltage supply	I	Durling non-select, however V _{SS} >V ₃ >V ₄ >V _{EE}																									
Y ₁ -Y ₈₀	Segment output	O																										
CL ₁	Clock	I	For data latch *It must be applied when 4 times the shift clock																									
CL ₂			For data shift																									
FCS, PS	Mode select	I	<table><tr><th>FCS</th><th>PS</th><th>Mode</th><th>Chip select</th><th>DO out.</th></tr><tr><td>Low</td><td>Low</td><td>1-bit serial input segment driver</td><td>No</td><td>Yes</td></tr><tr><td>Low</td><td>High</td><td>4-bit parallel input segment driver</td><td>Yes</td><td>High</td></tr><tr><td>High</td><td>Low</td><td>1-bit serial input segment driver</td><td>Yes</td><td>High</td></tr><tr><td>High</td><td>High</td><td>Commnn driver (serial input)</td><td>No</td><td>Yes</td></tr></table>	FCS	PS	Mode	Chip select	DO out.	Low	Low	1-bit serial input segment driver	No	Yes	Low	High	4-bit parallel input segment driver	Yes	High	High	Low	1-bit serial input segment driver	Yes	High	High	High	Commnn driver (serial input)	No	Yes
			FCS	PS	Mode	Chip select	DO out.																					
			Low	Low	1-bit serial input segment driver	No	Yes																					
			Low	High	4-bit parallel input segment driver	Yes	High																					
			High	Low	1-bit serial input segment driver	Yes	High																					
			High	High	Commnn driver (serial input)	No	Yes																					
Note 1: In the serial input mode, data is supplied from the DI ₁ pin.																												
Note 2: The relationship between data input during 4-bit parallel input and the Y output is as follows.																												
• DI ₁ : Y ₁ , Y ₅ , Y ₉ , ... Y ₇₃ , Y ₇₇ • DI ₂ : Y ₂ , Y ₆ , Y ₁₀ , ... Y ₇₄ , Y ₇₈ • DI ₃ : Y ₃ , Y ₇ , Y ₁₁ , ... Y ₇₅ , Y ₇₉ • DI ₄ : Y ₄ , Y ₈ , Y ₁₂ , ... Y ₇₆ , Y ₈₀																												
Note 3: When used as a comon driver, the clock used for transfer is input to the CL ₂ pin. CL ₁ is internally fixed.																												
Note 4: To minimize current consumption, it is necessary to fix unused input pins to the same level as the V _{SS} pin or the V _{DD} pin.																												
M	Liquid crystal drive waveform AC conversion signal input	I	Common signal drive mode Segment signal drive mode																									
			<table><tr><th>Latch data</th><th>M</th><th>Y out.</th><th>Latch data</th><th>M</th><th>Y out.</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">Low (non-display)</td><td>Low</td><td>V₃</td><td rowspan="2">Low (non-display)</td><td>Low</td><td>V₃</td></tr><tr><td>High</td><td>V₄</td><td>High</td><td>V₄</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">High (display)</td><td>Low</td><td>GND</td><td rowspan="2">High (display)</td><td>Low</td><td>V_{EE}</td></tr><tr><td>High</td><td>V_{EE}</td><td>High</td><td>GND</td></tr></table>	Latch data	M	Y out.	Latch data	M	Y out.	Low (non-display)	Low	V ₃	Low (non-display)	Low	V ₃	High	V ₄	High	V ₄	High (display)	Low	GND	High (display)	Low	V _{EE}	High	V _{EE}	High
Latch data	M	Y out.	Latch data	M	Y out.																							
Low (non-display)	Low	V ₃	Low (non-display)	Low	V ₃																							
	High	V ₄		High	V ₄																							
High (display)	Low	GND	High (display)	Low	V _{EE}																							
	High	V _{EE}		High	GND																							
DI ₁ -DI ₄	Display data input	I	When used with a common driver and in the serial input mode, supply the data to the DI ₁ pin. In this case, it is necessary to fix DI ₂ —DI ₄ to the V _{SS} level or the V _{DD} level.																									
DO	Serial data output	O	When used in the chip select mode, it becomes high level.																									
EI	For chip select	I	Used only in the chip select mode.																									
EO		O	(1) The (CL ₁ • CL ₂) timing causes EO to become low level. (2) After (1), the device is set to the select mode by inputting a high signal to EI, and the input data is read in according to the timing of the fall of CL ₂ . (3) When 80 items of input data (equivalent to 80 CL ₂ clock cycles in the serial mode or 20 CL ₂ clock cycles in the 4-bit parallel mode) have been read in, EO automatically becomes high level and data read in is terminated. EO is reset 1.5 cycles later.																									

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Pin name	Name	I/O	Functions
			(4) When two or more devices are used in the chip select mode, EO of the first stage and EI of the second stage are connected and used. - EO of all devices connected is reset by (1) and goes to the non-select condition and waits for EI input. - When a high signal is applied to EI of the initial device in the cascade connection, this device performs the operations in (2) and (3). - Connecting EO of the initial devices to EI of the next devices causes the devices perform the operations in (2) and (3) after the initial device. This operation is repeated in the same manner for all subsequent devices. In the non-select condition, the shift clock CL₂ stops internally, so power consumption becomes extremely small.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	LH5021B	LH5022	Unit	Note
		Ratings	Ratings		
Applied voltage (logic)	V _{DD}	-7 to +0.3	-7 to +0.3	V	1
Applied voltage (Liquid crystal drive circuit)	V _{EE}	-20 to +0.3	-30 to +0.3	V	1
Input voltage (logic)	V _{IN}	V _{DD} -0.3 to +0.3	V _{DD} -0.3 to +0.3	V	1
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-20 to +70	-20 to +70	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	°C	

Note 1: The maximum applicable voltage on any pin with respect to V_{SS}.

DC characteristics

LH5021B

(V_{SS}=0V, V_{DD}=-5V±10%, V_{EE}=-17±1V, Ta=-20 to +70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input "Low" voltage	V _{IL}				0.8V _{DD}	V
Input "High" voltage	V _{IH}		0.2V _{DD}			V
Output "Low" voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OL} =0.4mA			V+0.4	V
Output "High" voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} =0.4mA	-0.4			V
Voltage drop between Vi-Yi	V _{D1}	Apply 0.2mA to one of Y ₁ -Y ₈₀			1.1	V
Voltage drop between Vi-Yi	V _{D2}	Apply 0.2mA to each of Y ₁ -Y ₈₀			1.5	V
Input leakage current	I _{LI}				1.0	μA
Output leakage current	I _{LO}				10.0	μA
Current consumption for logic unit	I _{LOG}	Logic clock : 3.3 MHz		2.2	6.0	mA

LH5022

 $(V_{SS}=0V, V_{DD}=-4.5 \text{ to } -5.5V, V_{EE}=-21 \text{ to } -27V, V_3=-2.5 \text{ to } -5.5V, V_4=-16.5 \text{ to } -23.5V, T_a=-20 \text{ to } +70^\circ\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input "Low" voltage	V_{IL}				$0.8V_{DD}$	V
Input "High" voltage	V_{IH}		$0.2V_{DD}$			V
Output "Low" voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL}=0.4\text{mA}$			$V_{DD}+0.4$	V
Output "High" voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH}=0.4\text{mA}$	-0.4			V
Voltage drop between V_1 - Y_1	V_{D1}	Apply 0.5mA to one of Y_1 - Y_{80} $V_3=2/12V_{EE}$, $V_4=10/12V_{EE}$			1.0	V
Voltage drop between V_1 - Y_1	V_{D2}	Apply 0.08mA to each of Y_1 - Y_{80} $V_3=2/12V_{EE}$, $V_4=10/12V_{EE}$			1.5	V
Input leakage current	$ I_{LI} $				1.0	μA
Output leakage current	$ I_{LO} $				10.0	μA
Current consumption for logic unit	I_{LOG}	Logic clock : 3.3 MHz			5.0	mA
		1-bit serial transfer : 3.3MHz 4-bit parallel transfer : 2.0MHz			10.0	mA

LH5022

 $(V_{SS}=0V, V_{DD}=-4.5 \text{ to } -5.5V, V_{EE}=-15 \text{ to } -24V, V_3=-5 \text{ to } +1.5V, V_4=-11.5 \text{ to } -21V, T_a=-20 \text{ to } +70^\circ\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input "Low" voltage	V_{IL}				$0.8V_{DD}$	V
Input "High" voltage	V_{IH}		$0.2V_{DD}$			V
Output "Low" voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL}=0.4\text{mA}$			$V_{DD}+0.4$	V
Output "High" voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH}=0.4\text{mA}$	-0.4			V
Voltage drop between V_1 - Y_1	V_{D1}	Apply 0.35mA to one of Y_1 - Y_{80} $V_3=2/12V_{EE}$, $V_4=10/12V_{EE}$			1.0	V
Voltage drop between V_1 - Y_1	V_{D2}	Apply 0.06mA to each of Y_1 - Y_{80} $V_3=2/12V_{EE}$, $V_4=10/12V_{EE}$			1.5	V
Input leakage current	$ I_{LI} $				1.0	μA
Output leakage current	$ I_{LO} $				10.0	μA
Current consumption for logic unit	I_{LOG}	Logic clock : 3.3 MHz			5.0	mA
		1-bit serial transfer : 3.3MHz 4-bit parallel transfer : 2.0MHz			10.0	mA

AC Characteristics

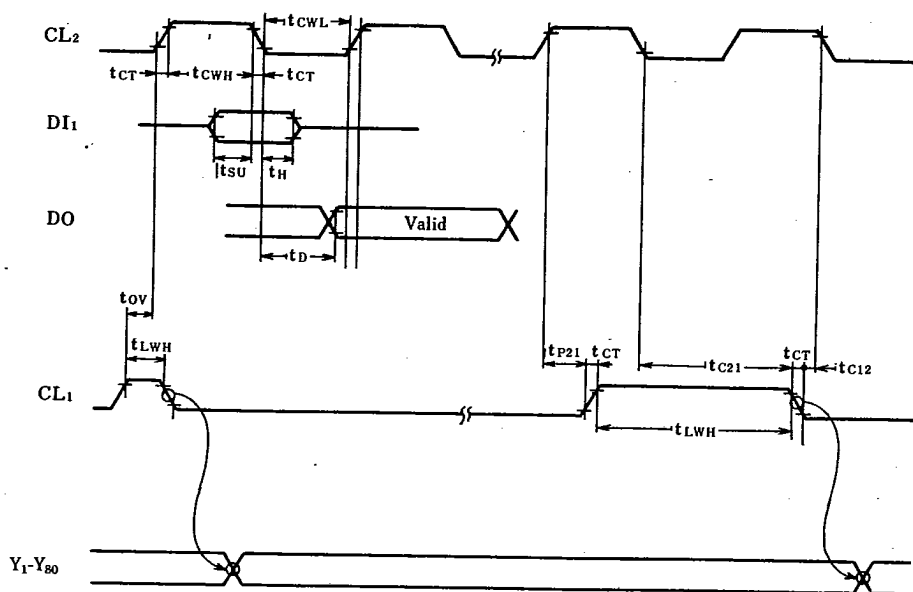
(1) 1-bit Serial Input Segment Driver (PS=FCS="Low") ($V_{DD} = -5V \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0V$, $T_a = -20$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions *1	MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Applicable pins
Clock frequency	t_c		300		ns	CL ₂
Clock "High" width	t_{cWH}		130		ns	CL ₂
Clock "Low" width	t_{cWL}		130		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Data setup time	t_{SU}		70		ns	DI ₁
Data hold time	t_H		50		ns	DI ₁
Output delay	t_D	$C_L = 15\text{pF}$		230	ns	DO
Latch clock "High" width	t_{LWH}		130	*3	ns	CL ₁
Clock margin time (from CL ₁ ↓ to CL ₂ ↓)	t_{C12}		20		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Clock margin time *2 (from CL ₂ ↓ to CL ₁ ↓)	t_{C21}		200		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Clock margin time (from CL ₂ ↑ to CL ₁ ↑)	t_{P21}		20		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Clock ↑, ↓ time	t_{CT}			50	ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Overlap time of CL ₂ "Low" and CL ₁ "High"	t_{OV}		130		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂

Test conditions

Input frequency : $0.8V_{DD}$, $0.2V_{DD}$; Input reference level : $0.8V_{DD}$, $0.2V_{DD}$; Output reference level : $0.2V_{DD}$, $0.8V_{DD}$ *1 LH5021B : $V_{EE} = -17V \pm 1V$, LH5022 : $V_{EE} = -24V \pm 3V$

*2 Internal shift register valid time

*3 $1.5t_c - t_{C12} - t_{P21} - 3t_{CT}$ 

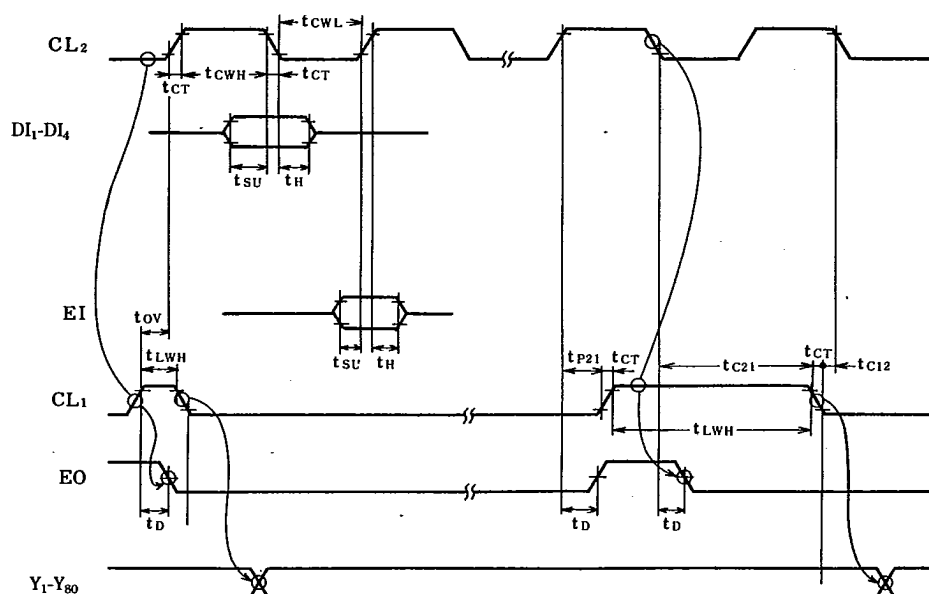
(2) 4-bit Input Segment Driver (PS="High", FCS="Low") ($V_{DD} = -5V \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0V$, $T_a = -20$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions *1	MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Applicable pins
Clock frequency	t_c		500		ns	CL ₂
Clock "High" width	t_{cWH}		230		ns	CL ₂
Clock "Low" width	t_{cWL}		230		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Data setup time	t_{su}		70		ns	DI ₁ , DI ₂ , DI ₃ , DI ₄ , EI
Data hold time	t_h		50		ns	DI ₁ , DI ₂ , DI ₃ , DI ₄ , EI
Output delay	t_d	$C_L = 15\text{pF}$		230	ns	EO
Latch clock "High" width	t_{LWH}		130	*3	ns	CL ₁
Clock margin time (from CL ₁ ↓ to CL ₂ ↓)	t_{c12}		20		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Clock margin time *2 (from CL ₂ ↓ to CL ₁ ↓)	t_{c21}		200		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Clock margin time (from CL ₂ ↑ to CL ₁ ↑)	t_{p21}		20		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Clock ↑, ↓ time	t_{CT}			50	ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Overlap time of CL ₂ "Low" and CL ₁ "High"	t_{ov}		130		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂

Test conditions

Input frequency : $0.8V_{DD}$, $0.2V_{DD}$; Input reference level : $0.8V_{DD}$, $0.2V_{DD}$; Output reference level : $0.2V_{DD}$, $0.8V_{DD}$ *1 LH5021B : $V_{EE} = -17V \pm 1V$, LH5022 : $V_{EE} = -24V \pm 3V$

*2 Internal shift register valid time

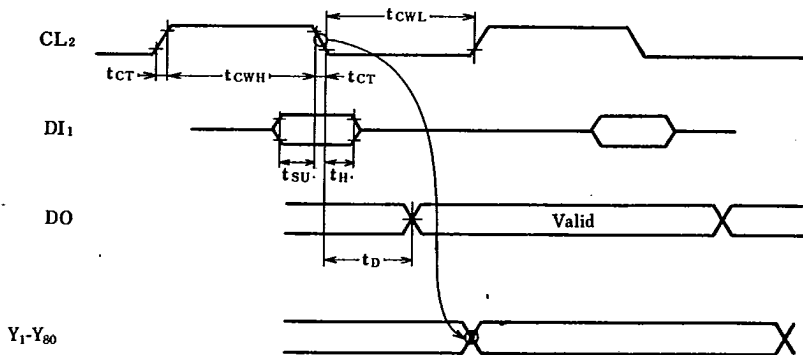
*3 $1.5t_c - t_{c12} - t_{p21} - 3t_{CT}$ 

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(3) Common Driver (PS="Low", FCS="High") (V_{DD}=−5V±10%, V_{SS}=0V, Ta=−20 to +70℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions *1	MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Applicable pins
Clock frequency	t _c		1000		ns	CL ₂
Clock "High" width	t _{cWH}		130		ns	CL ₂
Clock "Low" width	t _{cWL}		830		ns	CL ₂
Data setup time	t _{su}		70		ns	DI ₁
Data hold time	t _h		50		ns	DI ₁
Output delay	t _D	C _L =15pF		500	ns	DO
Clock ↑, ↓ time	t _{CT}			50	ns	CL ₂

Test conditions
Input frequency : 0.8V_{DD}, 0.2V_{DD}; Input reference level : 0.8V_{DD}, 0.2V_{DD}; Output reference level : 0.8V_{DD}, 0.2V_{DD}
*1 LH5021B : V_{EE}=−17V±1V, LH5022 : V_{EE}=−24V±3V



3

(4) 1-bit Serial Input Segment Driver (PS="Low", FCS="High")

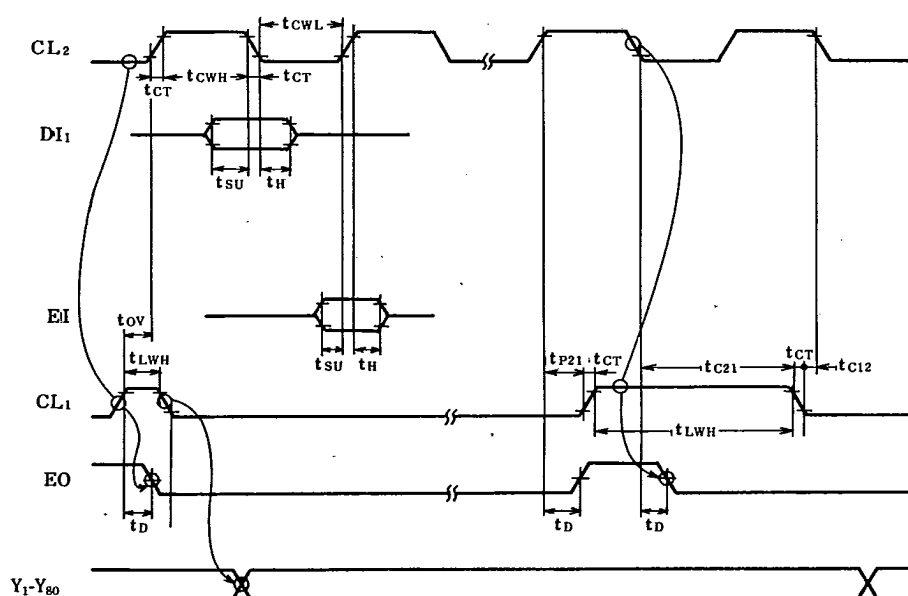
(V_{DD} = -5V ± 10%, V_{SS} = 0V, T_a = -20 to +70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions ^{*1}	MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Applicable pins
Clock frequency	t _c		380		ns	CL ₂
Clock "High" width	t _{cWH}		170		ns	CL ₂
Clock "Low" width	t _{cWL}		170		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Data setup time	t _{su}		70		ns	DI ₁ , EI
Data hold time	t _h		50		ns	DI ₁ , EI
Output delay	t _d	C _L = 15pF		230	ns	EO
Latch clock "High" width	t _{LWH}	LH5021B	140	*3	ns	CL ₁
		LH5022	130			
Clock margin time (from CL ₁ ↓ to CL ₂ ↓)	t _{c12}		20		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Clock margin time ^{*2} (from CL ₂ ↓ to CL ₁ ↓)	t _{c21}		200		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Clock margin time (from CL ₂ ↑ to CL ₁ ↑)	t _{p21}		20		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Clock ↑, ↓ time	t _{CT}			50	ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂
Overlap time of CL ₂ "Low" and CL ₁ "High"	t _{ov}		130		ns	CL ₁ , CL ₂

Test conditions

Input frequency : 0.8V_{DD}, 0.2V_{DD}; Input reference level : 0.8V_{DD}, 0.2V_{DD}; Output reference level : 0.2V_{DD}, 0.8V_{DD}*1 LH5021B : V_{EE} = -17V ± 1V, LH5022 : V_{EE} = -24V

*2 Internal shift register valid time

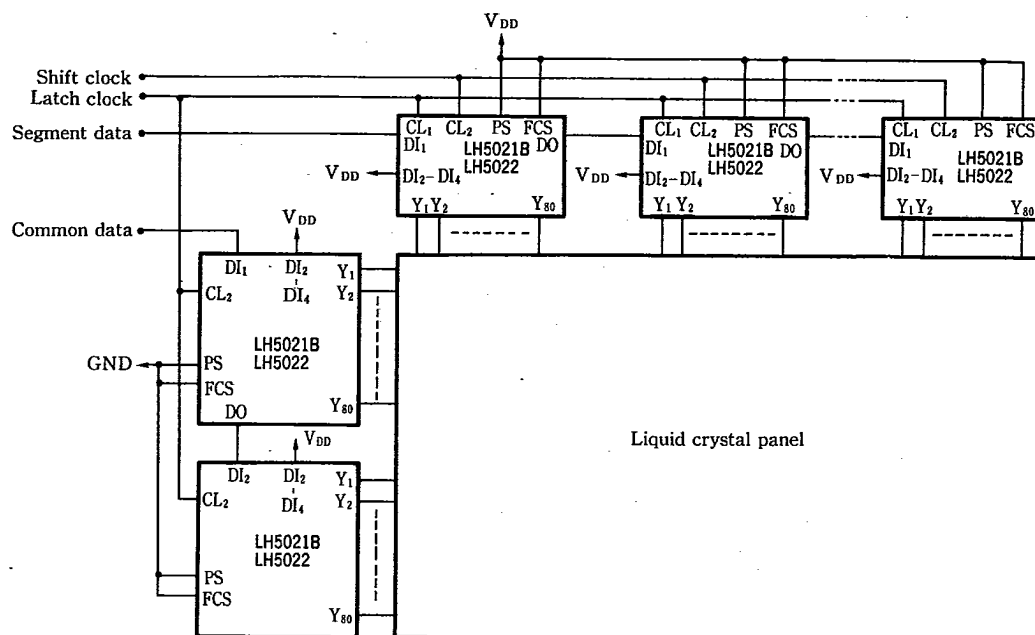
*3 1.5t_c - t_{c12} - t_{p21} - 3t_{CT}

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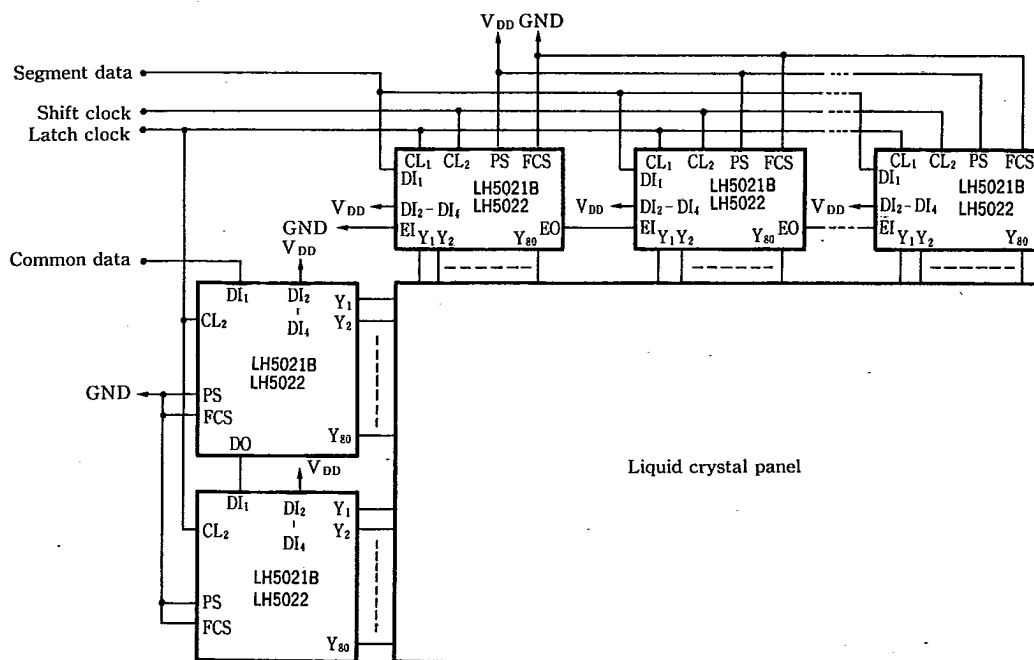
System Configuration Example

T-51-17

(1) 1-bit serial input segment driver and common driver



(2) 1-bit chip select segment driver and common driver



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(3) 4-bit parallel input segment driver and common driver

