February 1999

LM4547

AC '97 Rev 2 Codec with National 3D Sound

General Description

The LM4547 is an audio codec for PC systems which is fully PC98 compliant and performs the analog intensive functions of the AC97 Rev 2 architecture. Using 18-bit Sigma-Delta A/D's and D/A's, the LM4547 provides 90dB of Dynamic

The LM4547 was designed specifically to provide a high quality audio path and provide all analog functionality in a PC audio system. It features full duplex stereo A/D's and D/A's and an analog mixer with 4 stereo and 3 mono inputs, each of which has separate gain, attenuation and mute control. The LM4547 provides National's 3D Sound stereo enhancement in addition to the AC '97 rev 2 features of multiple codec support and True Line-Level output.

The LM4547 features AC-Link, a synchronous, fixed rate, serial bus for connection to a digital AC '97 controller. The AC '97 architecture separates the analog and digital functions of the PC audio system allowing for both system design flexibility and increased performance.

Key Specifications

■ Analog Mixer Dynamic Range	97dB (typ)
■ D/A Dynamic Range	89dB (typ)
■ A/D Dynamic Range	90dB (tvp)

Features

- AC'97 Rev2 compliant
- National's 3D Sound circuitry
- Multiple Codec Support
- True Line Level Output with volume control in addition to standard Line Out
- Advanced power management support
- Digital 3V and 5V compliant

Applications

- Desktop PC Audio Systems
- Portable PC Systems
- Mobile PC Systems

Block Diagram

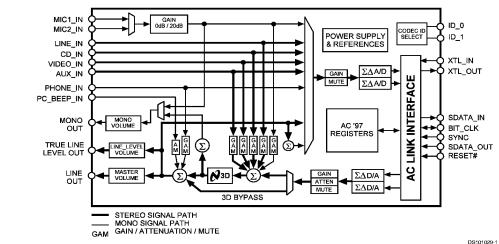


FIGURE 1. LM4547 Block Diagram

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DS101029

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 3)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

 Supply Voltage
 6.0V

 Storage Temperature
 -40°C to +150°C

 Input Voltage
 -0.3V to V_{DD} +0.3V

 ESD Susceptibility (Note 5)
 2500V

 pins 27, 28
 1500V

 pin 3
 750V

 ESD Susceptibility (Note 6)
 200V

pin 3 100V Junction Temperature 150°C Soldering Information
TQFP Package

 Vapor Phase (60 sec.)
 215°C

 Infrared (15 sec.)
 220°C

See AN-450 "Surface Mounting and their Effects on Product Reliability" for other methods of

Product Reliability" for other methods of soldering surface mount devices.

 θ_{JA} (typ)—VBH48A 74°C/W

Operating Ratings

Temperature Range

$$\begin{split} T_{\text{MIN}} \leq T_{\text{A}} \leq T_{\text{MAX}} & -40\,^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{A}} \leq 85\,^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \text{Analog Supply Range} & 4.2\text{V} \leq A\text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{V} \\ \text{Digital Supply Range} & 3.0\text{V} \leq D\text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{V} \end{split}$$

Electrical Characteristics (Notes 1, 3)

The following specifications apply for $AV_{DD} = 5V$, $DV_{DD} = 5V$, single codec configuration, unless otherwise noted. Limits apply for $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$. The reference for 0dB is 1Vrms unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM ⁴	1547	Units (Limits)
			Typical (Note 7)	Limit (Note 8)	
AV _{DD}	Analog Supply Range			4.2	V (min)
				5.5	V (max)
DV _{DD}	Digital Supply Range			3.0	V (min)
				5.5	V (max)
D _{IDD}	Digital Quiescent Power Supply Current	$D_{VDD} = 5V$	43		mA
		$D_{VDD} = 3.3V$	20		mA
A _{IDD}	Analog Quiescent Power Supply Current		53		mA
I _{DSD}	Digital Shutdown Current		500		μΑ
I _{ASD}	Analog Shutdown Current		30		μА
V _{REF}	Reference Voltage		2.23		٧
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio		40		dB
Analog Loc	ppthru Mode	<u> </u>		•	
	Dynamic Range (Note 2)	CD Input to Line Output, -60dB Input THD+N, A-Weighted	97	90	dB (min)
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion	$V_O = -3dB$, $f = 1kHz$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$	0.01	0.02	% (max)
Analog Inp	ut Section				
V _{IN}	Line Input Voltage		1		Vrms
	Mic Input with 20dB Gain		0.1		Vrms
	Mic Input with 0dB Gain		1		Vrms
Xtalk	Crosstalk	CD Left to Right	-95		dB
Z _{IN}	Input Impedance(Note 2)		40	10	kΩ (min)
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance		15		рF
	Interchannel Gain Mismatch	CD Left to Right	0.01		dB
Record Gai	n Amplifier - A/D				
As	Step Size	0dB to 22.5dB	1.5		dB
Mixer Secti	on	<u> </u>		•	
As	Step Size	+12dB to -34.5dB	1.5		dB
A _M	Mute Attenuation		86		dB
Analog to I	Digital Converters	•	•		
	Resolution		18		Bits

Electrical Characteristics (Notes 1, 3) (Continued)

The following specifications apply for $AV_{DD} = 5V$, $DV_{DD} = 5V$, single codec configuration, unless otherwise noted. Limits apply for $T_A = 25$ °C. The reference for 0dB is 1Vrms unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM ²	1547	Units (Limits)
			Typical (Note 7)	Limit (Note 8)	
Analog to D	igital Converters				
	Dynamic Range (Note 2)	-60dB Input THD+N, A-Weighted	90	86	dB (min)
	Frequency Response	-1dB Bandwidth	20		kHz
Digital to Ar	nalog Converters				
	Resolution		18		Bits
	Dynamic Range (Note 2)	-60dB Input THD+N, A-Weighted	89	85	dB (min
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion	$V_{IN} = -3dB$, $f=1kHz$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$	0.01		%
	Frequency Response		20 - 21k		Hz
	Group Delay (Note 2)			2	mS (max
	Out of Band Energy		-40		dB
	Stop Band Rejection		70		dB
D _T	Discrete Tones		-96		dB
True Line Lo	evel Output Volume Section				
As	Step Size	0dB to -46.5dB	1.5		dB
A _M	Mute Attenuation		86		dB
Digital I/O (Note 2)				
V _{IL}	Low level input voltage			0.30 x DVDD	V (max)
V _{HI}	High level input voltage			0.40 x DVDD	V (min)
V _{OH}	High level output voltage			0.50 x DVDD	V (min)
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage			0.20 x DVDD	V (max)
ار	Input Leakage Current	AC Link inputs		±10	μА
 _	Tri state Leakage Current	High impedance AC Link outputs		±10	μA
I _{DR}	Output drive current	AC Link outputs	5		mA
	ng Specifications (Note 2)	· ·		ı	
F _{BC}	BIT_CLK frequency		12.288		MHz
T _{BCP}	BIT_CLK period		81.4		nS
T _{CH}	BIT_CLK high	Variation of BIT_CLK period from 50% duty cycle		±20	% (max
F _{SYNC}	SYNC frequency		48		kHz
T _{SP}	SYNC period		20.8		μS
T _{SH}	SYNC high pulse width		1.3		μS
T _{SL}	SYNC low pulse width		19.5		μS
T _{SETUP}	Setup Time	SDATA_IN, SDATA_OUT to falling edge of BIT_CLK		15	nS (min
T _{HOLD}	Hold Time	Hold time of SDATA_IN, SDATA_OUT from falling edge of BIT_CLK		5	nS (min
T _{RISE}	Rise Time	BIT_CLK, SYNC, SDATA_IN or SDATA_OUT		6	nS (max
T _{FALL}	Fall Time	BIT_CLK, SYNC, SDATA_IN or SDATA_OUT		6	nS (max
T _{RST_LOW}	RESET# active low pulse width	For cold reset		1.0	μS (min)
T _{RST2CLK}	RESET# inactive to BIT_CLK start up	For cold reset		162.8	nS (min)

Electrical Characteristics (Notes 1, 3) (Continued)

The following specifications apply for $AV_{DD} = 5V$, $DV_{DD} = 5V$, single codec configuration, unless otherwise noted. Limits apply for $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. The reference for 0dB is 1Vrms unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM ²	1547	Units (Limits)
			Typical (Note 7)	Limit (Note 8)	
Digital Timin	g Specifications (Note 2)				
T _{SH}	SYNC active high pulse width	For warm reset	1.3		μS
T _{SYNC2CLK}	SYNC inactive to BIT_CLK start up	For warm reset		162.8	nS (min)
T _{SU2RST}	Setup to trailing edge of RESET#	For ATE Test Mode		15	nS (min)
T _{RST2HZ}	Rising edge of RESET# to Hi-Z	For ATE Test Mode		25	nS (max)

Note 1: All voltages are measured with respect to the ground pin, unless otherwise specified.

Note 2: These specifications are guaranteed by design and characterization; they are not production tested.

Note 3: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. Electrical Characteristics state DC and AC electrical specifications under particular test conditions which guarantee specific performance limits. This assumes that the device is within the Operating Ratings. Specifications are not guaranteed for parameters where no limit is given, however, the typical value is a good indication of device performance.

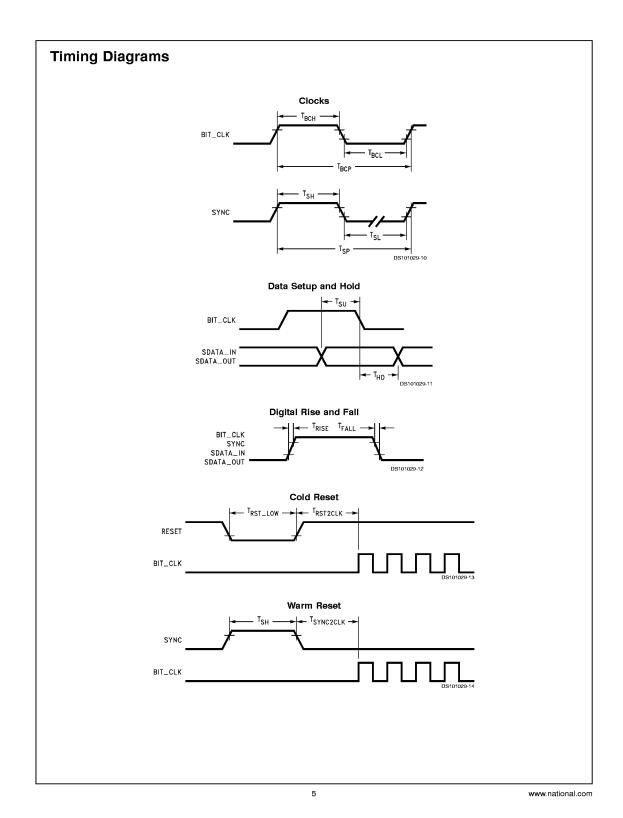
Note 4: The maximum power dissipation must be derated at elevated temperatures and is dictated by T_{JMAX}, θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature T_A. The maximum allowable power dissipation is P_{DMAX} = (T_{JMAX}-T_A)/ θ_{JA} or the number given in Absolute Maximum Ratings, whichever is lower. For the LM4547, T_{JMAX} = 150°C. The typical junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is 74°C/W for package number VBH48A.

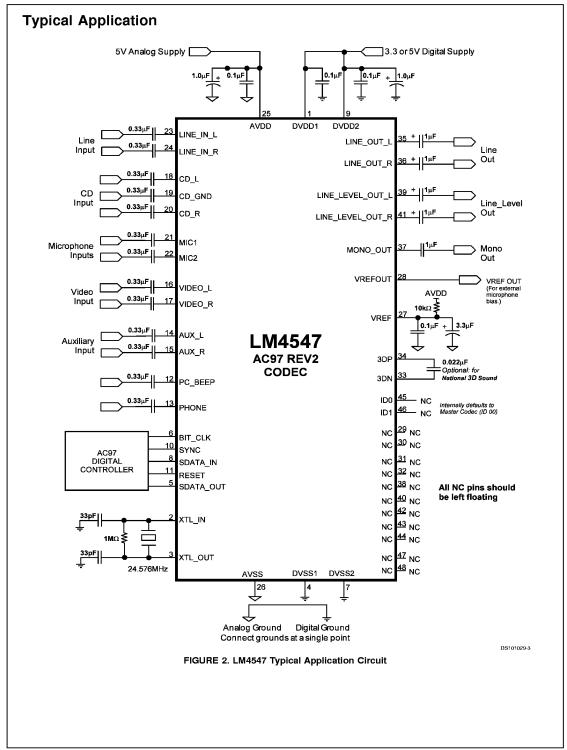
Note 5: Human body model, 100 pF discharged through a 1.5 k Ω resistor.

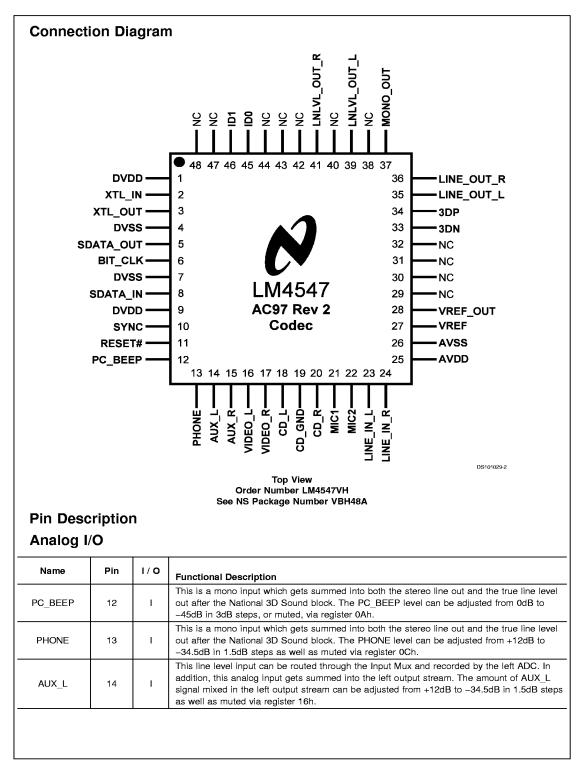
Note 6: Machine Model, 220 pF-240 pF discharged through all pins.

Note 7: Typicals are measured at 25°C and represent the parametric norm.

Note 8: Limits are guaranteed to National's AOQL (Average Outgoing Quality Level).







Pin Description (Continued)

Analog I/O (Continued)

Name	Pin	1/0	Functional Description
AUX_R	15	I	This line level input can be routed through the Input Mux and recorded by the right ADC. In addition, this analog input gets summed into the right output stream. The amount of AUX_R signal mixed in the right output stream can be adjusted from +12dB to -34.5dB in 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 16h.
VIDEO_L	16	ı	This line level input can be routed through the Input Mux and recorded by the left ADC. In addition, this analog input gets summed into the left output stream. The amount of VIDEO_I signal mixed in the left output stream can be adjusted from +12dB to -34.5dB in 1.5dB step as well as muted via register 14h.
VIDEO_R	17	I	This line level input can be routed through the Input Mux and recorded by the right ADC. In addition, this analog input gets summed into the right output stream. The amount of VIDEO_R signal mixed in the right output stream can be adjusted from +12dB to -34.5dB ir 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 14h.
CD_L	18	I	This line level input can be routed through the Input Mux and recorded by the left ADC. In addition, this analog input gets summed into the left output stream. The amount of CD_L signal mixed in the left output stream can be adjusted from +12dB to -34.5dB in 1.5dB step as well as muted via register 12h.
CD_GND	19	-	This input can be used to reject common mode signals on the CD_L and CD_R inputs. CD_GND is an AC ground point and not a DC ground point. This input must be AC-coupled to the source signal's ground.
CD_R	20	ı	This line level input can be routed through the Input Mux and recorded by the right ADC. In addition, this analog input gets summed into the right output stream. The amount of CD_R signal mixed in the right output stream can be adjusted from +12dB to -34.5dB in 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 12h.
MIC1	21	ı	Either MIC1 or MIC2 can be selected via software and routed through the Input Mux for recording. The 20dB boost circuit is enabled/disabled via register 0Eh. Also, the amount of mic signal mixed in the output stream can be adjusted from +12dB to -34.5dB in 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 0Eh.
MIC2	22	ı	Either MIC1 or MIC2 can be selected via software and routed through the Input Mux for recording. The 20dB boost circuit is enabled/disabled via register 0Eh. Also, the amount of mic signal mixed in the output stream can be adjusted from +12dB to -34.5dB in 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 0Eh.
LINE_IN_L	23	ı	This line level input can be routed through the Input Mux and recorded by the left ADC. In addition, this analog input gets summed into the left output stream. The amount of LINE_IN_L signal mixed in the left output stream can be adjusted from +12dB to -34.5dB ir 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 10h.
LINE_IN_R	24	ı	This line level input can be routed through the Input Mux and recorded by the right ADC. In addition, this analog input gets summed into the right output stream. The amount of LINE_IN_R signal mixed in the right output stream can be adjusted from +12dB to -34.5dB in 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 10h.
LINE_OUT_L	35	0	This is a post-mixed output for the left audio channel. The level of this output can be adjusted from 0dB to -45dB in 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 02h.
LINE_OUT_R	36	0	This is a post-mixed output for the right audio channel. The level of this output can be adjusted from 0dB to -45dB in 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 02h.
MONO_OUT	37	0	This line level output can be switched between outputting the post-mixed combined left and right outputs or the mic signal. The level of this output can be adjusted from 0dB to -45dB 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 06h.
LNLVL_OUT_L	39	0	This is a post-mixed output for the left audio channel. The level of this output can be adjusted from 0dB to -45dB in 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 04h.
LNLVL_OUT_R	41	0	This is a post-mixed output for the right audio channel. The level of this output can be adjusted from 0dB to -45dB in 1.5dB steps as well as muted via register 04h.

Pin Description (Continued)
Digital I/O and Clocking

Name	Pin	1/0	Functional Description
XTL_IN	2	ı	24.576 MHz crystal input. Use a fundamental-mode type crystal. When operating from a crystal, a $1M\Omega$ resistor must be connected across pins 2 and 3.
XTL_OUT	3	0	24.576 MHz crystal output. When operating from a crystal, a 1M Ω resistor must be connected across pins 2 and 3.
SDATA_OUT	5	I	This data stream contains both control data and DAC audio data. This input is sampled by the LM4547 on the falling edge of BIT_CLK.
BIT_CLK	6	I/O	OUTPUT when in Primary Codec Mode: This pin outputs a 12.288 MHz clock which is derived (internally divided by two) from the 24.576MHz crystal input (XTL_IN). INPUT when in Secondary Codec Mode (Multiple Codec configurations only): 12.288MHz clock is to be supplied from an external source, such as from the BIT_CLK of a Primary Codec.
SDATA_IN	8	0	This data stream contains both status data and ADC audio data. This output is clocked out of the LM4547 on the rising edge of BIT_CLK.
SYNC	10	I	48kHz sync pulse which signifies the beginning of both the SDATA_IN and SDATA_OUT serial streams. SYNC must be synchronous to BIT_CLK.
RESET#	11	I	This active low signal causes a hardware reset which returns the control registers to their default conditions.
ID0	45	ı	ID0 and ID1 set the codec address for multiple codec use where ID0 is the LSB. Connect these pins to DVdd or GND as required. If these pins are not connected (NC), they default to Master Codec setting (same as connecting both pins to GND). These pins are of the same polarity as their internal ID0, ID1 registers. If pin 45 is connected to GND, then ID0 will be set to "0" internally. Connection to DVdd corresponds to a "1" internally.
ID1	46	I	ID0 and ID1 set the codec address for multiple codec use where ID1 is the MSB. Connect these pins to DVdd or GND as required. If these pins are not connected (NC), they default to Master Codec setting (same as connecting both pins to GND). These pins are of the same polarity as their internal ID0, ID1 registers. If pin46 is connected to GND, then ID1 will be set to "0" internally. Connection to DVdd corresponds to a "1" internally.

Power Supplies and References

Name	Pin	1/0	Functional Description
AVDD	25	ı	Analog supply.
AVSS	26	1	Analog ground.
DVDD	1,9	ı	Digital supply.
DVSS	4,7	I	Digital ground.
VREF	27	0	Nominal 2.2V reference output. Not intended to sink or source current. Bypassing of this pin should be done with short traces to maximize performance.
VREFOUT	28	0	Nominal 2.2V reference output. Can source up to 5mA of current and can be used to bias a microphone.
AFILT1	29	0	This pin is not used and should be left open (NC). However, a capacitor to ground on this pin is permitted - it will not affect performance.
AFILT2	30	0	This pin is not used and should be left open (NC). However, a capacitor to ground on this pin is permitted - it will not affect performance.
3DP, 3DN	33,34	0	These pins are used to complete the National 3D Sound circuit. Connect a 0.022µF capacitor between pins 3DP and 3DN. The National 3D Sound can be turned on and off via bit D13 in control register 20h. This is a fixed-depth type stereo enhance circuit, thus writing to register 22h has no effect. If National 3D Sound is not needed, then these pins should be left as no connect (NC).

Typical Performance Characteristics Analog Loopthru Noise Floor **ADC Noise Floor DAC Noise Floor** 8k 12k 10n FREQUENCY (Hz) DS101029-15 8k 12k FREQUENCY (Hz) FREQUENCY (Hz) DS101029-16 DS101029-18 DAC Frequency Response **ADC** Frequency True Line Level Out Response Noise Floor (Analog Loopthru) AMPLITUDE (dBFS) 1k FREQUENCY (Hz)

Ω	
Ma	
ister	
Red	
547	
LM4	

Name	015	D14	D13	D12	110	D10	60	80	20	90	55	4	23	20	D1	00	Default
Reset	×	0	0	0	-	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	0	0	0	0d50h
Master Volume	Mute	×	×	ML4	ML3	ML2	ML1	ML0	×	×	×	MR4	MR3	MR2	MR1	MR0	8008h
True Line Level Out Volume	Mute	×	×	ML4	ML3	ML2	ML1	ML0	×	×	×	MR4	MR3	MR2	MR1	MR0	8000h
Master Volume Mono	Mute	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	MM4	MM3	MM2	MM1	MMO	8000h
Reserved	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
PC_BEEP Volume	Mute	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	PV3	PV2	PV1	PV0	×	40000
Phone Volume	Mute	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	GN4	GN3	GN2	GN1	GNO	8008h
Mic Volume	Mute	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	20dB	×	GN4	GN3	GN2	GN1	GN0	8008h
Line In Volume	Mute	×	×	GL4	GL3	GL2	GL1	GLO	×	×	×	GR4	GR3	GR2	GR1	GRO	8808h
CD Volume	Mute	X	×	GL4	GL3	GL2	GL1	GL0	×	×	×	GR4	GR3	GR2	GR1	GR0	8808h
Video Volume	Mute	×	×	GL4	GL3	GL2	GL1	GLO	×	×	×	GR4	GR3	GR2	GR1	GR0	48088
Aux Volume	Mute	X	X	GL4	CL3	GL2	GL1	0TS	X	X	×	GR4	GR3	GR2	GR1	GR0	8808h
PCM Out Vol	Mute	×	×	GL4	GL3	GL2	GL1	GL0	×	×	×	GR4	GR3	GR2	GR1	GR0	8808h
Record Select	×	X	X	×	X	SL2	SL1	0TS	X	X	X	×	×	SR2	SR1	SR0	40000
Record Gain	Mute	X	X	×	ets	GL2	GL1	опо	X	X	X	×	GR3	GR2	GR1	GR0	8000h
Reserved	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
General Purpose	POP	X	3D	×	X	×	MIX	SM	LPBK	X	×	×	×	X	Χ	×	40000
3D Control (3D is fixed depth)	×	×	×	×	×	×	Х	×	×	×	×	×	×	X	X	×	40000
Reserved	×	X	X	X	×	×	Х	X	X	X	×	×	X	X	Х	×	×
Powerdown Ctrl/Stat	×	PR6	PR5	PR4	PR3	PR2	PR1	PR0	×	×	×	×	REF	ANL	DAC	ADC	па
Extended Audio ID	ID1	ID0	X	X	×	×	Х	×	X	X	×	×	X	Х	Х	×	×
Vendor Reserved	,			-	-	-	-					-	-	-	-		,
Vendor Reserved	,	-	1	1	i		-	ì	1	1				-	-	1	,
Vendor ID1	0	-	0	0	-	-	1	0	0	1	0	-	0	0	1	-	4E53h
Vendor ID2	0	-	0	0	0	0	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	U	U	1300h

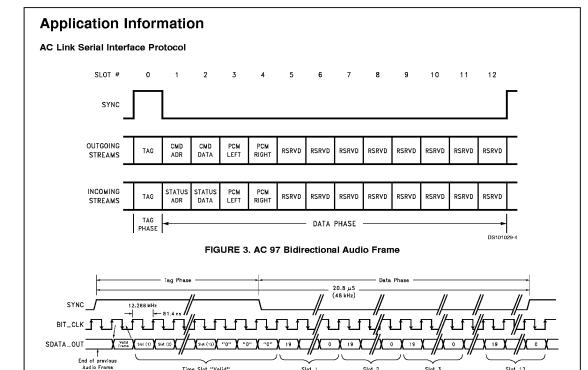


FIGURE 4. AC Link Audio Output Frame

Slot 1

Slot 2

AC Link Output Frame: SDATA_OUT (output from controller, input to LM4547)

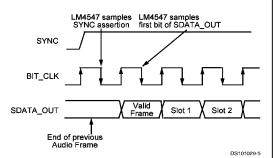
The audio output frame (output from AC '97 Controller) contains control and PCM data targeted for the LM4547 control registers and stereo DAC. The Tag slot, slot 0, contains 16 bits that tell the AC Link interface circuitry on the LM4547 the validity of the following data slots.

Time Slot "Valid"

A new audio output frame is signaled with a low to high transition of SYNC. SYNC is synchronous to the rising edge of BIT_CLK. On the next rising edge of BIT_CLK, the AC '97 Controller drives SDATA OUT with the first bit of slot 0. The LM4547 samples SDATA_OUT on the falling edge of BIT-CLK. The AC '97 Controller will continue outputting the SDATA_OUT stream on each successive rising edge of BIT-CLK.

SDATA_OUT Slot 0: Tag Phase

The first bit of slot 0 is designated the "Valid Frame" bit. If this bit is 1, it indicates that the current data frame contains at least one slot of valid data and the LM4547 will further sample the next four bits to determine which frames do in fact have valid data. Valid slots are signified by a 1 in their respective slot bit position.



Slot 12

DS101029-6

FIGURE 5. Start of Audio Output Frame

Bit	Description	Comment
15	Valid Frame	1 = This frame has valid data.
14	Control register address	1 = Control Address is valid.
13	Control register data	1 = Control Data is valid.
12	Left Playback PCM Data	1 = Left PCM Data is valid.

Bit	Description	Comment
11	Right Playback PCM Data	1 = Right PCM Data is valid.

SDATA_OUT Slot 1: Control Address

Slot 1 is used both to write to the LM4547 registers as well as read back a register's current value. The MSB of Slot 1 (bit 19) signifies whether the current control operation is a read or a write. Bits 18 through 12 are used to specify the register address of the read or write operation. The least significant twelve bits are reserved and should be stuffed with zeros by the AC'97 controller.

Bits	Description	Comment
19	Read/Write	0 = Read, 1 = Write
18:12	Control	Identifies the Control
	Register	Register
11:0	Reserved	Set to "0"

SDATA_OUT Slot 2: Control Data

Slot 2 is used to transmit 16 bit control data to the LM4547 in the event that the current operation is a write operation. The least significant four bits should be stuffed with zeros by the AC '97 controller. If the current operation is a register read, the entire slot, bits 19 through 0 should be stuffed with zeros.

Bits	Description	Comment
19:4	Control Register Write Data	Set bits to "0" if read operation
3:0	Reserved	Set to "0"

SDATA_OUT Slot 3: PCM Playback Left Channel

Slot 3 is a 20 bit field used to transmit data intended for the left DAC on the LM4547. Any unused bits should be padded with zeros. The LM4547 DACs have 18 bit resolution and thus will use the first 18 bits of the 20 bit PCM stream.

Bits	Description	Comment
19:0	PCM Audio Data for Left DAC	Set unused bits to "0"

SDATA_OUT Slot 4: PCM Playback Right Channel

Slot 4 is a 20 bit field used to transmit data intended for the right DAC on the LM4547. Any unused bits should be padded with zeros. The LM4547 DACs have 18 bit resolution and thus will use the first 18 bits of the 20 bit PCM stream.

Bits	Description	Comment
19:0	PCM Audio Data for Right DAC	Set unused bits to "0"

SDATA_OUT Slots 5-12: Reserved

Set these SDATA_OUT slots to "0" as they are not currently implemented and are reserved for future use.

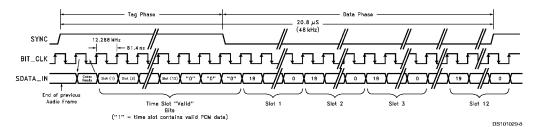


FIGURE 6. AC Link Audio Input Frame

AC Link Input Frame: SDATA_IN (input to controller, output from LM4547)

The audio input frame (input to the AC '97 Digital Controller) contains status and PCM data from the LM4547 control registers and stereo ADC. The Tag slot, slot 0, contains 16 bits that tell the AC '97 Digital Controller whether the LM4547 is ready and the validity of data from certain device subsections.

A new audio input frame is signaled with a low to high transition of SYNC. SYNC is synchronous to the rising edge of BIT_CLK. On the next rising edge of BIT_CLK, the LM4547 drives SDATA_IN with the first bit of slot 0. The Digital Controller samples SDATA_IN on the falling edge of BIT_CLK. The LM4547 will continue outputting the SDATA_IN stream on each successive rising edge of BIT_CLK. The LM4547 outputs data MSB first, in a MSB justified format. All reserved bits and slots are stuffed with "0" is by the LM4547.

SDATA IN Slot 0: Codec Status Bits

The first bit of SDATA_IN Slot 0 (bit 15) indicates when the Codec is ready. The digital controller must probe further to see which other subsections are ready.

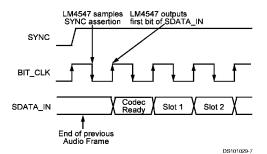


FIGURE 7. Start of Audio Input Frame

Bit	Description	Comment
15	Codec Ready Bit	0=Not Ready, 1=Ready
14	Slot 1 data valid	Status Address is valid
13	Slot 2 data valid	Status Data is valid
12	Slot 3 data valid	Left Audio PCM Data is valid
11	Slot 4 data valid	Right Audio PCM Data is valid

SDATA_IN Slot 1: Status Address

The slot echoes the control register which a read was requested on. The address echoed was initiated by a read request in the previous SDATA_OUT frame, slot 1.

Bits	Description	Comment
19	Reserved	Stuffed with "0"
18:12	Control Register Index	Echo of Control Register for which data is being returned.
11:0	Reserved	Stuffed with "0" 's

SDATA_IN Slot 2: Status Data

The slot returns the control register data. The data returned was initiated by a read request in the previous SDATA_OUT frame, slot 1.

Bits	Description	Comment
	Control	
19:4	Register Read	
	Data	
3:0	Reserved	Stuffed with "0" 's

SDATA_IN Slot 3: PCM Record Left Channel

This slot contains the left ADC sample data. The signal to be digitized is selected via register 1Ah and subsequently routed through the Input Mux for recording by the left ADC. This is a 20-bit slot, where the digitized 18-bit PCM data is output from the codec MSB first and the last remaining 2 bits will zeros.

Bits	Description	Comment
19:2	PCM Record Left Channel data	18 bit audio sample from left ADC
1:0	Reserved	Stuffed with "0"'s

SDATA_IN Slot 4: PCM Record Right Channel

This slot contains the right ADC sample data. The signal digitized is selected via register 1Ah and subsequently routed through the Input Mux for recording by the right ADC. This is a 20-bit slot, where the digitized 18-bit PCM data is output from the codec MSB first and the last remaining 2 bits will zeros.

Bits	Description	Comment
19:2	PCM Record Right Channel data	18 bit audio sample from right ADC
1:0	Reserved	Stuffed with "0"'s

SDATA_IN Slots 5-12: Reserved

These SDATA_IN slots are set to "0" as they are reserved for future use.

AC Link Low Power Mode

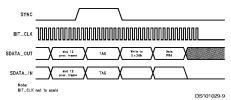


FIGURE 8. AC Link Powerdown Timing

Register Descriptions

Reset Register (00h)

Writing any value to this register causes a register reset which changes all of the registers back to their default values. If a read is performed on this register, the LM4547 will return a value of 0D50h indicating that National 3D Sound is implemented, 18bit data is supported for both the ADC's and DAC's, and the volume control for True Line Level Out is supported.

Master Volume Registers (02h, 04h, 06h)

These registers allow the output levels from LINE_OUT, LNLVL_OUT and MONO_OUT to be attenuated or muted. There are 6-bits of volume control, plus one mute bit. It is a 5-bit volume range, where each step is nominally 1.5dB and each output can be individually muted by either setting the most significant bit (Mx5), and/or the mute bit (D15) to "1."

Mute	Mx5:Mx0	Function
0	00 0000	0dB attenuation
0	01 1111	46.5dB attenuation
0	1X XXXX	46.5dB attenuation
1	XX XXXX	mute
Default: 80	000h	

PC Beep Register (0Ah)

This register controls the level of the PC_BEEP input. The PC_BEEP can be both attenuated and muted via register 0Ah. Step size is nominally 3dB. The signal present after the attenuation and mute block is summed into both the left and right channels.

Mute	PV3:0	Function
0	0000	0dB attenuation
0	1111	45dB attenuation
1	XXXX	mute
Default: 0	nnnh	•

Mixer Input Volume Registers (Index 0Ch - 18h)

These registers set the input volume levels including mute. Each volume control is 5 bit which provides from a range of +12dB gain to 34.5dB attenuation in 1.5dB steps. For stereo ports, the left and right levels can be independently set. Muting a given port is accomplished by setting the MSB to 1. Setting the MSB to 1 for stereo ports mutes both the left and right channel. Register 0Eh has an additional 20dB boost for a microphone level input. This is enabled by setting bit 6 of register 0Eh to 1.

Mute	Gx4:Gx0	Function
0	00000	+12dB gain
0	01000	0dB gain
0	11111	34.5dB attenuation
1	XXXXX	mute
Default: 80	108h (mono reas)	8808h (stereo regs.)

Record Select Register (1Ah)

SL2:SL0

This register independently controls the source for the right and left channel which will be recorded by the stereo ADC. The default value is 0000h which corresponds to Mic in.

Left Record Source

Mic		
CD In (L)		
Video In (L)		
Aux In (L)		
Line In (L)		
Stereo Mix (L)		
Mono Mix (L)		
Phone		
Right Record Source		
Mic		
CD In (R)		
CD In (R) Video In (R)		
• • •		
Video In (R)		
Video In (R) Aux In (R)		
Video In (R) Aux In (R) Line In (R)		

Record (Input) Gain Register (1Ch)

This registers controls the Record (Input) Gain level for the stereo input selected via the Record Select Control Register (1Ah). The gain can be programmed from 0dB to +22.5dB in 1.5dB steps. The level for the left and right channel can be individually controlled. The input can also be muted by setting the MSB to 1.

Mute Gx3:Gx0		Function		
0 1111		22.5dB gain		
0	0000	0dB gain		
1	XXXX	mute		
Default: 8000h				

General Purpose Register (20h)

This register controls many miscellaneous functions implemented on the LM4547. The miscellaneous functions include POP which allows the PCM to bypass the National 3D Sound circuitry, 3D which enables or disables the National 3D Sound circuitry, MIX which selects the MONO_OUT source, MS which selects the microphone mux source and LPBK which connects the output of the stereo ADC to input of the stereo DAC. LPBK provides for a digital loopthru path when enabled.

BIT	Function		
POP	PCM out path and mute, 0 = pre 3D, 1 = post 3D		
3D	National 3D Sound on / off 1 = on		
MIX	Mono output select 0 = Mix, 1 = Mic		
MS	Mic select 0 = Mic1 1 = Mic2		
LPBK	ADC/DAC loopback		

Powerdown Control / Status Register (26h)

This read/write register is used to monitor subsystem readiness and also to program the LM4547 powerdown states. The lower half of this register is read only with a "1", indicating the subsection is ready. Writing to the lower 8 bits will have no effect.

When the AC Link "Codec Ready" indicator bit (SDATA_IN slot 0, bit 15) is a "1", it indicates that the AC Link and AC '97 registers are in a fully operational state. The AC '97 Controller must further probe the Powerdown Control / Status Register to determine exactly which subsections are ready.

BIT	Function		
REF	Vref's up to nominal level		
ANL	Analog mixers ready		
DAC	DAC section ready to accept data		
ADC	ADC section ready to transmit data		

Supported powerdown modes.

BIT	Function		
PRO	PCM in ADC's and Input Mux powerdown		
PR1	PCM out DAC's powerdown		
PR2	Analog Mixer powerdown (VREF still on)		
PR3	Analog Mixer powerdown (VREF off)		
PR4	Digital Interface (AC Link) powerdown (external clk off)		
PR5	PR5 Internal Clk disable		
PR6	PR6 not used		

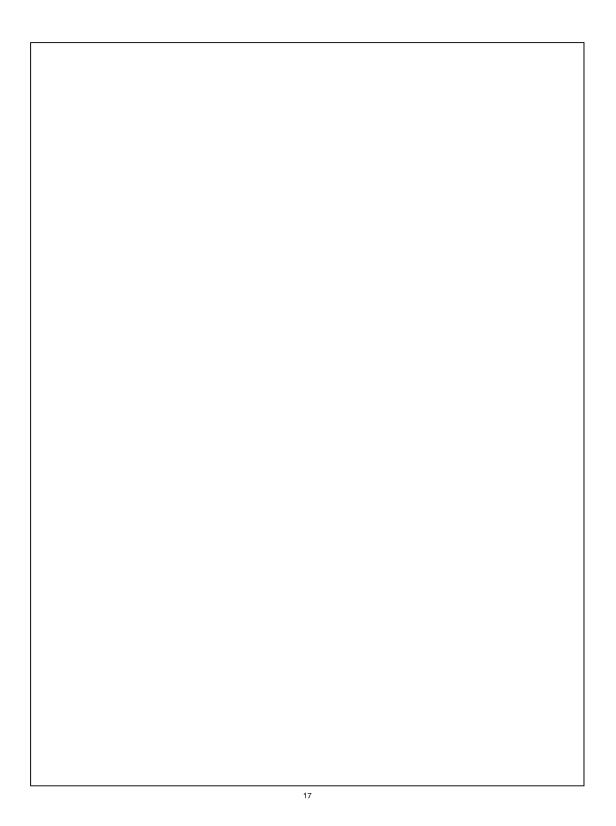
Extended Audio ID Register (28h)

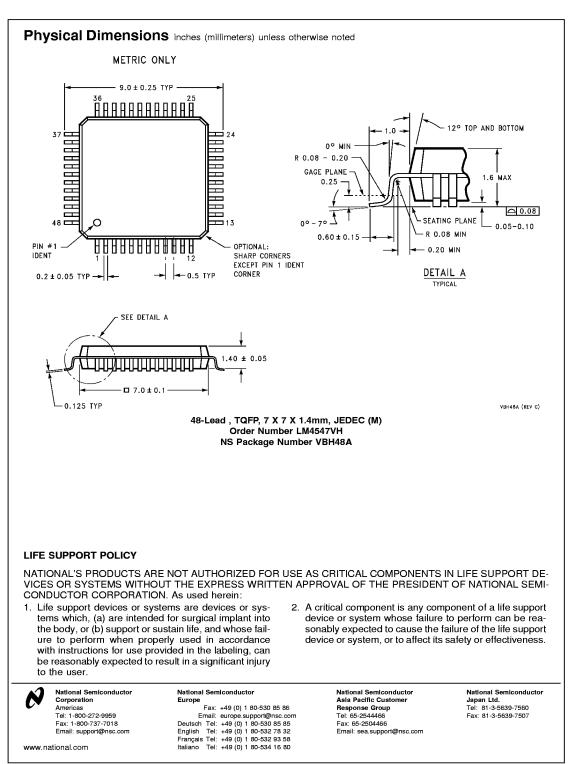
This read only register identifies which AC '97 Extended Audio features are supported. The LM4547 provides support for Multiple Codec systems. The two MSB's, ID1 and ID0, show the current codec configuration as connected via external pins 45 and 46.

Pin46 (ID1)	Pin45 (ID0)	Reg 28h ID1	Reg 28h ID0	Codec Mode
NC (not connected)	NC (not connected)	0	0	Primary
GND	GND	0	0	Primary
GND	DVdd	0	1	Secondary 1
DVdd	GND	1	0	Secondary 2
DVdd	DVdd	1	1	Secondary 3

Reserved Registers

Do not write to these registers.





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