

## 9601/DM9601 Retriggerable One Shot

### **General Description**

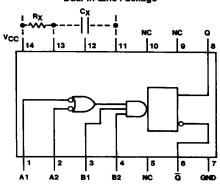
These retriggerable one shots provide the designer with four inputs; two active high and two active low. This permits a choice of either leading-edge or trailing-edge triggering, independent of input transition times. When input conditions for triggering are met, a new cycle starts and the external capacitor is rapidly discharged and then allowed to charge again. The retriggerable feature allows for output pulse widths to be expanded. In fact a continuous true output can be maintained by having an input cycle time which is shorter than the output cycle time. Retriggering may be inhibited by tying the  $\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$  output to an active low input.

#### **Features**

- High speed operation—input repetition rate > 10 MHz
- Flexibility of operation—optional retriggering/lock-out capability
- Output pulse width range—50 ns to ∞
- Leading or trailing edge triggering
- Complementary outputs/inputs
- Input clamping diodes
- DTL/TTL compatible logic levels
- Alternate Military/Aerospace device (9601) is available. Contact a National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributor for specifications.

### **Connection Diagram**

#### **Dual-In-Line Package**



Order Number 9601DMQB, 9601FMQB, DM9601J, DM9601W or DM9601N See NS Package Number J14A, N14A or W14B

#### **Function Table**

	Inp	Outputs			
A1	A2	A2 B1		Q	Q
н	н	Х	Х	L	Н
x	Х	L	Х	L	н
X	Х	Х	L	L	Н
L	Х	Н	Н	L	Н
L	Х	1	н	1	ЪГ
L	Х	Н	1	1	ᅶ
X	L	Н	Н	L	Н
X	L	1	Н	1	Ţ
X	L	Н	1		Ъ
Н	1	Н	н	_7.	ъ
1	$\downarrow$	н	Н	1	ப
1	Н	Н	_ Н	Ţ	Ъ

- H = High Logic Level
  L = Low Logic Level
  X = Either Low or
  High Logic Level
  - = Low to High Level
    Transition
    = High to Low Level
- Transition

  T = Positive Pulse
- **□** = Negative Pulse

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note)**

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage 7V Input Voltage 5.5V

Operating Free Air Temperature Range

Military -55°C to +125°C Commercial 0° to +70°C

Storage Temperature Range -65°C to +150°C

Note: The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the "Electrical Characteristics" table are not guaranteed at the absolute maximum ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter			Military		Commercial			Units
			Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	Units
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage		4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High Level Input	$T_A = -55^{\circ}C$	2						v
	Voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C				1.9			
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	1.7			1.8			
		T <sub>A</sub> = 75°C				1.6			
		T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C	1.5						1
$V_{IL}$	Low Level Input	$T_A = -55^{\circ}C$			0.85				i
Voltage	Voltage	$T_A = 0$ °C						0.85	]   v
		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$			0.9			0.85	
		T <sub>A</sub> = 75°C						0.85	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C			0.85				
ЮН	High Level Output Current				-0.72			-0.96	mA
loL	Low Level Output Current				10			12.8	mA
TA	Free Air Operating Temperature		55		125	0		75	°C

# Electrical Characteristics over recommended operating free air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ (Note 1)	Max	Units	
VI	Input Clamp Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min, I_I = -12 \text{ mA}$	1		-1.5	٧	
V <sub>OH</sub>	High Level Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = Max$ $V_{IL} = Max, V_{IH} = Min, (No. 1)$	lote 4)	2.4			٧
V <sub>OL</sub> Low Level Output Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = Max	MIL			0.4	v	
	V <sub>IL</sub> = Max, V <sub>IH</sub> = Min (Note 4)	сом			0.45		
I <sub>IH</sub>	High Level Input Current	$V_{CC} = Max, V_I = 4.5V$				60	μΑ
I <sub>IL</sub> Low Level Input Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max	MIL V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.40V			-1.6	mA	
		COM V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.45V			-1.6	""	
los Short Circuit Output Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max	MIL	-10		-40	mA	
	(Notes 2 and 4) COM		-10		-40	11175	
loc	Supply Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max				25	mA

Note 1: All typicals are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

Note 2: Not more than one output should be shorted at a time.

Note 3: Unless otherwise noted,  $R_X = 10k$  between PIN 13 and  $V_{CC}$  on all tests.

Note 4: Ground PIN 11 for Vol. test on PIN 6, VoH and Ios tests on PIN 8. Open PIN 11 for Vol. test on PIN 8, VoH and Ios tests on PIN 6.

## Switching Characteristics at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C (See Section 1 for Test Waveforms and Output Load)

Symbol	Parameter	From (input) To (Output)	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
tpLH	Propagation Delay Time Low to High Level Output	Negative Trigger Input to True Output	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ $C_X = 0$ $R_X = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$		40	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation Delay Time High to Low Level Output	Negative Trigger Input to Complement Output			40	ns
<sup>†</sup> PW(MIN)	Minimum True Output Pulse Width				65	ns
t <sub>PW</sub>	Pulse Width		$R_X = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $C_X = 1000 \text{ pF}$	3.08	3.76	μs
C <sub>STRAY</sub>	Maximum Allowable Wiring Capacitance		Pin 13 to GND		50	рF
R <sub>X</sub>	External Timing Resistor		DM96		25	kΩ
R <sub>X</sub>	External Timing Resistor		DM86		50	kΩ

### **Operating Rules**

- 1. An external resistor  $R_X$  and an external capacitor  $C_X$  are required for operation. The value of  $R_X$  can vary between the limits shown in switching characteristics. The value of  $C_X$  is optional and may be adjusted to achieve the required output pulse width.
- 2. Output pulse width tpw may be calculated as follows:

$$t_{PW} = K\,R_X C_X \left[\,1\,+\frac{0.7}{R_X}\right] (\text{for } C_X > 10^3\,\text{pF}) \label{eq:tpw}$$

 $R_X$  in  $k\Omega$ ,  $C_X$  in pF and  $t_{PW}$  in ns.

(For  $C_X < 10^3$  pF, see curve.)

- 3.  $R_X$  and  $C_X$  must be kept as close as possible to the circuit in order to minimize stray capacitance and noise pickup. If remote trimming is required,  $R_X$  may be split up such that at least  $R_{X(MIN)}$  must be as close as possible to the circuit and the remote portion of the trimming resistor  $R < R_{X(MAX)} R_X$ .
- Set-up time (t<sub>1</sub>) for input trigger pulse must be > 40 ns. (See Figure 1).

Release time  $(t_2)$  for input trigger pulse must be > 40 ns. (See *Figure 2*).

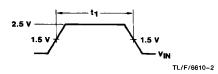
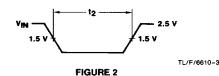


FIGURE 1



Retrigger pulse width (see Figure 3) is calculated as follows:

$$t_{W} = t_{PW} + t_{PLH} = K R_{X}C_{X} \left[ 1 + \frac{0.7}{R_{X}} \right] + t_{PLH}$$

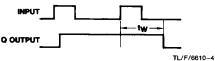
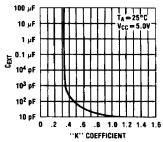


FIGURE 3

#### Typical "K" Coefficient Variation vs Timing Capacitance

The multiplicative factor "K" varies as a function of the timing capacitor,  $C_X$ . The graph below details this characteristic:



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\*For further detailed device characteristics and output performance, please refer to the NSC one-shot application note, AN-366.

