

120 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

ELANTEC INC

T-79-07-10

Features

- -3 dB bandwidth = 120 MHz,
- -3 dB bandwidth = 110 MHz,
- 0.01% differential gain and 0.01° differential phase (NTSC, PAL)
- 0.05% differential gain and 0.02° differential phase (HDTV)
- Slew rate 2000 V/μs
- 65 mA output current
- Drives ± 10 V into 200Ω load
- Characterized at ±5V and ±15V
- · Low voltage noise
- Current mode feedback
- Settling time of 40 ns to 0.25% for a 10V step
- Output short circuit protected
- Low cost

Applications

- · Video gain block
- Video distribution amplifier
- HDTV amplifier
- Residue amplifiers in ADC
- Current to voltage converter
- · Coax cable driver

Ordering Information

Part No.	Temp. Range	Package	Outline#
EL2030CN	0°C to +75°C	8-Pin P-DIP	MDP0031
EL2030CM	0°C to +75°C	20-Lead SOL	MDP0027
EL2030CJ	0°C to +75°C	14-Pin CerDIP	MDP0014
EL2030J	-55°C to +125°C	14-Pin CerDIP	MDP0014
EL2030J/883B	-55°C to +125°C	14-Pin CerDIP	MDP0014
EL2030L	-55°C to +125°C	20-Pad LCC	MDP0007
EL2030L/883B	-55°C to +125°C	20-Pad LCC	MDP0007
5062-00818	e the SMD v	ergion of thi	e device

General Description

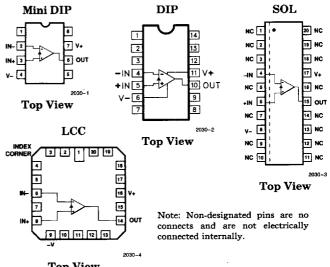
The EL2030 is a very fast, wide bandwidth amplifier optimized for gains between -10 and +10. Built using the Elantec monolithic Complementary Bipolar process, this amplifier uses current mode feedback to achieve more bandwidth at a given gain than a conventional voltage feedback operational amplifier.

Due to its wide operating supply range ($\pm 15V$) and extremely high slew rate of 2000 V/ μ s, the EL2030 drives $\pm\,10V$ into 200 Ω at a frequency of 30 MHz, while achieving 110 MHz of small signal bandwidth or $A_V = +2$. This bandwidth is still 95 MHz for a gain of ± 10 . On ± 5 V supplies the amplifier maintains a 90 MHz bandwidth for $A_V = +2$. When used as a unity gain buffer, the EL2030 has a 120 MHz bandwidth with the gain precision and low distortion of closed loop buffers.

The EL2030 features extremely low differential gain and phase, a low noise topology that reduces noise by a factor of 2 over competing amplifiers, and settling time of 40 ns to 0.25% for a 10V step. The output is short circuit protected. In addition, datasheet limits are guaranteed for $\pm 5V$ and $\pm 15V$ supplies.

Elantec's products and facilities comply with MIL-STD-883 Revision C, MIL-I-45208A, and other applicable quality specifications. For information on Elantec's military processing, see Elantec document, QRA-2: Elantec's Military Processing, Monolithic Integrated Circuits.

Connection Diagrams



Top View

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120 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

Absolute	Maximum	Ratings $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

v_s	Supply Voltage	± 18V or 36V	$\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{I}}$	Operating Junction Temperature	
VIN	Input Voltage	\pm 15V or V _S	•	Ceramic Packages	175°C
ΔV_{IN}	Differential Input Voltage	±6 V		Plastic Packages	150°C
$P_{\mathbf{D}}$	Maximum Power Dissipation	See Curves	T_{ST}	Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
I _{IN}	Input Current	$\pm 10 \text{ mA}$		Lead Temperature	
IOP	Peak Output Current	Short Circuit Protected		DIP Package	300°C
	Output Short Circuit Duration	Continuous		(Soldering: <5 seconds—CN;	
	(Note 1)			<10 seconds—J)	
TA	Operating Temperature Range			SOL Package	
	EL2030	-55°C to +125°C		Vapor Phase (60 seconds)	215°C
	EL2030C	0° C to $+75^{\circ}$ C		Infrared (15 seconds)	220°C

Important Note

All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. The Test Level column indicates the specific device testing actually performed during production and Quality inspection. Elantee performs most electrical tests using modern high-speed automatic test equipment, specifically the LTX77 Series system. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are pulsed tests, therefore T_J = T_G = T_A.

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Open Loop DC Electrical Characteristics $V_S = \pm 15V$, $R_L = 200\Omega$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Description	Condition	Temp	Min	Тур	Max	Test Level		Units	
		Condition	Temp	174111	тур	Wax	EL2030	EL2080C		
v_{os}	Input Offset Voltage	$V_S = \pm 15V$	25°C		10	20	1	1	mV	
			T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			30	1	Ш	mV	
		$V_S = \pm 5V$	25°C		5	10	1	1	mV	
			T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}			15	1	Ш	mV	
$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	Offset Voltage Drift				25		٧	V	μV/°C	
$+I_{IN}$	+Input Current	$V_S = \pm 5V, \pm 15V$	25°C		5	15	1	1	μA	
			T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			25	Ĭ	ш	μΑ	
$-I_{IN}$	-Input Current	$V_S = \pm 5V, \pm 15V$	25°C		10	40	1	1	μA	
			T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			50	1	ш	μA	
+R _{IN}	+ Input Resistance		Full	1.1	2.0		1	п	MΩ	
CIN	Input Capacitance		25°C		1		V	V	pF	
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 2)	$V_S = \pm 5V, \pm 15V$	Full	50	60		1	11	dB	
-ICMR	Input Current Common		25°C		5	10	I	I	μA/V	
	Mode Rejection (Note 2)		T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}			20	1	ш	μA/V	
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio (Note 3)		Full	60	70		1	п	dB	
+IPSR	+ Input Current Power		25°C		0.1	0.5	1	ш	μA/V	
	Supply Rejection (Note 3)		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			1.0	1	ш	μA/V	
-IPSR	- Input Current Power		25°C		0.5	5.0	1	п	μ A /V	
	Supply Rejection (Note 3)		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			8.0	1	ш	μA/V	

ELANTEC INC

EL2030/EL2030C

120 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

Open Loop DC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_S = \pm 15V$, $R_L = 200\Omega$, unless otherwise specified — Contd.

Parameter	Description	Condition	Temp	Min	Тур	Max	Test Level		Units
	Description	Continuon		.,			EL2030	EL2030C	
R _{OL}	Transimpedance	$V_S = \pm 15V$	25°C	88	150		1	п	V/m.
	$(\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta(-I_{IN}))$ $V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	75			1	ш	V/m.
	$V_{OUT} = \pm 2.5V$	$V_S = \pm 5V$	25°C	80	120		I	П	V/m/
	(Note 6)		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}		70		1	ш	V/m/
A _{VOL}	Open Loop DC Voltage Gain V _{OUT} = ±10V	V _S = ±15V	Full	60	70		I	и	dВ
	V _{OUT} = ±2.5V (Note 6)	$V_S = \pm 5V$	Full	56	65		1	11	d₿
v _o	Output Voltage Swing	$V_S = \pm 15V$	Full	12	13		1	11	V
	(Note 6)	$V_S = \pm 5V$	Full	3	3.5		1	п	v
I _{OUT}	Output Current	$V_S = \pm 15V$	Full	60	65		1	п	mA
	(Note 9)	$V_S = \pm 5V$	Full	30	35		1	11	mA
R _{OUT}	Output Resistance		25°C		5		ν	V	Ω
IS	Quiescent Supply Current		Full		15	21	1	п	mA
I _{SC}	Short Circuit Current		25°C		85		V	٧	mA

Closed Loop AC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_S = \pm 15 V$, $A_V = +2$, $R_F = 820 \Omega$, $R_G = 820 \Omega$ and $R_L = 200 \Omega$

Parameter	Description	Description Condition Temp Min		Тур	Max	Test EL2030	Units		
SR	Slew Rate (Note 7)		25°C	1200	2000		IA	IA	V/μs
FPBW	Full Power Bandwidth (Note 4)		25°C	19	31.8		IV	IV	MHz
t _r , t _f	Rise Time. Fall Time	$V_{pp} = 250 \text{ mV}$	25°C		3		٧	٧	ns
t,	Settling Time to 0.25% for 10V step (Note 5)		25°C		40		V	v	ns
ΔG	Differential Gain (Note 8)		25°C		0.01		ν	٧	% p-p
Δφ	Differential Phase (Note 8)		25°C		0.01		v	v	° p-p
eN	Input Spot Noise at 1 kHz R _G = 101; R _F = 909		25°C		4		V	v	nV/√H

Note 1: A heat sink is required to keep the junction temperature below absolute maximum when the output is shorted.

Note 2: $V_{CM} = \pm 10V$ for $V_S = \pm 15V$. For $V_S = \pm 5V$, $V_{CM} = \pm 2.5V$.

Note 3: V_{OS} is measured at $V_S = \pm 4.5 V$ and at $V_S = \pm 18 V$. Both supplies are changed simultaneously.

Note 4: Full Power Bandwidth is specified based on Slew Rate measurement FPBW = $SR/2\pi V_{p}$.

Note 5: Settling Time measurement techniques are shown in: "Take The Guesswork Out of Settling Time Measurements", EDN, September 19, 1985. Available from the factory upon request.

Note 6: $R_L = 100\Omega$.

Note 7: $V_O = \pm 10V$, tested at $V_O = \pm 5$. See test circuit.

Note 8: NTSC (3.58 MHz) and PAL (4.43 MHz).

Note 9: For $V_S = \pm 15V$, $V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$. For $V_S \pm 5V$, $V_{OUT} = \pm 2.5V$.

ELANTEC INC

120 MHz Current Feedback Ampurer

Typical Performance Curves

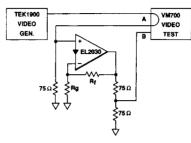
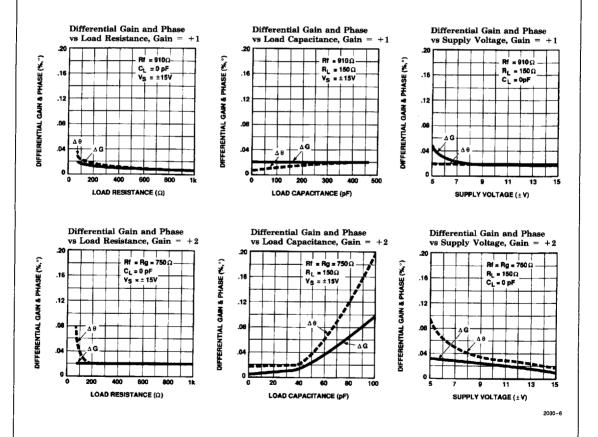


Figure 1. NTSC Video Differential Gain and Phase Test Set-Up



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Typical Performance Curves - Contd.

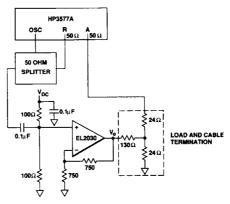
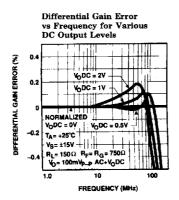
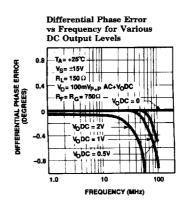
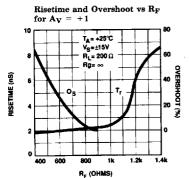


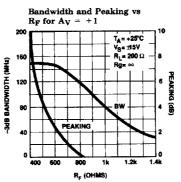
Figure 2. HDTV and Wideband Video Differential Gain and Phase Test Set-Up

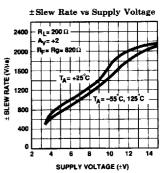




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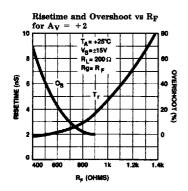


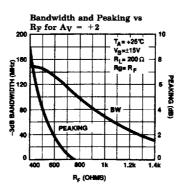


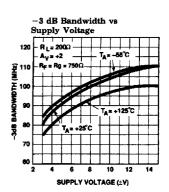
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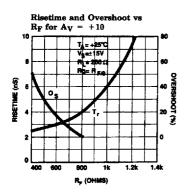
120 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

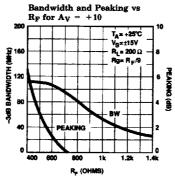
Typical Performance Curves - Contd.

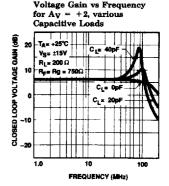


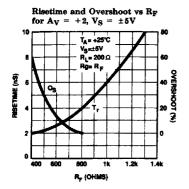


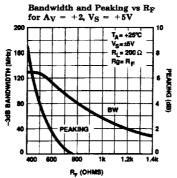


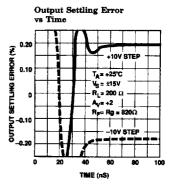








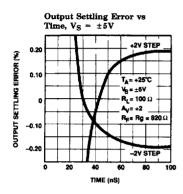


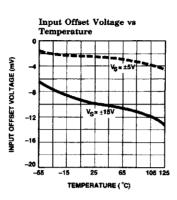


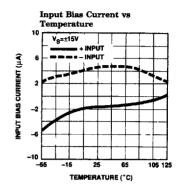
120 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

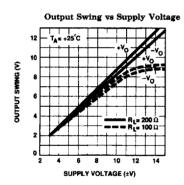
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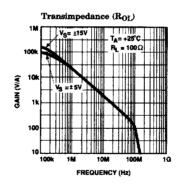
Typical Performance Curves - Contd.

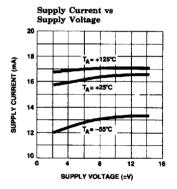


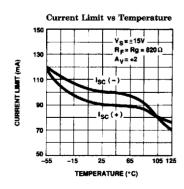


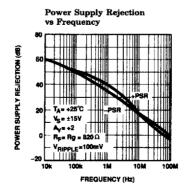


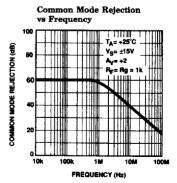








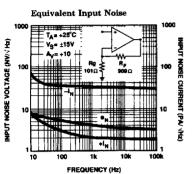


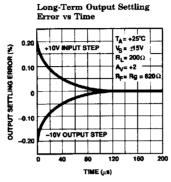


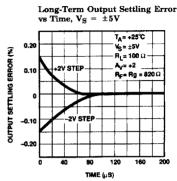
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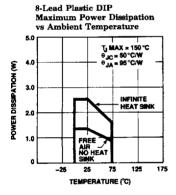
120 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

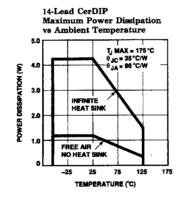
Typical Performance Curves - Contd.

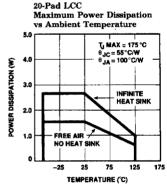


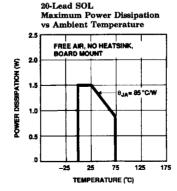






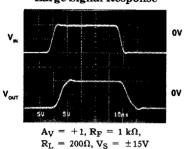






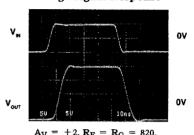
Typical Performance Curves - Contd.

Large Signal Response



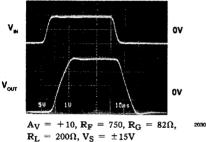
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Large Signal Response

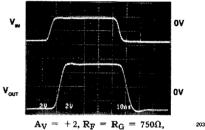


 $A_V = +2$, $R_F = R_G = 820$, $R_L = 200\Omega, V_S = \pm 15V$

Large Signal Response

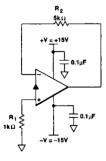


Large Signal Response



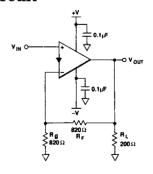
 $A_V = +2$, $R_F = R_G = 750\Omega$, 2030-15 $R_L = 200\Omega, V_S = \pm 15V$

Burn-In Circuit



ALL PACKAGES USE THE SAME SCHEMATIC.

Test Circuit



ELANTEC INC

120 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

Application Information

Product Description

The EL2030 is a current mode feedback amplifier similar to the industry standard EL2020, but with greatly improved AC characteristics. Most significant among these are the extremely wide bandwidth and very low differential gain and phase. In addition, the EL2030 is fully characterized and tested at $\pm 5V$ and $\pm 15V$ supplies.

Power Supply Bypassing/Lead Dressing

It is important to bypass the power supplies of the EL2030 with 0.1 μ F ceramic disc capacitors. Although the lead length is not critical, it should not be more the $\frac{1}{2}$ inch from the IC pins. Failure to do this will result in oscillation, and possible destruction of the part. Another important detail is the lead length of the inputs. The inputs should be designed with minimum stray capacitance and short lead lengths to avoid ringing and distortion.

Differential Gain and Differential Phase

Composite video signals contain intensity, color, hue, timing and audio information in AM, FM, and Phase Modulation. These video signals pass through many stages during their production, processing, archiving and transmission. It is important that each stage not corrupt these signals to provide a "high fidelity" image to the end viewer.

An industry standard way of measuring the distortion of a video component (or system) is to measure the amount of differential gain and phase error it introduces. A 100 mV peak to peak sine wave at 3.58 MHz for NTSC (4.3 MHz for PAL), with 0V DC component serves as the reference. The reference signal is added to a DC offset, shifting the sine wave from 0V to 0.7V which is then applied to the device under test (DUT). The output signal from the DUT is compared to the reference signal. The Differential Gain is a measure of the change in amplitude of the sine wave and is measured in percent. The Differential Phase is a measure of the change in the phase of the sine wave and is measured in degrees. Typically, the maximum positive and negative deviations are summed to give peak differential gain and differential phase errors. The test setup in Figure 1 was used to characterize the EL2030. For higher than NTSC and PAL frequencies, an alternate Differential Gain and Phase measurement can be made using an HP3577A Network Analyser and the setup shown in Figure 2. The frequency response is normalized to gain or phase with 0V DC at the input. From the normalized value a DC offset voltage is introduced and the Differential Gain or Phase is the deviation from the normalized value.

Video Applications

The video signals that must be transmitted for modest distances are usually amplified by a device such as the EL2030 and carried via coax cable. There are at least two ways to drive cables, single terminated and double terminated.

When driving a cable, it is important to terminate it properly to avoid unwanted signal reflections. Single termination (75 Ω to ground at receive end) may be sufficient for less demanding applications. In general, a double terminated cable (75 Ω in series at drive end and 75 Ω to ground at receive end) is preferred since the impedance match at both ends of the line will absorb signal reflections. However, when double termination is used (a total impedance of 150 Ω), the received signal is reduced by half; therefore, the amplifier is usually set at a gain of 2 or higher to compensate for attenuation.

Video signals are 1V peak-peak in amplitude, from sync tip to peak white. There are 100 IRE (0.714V) of picture (from black to peak white of the transmitted signal) and 40 IRE (0.286V) of sync in a composite video signal (140 IRE = 1V).

For video applications where a gain of two is used (double termination), the output of the video amplifier will be a maximum of 2V peak-peak. With ±5V power supply, the EL2030 output swing of 3.5V is sufficient to satisfy the video output swing requirements. The EL2030 can drive two double terminated coax cables under these conditions. With ±15V supplies, driving four double terminated cables is feasible.

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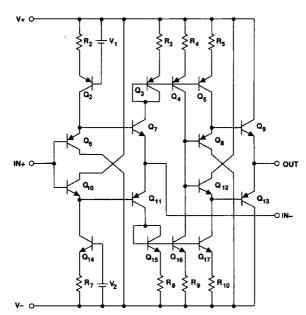
Video Applications - Contd.

Although the EL2030's video characteristics (differential gain and phase) are impressive with ±5V supplies at NTSC and PAL frequencies, it can be optimized when the supplies are increased to ±15V, especially at 30 MHz HDTV applications. This is primarily due to a reduction in internal parasitic junction capacitance with increased power supply voltage.

The following table summarizes the behavior of the EL2030 at $\pm 5V$ and $\pm 15V$ for NTSC. In addition, 30 MHz HDTV data is included. Refer to the differential gain and phase typical performance curves for more data.

$\pm V_8$	Rload	$\mathbf{A_v}$	ΔGain	ΔPhase	Comments
15V	75Ω	1	0.02%	0.03°	Single terminated
15V	150Ω	1	0.02%	0.02°	Double terminated
5V	150Ω	1	0.05%	0.02°	Double terminated
15V	75Ω	2	0.02%	0.08°	Single terminated
15V	150Ω	2	0.01%	0.02°	Double terminated
5V	150Ω	2	0.03%	0.09°	Double terminated
15V	150Ω	2	0.05%	0.02°	HDTV, Double terminated

Equivalent Circuit



ELANTEC INC

120 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

EL2030 Macromodel

- * Revision A. March 1992
- * Enhancements include PSRR, CMRR, and Slew Rate Limiting
- * Input Stage
- *
- e1 10 0 3 0 1.0
- vis 10 9 0V
- h2 9 12 vxx 1.0
- r1 2 11 50
- 11 11 12 48nH
- iinp 3 0 5μA
- $iinm~2~0~10\mu\text{A}$
- r12 3 0 2**M**eg
- * Slew Rate Limiting
- h1 13 0 vis 600
- r2 13 14 1K
- d1 14 0 dclamp
- d2 0 14 dclamp
- * High Frequency Pole
- *e2 30 0 14 0 0.00166666666
- 13 30 17 0.5μ**H**
- c5 17 0 1pF
- r5 17 0 500
- * Transimpedance Stage
- g1 0 18 17 0 1.0
- rol 18 0 150K
- cdp 18 0 2.8pF
- •
- * Output Stage
- q1 4 18 19 qp
- q2 7 18 20 qn
- q3 7 19 21 qn
- q4 4 20 22 qp
- r7 21 6 4
- r8 22 6 4

```
ios1 7 19 2.5mA
ios2 20 4 2.5mA
* Supply Current
ips 7 4 9mA
* Error Terms
ivos 0 23 5mA
vxx 23 0 0V
e4 24 0 6 0 1.0
e5 25 0 7 0 1.0
e6 26 0 4 0 1.0
r9 24 23 3K
r10 25 23 1K
r11 26 23 1K
* Models
.model qn npn (is = 5e - 15 bf = 100 tf = 0.1nS)
.model qp pnp (is = 5e - 15 bf = 100 tf = 0.1nS)
```

.model dclamp d(is = 1e - 30 ibv = 0.266 bv = 3.7 n = 4)

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