

# GP1U59X Series

## IR Detecting Unit For Remote Control

### ■ Features

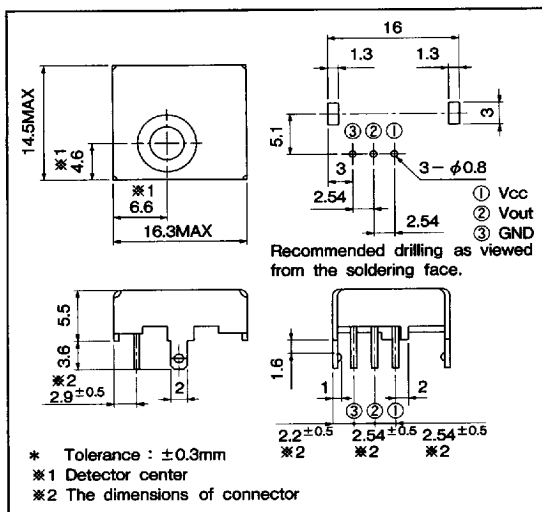
1. Less sensitive to a fluorescent lamp driven by inverter
2. Compact and thin (Case height 5.5mm)
3. Various B.P.F (Band Pass Filter) frequency
4. Built-in voltage regulator circuit

### ■ Applications

- Light detecting portion of remote control
  1. TVs
  2. VCRs
  3. Audio equipment
  4. Air conditioners
  5. CATV set top boxes
  6. BS receivers
  7. Multi-media equipments
- Optical switch

### ■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Operating supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	0 to 6.3	V
*1 Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-10 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-20 to +70	°C
*2 Soldering temperature	T <sub>sol</sub>	260	°C

\*1 No dew information

\*2 For 5 seconds at the condition of mounting 1.6mm thickness PWB

### ■ Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Operating supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.7 to 5.3	V

8180798 0012314 330

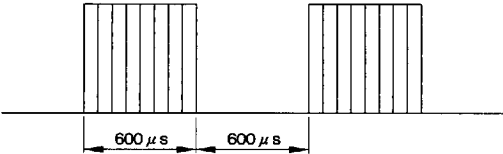
■ Electrical Characteristics

(Ta=25℃, Vcc=+5V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Dissipation current	Icc	No input light	—	—	5.0	mA
High level output voltage	VOH	*3	Vcc-0.5	—	—	V
Low level output voltage	VOL		—	—	0.45	V
High level pulse width	T1		400	—	800	μs
Low level pulse width	T2		400	—	800	
B.P.F. center frequency	f0	—	—	*40	—	kHz

\*3 The burst wave as shown in the following figure shall be transmitted by the transmitter shown in Fig. 1.

\*4 Diversified models with a different B.P.F frequency, as shown in a separate table, are also available.



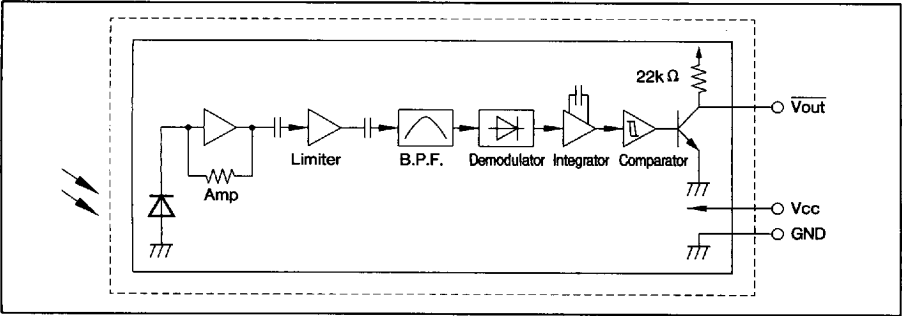
The value of f0 is shown in a separate table.  
Duty 50%

■ Model Line-up

Model No.	B.P.F. frequency	Unit
GP1U59X	40	kHz
*	36	
GP1U591X	38	
GP1U592X	36.7	
GP1U593X	32.75	
*	41.7	
*	48	
*	56.8	
*	39	
*	35	

\* Also available on request

■ Internal Block Diagram



## ■ Performance

Using the transmitter shown in Fig. 1, the output signal of the light detecting unit is good enough to meet the following items in the standard optical system in Fig. 2.

(1) Linear reception distance characteristics

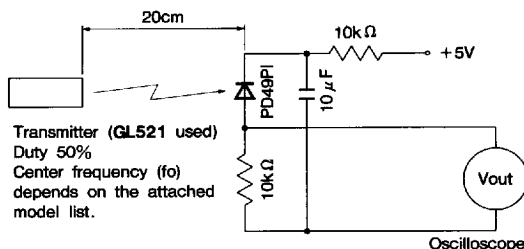
When  $L=0.2$  to  $8\text{m}$ ,  $E_e < 10\text{ lx}$  and  $\phi = 0^\circ$  in Fig. 2, the output signal shall meet the electrical characteristics in the attached list.

(2) Sensitivity angle reception distance characteristics

When  $L = 0.2$  to  $6\text{m}$ ,  $E_e < 10\text{ lx}$  and  $\phi \leq 30^\circ$  in Fig. 2, the output signal shall meet the electrical characteristics in the attached list.

(3) Anti outer peripheral light reception distance characteristics

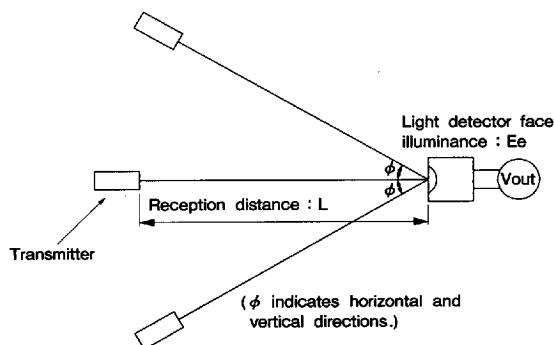
When  $L=0.2$  to  $4\text{m}$ ,  $E_e \leq 300\text{ lx}$  and  $\phi = 0^\circ$  in Fig. 2, the output signal shall meet the electrical characteristics in the attached list.



**Fig. 1. Transmitter**

In the above figure, the transmitter should be set so that the output  $V_{out}$  can be  $40\text{mV}_{PP}$ . However, the PD49PI to be used here should be of the short-circuit current  $I_{SC} = 2.6\text{ }\mu\text{A}$  at  $E_v = 100\text{ lx}$ .

( $E_v$  is an illuminance by CIE standard light source A (tungsten lamp).)



**Fig. 2. Standard optical system**

### ■ Precautions for Use

- (1) Use the light emitting unit (remote control transmitter), in consideration of performance, characteristics and operating condition of light emitting device and the characteristics of the light detecting unit.
- (2) Pay attention to a malfunction of the light detecting unit when the surface is stained with dust and refuse. Care must be taken not to touch the light detector surface. If it should be dirty, wipe off with soft cloth so as to prevent scratch. In case some solvents are required, use metyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol or isoprophyl alcohol. Also, protect the light detecting unit against flux and others.
- (3) The shield case shall be grounded on PWB pattern.
- (4) Do not apply unnecessary force to the terminals and case form outside.
- (5) Do not push the light detector surface (photodiode) from outside.
- (6) To avoid the electorstatic breakdown of IC, handle the unit under the condition of grounding with human body, soldering iron, etc.
- (7) In case of adopting the infrared light detecting unit for the wireless remote control, use it in accordance with the transmission scheme and the signal format recommended in "Countermeasures for malfunction prevention of home appliances with infrared remote control " issued form Japan Association of Electrical Home Appliances (AEHA) in July 1987.
- (8) As for other general cautions, refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use" (Page 78 to 93).