

# HD61203

## (Dot Matrix Liquid Crystal Graphic Display Common Driver)

### Description

The HD61203 is a common signal driver for dot matrix liquid crystal graphic display systems. It generates the timing signals (switch signal to convert LCD waveform to AC, frame synchronous signal) and supplies them to the column driver to control display. It provides 64 driver output lines and the impedance is low enough to drive a large screen.

As the HD61203 is produced by a CMOS process, it is fit for use in portable battery-driven equipment utilizing the liquid crystal display's low power consumption. The user can easily construct a dot matrix liquid crystal graphic display system by combining the HD61203 and the column (segment) driver HD61202.

### Features

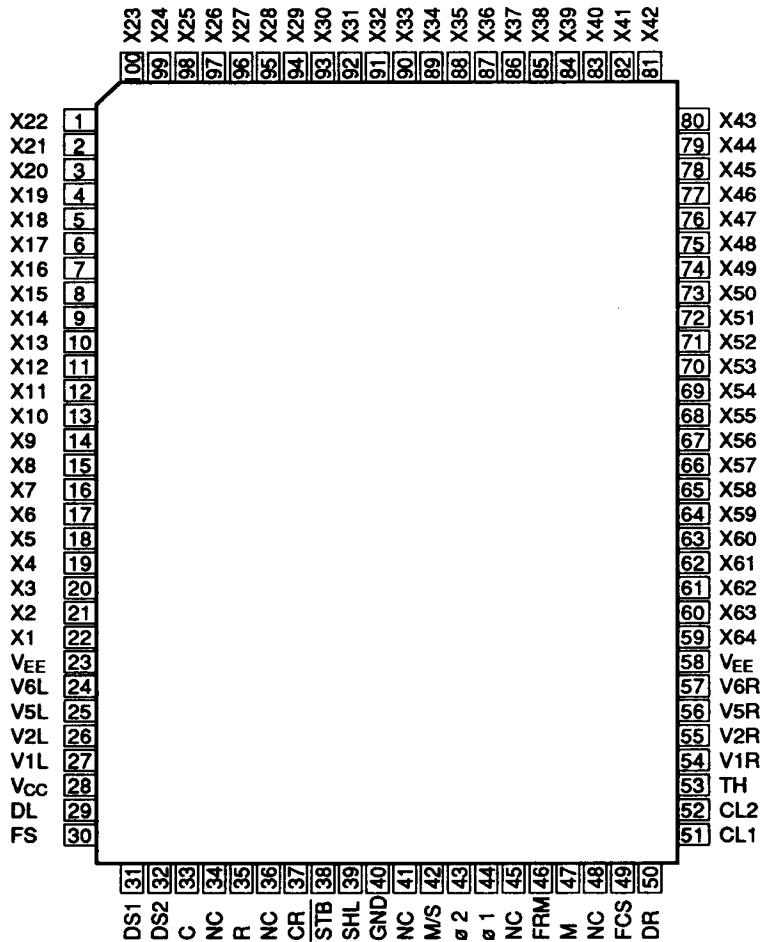
- Dot matrix liquid crystal graphic display common driver with low impedance
- Low impedance: 1.5 k $\Omega$  max
- Internal liquid crystal display driver circuit: 64 circuits
- Internal dynamic display timing generator circuit
- Display duty cycle  
When used with the column driver HD61202:  
1/48, 1/64, 1/96, 1/128
- When used with the column driver HD61200:  
Selectable out of 1/32 to 1/128
- Low power dissipation: During display: 5 mW
- Power supplies: V<sub>CC</sub>: 5 V ± 10%
- Power supply voltage for liquid crystal display drive: 8 V to 17 V
- CMOS process
- 100-pin flat plastic package (FP-100)

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Limit	Unit	Note
Power supply voltage (1)	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3 to +7.0	V	2
Power supply voltage (2)	V <sub>EE</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> -19.0 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V	5
Terminal voltage (1)	V <sub>T1</sub>	- 0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V	2, 3
Terminal voltage (2)	V <sub>T2</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub> - 0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V	4, 5
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20 to +75	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +125	°C	

- Notes:
1. If LSIs are used beyond absolute maximum ratings, they may be permanently destroyed. We strongly recommend you to use the LSI within electrical characteristic limits for normal operation, because use beyond these conditions will cause malfunction and poor reliability.
  2. Based on GND = 0 V.
  3. Applies to input terminals (except V1L, V1R, V2L, V2R, V5L, V5R, V6L, and V6R) and I/O terminals at high impedance.
  4. Applies to V1L, V1R, V2L, V2R, V5L, V5R, V6L, and V6R.
  5. Apply the same value of voltages to V1L and V1R, V2L and V2R, V5L and V5R, V6L and V6R, V<sub>EE</sub> (23 pin) and V<sub>EE</sub> (58 pin) respectively.  
Maintain V<sub>CC</sub> ≥ V1L = V1R ≥ V6L = V6R ≥ V5L = V5R ≥ V2L = V2R ≥ V<sub>EE</sub>

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**Pin Arrangement**

(Top view)

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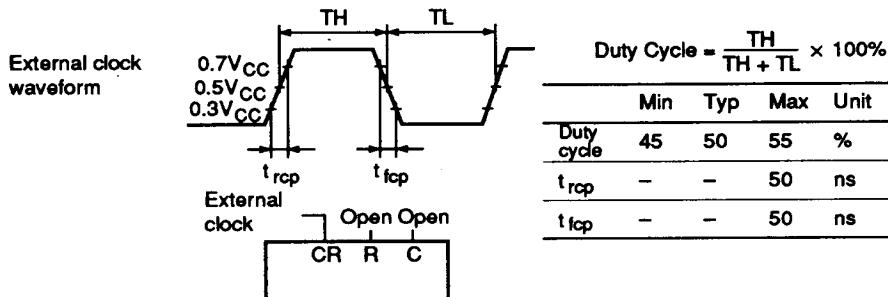
**Electrical Characteristics****DC Characteristics**(V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 10%, GND = 0 V, V<sub>CC</sub> - V<sub>EE</sub> = 8.0 to 17.0 V, Ta = -20 to +75°C)

Test Item	Symbol	Specifications				Test Conditions	Note
		Min	Typ	Max	Unit		
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V		1
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	GND	—	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V		1
Output high voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.4	—	—	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.4 mA	2
Output low voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	—	—	0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 mA	2
V <sub>i</sub> -X <sub>j</sub> on resistance	R <sub>ON</sub>	—	—	1.5	kΩ	V <sub>CC</sub> - V <sub>EE</sub> = 17 V Load current ±150 μA	13
Input leakage current	I <sub>IL1</sub>	-1.0	—	1.0	μA	V <sub>in</sub> = 0 to V <sub>CC</sub>	3
Input leakage current	I <sub>IL2</sub>	-2.0	—	2.0	μA	V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>EE</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub>	4
Operating frequency	f <sub>opr1</sub>	50	—	600	kHz	In master mode external clock operation	5
Operating frequency	f <sub>opr2</sub>	0.5	—	1500	kHz	In slave mode shift register	6
Oscillation frequency	f <sub>osc</sub>	315	450	585	kHz	C <sub>f</sub> = 20 pF ± 5 % R <sub>f</sub> = 47 kΩ ± 2%	7, 12
Dissipation current (1)	I <sub>GG1</sub>	—	—	1.0	mA	In master mode 1/128 duty cycle C <sub>f</sub> = 20 pF R <sub>f</sub> = 47 kΩ	8, 9
Dissipation current (2)	I <sub>GG2</sub>	—	—	200	μA	In slave mode 1/128 duty cycle	8, 10
Dissipation current	I <sub>EE</sub>	—	—	100	μA	In master mode 1/128 duty cycle	8, 11

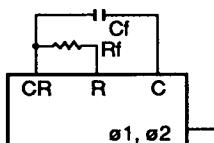
- Notes:
- Applies to input terminals FS, DS1, DS2, CR, SHL, M/S, and FCS and I/O terminals DL, M, DR, and CL2 in the input state.
  - Applies to output terminals, Φ1, Φ2, and FRM and I/O common terminals DL, M, DR, and CL2 in the output state.
  - Applies to input terminals FS, DS1, DS2, CR, STB, SHL, M/S, FCS, CL1, and TH, I/O terminals DL, M, DR, and CL2 in the input state and NC terminals.
  - Applies to V1L, V1R, V2L, V2R, V5L, V5R, V6L, and V6R. Don't connect any lines to X1 to X64.
  - External clock is as follows.

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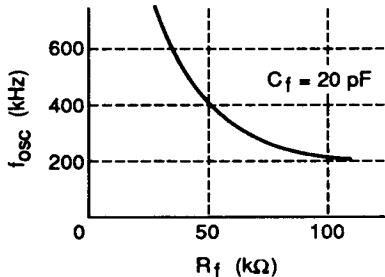
6. Applies to the shift register in the slave mode. For details, refer to AC Characteristics.
7. Connect oscillation resistor ( $R_f$ ) and oscillation capacitance ( $C_f$ ) as shown in this figure. Oscillation frequency ( $f_{osc}$ ) is twice as much as the frequency ( $f$ ) at  $\Phi_1$  or  $\Phi_2$ .



$$C_f = 20 \text{ pF}$$

$$R_f = 47 \text{ k}\Omega \quad f_{osc} = 2 \times f$$

8. No lines are connected to output terminals and current flowing through the input circuit is excluded. This value is specified at  $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$  and  $V_{IL} = GND$ .
9. This value is specified for current flowing through GND in the following conditions: Internal oscillation circuit is used. Each terminal of DS1, DS2, FS, SHL, M/S, STB, and FCS is connected to  $V_{CC}$  and each of CL1 and TH to GND. Oscillator is set as described in note 7.
10. This value is specified for current flowing through GND under the following conditions: Each terminals of DS1, DS2, FS, SHL, STB, FCS, and CR is connected to  $V_{CC}$ , CL1, TH, and M/S to GND and the terminals CL2, M, and DL are respectively connected to terminals CL2, M, and DL of the HD61203 under the condition described in note 9.
11. This value is specified for current flowing through  $V_{EE}$  under the condition described in note 9. Don't connect any lines to terminal V.
12. This figure shows a typical relation among oscillation frequency,  $R_f$  and  $C_f$ . Oscillation frequency may vary with the mounting conditions.

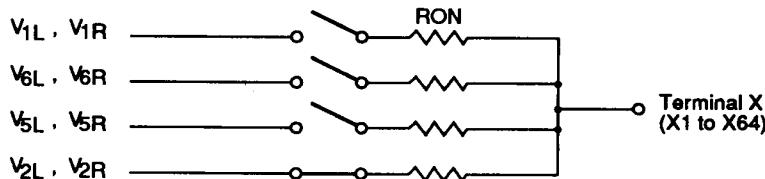


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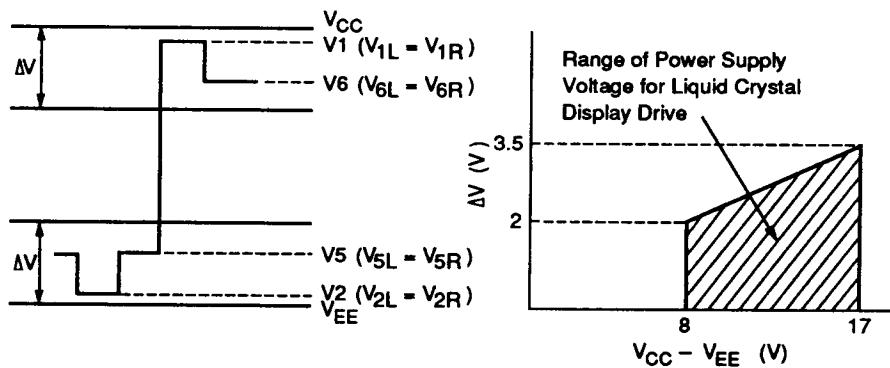
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13. Resistance between terminal X and terminal V (one of V1L, V1R, V2L, V2P, V5L, V5R, V6L, and V6R) when load current flows through one of the terminals X1 to X64. This value is specified under the following conditions:

$$\begin{aligned}V_{CC} - V_{EE} &= 17 \text{ V} \\V_{1L} = V_{1R}, V_{6L} = V_{6R} &= V_{CC} - 1/7 (V_{CC} - V_{EE}) \\V_{2L} = V_{2R}, V_{5L} = V_{5R} &= V_{EE} + 1/7 (V_{CC} - V_{EE})\end{aligned}$$



The following is a description of the range of power supply voltage for liquid crystal display drive. Apply positive voltage to  $V1L = V1R$  and  $V6L = V6R$  and negative voltage to  $V2L = V2R$  and  $V5L = V5R$  within the  $\Delta V$  range. This range allows stable impedance on driver output (RON). Notice that  $\Delta V$  depends on power supply voltage  $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ .

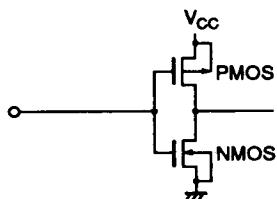


Correlation between Driver Output Waveform and Power Supply Voltages for Liquid Crystal Display Drive

Correlation between Power Supply Voltage  $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$  and  $\Delta V$

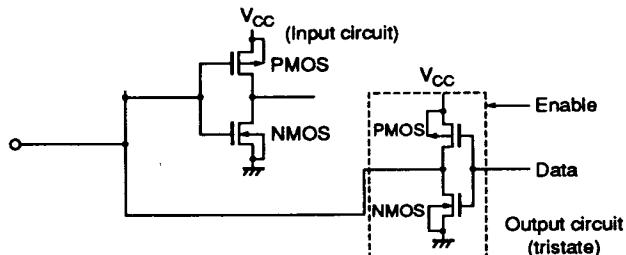
## Terminal Configuration

Input Terminal



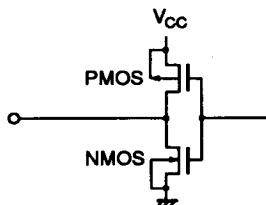
Applicable Terminals :  
CR, M/S, SHL, FCS, DS1, DS2, FS

I/O Terminal



Applicable Terminals: DL, DR, CL2, M

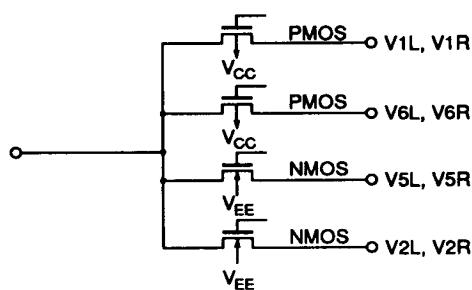
Output Terminal



Applicable Terminals:  $\phi 1$ ,  $\phi 2$ , FRM

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Output Terminal



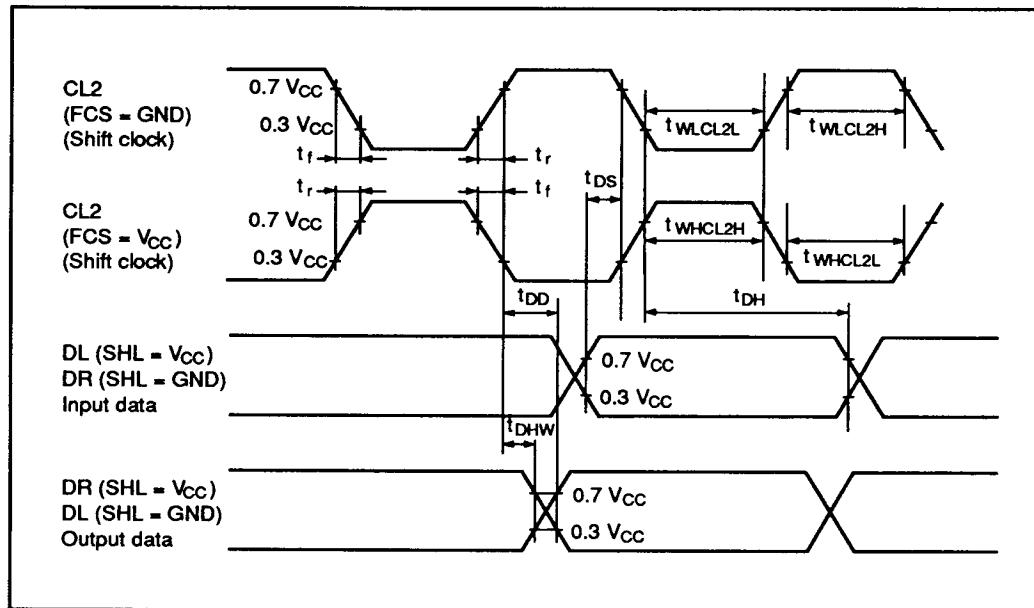
Applicable Terminals:  
X1 to X64

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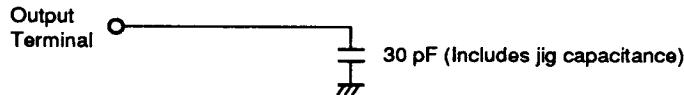
AC Characteristics ( $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ , GND = 0 V,  $T_a = -20$  to  $+75^\circ\text{C}$ )

In the slave mode (M/S = GND)

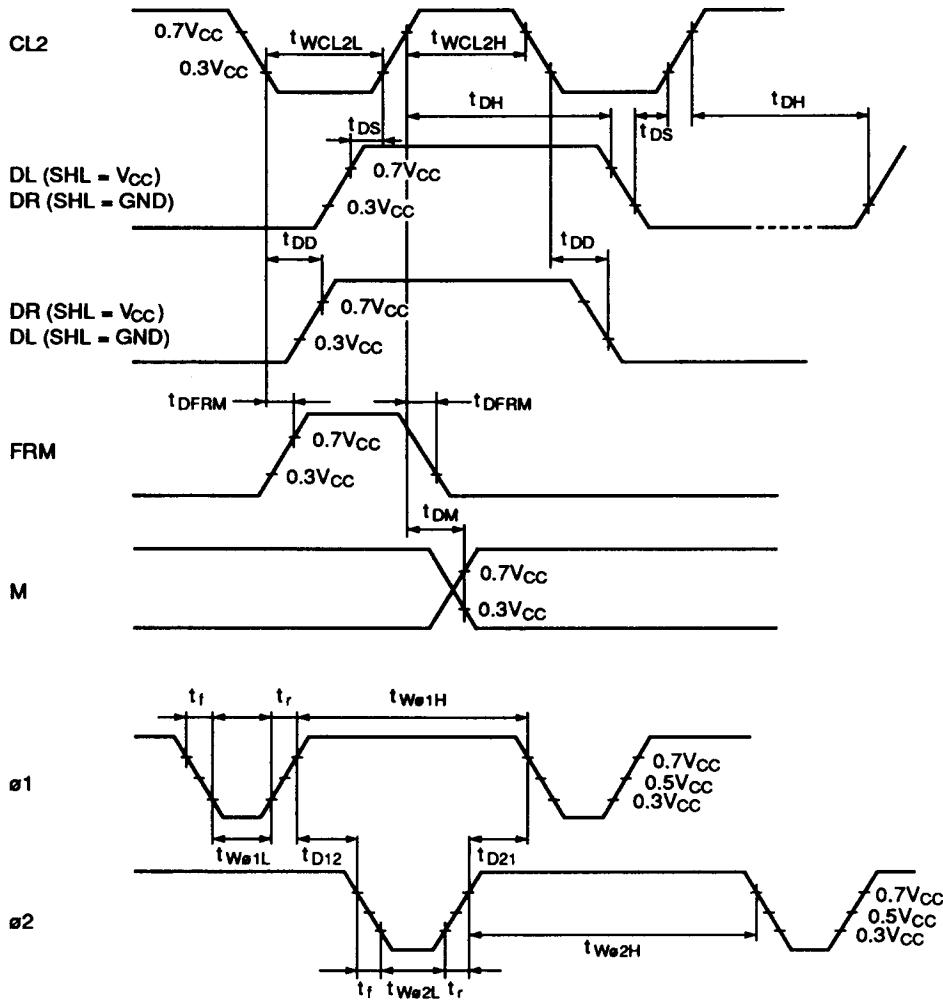


Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
CL2 low level width (FCS=GND)	$t_{WLCL2L}$	450	-	-	ns	
CL2 high level width (FCS=GND)	$t_{WLCL2H}$	150	-	-	ns	
CL2 low level width (FCS=V <sub>CC</sub> )	$t_{WHCL2L}$	150	-	-	ns	
CL2 high level width (FCS=V <sub>CC</sub> )	$t_{WHCL2H}$	450	-	-	ns	
Data setup time	$t_{DS}$	100	-	-	ns	
Data hold time	$t_{DH}$	100	-	-	ns	
Data delay time	$t_{DD}$	-	-	200	ns	1
Output data hold time	$t_{DHW}$	10	-	-	ns	
CL2 rise time	$t_r$	-	-	30	ns	
CL2 fall time	$t_f$	-	-	30	ns	

Notes: 1. The following load circuit is connected for specification:

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2. In the master mode ( $M/S = V_{CC}$ ,  $FCS = V_{CC}$ ,  $C_f = 20 \text{ pF}$ ,  $R_f = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$ )



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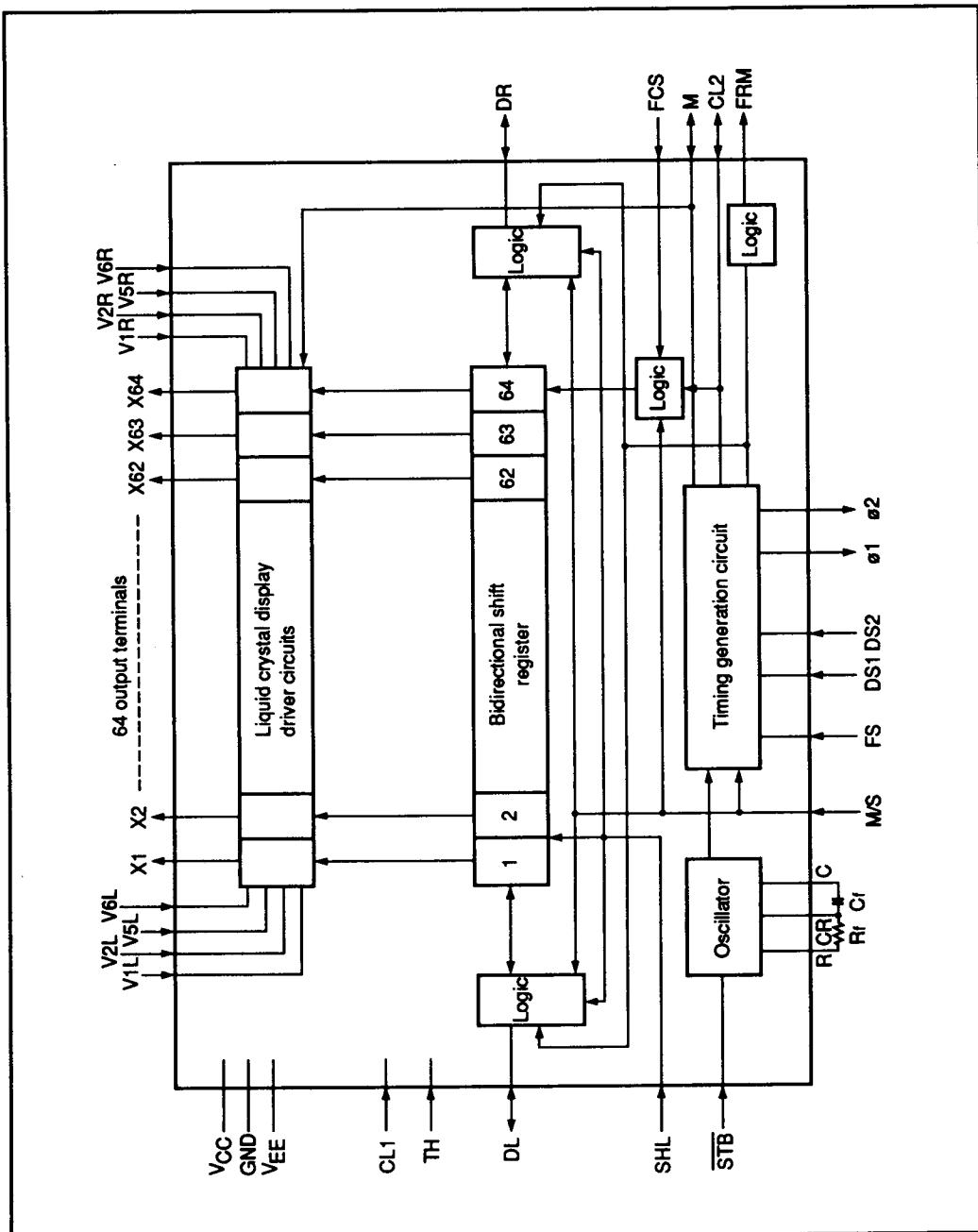
Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Data setup time	$t_{DS}$	20	—	—	$\mu s$
Data hold time	$t_{DH}$	40	—	—	$\mu s$
Data delay time	$t_{DD}$	5	—	—	$\mu s$
FRM delay time	$t_{DFRM}$	-2	—	2	$\mu s$
M delay time	$t_{DM}$	-2	—	2	$\mu s$
$C_{L2}$ low level width	$t_{WCL2L}$	35	—	—	$\mu s$
$C_{L2}$ high level width	$t_{WCL2H}$	35	—	—	$\mu s$
$\phi_1$ low level width	$t_{W\phi 1L}$	700	—	—	ns
$\phi_2$ low level width	$t_{W\phi 2L}$	700	—	—	ns
$\phi_1$ high level width	$t_{W\phi 1H}$	2100	—	—	ns
$\phi_2$ high level width	$t_{W\phi 2H}$	2100	—	—	ns
$\phi_1-\phi_2$ phase difference	$t_{D12}$	700	—	—	ns
$\phi_2-\phi_1$ phase difference	$t_{D21}$	700	—	—	ns
$\phi_1, \phi_2$ rise time	$t_r$	—	—	150	ns
$\phi_1, \phi_2$ fall time	$t_f$	—	—	150	ns

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## Block Diagram



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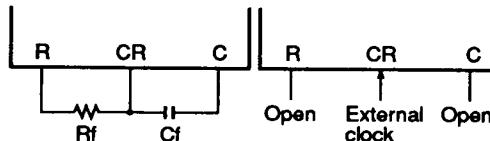
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## Block Functions

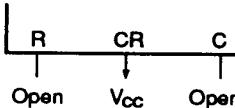
### Oscillator

The CR oscillator generates display timing signals and operating clocks for the HD61202. It is required when the HD61203 is used with the HD61202. An oscillation resistor  $R_f$  and an oscillation capacitor  $C_f$  are attached as shown in figure 1 and terminal  $\overline{STB}$  is connected to the high level. When using an external clock, input the clock into terminal CR and don't connect any lines to terminals R and C.



**Figure 1** Oscillator Connection with HD61202

The oscillator is not required when the HD61203 is used with the HD61830. Then, connect terminal CR to the high level and don't connect any lines to terminals R and C (figure 2).



**Figure 2** Oscillator Connection with HD61830

### Timing Generator Circuit

The timing generator circuit generates display timing and operating clock for the HD61202. This circuit is required when the HD61203 is used with the HD61202. Connect terminal M/S to high level (master mode). It is not necessary when the display timing signal is supplied from other circuits, for example, from HD61830. In this case connect the terminals Fs, DS1, and DS2 to high level and M/S to low level (slave mode).

### Bidirectional Shift Register

A 64-bit bidirectional shift register. The data is shifted from DL to DR when SHL is at high level and from DR to DL when SHL is at low level. In this case, CL2 is used as shift clock. The lowest order bit of the bidirectional shift register, which is on the DL side, corresponds to X1 and the highest order bit on the DR side corresponds to X64.

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**Liquid Crystal Display Driver Circuit**

The combination of the data from the shift register with the M signal allows one of the four liquid crystal display driver levels V1, V2, V5 and V6 to be transferred to the output terminals (table 1).

**Table 1 Output Levels**

Data from the Shift Register	M	Output Level
1	1	V2
0	1	V6
1	0	V1
0	0	V5

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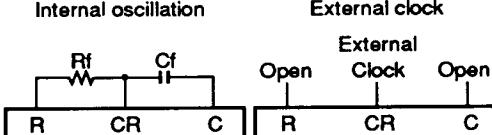
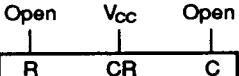
## HD61203 Terminal Functions

Terminal Name	Number of I/O Terminals	Connected to	Function
V <sub>CC</sub>	1	Power supply	V <sub>CC</sub> -GND: Power supply for internal logic.
GND	1		V <sub>CC</sub> -V <sub>EE</sub> : Power supply for driver circuit logic.
V <sub>EE</sub>	2		
V1L, V2L V5L, V6L V1R, V2R V5R, V6R	8	Power supply	Liquid crystal display driver level power supply. V1L (V1R), V2L (V2R): Selected level V5L (V5R), V6L (V6R): Non-selected level  Voltages of the level power supplies connected to V1L and V1R should be the same. (This applies to the combination of V2L & V2R, V5L & V5R and V6L & V6R respectively)
M/S	1	I	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND
			Selects master/slave.  M/S = V <sub>CC</sub> : Master mode  When the HD61203 is used with the HD61202, timing generation circuit operates to supply display timing signals and operation clock to the HD61202. Each of I/O common terminals DL, DR, CL2, and M is in the output state.  M/S = GND: Slave mode  The timing operation circuit stops operating. The HD61203 is used in this mode when combined with the HD61830. Even if combined with the HD61202, this mode is used when display timing signals (M, data, CL2, etc.) are supplied by another HD61203 in the master mode.  Terminals M and CL2 are in the input state.  When SHL is V <sub>CC</sub> , DL is in the input state and DR is in the output state.  When SHL is GND, DL is in the output state and DR is in the input state.
FCS	1	I	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND
			Selects shift clock phase.  FCS = V <sub>CC</sub> : Shift register operates at the rising edge of CL2. Select this condition when HD61203 is used with HD61202 or when MA of the HD61830 connects to CL2 in combination with the HD61830.  FCS = GND: Shift register operates at the fall of CL2. Select this condition when CL1 of HD61830 connects to CL2 in combination with the HD61830.
FS	1	I	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND
			Selects frequency.  When the frame frequency is 70 Hz, the oscillation frequency should be:  $f_{osc} = 430 \text{ kHz}$ at FCS = V <sub>CC</sub> $f_{osc} = 215 \text{ kHz}$ at FCS = GND  This terminal is active only in the master mode. Connect it to V <sub>CC</sub> in the slave mode.

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## HD61203 Terminal Functions (cont)

Terminal Name	Number of I/O Terminals	Connected to	Function
DS1, DS2	2	I V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	Selects display duty factor Display Duty Factor 1/48 1/64 1/96 1/128 DS1 GND GND V <sub>CC</sub> V <sub>CC</sub> DS2 GND V <sub>CC</sub> GND V <sub>CC</sub>
			These terminals are valid only in the master mode. Connect them to V <sub>CC</sub> in the slave mode.
STB	1	I V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	Input terminal for testing. Connect to STB V <sub>CC</sub> .
TH	1		Connect TH and CL1 to GND.
CL1	1		
CR, R, C	3		Oscillator. In the master mode, use these terminals as shown below:
			Internal oscillation                      External clock 
			In the slave mode, stop the oscillator as shown below:
			
ø1, ø2	2	O HD61202	Operating clock output terminals for the HD61202. Master mode: Connect these terminals to terminals ø1 and ø2 of the HD61202 respectively. Slave mode: Don't connect any lines to these terminals.
FRM	1	O HD61202	Frame signal. Master mode: Connect this terminal to terminal FRM of the HD61202. Slave mode: Don't connect any lines to this terminal.
M	1	I/O MB of HD61830 or M of HD61202	Signal to convert LCD driver signal into AC. Master mode: Output terminal. Connect this terminal to terminal M of the HD61202. Slave mode: Input terminal. Connect this terminal to terminal MB of the HD61830.

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## HD61203 Terminal Functions (cont)

Terminal Name	Number of I/O Terminals	Connected to	Function									
CL2	1	I/O CL1 or MA of HD61830 or CL of HD61202	<p>Shift clock</p> <p>Master mode: Output terminal Connect this terminal to terminal CL of the HD61202.</p> <p>Slave mode: Input terminal Connect this terminal to terminal CL1 or MA of the HD61830.</p>									
DL, DR	2	I/O Open or FLM of HD61830	<p>Data I/O terminals of bidirectional shift register. DL corresponds to X1's side and DR to X64's side.</p> <p>Master mode: Output common scanning signal. Don't connect any lines to these terminals normally.</p> <p>Slave mode: Connect terminal FLM of the HD61830 to DL (when SHL = V<sub>CC</sub>) or DR (when SHL = GND)</p>									
		M/S	V <sub>CC</sub> GND									
		SHL	V <sub>CC</sub> GND									
		DL	Output Output Input Output									
		DR	Output Output Output Input									
NC	5	Open	<p>Not used.</p> <p>Don't connect any lines to this terminal.</p>									
SHL	1	I V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	<p>Selects shift direction of bidirectional shift register.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>SHL</th> <th>Shift Direction</th> <th>Common Scanning Direction</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>V<sub>CC</sub></td> <td>DL → DR</td> <td>X1 → X64</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GND</td> <td>DL ← DR</td> <td>X1 ← X64</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	SHL	Shift Direction	Common Scanning Direction	V <sub>CC</sub>	DL → DR	X1 → X64	GND	DL ← DR	X1 ← X64
SHL	Shift Direction	Common Scanning Direction										
V <sub>CC</sub>	DL → DR	X1 → X64										
GND	DL ← DR	X1 ← X64										
X1-X64	64	O Liquid crystal display	<p>Liquid crystal display driver output.</p> <p>Output one of the four liquid crystal display driver levels V1, V2, V5, and V6 with the combination of the data from the shift register and M signal.</p> <p>When SHL is V<sub>CC</sub>, X1 corresponds to COM1 and X64 corresponds to COM64.</p> <p>When SHL is GND, X64 corresponds to COM1 and X1 corresponds to COM64.</p>									

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**Example of Application****HD61203 Connection List**

M/S	FCS	FS	DS	TS	CF	C	Φ1	Φ2	FRM	M	CL2	SHL	DL	DR	X1-X64				
A	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	—	—	from MB of HD61830	from CL1 of HD61830	H	from FLM of HD61830	—	COM1-COM64			
B	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	—	—	from MB of HD61830	from MA of HD61830	H	from FLM of HD61830	to DL/DR of HD61203 No. 2	COM1-COM64			
C	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	—	—	from MB of HD61830	from MA of HD61830	H	from DL/DR of HD61203 No. 2	from FLM of HD61830	COM64-COM1			
D	H	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	to Φ1 of HD61202	to Φ2 of HD61202	to FRM of HD61202	to M of HD61202	to CL of HD61202	H	from DL/DR of HD61203 No. 1	COM65-COM128			
E	H	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	or LH	Rf or Cf	to Φ1 of HD61202	to Φ2 of HD61202	to FRM of HD61202	to M of HD61202	to CL of HD61202	H	—	—	COM1-COM64
F	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	—	—	from M of HD61203 No. 1	from CL2 of HD61203 No. 1	H	from DL/DR of HD61203 No. 1	from DL/DR of HD61203 No. 2	COM1-COM64			

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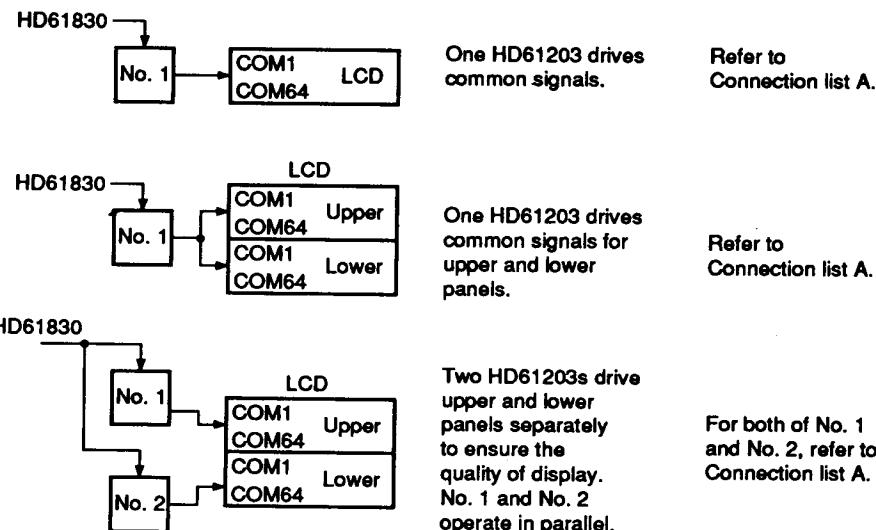
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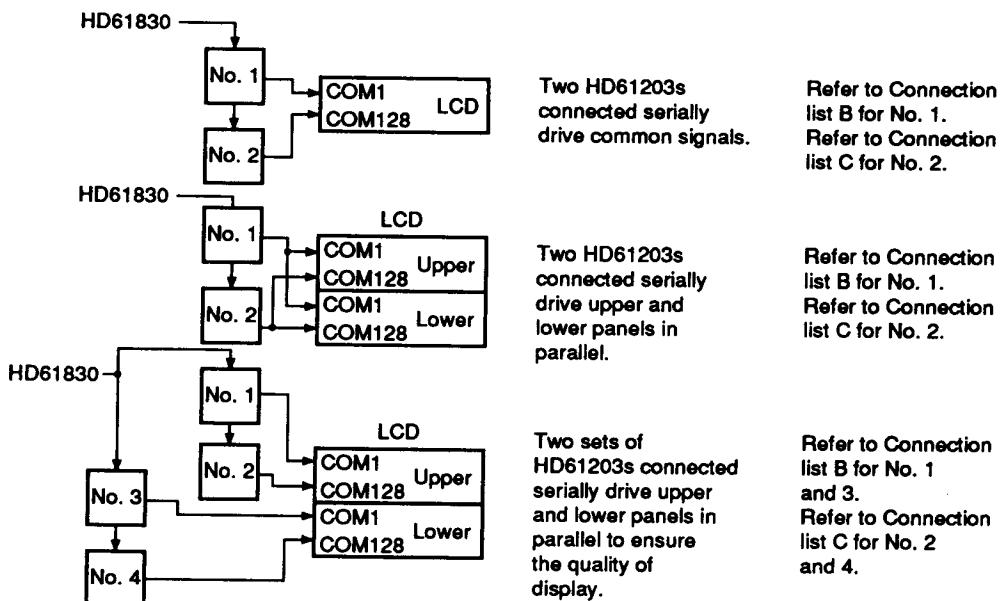
## Outline of HD61203 System Configuration

### 1. Use with HD61830

a. When display duty ratio of LCD is 1/64

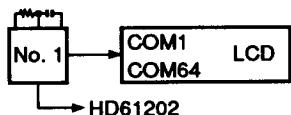


b. When display duty ratio of LCD is from 1/65 to 1/128



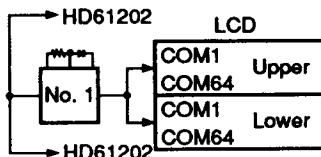
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## 2. Use with HD61202 (1/64 duty ratio)



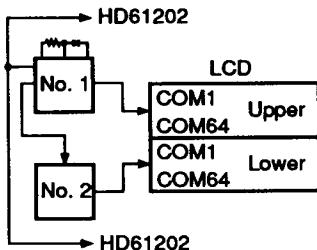
One HD61203 drives common signals and supplies timing signals to the HD61202s.

Refer to Connection list D.



One HD61203 drives upper and lower panels and supplies timing signals to the HD61202s.

Refer to Connection list D.



Two HD61203s drive upper and lower panels in parallel to ensure the quality of display.  
No. 1 supplies timing signals to No. 2 and the HD61202s.

Refer to Connection list E for No. 1.

Refer to Connection list F for No. 2.

## Connection Example 1

Use with HD61202 (RAM type segment driver)

a. 1/64 duty ratio (See Connection List D)

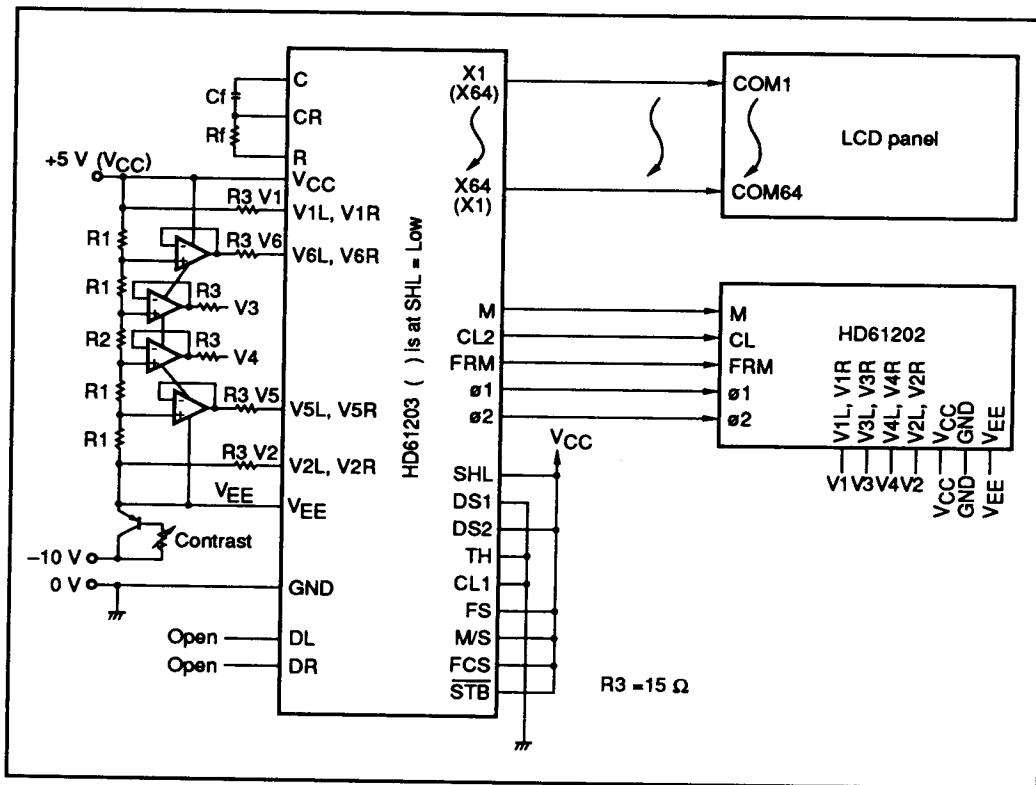


Figure 1 Example 1

Note: The values of R1 and R2 vary with the LCD panel used.  
When bias factor is 1/9, the values of R1 and R2 should satisfy

$$\frac{R1}{4R1 + R2} = \frac{1}{9}$$

For example,  
 $R1 = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R2 = 15 \text{ k}\Omega$

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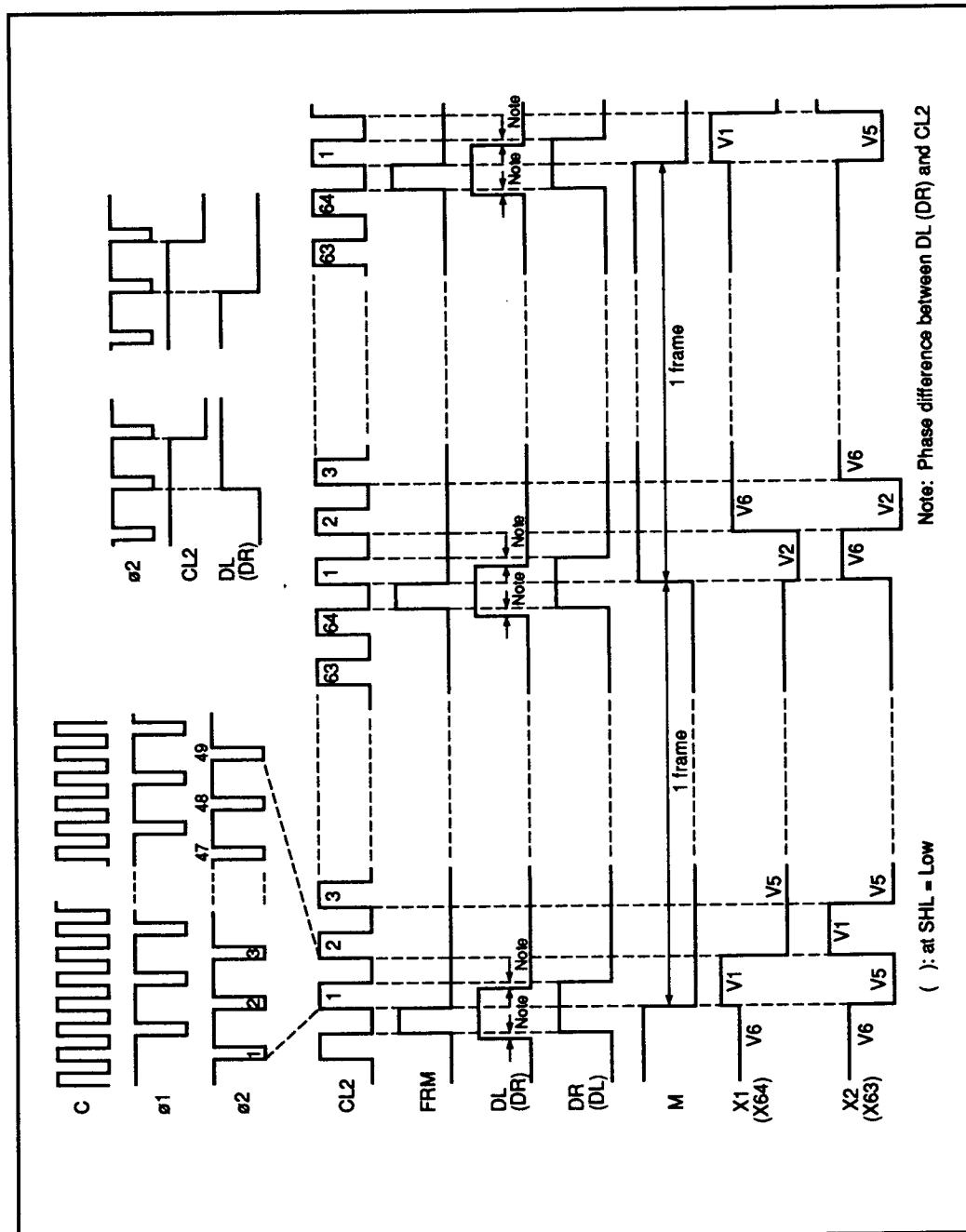


Figure 2 Example 1 Waveform (RAM Type, 1/64 Duty Cycle)

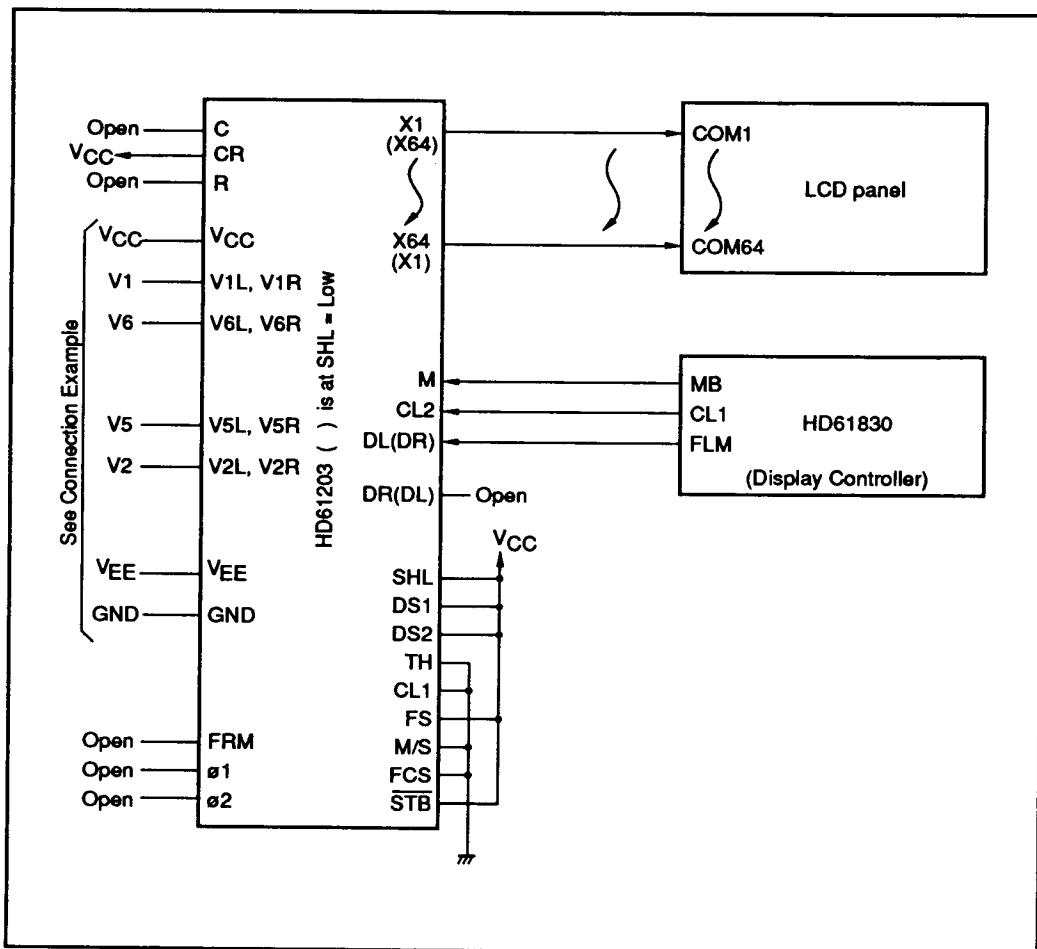
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**Connection Example 2**

Use with HD61830 (Display controller)

a. 1/64 duty ratio (See Connection List A)

**Figure 3 Example 2 (1/64 Duty Ratio)****HITACHI**

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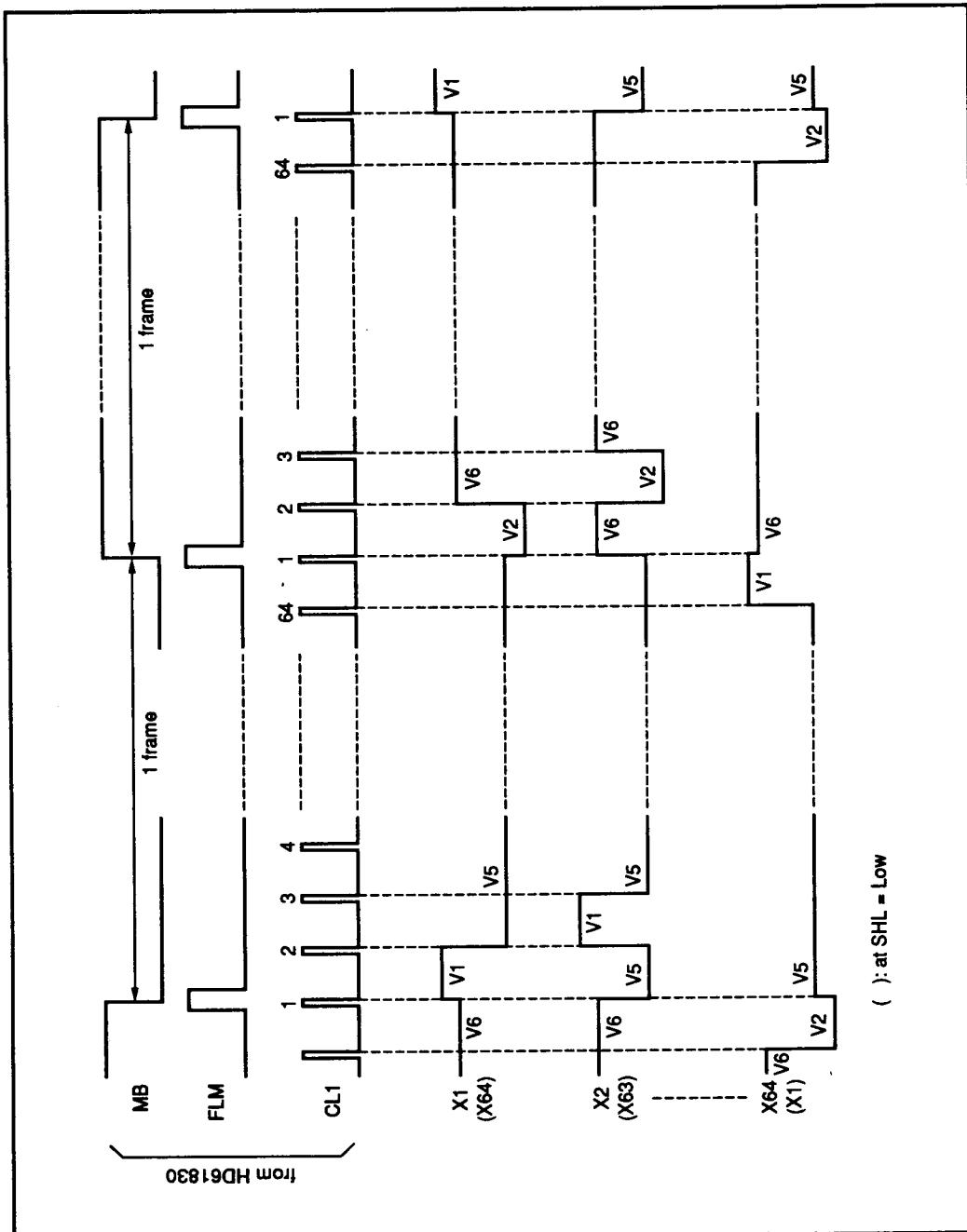


Figure 4 Example 2 Waveform (1/64 Duty Ratio)

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## b. 1/100 duty ratio (See Connection List B, C)

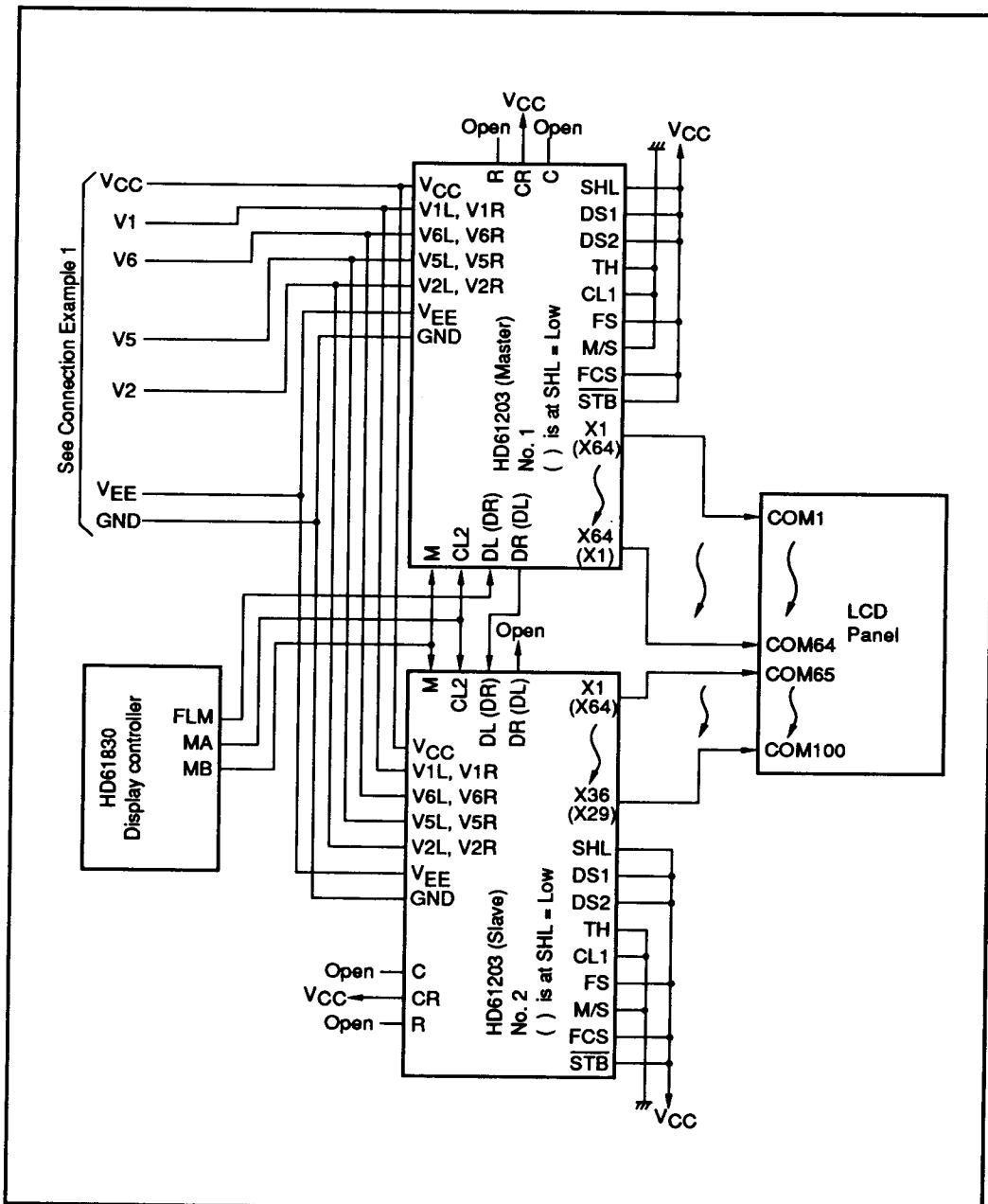


Figure 5 Example 2 (1/100 Duty Ratio)

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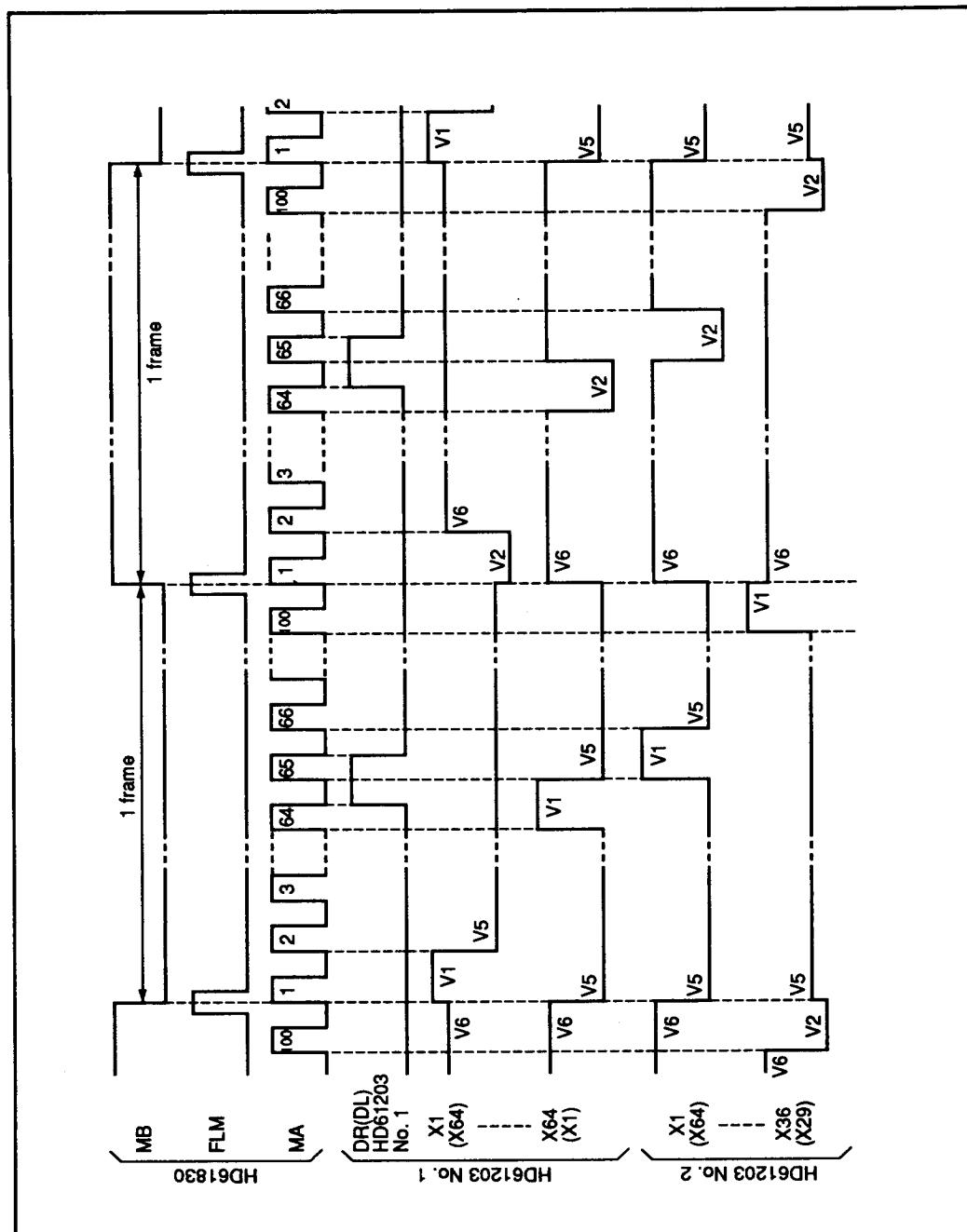


Figure 6 Example 2 Waveform (1/100 Duty Ratio)

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