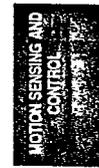




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Small Optical Encoder Module

Technical Data

HEDS-9700 Series

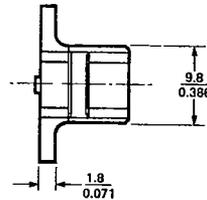
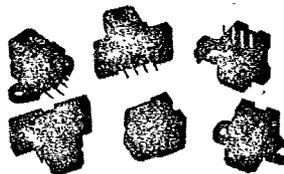
Features

- Small Size
- Low Cost
- Multiple Mounting Options
- Wide Resolution Range
- Linear and Rotary Options Available
- No Signal Adjustment Required
- Insensitive to Radial and Axial Play
- -40°C to +85°C Operating Temperature

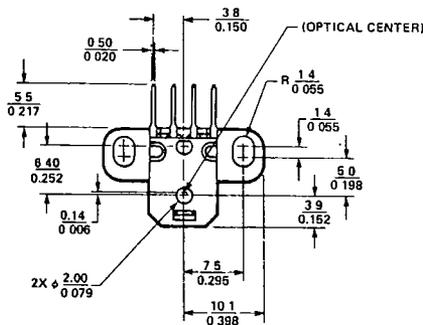
- Two Channel Quadrature Output
- TTL Compatible
- Single 5V Supply
- Wave Solderable

Description

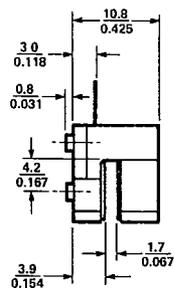
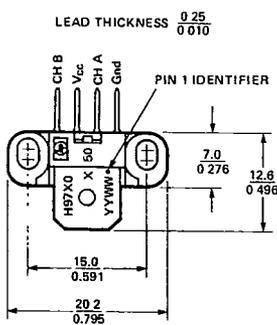
The HEDS-9700 series is a high performance, low cost, optical incremental encoder module. When operated in conjunction with either a codewheel or codestrip, this module detects rotary or linear position. The



Package Dimensions



DIMENSIONS ARE $\frac{\text{MILLIMETRES}}{\text{INCHES}}$



LEAD THICKNESS - 0.25 mm
LEAD PITCH - 2.54 mm

Mounting Option #50 - Standard

Contact Factory for Detailed Package Dimensions

ESD WARNING; NORMAL HANDLING PRECAUTIONS SHOULD BE TAKEN TO AVOID STATIC DISCHARGE.

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module consists of a lensed LED source and a detector IC enclosed in a small C-shaped plastic package. Due to a highly collimated light source and a unique photodetector array, the module is extremely tolerant to mounting misalignment.

The two channel digital outputs and 5V supply input are accessed through four solder-plated leads located on 2.54 mm (0.1 inch) centers.

The standard HEDS-9700 is designed for use with an 11 mm optical radius codewheel, or linear codestrip. Other options are available. Please contact factory for more information.

Applications

The HEDS-9700 provides sophisticated motion detection at a low cost, making closed-loop control very cost-competitive! Typical

Block Diagram

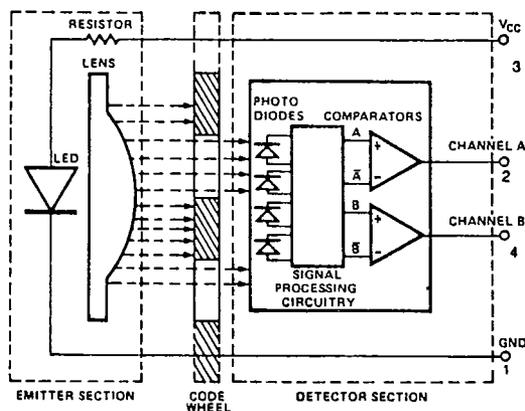
applications include printers, plotters, copiers, and office automation equipment.

Theory of Operation

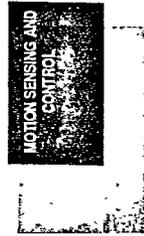
The HEDS-9700 is a C-shaped emitter/detector module. Coupled with a codewheel, it translates rotary motion into a two-channel digital output. Coupled with a codestrip, it translates linear motion into a digital output.

As seen in the block diagram, the module contains a single Light Emitting Diode (LED) as its light source. The light is collimated into a parallel beam by means of a single lens located directly over the LED. Opposite the emitter is the integrated detector circuit. This IC consists of multiple sets of photodiodes and the signal processing circuitry necessary to produce the digital waveforms.

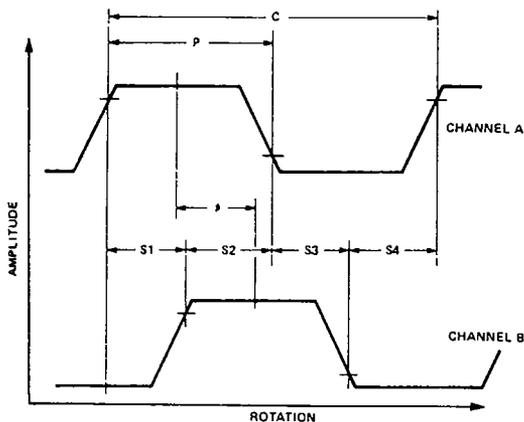
The codewheel/codestrip moves between the emitter and detector, causing the light beam to be interrupted by the pattern of spaces and bars on the codewheel/codestrip. The photodiodes which detect these interruptions are arranged in a pattern that corresponds to the radius and count density of the codewheel/codestrip. These detectors are also spaced such that a light period on one pair of detectors corresponds to a dark period on the adjacent pair of detectors. The photodiode outputs are fed through the signal processing circuitry. Two comparators receive these signals and produce the final outputs for channels A and B. Due to this integrated phasing technique, the digital output of channel A is in quadrature with channel B (90 degrees out of phase).



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Output Waveforms



Definitions

Count (N) = The number of bar and window pairs or counts per revolution (CPR) of the codewheel, or the number of lines per inch of the codestrip (LPI).

1 Shaft Rotation = 360
mechanical
degrees
= N cycles

1 cycle (c) = 360 electrical
degrees ($^{\circ}e$)
= 1 bar and
window pair

Pulse Width (P): The number of electrical degrees that an output is high during one cycle. This value is nominally $180^{\circ}e$ or $1/2$ cycle.

Pulse Width Error (ΔP): The deviation, in electrical degrees, of the pulse width from its ideal value of $180^{\circ}e$.

State Width (S): The number of electrical degrees between a transition in the output of

channel A and the neighboring transition in the output of channel B. There are 4 states per cycle, each nominally $90^{\circ}e$.

State Width Error (ΔS): The deviation, in electrical degrees, of each state width from its ideal value of $90^{\circ}e$.

Phase (ϕ): The number of electrical degrees between the center of the high state of channel A and the center of the high state of channel B. This value is nominally $90^{\circ}e$ for quadrature output.

Phase Error ($\Delta\phi$): The deviation of the phase from its ideal value of $90^{\circ}e$.

Direction of Rotation: When the codewheel rotates counterclockwise, as viewed looking down on the module (so the marking is visible), channel A will lead channel B. If the codewheel rotates in the opposite direction, channel B will lead channel A.

Optical Radius (Rop): The distance from the codewheel's center of rotation to the optical center (O.C.) of the encoder module.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes
Storage Temperature	T_s	-40	85	$^{\circ}C$	See Note
Operating Temperature	T_A	-40	85	$^{\circ}C$	See Note
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	-0.5	7	V	
Output Voltage	V_O	-0.5	V_{CC}	V	
Output Current per Channel	I_O	-1.0	5	mA	
Soldering Temperature			260	$^{\circ}C$	$t \leq 5$ sec.

Note: Higher operating ranges available, contact factory for more information.

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Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes
Temperature	T	-40	85	°C	
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	4.5	5.5	V	Ripple < 100 mV _{pp}
Load Capacitance	C _L		100	pF	3.2 kΩ pull-up
Count Frequency			20	kHz	(Velocity (rpm) x N)/60

Note: The module performance is guaranteed to 20 kHz but can operate at higher frequencies. Contact factory for more information.

Encoding Characteristics

Encoding Characteristics over Recommended Operating Range and Recommended Mounting Tolerances. These characteristics do not include codewheel/codestrip contributions.

Parameter	Symbol	Typ.	Case 1 Max.	Case 2 Max.	Units	Notes
Pulse Width Error	ΔP	7	30	40	°e	
Logic State Width Error	ΔS	5	30	40	°e	
Phase Error	Δφ	2	10	15	°e	

Case 1: Module mounted on tolerances of ±0.13 mm (0.005"). Case 2: Module mounted on tolerances of ±0.25 mm (0.010")

Note: See Figures in Mounting Considerations for details on Case 1 and Case 2 mounting tolerances.

Electrical Characteristics

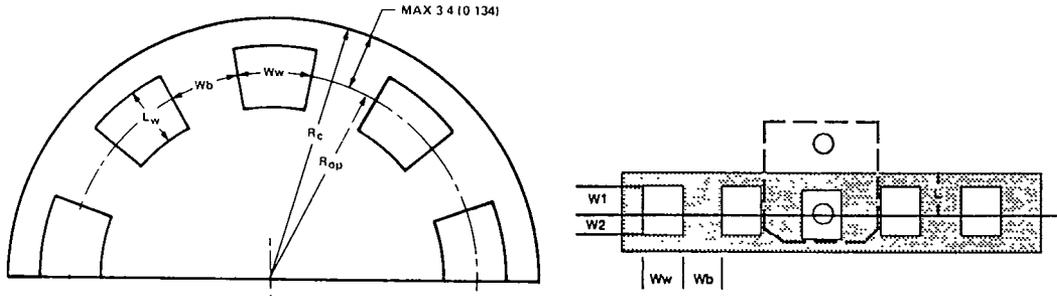
Electrical Characteristics over Recommended Operating Range, Typical at 25°C.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes
Supply Current	I _{CC}		17	40	mA	
High Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	2.4			V	I _{OH} = -40 μA
Low Level Output Voltage	V _{OL}			0.4	V	I _{OL} = 3.2 mA
Rise Time	t _r		200		ns	C _L = 25 pF, R _L = 11 kΩ
Fall Time	t _f		50		ns	C _L = 25 pF, R _L = 11 kΩ

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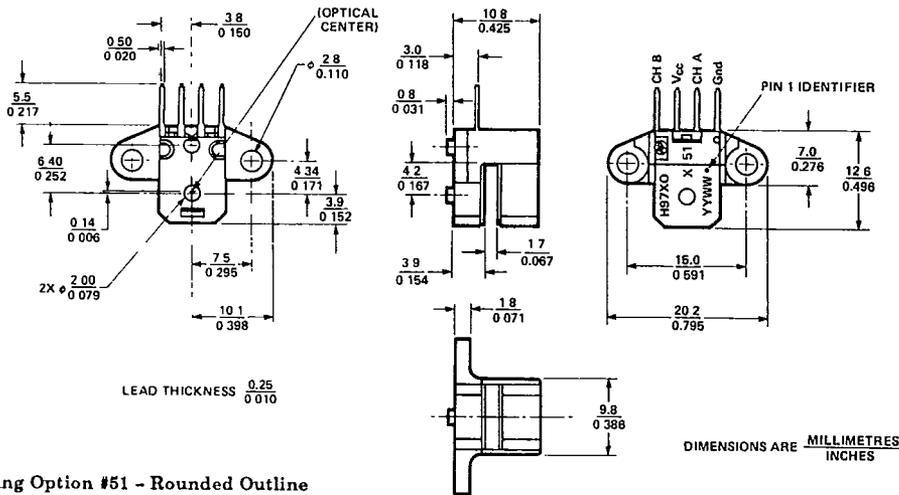


Recommended Codewheel and Codestrip Characteristics



Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes
Window/Bar Ratio	Ww/Wb	0.7	1.4		
Window Length (Rotary)	Lw	1.80 (0.071)	2.30 (0.091)	mm (inch)	
Absolute Maximum Codewheel Radius (Rotary)	Rc		Rop + 3.40 (Rop + 0.134)	mm (inch)	Includes eccentricity errors
Center of Post to Inside Edge of Window	W1	1.04 (0.041)		mm (inch)	
Center of Post to Outside Edge of Window	W2	0.76 (0.030)		mm (inch)	
Center of Post to Inside Edge of Codestrip	L		3.60 (0.142)	mm (inch)	

Optional Packages Available



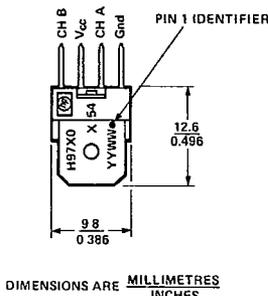
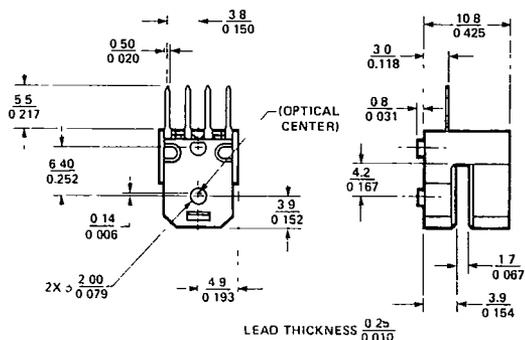
DIMENSIONS ARE MILLIMETRES INCHES

Mounting Option #51 - Rounded Outline

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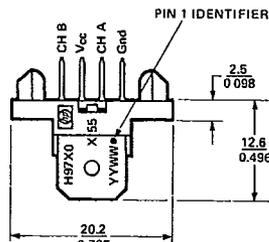
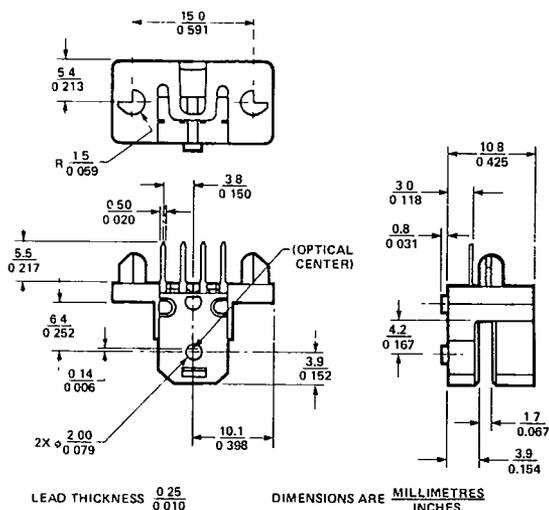


Optional Packages Available (cont'd.)



DIMENSIONS ARE MILLIMETRES INCHES

Mounting Option #54 - Tabless

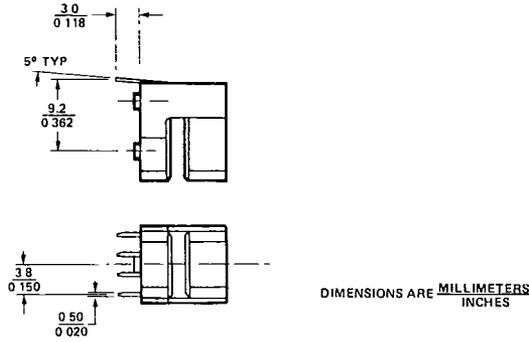


* POSTS TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH ADHESIVE OR HEAT STAKING.

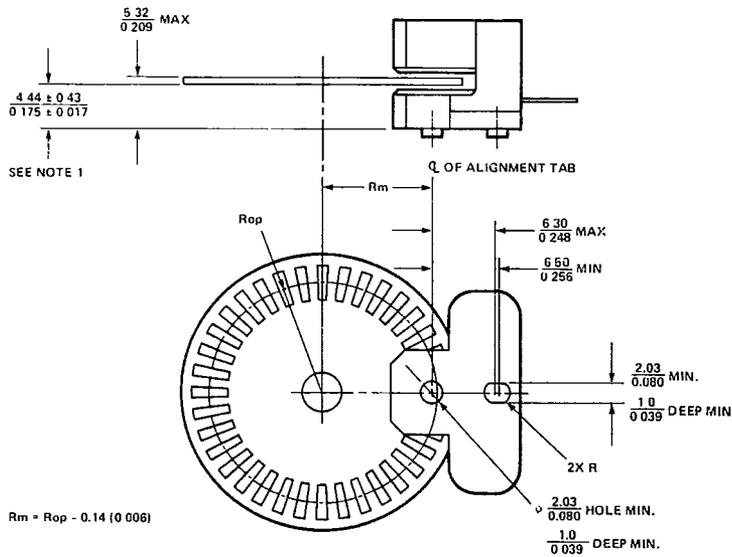
Mounting Option #55 - Backplane with Posts

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Bent Lead Option



Mounting Considerations



Note: These dimensions include shaft end play and codewheel warp.

All dimensions for mounting the module and codewheel/codestrip should be measured with respect to the two mounting posts, shown above.

Mounting Tolerances

Case 1 and Case 2 specify the mounting tolerances required on Rm in order to achieve the respective encoding characteristics shown on page 4. The mounting tolerances are as follows:

- Case 1: Rm ± 0.13 mm (.005 inches)
- Case 2: Rm ± 0.25 mm (.010 inches)

Recommended Screw Size: M2.5 x 0.45 or 2-56

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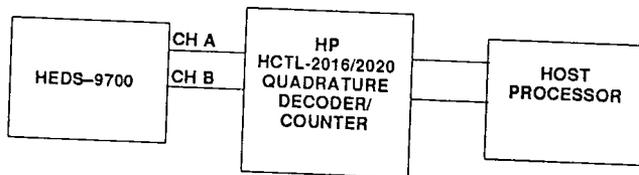
Wave Solder Conditions

Flux - RMA Water Soluble (per MIL-F-14256D)

Process Parameters

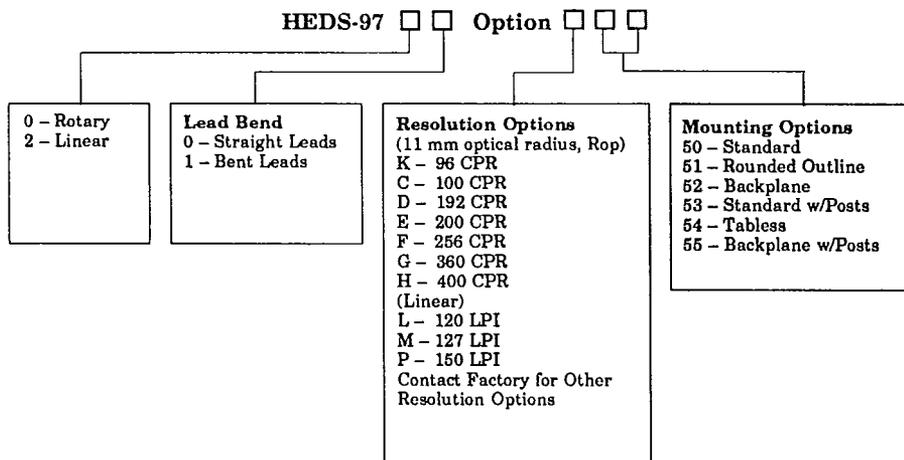
1. Flux
2. Pre-heat 60 seconds total
PCB top side @ 230°C
PCB bottom side @ 260°C
3. Wave solder 255°C, 1.2 meters/min line speed
4. Hot Water Wash
1st: 30°C 45 seconds
2nd: 70°C 90 seconds
5. Rinse
1st: 23°C 45 seconds
2nd: 23°C 45 seconds
6. Dry
1st: 80°C 105 seconds
2nd: 95°C 105 seconds

Typical Interface



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Ordering Information



Note: Please contact factory for codewheel and codestrip information.