

## Features

- Low power consumption
- Low temperature coefficient
- Built-in high-stability reference source

# Applications

- Battery checkers
- Level selectors
- Power failure detectors

# **General Description**

The HT70XX series is a set of three-terminal low power voltage detectors implemented in CMOS technology. Each voltage detector in the series detects a particular fixed voltage ranging from 2.4V to 7V. The voltage detectors consist of a high-precision and low power consumption standard voltage source, a comparator, hyster-

- Built-in hysteresis characteristic
- TO-92 & SOT-89 package
- Microcomputer reset
- Battery memory backup
- Non-volatile RAM signal storage protectors

esis circuit, and an output driver. CMOS technology ensures low power consumption.

Although designed primarily as fixed voltage detectors, these devices can be used with external components to detect user specified threshold voltages (NMOS open drain type only).

Se	ection	Table

Part No.	Detectable Voltage	Hysteresis Width	Tolerance
HT7024A	2.4V	0.12V	$\pm 5\%$
HT7027A	2.7V	0.135V	$\pm 5\%$
HT7033A	3.3V	0.165V	$\pm 5\%$
HT7039A	3.9V	0.195V	$\pm 5\%$
HT7044A	4.4V	0.22V	$\pm 5\%$
HT7050A	5V	0.25V	$\pm 5\%$
HT7070A	7V	0.35V	$\pm 5\%$

1

Note: The output type selection codes are:

NMOS open drain normal open, active low

PMOS open drain normal open, active high

For example: The HT7070A is a 7V, NMOS open drain active low output

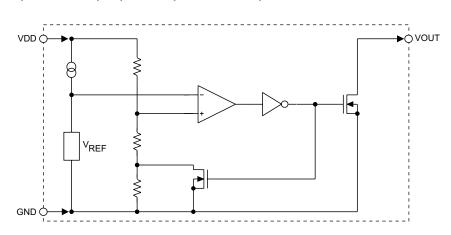


# Output type selection table

V <sub>DD</sub> Type V <sub>OUT</sub>	$V_{DD}$ > $V_{DET}$ (+)	$V_{DD} \leq V_{DET}(-)$
Α	Hi-Z	VSS

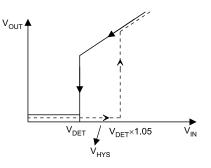
# **Block Diagram**

N channel open drain output (normal open; active low)



 $\mathbf{2}$ 

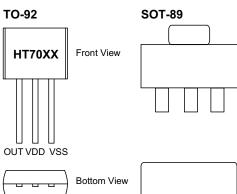
A type



Dash line ...  $V_{IN}$  from  $L_O \to H_I$  Solid line ...  $V_{IN}$  from  $H_I \to L_O$ 



# **Pin Assignment**





Unit: µm

## **Pad Coordinates**

		•
Pad No.	X	Y
1	-483.30	-379.50
2	-234.60	-399.50
3	443.90	-386.00

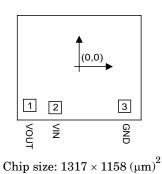
Supply Voltage .....-0.3V to 26V

Output Voltage ...... $V_{SS}$ -0.3V to  $V_{DD}$ +0.3V

Power Consumption......200mW

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

# **Pad Assignment**



\* The IC substrate should be connected to VDD in the PCB layout artwork.

Output Current50mA
Storage Temperature50°C to 125°C
Operating Temperature0°C to 70°C

Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses exceeding the range specified under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.

3



Ta=25°C

# **Electrical Characteristics**

# HT7024A

<b>a</b> 1 1	D (	Test Conditions		7.4.	T	74	TT *4
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>DD</sub>	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V	Hi→Lo Detectable Voltage	_		2.28	2.4	2.52	V
V <sub>DET</sub>	Lo→Hi Detectable Voltage	_		2.325	2.52	2.772	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Hysteresis Width	_		0.02 V <sub>DET</sub>	$0.05 \ \mathrm{V_{DET}}$	$0.1 \ V_{DET}$	v
I <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Current	8	No load	_	4	7	μA
V <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Voltage	_		1.5	_	24	V
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Sink Current	2	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0.2V	0.5	1		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{DET}}{\Delta T_A}$	Temperature Coefficient	_	0°C <ta<70°c< td=""><td></td><td>±0.9</td><td></td><td>mV/°C</td></ta<70°c<>		±0.9		mV/°C

# HT7027A

 $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ 

Sh al	Devenation	Test Conditions		Min.	<b>T</b>	Max.	Unit
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>DD</sub>	Conditions	wiin.	Тур.	max.	Unit
V <sub>DET</sub>	Hi→Lo Detectable Voltage	_		2.565	2.7	2.835	V
• DET	Lo→Hi Detectable Voltage			2.616	2.835	3.118	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Hysteresis Width			0.02 V <sub>DET</sub>	$0.05 \ V_{ m DET}$	$0.1 \ V_{DET}$	v
I <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Current	8	No load		4	7	μΑ
V <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Voltage	_		1.5	_	24	V
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Sink Current	2	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0.2V	0.5	1		mA
$\boxed{\frac{\Delta V_{DET}}{\Delta T_A}}$	Temperature Coefficient		0°C <ta<70°c< td=""><td></td><td>±0.9</td><td></td><td>mV/°C</td></ta<70°c<>		±0.9		mV/°C

May 3, 2000

4



# HT7033A

Ta=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Tes	t Conditions	Min.	Trm	3.3     3.465       3.465     3.811       0.05     0.1       VDET     VDET       4     7       -     24       2.5     -	Unit
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>DD</sub>	Conditions	MIII.	Typ.		Unit
V <sub>DET</sub>	Hi→Lo Detectable Voltage	_		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V DET	Lo→Hi Detectable Voltage	_		3.197	3.465	3.811	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Hysteresis Width			$0.02 \ V_{ m DET}$	$0.05 \ \mathrm{V_{DET}}$		v
I <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Current	8	No load		4	7	μΑ
V <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Voltage			1.5		24	V
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Sink Current	2.5	$V_{OUT}=0.25V$	1.2	2.5		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{DET}}{\Delta T_A}$	Temperature Coefficient		0°C <ta<70°c< td=""><td></td><td>±0.9</td><td></td><td>mV/°C</td></ta<70°c<>		±0.9		mV/°C

HT7039A

Ta=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Tes	t Conditions	Min.	Trm	Max. 4.095 4.504 0.1 VDET 7 24 — 	Unit
Symbol	Farameter	V <sub>DD</sub>	Conditions	wiin.	Тур.		Unit
V <sub>DET</sub>	Hi→Lo Detectable Voltage			3.705	3.9	4.095	V
• DET	Lo→Hi Detectable Voltage			3.779	4.095	4.504	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Hysteresis Width			0.02 V <sub>DET</sub>	$0.05 \ { m V_{DET}}$		v
I <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Current	8	No load		4	7	μΑ
V <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Voltage			1.5		24	V
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Sink Current	2.5	$V_{OUT}=0.25V$	1.2	2.5		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{DET}}{\Delta T_A}$	Temperature Coefficient		0°C <ta<70°c< td=""><td></td><td>±0.9</td><td></td><td>mV/°C</td></ta<70°c<>		±0.9		mV/°C

May 3, 2000

 $\mathbf{5}$ 



# HT7044A

Ta=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	True	Max.	Unit
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>DD</sub>	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	max.	Unit
V <sub>DET</sub>	Hi→Lo Detectable Voltage			4.18	4.4	4.62	V
• DET	Lo→Hi Detectable Voltage			4.263	4.62	5.082	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Hysteresis Width			$0.02 \ V_{ m DET}$	$0.05 \ V_{ m DET}$	0.1 V <sub>DET</sub>	v
I <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Current	8	No load		4	7	μΑ
V <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Voltage	_		1.5		24	V
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Sink Current	3.6	$V_{OUT}=0.36V$	3	6	_	mA
$\boxed{\frac{\Delta V_{DET}}{\Delta T_A}}$	Temperature Coefficient	_	0°C <ta<70°c< td=""><td></td><td>±0.9</td><td></td><td>mV/°C</td></ta<70°c<>		±0.9		mV/°C

HT7050A

 $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ 

Gh al	Devenueter	Test Conditions		Мін	<b>m</b>	Max.	TT
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>DD</sub>	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	max.	Unit
V	Hi→Lo Detectable Voltage	_		4.75	5	5.25	V
V <sub>DET</sub>	Lo→Hi Detectable Voltage			4.845	5.25	5.775	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Hysteresis Width			$0.02 \ V_{ m DET}$	$0.05 \ V_{ m DET}$	0.1 V <sub>DET</sub>	v
I <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Current	8	No load		4	7	μΑ
V <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Voltage	_		2.1		24	V
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Sink Current	3.6	$V_{OUT}=0.36V$	3	6		mA
$\boxed{\frac{\Delta V_{DET}}{\Delta T_A}}$	Temperature Coefficient		0°C <ta<70°c< td=""><td></td><td>±0.9</td><td></td><td>mV/°C</td></ta<70°c<>		±0.9		mV/°C

6



### HT7070A

V <sub>DET</sub> V <sub>HYS</sub> I <sub>DD</sub> V <sub>DD</sub> I <sub>OL</sub>	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	True	Max.	Unit
	Parameter	V <sub>DD</sub>	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	max.	Unit
V	Hi→Lo Detectable Voltage			6.65	7	7.35	V
V DET	Lo→Hi Detectable Voltage			6.783	7.35	8.085	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Hysteresis Width			$0.02 \ V_{ m DET}$	$0.05 \ { m V_{DET}}$	0.1 V <sub>DET</sub>	v
I <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Current	8	No load		4	7	μA
V <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Voltage	—		2.1		24	V
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Sink Current	5	$V_{OUT}=0.5V$	5	10		mA
$\boxed{\frac{\Delta V_{DET}}{\Delta T_A}}$	Temperature Coefficient	_	0°C <ta<70°c< td=""><td></td><td>±0.9</td><td></td><td>mV/°C</td></ta<70°c<>		±0.9		mV/°C

7

## **Functional Description**

The HT70XX series is a set of voltage detectors equipped with a high stability voltage reference which is connected to the negative input of a comparator—denoted as  $V_{\rm REF}$  in the following figure for NMOS output voltage detector.

When the voltage drop to the positive input of the comparator (i,e,V<sub>B</sub>) is higher than V<sub>REF</sub>, VOUT goes high, M1 turns off, and V<sub>B</sub> is expressed as V<sub>BH</sub>=VDD×(RB+RC)/(RA+RB+RC). If VDD is decreased so that V<sub>B</sub> falls to a value less than V<sub>REF</sub>, the comparator output inverts from high to low, VOUT goes low, V<sub>C</sub> is high, M1 turns on, RC is bypassed, and V<sub>B</sub> becomes: V<sub>BL</sub>=VDD×RB/(RA+RB), which is less than V<sub>BH</sub>. By so doing, the comparator output will stay low to prevent the circuit from oscillating when V<sub>B</sub>  $\approx$  V<sub>REF</sub>.

If VDD falls below the minimum operating voltage, the output becomes undefined. When VDD goes from low to VDD×RB/(RA+RB) >  $V_{REF}$ , the comparator output and VOUT goes high.

The detectable voltage is defined as:

$$V_{DET}(-) = \frac{RA + RB + RC}{RB + RC} \times V_{REF}$$

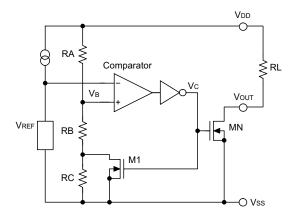
The release voltage is defined as:

$$V_{DET}(+) = \frac{RA + RB}{RB} \times V_{REF}$$

The hysteresis width is:

 $V_{HYS} = V_{DET} (+) - V_{DET} (-)$ 

The figure demonstrates the NMOS output type with positive output polarity (VOUT is normally open, active low). The HT70XX series also supplies options for other output types with active high outputs. Application circuits shown are examples of positive output polarity (normally open, active low) unless otherwise specified.



NMOS output voltage detector (HT70XXA)

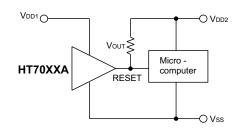


# **Application Circuits**

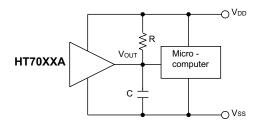
### Microcomputer reset circuit

Normally a reset circuit is required to protect the microcomputer system from malfunctions due to power line interruptions. The following examples show how different output configurations perform a reset function in various systems.

• NMOS open drain output application for separate power supply



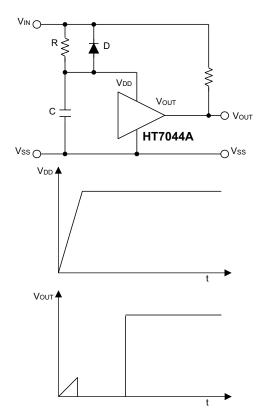
• NMOS open drain output application with R-C delay



8

#### Power-on reset circuit

With several external components, the NMOS open drain type of the HT70XX series can be used to perform a power-on reset function as shown:

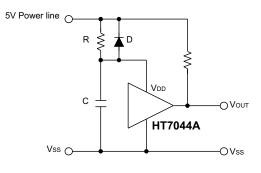




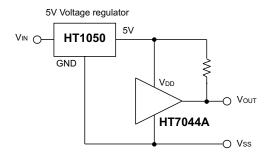
## 5V power line monitoring circuit

Generally, a minimum operating voltage of 4.5V is guaranteed in a 5V power line system. The HT7044A is recommended for use as 5V power line monitoring circuit.

• 5V power line monitor with power-on reset



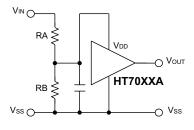
## • with 5V voltage regulator



## Change of detectable voltage

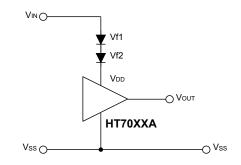
If the required voltage is not found in the standard product selection table, it is possible to change it by using external resistance dividers or diodes.

• Varying the detectable voltage with a resistance divider



$$\begin{split} Detectable \quad voltage = \frac{RA + RB}{RB} \times V_{\rm DET} \\ Hysteresis \quad width = \frac{RA + RB}{RB} \times V_{\rm HYS} \end{split}$$

• Varying the detectable voltage with a diode



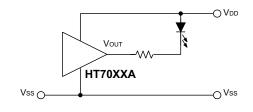
Detectable Voltage =  $V_{f1}+V_{f2}+V_{DET}$ 

9



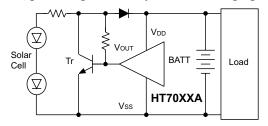
### **Malfunction analysis**

The following circuit demonstrates the way a circuit analyzes malfunctions by monitoring the variation or spike noise of power supply voltage.



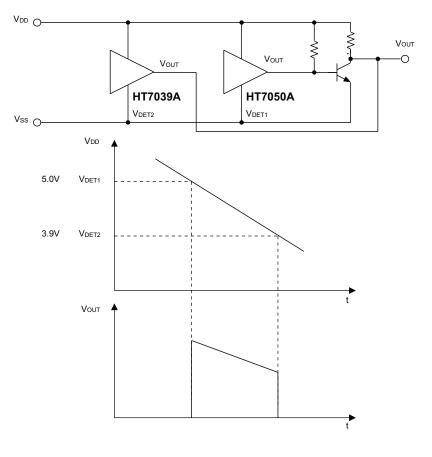
## Charge monitoring circuit

The following circuit shows a charged monitor for protection against battery deterioration by overcharging. When the voltage of the battery is higher than the set detectable voltage, the transistor turns on to bypass the charge current, protecting the battery from overcharging.



## Level selector

The following diagram illustrates a logic level selector.



10

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11