

Features

- 1,048,576 word by 4 bit organization
- Power Supply: 3.3V $\pm$ 0.3V or 5.0V $\pm$ 0.5V
- Extended Data Out (Hyper Page) Mode
- Standard Power
- 1024 Refresh Cycles
 - 16 ms Refresh Rate

- High Performance:

Parameter		-60	-70
t_{RAC}	$\overline{RAS}$ Access Time	60 ns	70 ns
t_{CAC}	$\overline{CAS}$ Access Time	15 ns	18 ns
t_{AA}	Column Address Access Time	30 ns	35 ns
t_{RC}	Cycle Time	104 ns	124 ns
t_{HPC}	EDO (Hyper Page) Mode Cycle Time	25 ns	30 ns

- Low Power Dissipation

- Active (max)
 - 95 mA / 80 mA (3.3V)
 - 85 mA / 70 mA (5.0V)
- Standby Current: TTL Inputs (max)
 - 2.0 mA
- Standby Current: CMOS Inputs (max)
 - 1.0 mA

- $\overline{RAS}$ Only Refresh
- $\overline{CAS}$ before $\overline{RAS}$ Refresh
- Hidden Refresh
- Packages: SOJ-26/20 (300mil)

Description

The IBM014405 is an Extended Data Out (Hyper Page) Mode dynamic RAM organized 1,048,576 words by 4 bits. The devices are fabricated in IBM's 4M-bit Shrink 3 CMOS silicon gate technology. The circuits and process have been designed to provide high performance, low power dissipation, and high reliability. The devices operate with either a 5.0V $\pm$ 0.5V or 3.3V $\pm$ 0.3V power supply and are offered in a plastic 26/20 pin 300mil SOJ package. Refreshing may be accomplished by means of a $\overline{CAS}$ before

$\overline{RAS}$ refresh cycle (CBR) that internally generates the refresh address. $\overline{RAS}$ - only refresh cycles can also refresh all memory locations.

Pin Assignments

I/O0	1	26	Vss
I/O1	2	25	I/O3
$\overline{WE}$	3	24	I/O2
$\overline{RAS}$	4	23	$\overline{CAS}$
A9	5	22	$\overline{OE}$
A0	9	18	A8
A1	10	17	A7
A2	11	16	A6
A3	12	15	A5
Vcc	13	14	A4

Pin Description

A0 - A9	Address Input
I/O0 - I/O3	Data Input/Output
$\overline{RAS}$	Row Address Strobe
$\overline{CAS}$	Column Address Strobe
$\overline{WE}$	Read/Write Enable
$\overline{OE}$	Output Enable
Vcc	Power (5.0 V or 3.3V)
Vss	Ground

IBM014405
IBM014405B
1M x 4 10/10 EDO DRAM



Ordering Information

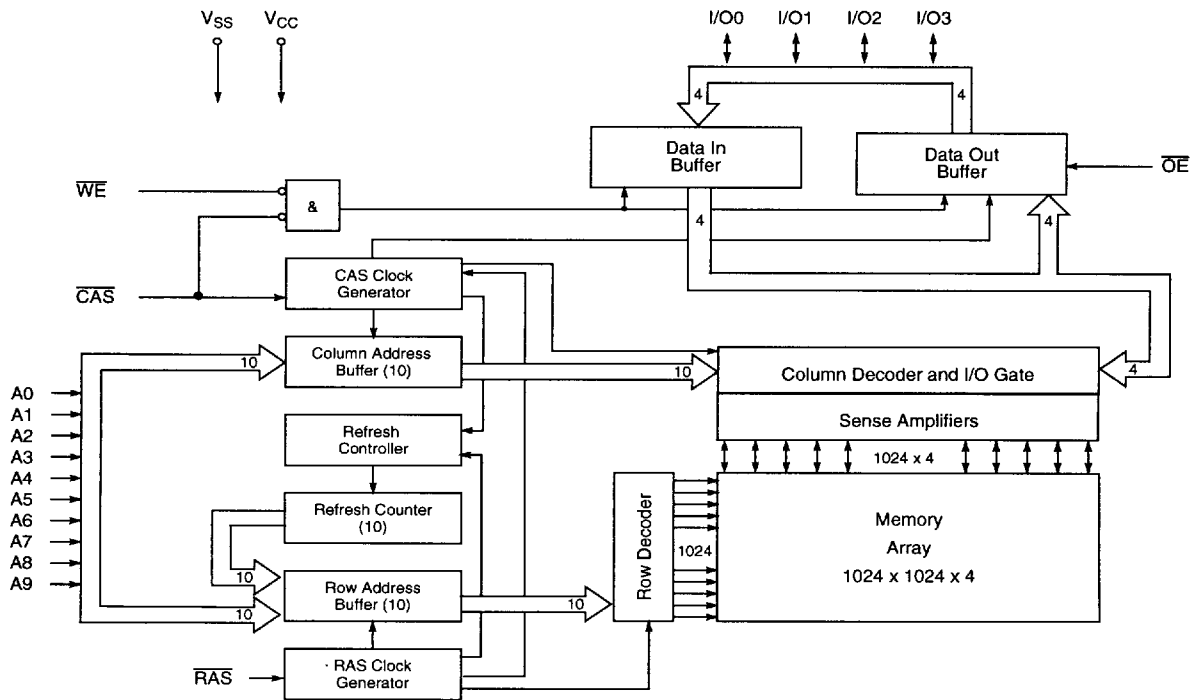
Part Number	SP / LP	Self Refresh	Power Supply	Speed	Package	Notes
IBM014405J1 -60	SP	No	5.0V	60ns	300mil SOJ 26/20	1
IBM014405BJ1 -60	SP	No	3.3V	60ns	300mil SOJ 26/20	1

1. SP = Standard Power

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Block Diagram





Truth Table

Function		RAS	CAS	WE	OE	Row Address	Col. Address	I/O0 - I/O3
Standby		H	H→X	X	X	X	X	High Impedance
Read		L	L	H	L	Row	Col.	Data Out
Early-Write		L	L	L	X	Row	Col.	Data In
Delayed-Write		L	L	H→L	H	Row	Col.	Data In
Read-Modify-Write		L	L	H→L	L→H	Row	Col.	Data Out, Data In
Extended Data Out (Hyper Page) Mode Read	1st Cycle	L	H→L	H	L	Row	Col.	Data Out
	2nd Cycle	L	H→L	H	L	N/A	Col.	Data Out
Extended Data Out (Hyper Page) Mode Write	1st Cycle	L	H→L	L	X	Row	Col.	Data In
	2nd Cycle	L	H→L	L	X	N/A	Col.	Data In
Extended Data Out (Hyper Page) Mode Read-Modify-Write	1st Cycle	L	H→L	H→L	L→H	Row	Col.	Data Out, Data In
	2nd Cycle	L	H→L	H→L	L→H	N/A	Col.	Data Out, Data In
RAS-Only Refresh		L	H	X	X	Row	N/A	High Impedance
CAS-Before-RAS Refresh		H→L	L	H	X	X	N/A	High Impedance
Hidden Refresh Read		L→H→L	L	H	L	Row	Col.	Data Out
Hidden Refresh Write		L→H→L	L	H	X	Row	Col.	Data In



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating		Units	Notes
		3.3 Volt Device	5.0 Volt Device		
V_{CC}	Power Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +4.1	-1.0 to +6.0	V	1
V_{IN}	Input Voltage	-0.5 to min ($V_{CC}+0.5$, 4.1)	-0.5 to min ($V_{CC}+0.5$, 6.0)	V	1
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	-0.5 to min ($V_{CC}+0.5$, 4.1)	-0.5 to min ($V_{CC}+0.5$, 6.0)	V	1
T_A	Operating Temperature	0 to +70	0 to +70	°C	1
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	°C	1
P_D	Power Dissipation	1.0	1.0	W	1
I_{OUT}	Short Circuit Output Current	20	50	mA	1

1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Recommended DC Operating Conditions ($T_A=0$ to 70°C)

Symbol	Parameter	3.3 Volt Device			5.0 Volt Device			Units	Notes
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	3.0	3.3	3.6	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	1
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0	—	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	2.4	—	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V	1
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3	—	0.8	-0.5	—	0.8	V	1

1. All voltages referenced to $V_{SS}=0\text{V}$.

Capacitance ($T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$, $V_{CC}=3.3\text{V} \pm 0.3\text{V}$ or $V_{CC}=5.0\text{V} \pm 0.5\text{V}$)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max	Units	Notes
C_{I1}	Input Capacitance (Addresses)	—	5	pF	1
C_{I2}	Input Capacitance ($\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$, $\overline{\text{WE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$)	—	7	pF	1
C_O	Output Capacitance (I/O's)	—	7	pF	1

1. Input capacitance measurements made with rise time shift method with $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CAS}} = V_{IH}$ to disable output.



DC Electrical Characteristics (T_A = 0 to +70°C, V_{CC} = 3.3V ± 0.3V or V_{CC} = 5.0V ± 0.5V)

Symbol	Parameter		3.3 Volt Device		5.0 Volt Device		Units	Notes
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
I _{CC1}	Operating Current Average Power Supply Operating Current (RAS and CAS Cycling: t _{RC} = t _{RC} min.)	-60	—	95	—	85	mA	1,2,3,4
		-70	—	80	—	70		
I _{CC2}	Standby Current (TTL) Power Supply Standby Current (RAS = CAS ≥ V _{IH} min)	—	2.0	—	2.0	—	mA	4
I _{CC3}	RAS Only Refresh Current Average Power Supply Current, RAS Only Mode (RAS Cycling, CAS ≥ V _{IH} min: t _{RC} = t _{RC} min)	-60	—	95	—	85	mA	1,3,4
		-70	—	80	—	70		
I _{CC4}	Extended Data Out (Hyper Page) Mode Current Average Power Supply Current, EDO Mode (RAS = V _{IL} min, CAS Cycling, t _{HPC} = t _{HPC} min)	-60	—	65	—	60	mA	1,2,3
		-70	—	65	—	60		
I _{CC5}	Standby Current (CMOS) Power Supply Standby Current (RAS = CAS ≥ V _{IH})	—	1.0	—	1.0	—	mA	5, 6
I _{CC6}	CAS Before RAS Refresh Current Average Power Supply Current, CAS Before RAS Mode (RAS Cycling, CAS before RAS, t _{RC} = t _{RC} min)	-60	—	95	—	85	mA	1,3,4,7
		-70	—	80	—	70		
I _{CC9}	Standby Current Standby current with Output's enabled (RAS ≥ V _{IH} (min) and CAS ≤ V _{IL} (max))	—	5	—	5	—	mA	4,8
I _{IL}	Input Leakage Current, any input (0.0 ≤ V _{IN} ≤ (V _{CC} + 1.0V)) for 5.0V, or (0.0 ≤ V _{IN} ≤ (V _{CC} + 0.3V)) for 3.3V. All Other Pins Not Under Test = 0V	-10	+10	-10	+10	—	μA	
I _{OL}	Output Leakage Current (D _{OUT} is disabled, 0.0 ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{CC} max)	-10	+10	-10	+10	—	μA	
V _{OH}	Output Level (TTL) Output "H" Level Voltage (I _{OUT} = -5mA for 5.0V, or I _{OUT} = -2mA for 3.3V)	2.4	V _{CC}	2.4	V _{CC}	—	V	
V _{OL}	Output Level (TTL) Output "L" Level Voltage (I _{OUT} = +4.2mA for 5.0V, or I _{OUT} = +2mA for 3.3V)	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	—	V	

1. I_{CC1}, I_{CC3}, I_{CC4} and I_{CC6} depend on cycle rate.
2. I_{CC1} and I_{CC4} depend on output loading. Specified values are obtained with the outputs open.
3. Column address can be changed once or less while RAS = V_{IL} and CAS = V_{IH}.
4. All I/O and other input pins must be ≤ V_{IL}(max) or ≥ V_{IH}(min).
5. ((V_{CC}-0.2V ≤ V_{IH} ≤ V_{CC}+0.5V) and (0.0V ≤ V_{IL} ≤ 0.2V)) for 5.0V, or ((V_{CC}-0.2V ≤ V_{IH} ≤ V_{CC}+0.3V) and (0.0V ≤ V_{IL} ≤ 0.2V)) for 3.3V.
6. All other I/O and other inputs at V_{IH} or V_{IL}.
7. Enables on-chip refresh and address counters.
8. Assumes no resistive loads on I/O pins.

AC Characteristics ($T_A=0$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$)

1. An initial pause of 100 μs is required after power-up followed by 8 $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ only refresh cycles or 8 $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ refresh cycles.
2. AC measurements assume $t_T=2\text{ns}$.
3. $V_{IH}(\text{min})$ and $V_{IL}(\text{max})$ are reference levels for measuring timing of input signals. Also, transition times are measured between V_{IH} and V_{IL} (or between V_{IL} and V_{IH}).
4. In addition to meeting the transition rate specification, all input signals must transit between V_{IH} and V_{IL} (or between V_{IL} and V_{IH}) in a monotonic manner.
5. If $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is tied permanently low, Late-Write or Read-Modify-Write operations are not possible.
6. If both $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CAS}} = V_{IH}$, then the data I/O's will be high impedance.
7. If $\overline{\text{CAS}} = V_{IL}$, then the data I/O's may contain data from the last valid Read cycle.
8. Measured with a load equivalent to 2 TTL loads and 100pF.

Read, Write, Read-Modify-Write and Ref. Cycles (Common Parameters)

Symbol	Parameter	-60		-70		Units	Notes
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
t_{RC}	Random Read or Write Cycle Time	104	—	124	—	ns	
t_{RP}	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Precharge Time	40	—	50	—	ns	
t_{CP}	$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Precharge Time	10	—	10	—	ns	1
t_{RAS}	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Pulse Width	60	10K	70	10K	ns	
t_{CAS}	$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Pulse Width	10	10K	12	10K	ns	
t_{ASR}	Row Address Setup Time	0	—	0	—	ns	
t_{RAH}	Row Address Hold Time	10	—	10	—	ns	
t_{ASC}	Column Address Setup Time	0	—	0	—	ns	
t_{CAH}	Column Address Hold Time	10	—	10	—	ns	
t_{RCD}	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Delay Time	14	45	14	52	ns	2
t_{RAD}	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to Column Address Delay Time	12	30	12	35	ns	3
t_{RSH}	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Hold Time	10	—	12	—	ns	
t_{CSH}	$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Hold Time	50	—	55	—	ns	
t_{CRP}	$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Precharge Time	5	—	5	—	ns	
t_{OED}	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to D_{IN} Delay Time	15	—	15	—	ns	4
t_{DZO}	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ Delay Time From D_{IN}	0	—	0	—	ns	5
t_{DZC}	$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Delay Time From D_{IN}	0	—	0	—	ns	5
t_T	Transition Time (Rise and Fall)	2	30	2	30	ns	6

1. If $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ is Low at the falling edge of $\overline{\text{RAS}}$, data will be maintained from the previous cycle. To initiate a new cycle and clear the I/O buffers, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ must be pulsed High for t_{CP} .
2. Operation within the $t_{RCD}(\text{max})$ limit ensures that $t_{RAC}(\text{max})$ can be met. $t_{RCD}(\text{max})$ is specified as a reference point only. If t_{RCD} is greater than the specified $t_{RCD}(\text{max})$ limit, then access time is controlled by t_{CAC} .
3. Operation within the $t_{RAD}(\text{max})$ limit ensures that $t_{RAC}(\text{max})$ can be met. $t_{RAD}(\text{max})$ is specified as a reference point only. If t_{RAD} is greater than the specified $t_{RAD}(\text{max})$ limit, then access time is controlled by t_{AA} .
4. Either t_{CDD} or t_{OED} must be satisfied.
5. Either t_{DZC} or t_{DZO} must be satisfied.
6. AC measurements assume $t_T=2\text{ns}$.



Write Cycle

Symbol	Parameter	-60		-70		Units	Notes
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
t_{WCS}	Write Command Set Up Time	0	—	0	—	ns	1,2
t_{WCH}	Write Command Hold Time	10	—	12	—	ns	2
t_{WP}	Write Command Pulse Width	10	—	12	—	ns	2
t_{RWL}	Write Command to $\overline{RAS}$ Lead Time	10	—	12	—	ns	
t_{CWL}	Write Command to $\overline{CAS}$ Lead Time	10	—	12	—	ns	
t_{DS}	D_{IN} Setup Time	0	—	0	—	ns	
t_{DH}	D_{IN} Hold Time	10	—	12	—	ns	3

1. t_{WCS} , t_{RWD} , t_{CWD} and t_{AWD} are not restrictive operating parameters. t_{RWD} , t_{CWD} , and t_{AWD} apply to Read-Modify-Write cycles. If $t_{WCS} \geq t_{WCS}(\min)$, the cycle is an Early Write cycle and the data I/O pins will remain open circuit (high impedance) throughout the entire cycle. If $t_{RWD} \geq t_{RWD}(\min)$, $t_{CWD} \geq t_{CWD}(\min)$, and $t_{AWD} \geq t_{AWD}(\min)$, the cycle is a Read-Modify-Write cycle and the data I/O pins will contain read data from the selected cells. If neither of the above sets of conditions are satisfied, the condition of the data I/O pins (at access time) is indeterminate.

2. Parameter t_{WP} is applicable for a Delayed-Write cycle such as a Read-Write or Read-Modify-Write cycle. For Early-Write cycles, both t_{WCS} and t_{WCH} must be met.

3. These parameters are referenced to the falling edge of $\overline{CAS}$ for Early-Write cycles and to the falling edge of $\overline{WE}$ for Delayed-Write or Read-Modify-Write cycles.



Read Cycle

Symbol	Parameter	-60		-70		Units	Notes
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
t_{RAC}	Access Time from $\overline{RAS}$	—	60	—	70	ns	1,2
t_{CAC}	Access Time from $\overline{CAS}$	—	15	—	18	ns	2,3,5
t_{AA}	Access Time from Address	—	30	—	35	ns	2,5,6
t_{OEA}	Access Time From $\overline{OE}$	—	15	—	18	ns	2,7
t_{RCS}	Read Command Setup Time	0	—	0	—	ns	
t_{RCH}	Read Command Hold Time to $\overline{CAS}$	0	—	0	—	ns	4
t_{RRH}	Read Command Hold Time to $\overline{RAS}$	0	—	0	—	ns	4
t_{RAL}	Column Address to $\overline{RAS}$ Lead Time	30	—	35	—	ns	
t_{CLZ}	$\overline{CAS}$ to Output in Low-Z	0	—	0	—	ns	2
t_{OFF}	Output Buffer Turn-Off Delay	0	15	0	15	ns	8,9
t_{OEZ}	Output Buffer Turn-Off Delay From $\overline{OE}$	0	15	0	15	ns	9
t_{CDD}	$\overline{CAS}$ to D_{IN} Delay Time	15	—	15	—	ns	10
t_{OES}	$\overline{OE}$ Setup Time prior to $\overline{CAS}$	5	—	5	—	ns	
t_{ORD}	$\overline{OE}$ Setup Time prior to $\overline{RAS}$ (Hidden Refresh)	0	—	0	—	ns	

1. Assumes that $t_{RCD} \leq t_{RCD(max)}$ and $t_{RAD} \leq t_{RAD(max)}$. If t_{RCD} or t_{RAD} is greater than the maximum recommended value shown in this table, then t_{RAC} will exceed the value shown.
2. Measured with the specified current load and 100pF at $V_{OL} = 0.8V$ and $V_{OH} = 2.0V$.
3. Assumes that $t_{RCD} \geq t_{RCD(max)}$ and $t_{RAD} \leq t_{RAD(max)}$.
4. Either t_{RCH} or t_{RRH} must be satisfied for a Read cycle.
5. Access time is determined by the longer of t_{AA} or t_{CAC} or t_{CPA} .
6. Assumes that $t_{RCD} \leq t_{RCD(max)}$ and $t_{RAD} \geq t_{RAD(max)}$.
7. If $\overline{OE}$ is tied permanently low, Late-Write or Read-Modify-Write operations are not possible.
8. t_{OFF} is referenced from the rising edge of $\overline{RAS}$ or $\overline{CAS}$, which ever is last.
9. $t_{OFF(max)}$ and $t_{OEZ(max)}$ define the time at which the output achieves the open circuit condition and are not referenced to output voltage levels.
10. Either t_{CDD} or t_{OED} must be satisfied.

Read-Modify-Write Cycle

Symbol	Parameter	-60		-70		Units	Notes
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
t_{RWC}	Read-Modify-Write Cycle Time	135	—	162	—	ns	
t_{RWD}	$\overline{RAS}$ to $\overline{WE}$ Delay Time	79	—	90	—	ns	1
t_{CWD}	$\overline{CAS}$ to $\overline{WE}$ Delay Time	34	—	40	—	ns	1
t_{AWD}	Column Address to $\overline{WE}$ Delay Time	49	—	55	—	ns	1
t_{OEh}	$\overline{OE}$ Command Hold Time	10	—	12	—	ns	

1. t_{WCS} , t_{RWD} , t_{CWD} and t_{AWD} are not restrictive operating parameters. t_{RWD} , t_{CWD} , and t_{AWD} apply to Read-Modify-Write cycles. If $t_{WCS} \geq t_{WCS}(\min)$, the cycle is an Early Write cycle and the data I/O pins will remain open circuit (high impedance) throughout the entire cycle. If $t_{RWD} \geq t_{RWD}(\min)$, $t_{CWD} \geq t_{CWD}(\min)$, and $t_{AWD} \geq t_{AWD}(\min)$, the cycle is a Read-Modify-Write cycle and the data I/O pins will contain read data from the selected cells. If neither of the above sets of conditions are satisfied, the condition of the data I/O pins (at access time) is indeterminate.

Extended Data Out (Hyper Page) Mode Cycle

Symbol	Parameter	-60		-70		Units	Notes
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
t_{HCAS}	EDO (Hyper Page) Mode $\overline{CAS}$ Pulse Width	10	10k	12	10k	ns	
t_{HPC}	EDO (Hyper Page) Mode Cycle Time (Read/Write)	25	—	30	—	ns	
t_{HPRWC}	EDO (Hyper Page) Mode Read Modify Write Cycle Time	60	—	72	—	ns	
t_{DOH}	Data-out Hold Time from $\overline{CAS}$	5	—	5	—	ns	
t_{WHZ}	Output buffer Turn-Off Delay from $\overline{WE}$	0	10	0	15	ns	
t_{WPZ}	$\overline{WE}$ Pulse Width to Output Disable at $\overline{CAS}$ High	10	—	10	—	ns	
t_{CPRH}	$\overline{RAS}$ Hold Time from $\overline{CAS}$ Precharge	35	—	40	—	ns	
t_{CPA}	Access Time from $\overline{CAS}$ Precharge	—	35	—	40	ns	1
t_{RASP}	EDO (Hyper Page) Mode $\overline{RAS}$ Pulse Width	60	100K	70	100K	ns	
t_{OEP}	$\overline{OE}$ High Pulse Width	10	—	10	—	ns	
t_{OEHC}	$\overline{OE}$ High Hold Time from $\overline{CAS}$ High	10	—	10	—	ns	

1. Measured with the specified current load and 100pF at $V_{OL} = 0.8V$ and $V_{OH} = 2.0V$.



IBM014405
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1M x 4 10/10 EDO DRAM

Refresh Cycle

Symbol	Parameter	-60		-70		Units	Notes
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
t_{CSR}	CAS Setup Time (CAS before RAS Refresh)	5	—	5	—	ns	1
t_{CHR}	CAS Hold Time (CAS before RAS Refresh)	10	—	10	—	ns	1
t_{WRP}	WE Setup Time (CAS before RAS Refresh)	10	—	10	—	ns	
t_{WRH}	WE Hold Time (CAS before RAS Refresh)	10	—	10	—	ns	
t_{RPC}	RAS Precharge to CAS Hold Time	0	—	0	—	ns	
t_{REF}	Refresh period	—	16	—	16	ms	2

1. Enables on-chip refresh and address counters.
2. 1024 cycles.

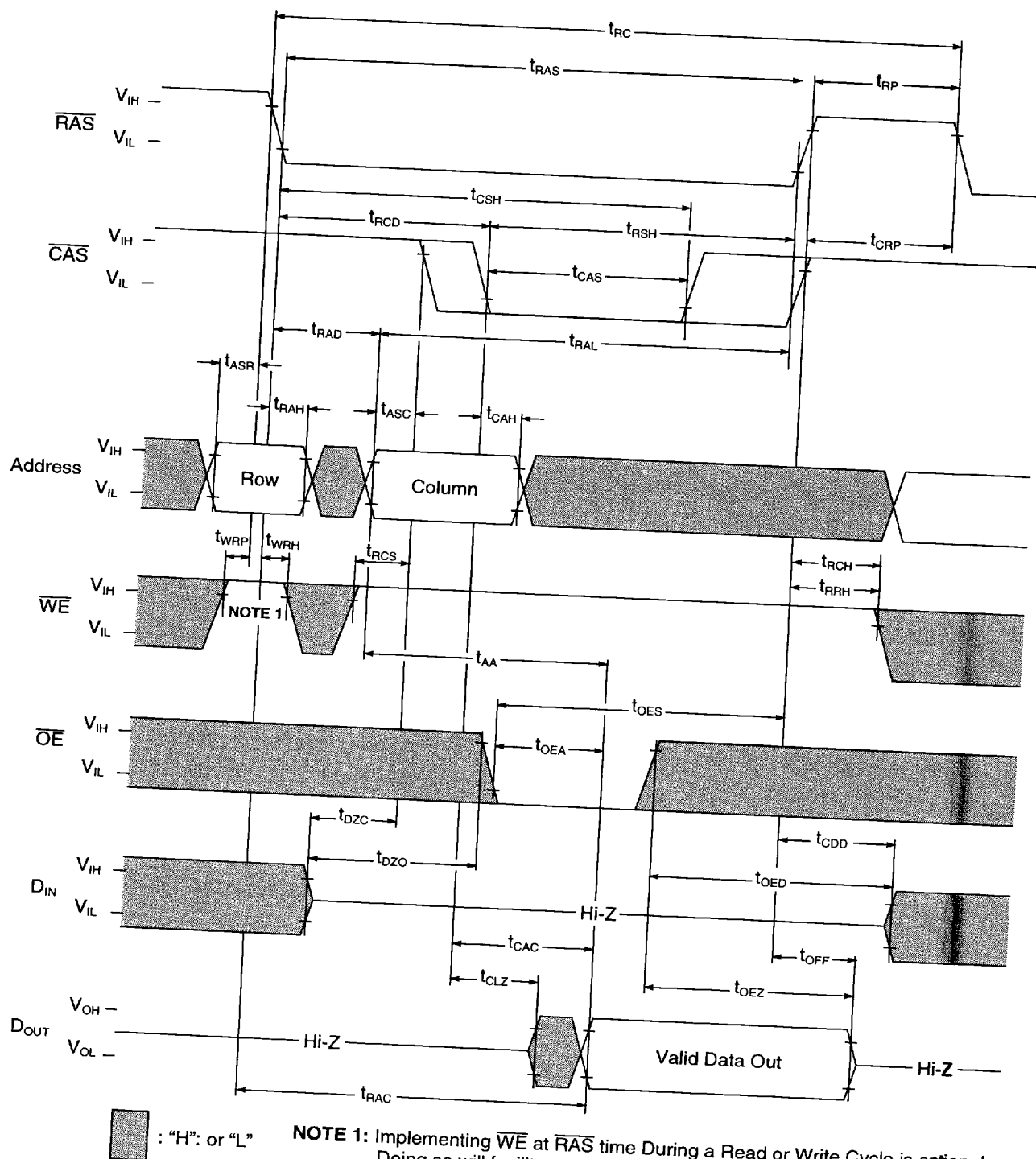
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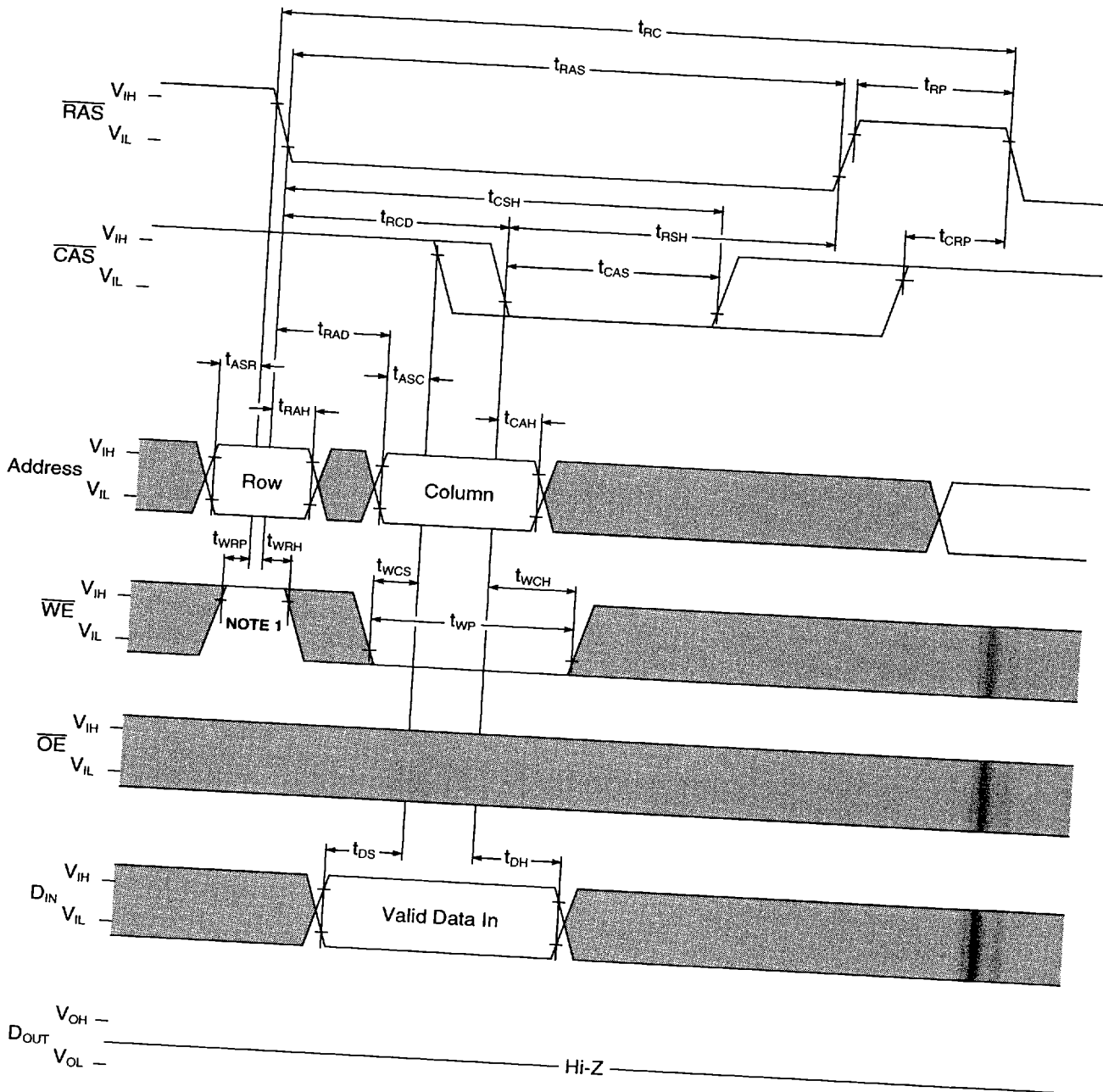
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Page 11 of 28

Read Cycle



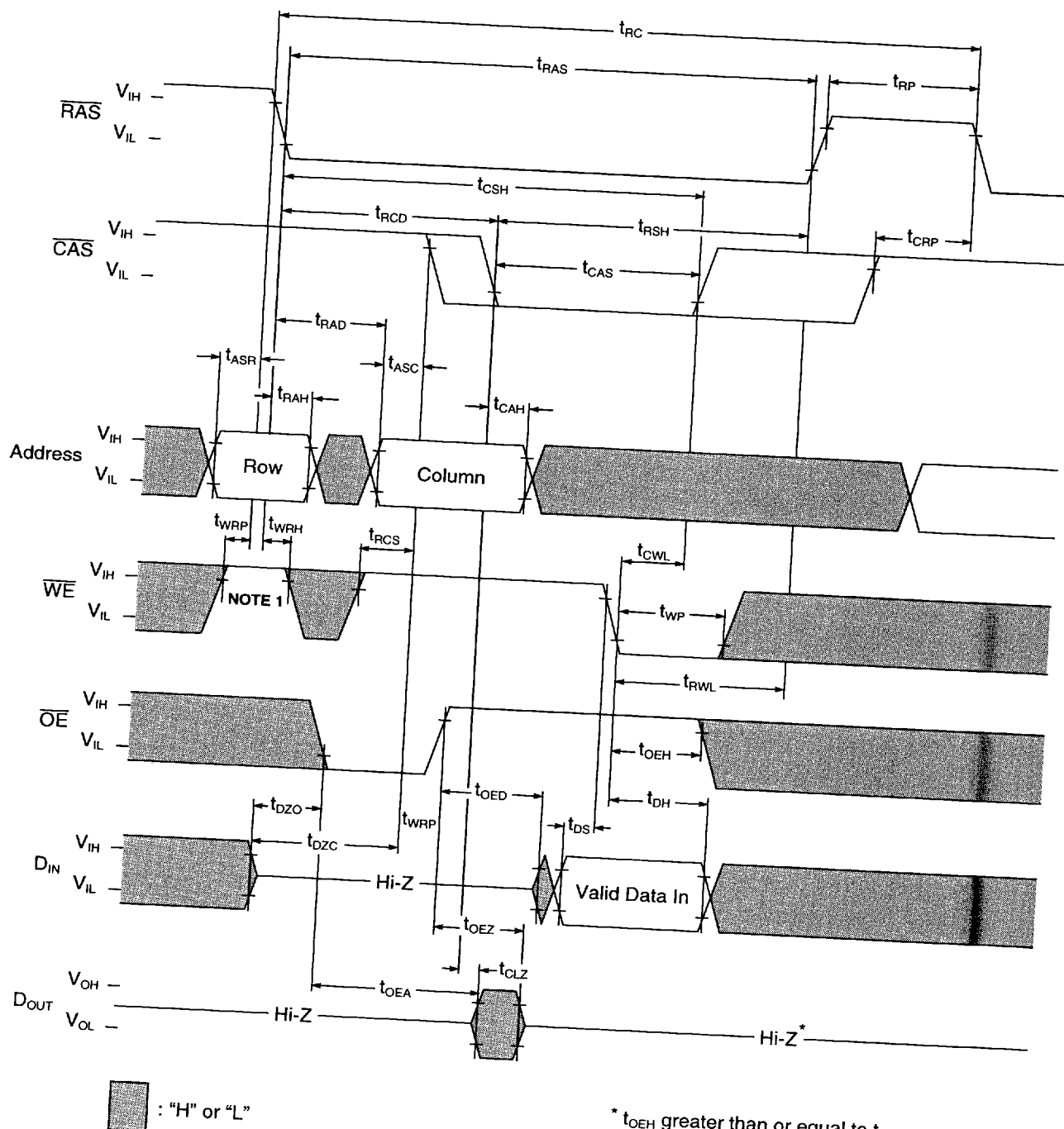
Write Cycle (Early Write)



■ : "H" or "L"

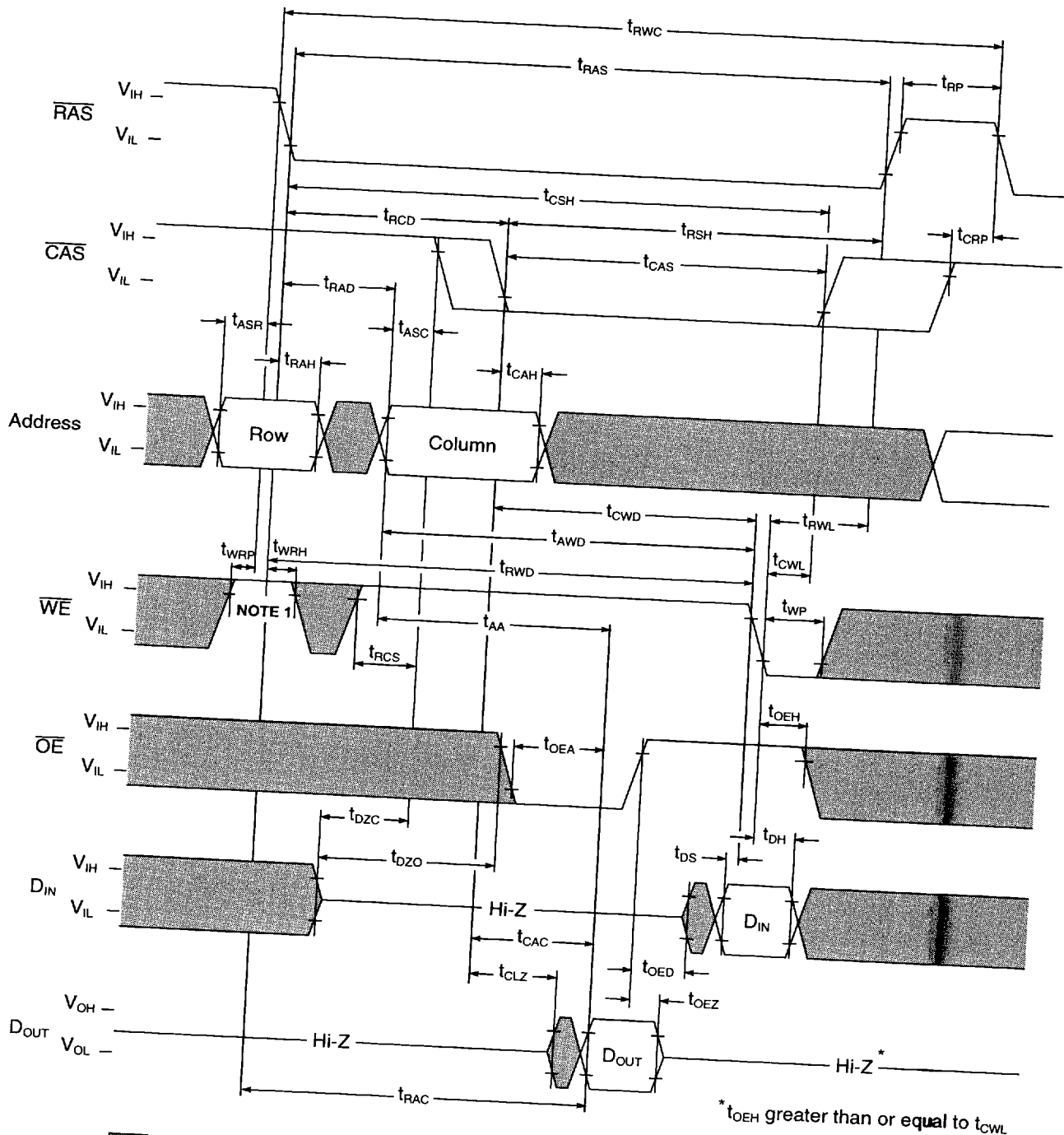
NOTE 1: Implementing $\overline{WE}$ at $\overline{RAS}$ time During a Read or Write Cycle is optional. Doing so will facilitate compatibility with future EDO DRAMs.

Write Cycle (Delayed Write)



NOTE 1: Implementing $\overline{WE}$ at $\overline{RAS}$ time During a Read or Write Cycle is optional. Doing so will facilitate compatibility with future EDO DRAMs.

Read-Modify-Write Cycle



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NOTE 1: Implementing $\overline{WE}$ at $\overline{RAS}$ time During a Read or Write Cycle is optional. Doing so will facilitate compatibility with future EDO DRAMs.

The diagram illustrates the timing relationships for a DRAM device. The signals shown are:

- RAS**: Row Address Strobe, active low. Timing parameters include t_{RAS} (pulse width), t_{RCD} (row-to-column delay), t_{RPH} (pulse height), and t_{RCP} (rise/fall time).
- CAS**: Column Address Strobe, active low. Timing parameters include t_{CAS} (pulse width), t_{CP} (column-to-page delay), t_{CSH} (settle time), and t_{RSH} (rise time).
- Address**: Row and Column addresses. Timing parameters include t_{ASR} , t_{RAH} , t_{ASC} , t_{CAH} , t_{RAD} (row address delay), t_{WRP} , t_{WRH} , t_{RCS} , t_{RCH} , and t_{RRH} .
- WE**: Write Enable, active low. Timing parameters include t_{WRP} , t_{WRH} , t_{RCS} , t_{RCH} , and t_{RRH} .
- OE**: Output Enable, active low. Timing parameters include t_{OES} (output enable-to-strobe delay), t_{OEA} (output enable-to-address delay), t_{OEHC} (output enable-to-high clock delay), t_{OEP} (output enable-to-page delay), t_{OEZ} (output enable-to-zero delay), and t_{OFF} (output off delay).
- DOUT**: Data Output. Timing parameters include t_{CLZ} (clear-to-zero delay), t_{OEA} (output enable-to-address delay), t_{OEZ} (output enable-to-zero delay), and t_{OFF} (output off delay).

NOTE 1: Implementing $\overline{WE}$ at $\overline{RAS}$ time During a Read or Write Cycle is optional. Doing so will facilitate compatibility with future EDO DRAMs.

The diagram illustrates the timing relationships for a 2D array memory access sequence. The signals shown are:

- RAS**: Row Address Strobe, with levels V_{IH} and V_{IL} .
- CAS**: Column Address Strobe, with levels V_{IH} and V_{IL} .
- Address**: Memory address, with levels V_{IH} and V_{IL} .
- WE**: Write Enable, with levels V_{IH} and V_{IL} .
- D_{IN}**: Data input, with levels V_{IH} and V_{IL} .

The sequence of operations shown is:

- Row access (labeled "Row").
- Column 1 access (labeled "Column 1").
- Column 2 access (labeled "Column 2").
- Column N access (labeled "Column N").

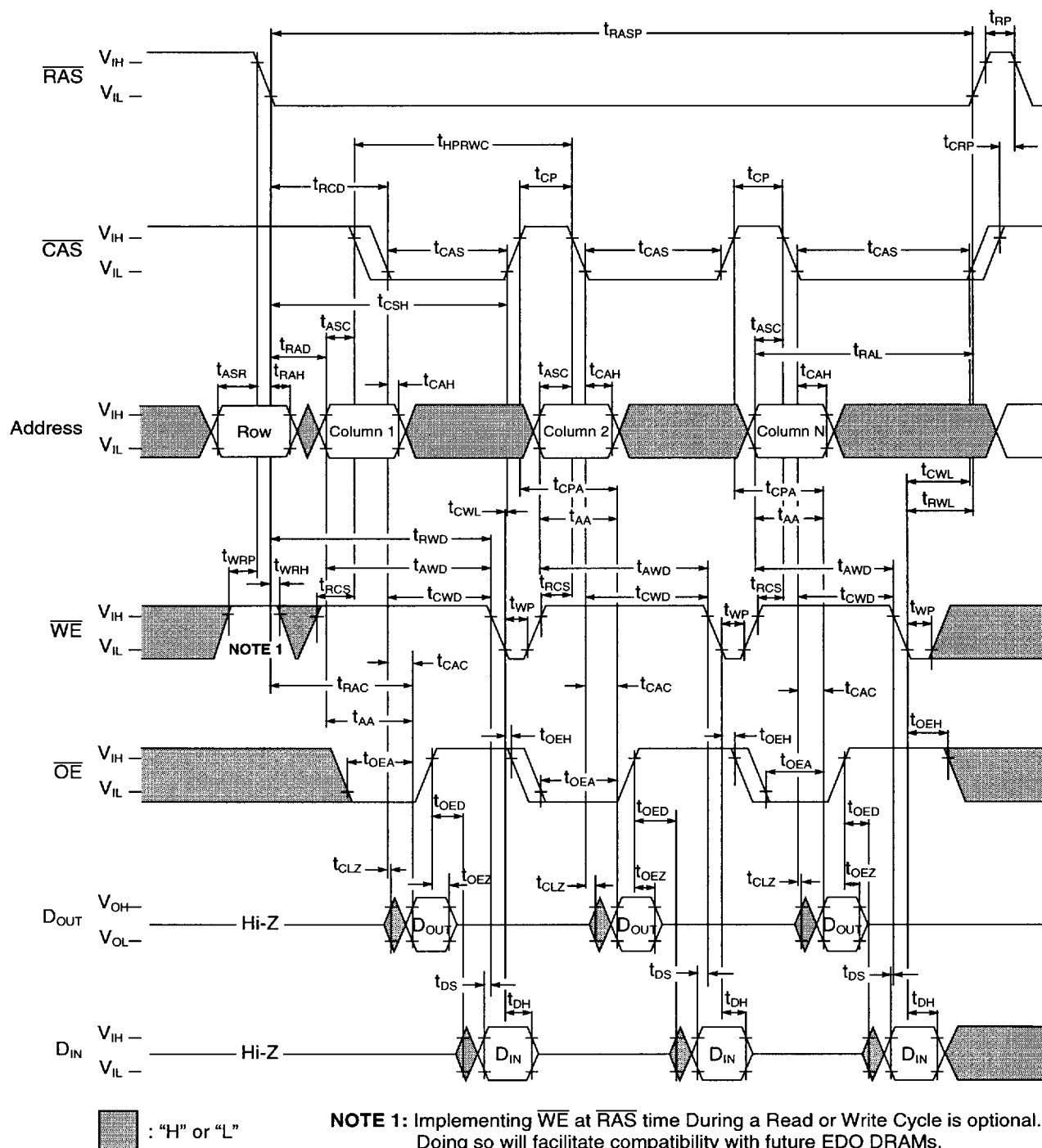
Key timing parameters are labeled throughout the diagram, including setup and hold times for RAS, CAS, and Address, and various delay times for data and control signals.

NOTE 1 is present near the WE signal.

NOTE 1: Implementing $\overline{\text{WE}}$ at $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ time During a Read or Write Cycle is optional. Doing so will facilitate compatibility with future EDO DRAMs.

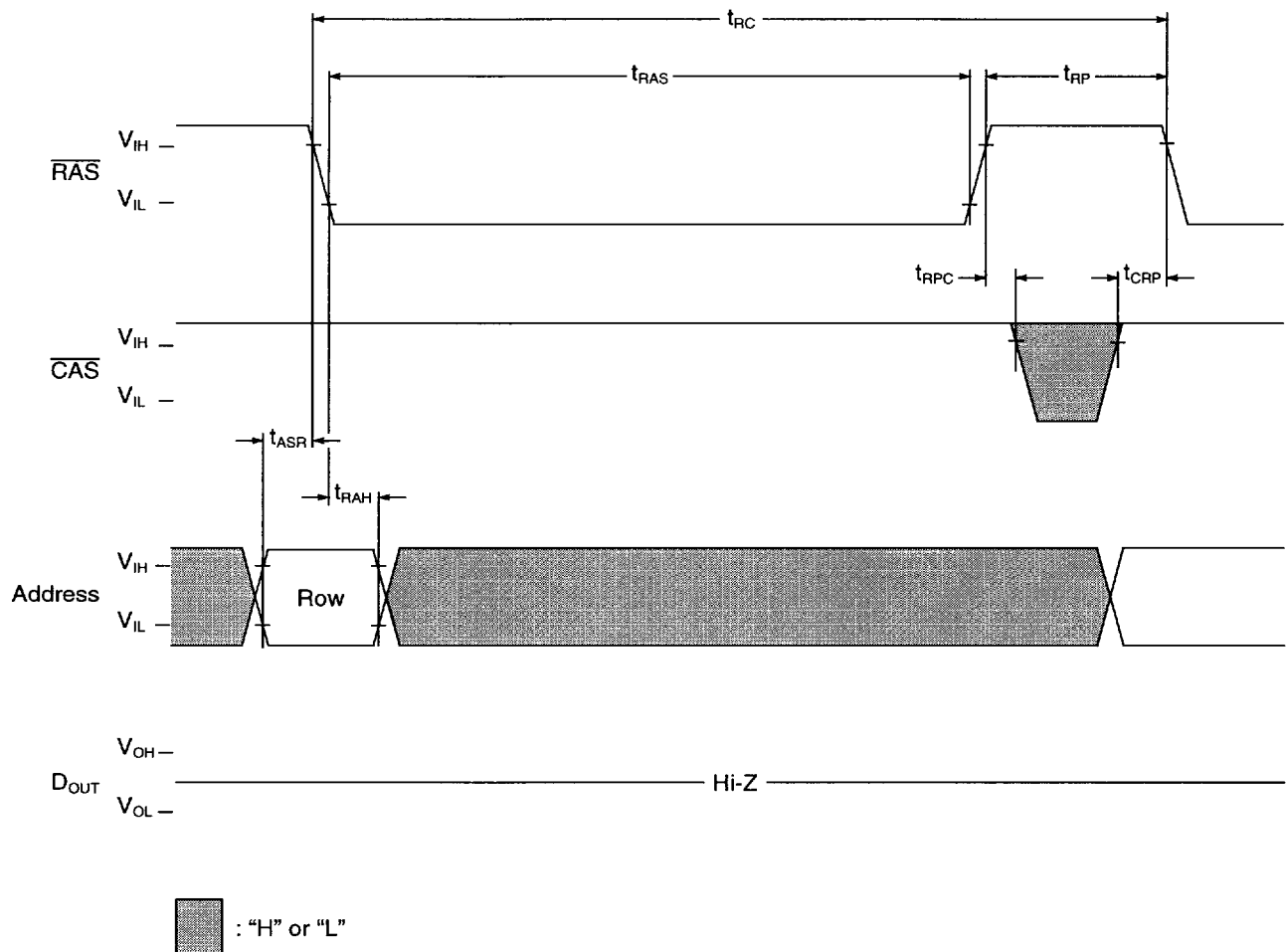
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Use is further subject to the provisions at the end of this document.

EDO (Hyper Page) Mode Read Modify Write Cycle



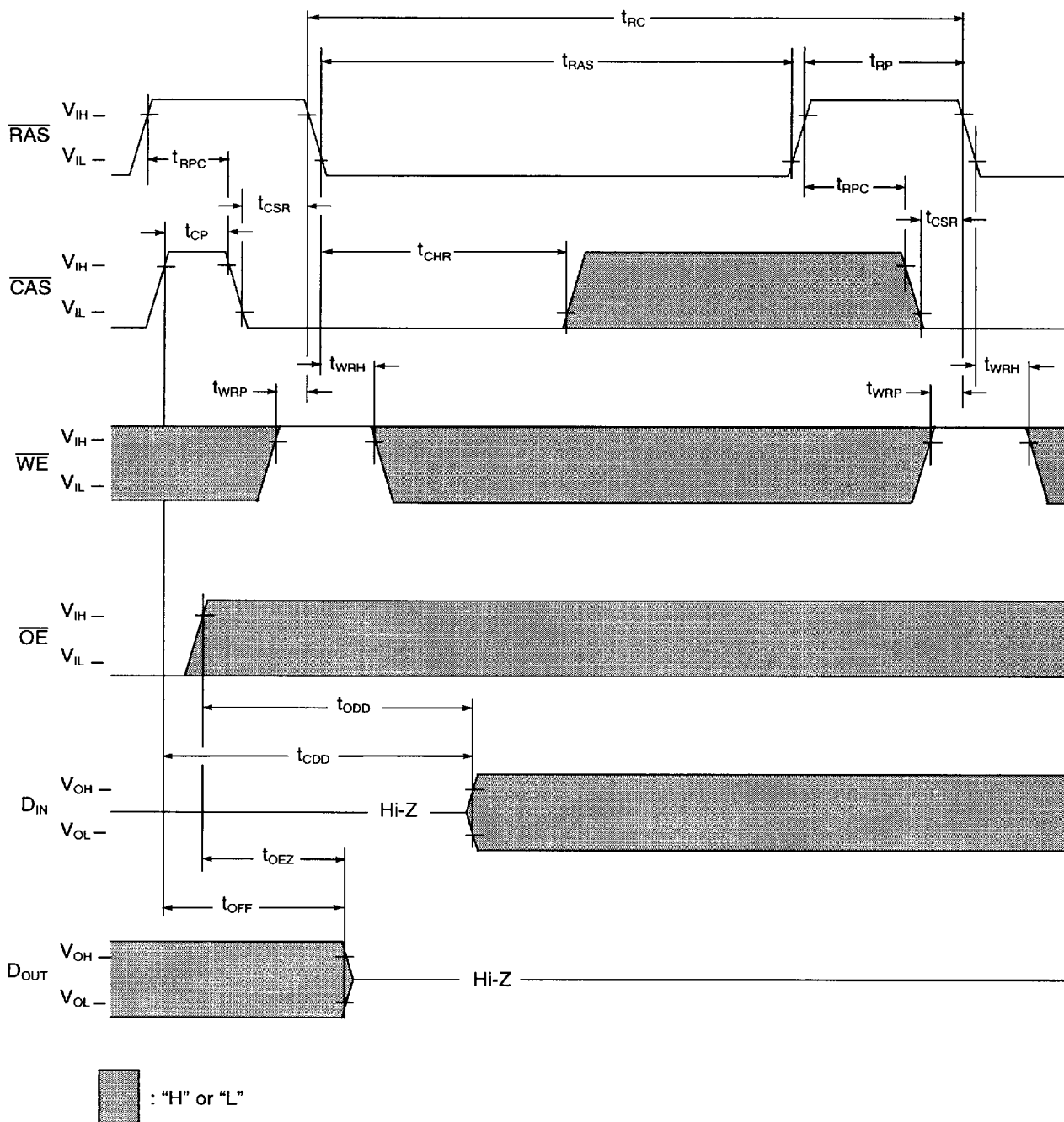
[illegible]

RAS Only Refresh Cycle



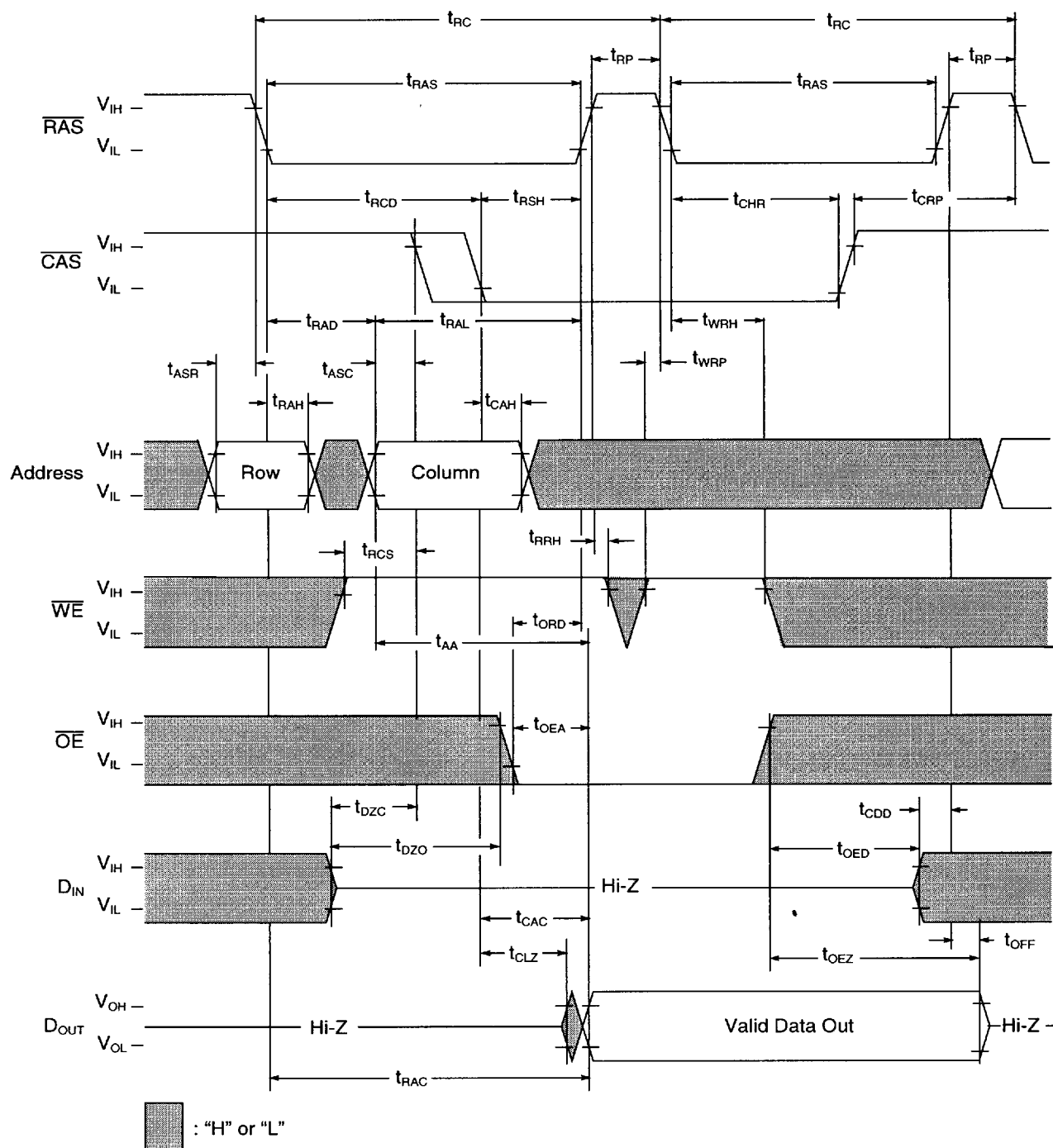
NOTE: $\overline{\text{WE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ and D_{IN} are "H" or "L"

CAS Before RAS Refresh Cycle

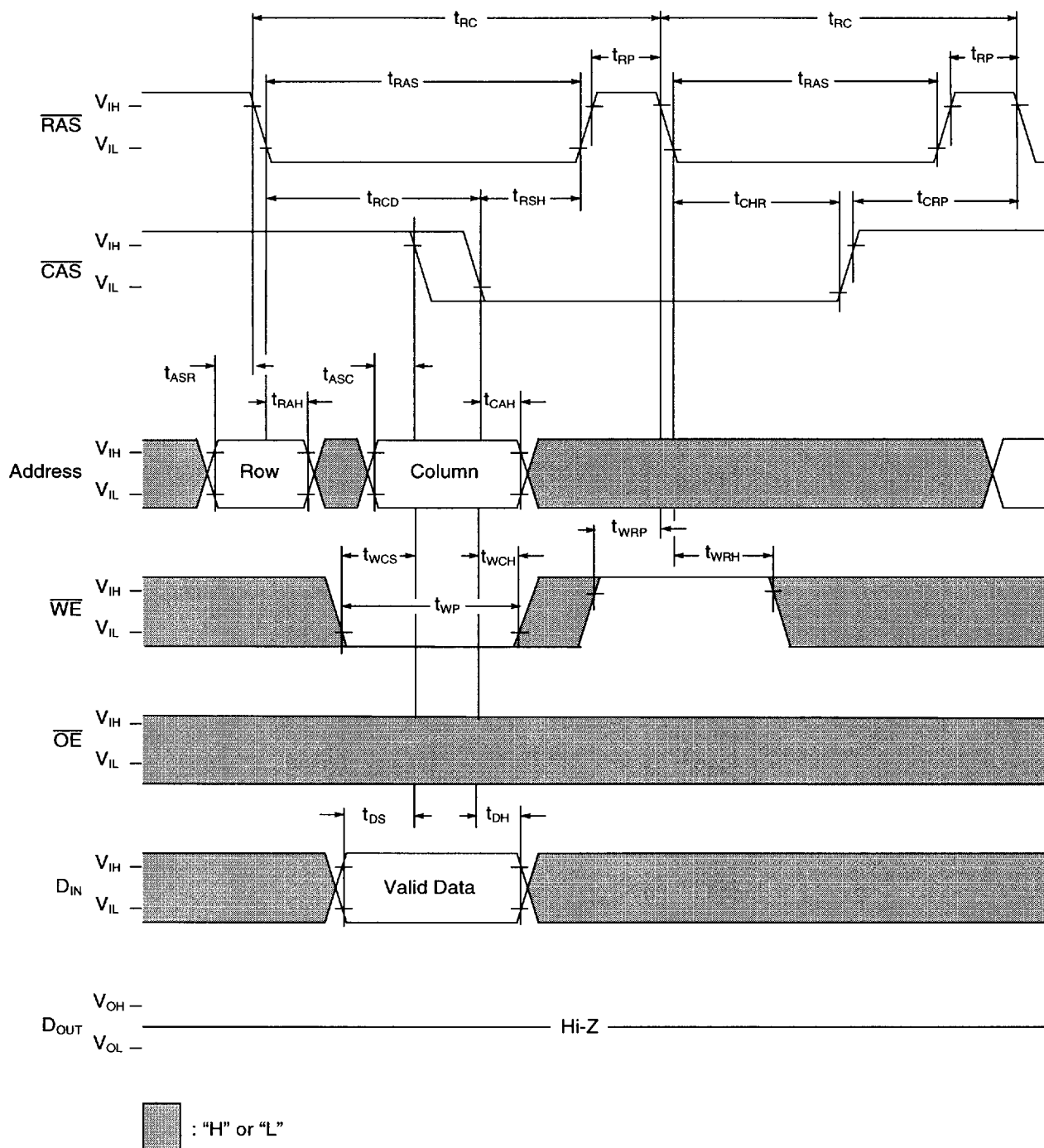


NOTE: Address is "H" or "L"

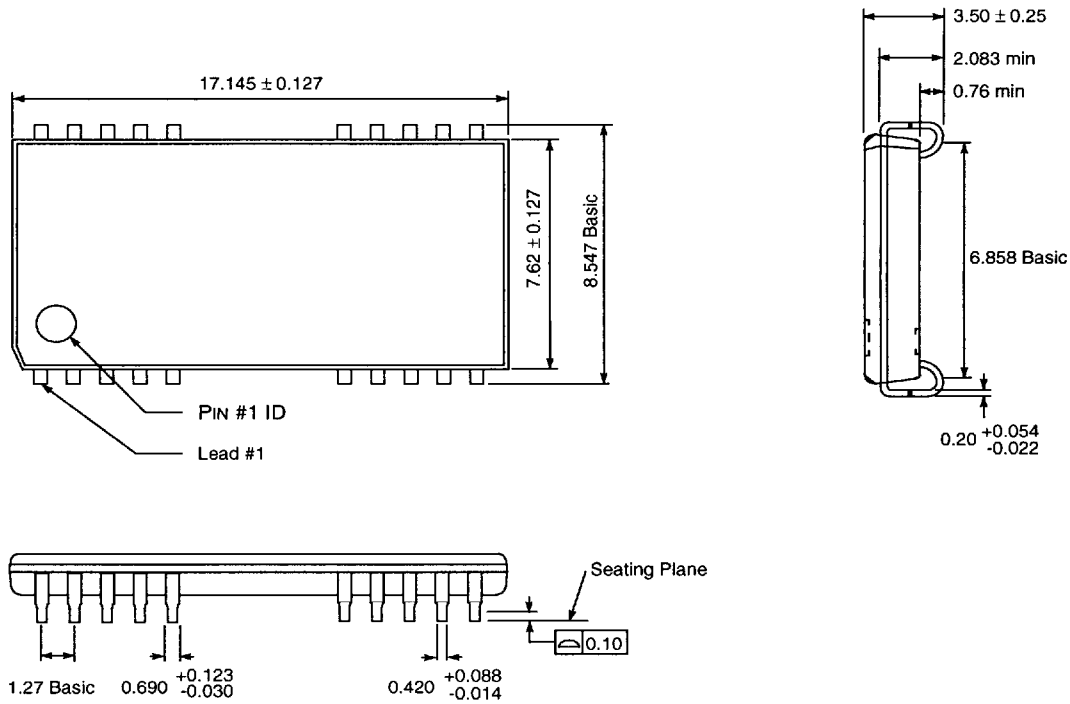
Hidden Refresh Cycle (Read)



Hidden Refresh Cycle (Write)



Package Dimensions (300mil; 26/20 lead; Small Outline J-Lead)



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters; Package diagrams are not drawn to scale.



Revision Log

Revision	Contents of Modification
11/07/95	Initial Release
5/06/96	1. Corrected t_{CAC} (19 ns to 18 ns) in the "Features" section.
6/13/96	1. Removed "Preliminary" classification. 2. Add Hidden Refresh (Write) timing diagram. 3. Change t_{OED} , t_{CDD} from 20ns to 15ns for -70ns.
08/01/96	1. Corrected t_{RCD} : change from 50ns to 52ns. 2. Removed Low Power, TSOP information. 3. Added Hidden Refresh Write information to Truth Table.