



Integrated Device Technology, Inc.

CMOS SyncFIFO™

64 X 9, 256 x 9, 512 x 9,
1,024 X 9, 2,048 X 9, 4,096 x 9
and 8,192 x 9

IDT72421
IDT72201
IDT72211
IDT72221
IDT72231
IDT72241
IDT72251

FEATURES:

- 64 x 9-bit organization (IDT72421)
- 256 x 9-bit organization (IDT72201)
- 512 x 9-bit organization (IDT72211)
- 1,024 x 9-bit organization (IDT72221)
- 2,048 x 9-bit organization (IDT72231)
- 4,096 x 9-bit organization (IDT72241)
- 8,192 x 9-bit organization (IDT72251)
- 10 ns read/write cycle time (excluding the IDT72251)
- Read and write clocks can be independent
- Dual-Ported zero fall-through time architecture
- Empty and Full flags signal FIFO status
- Programmable Almost-Empty and Almost-Full flags can be set to any depth
- Programmable Almost-Empty and Almost-Full flags default to Empty+7, and Full-7, respectively
- Output enable puts output data bus in high-impedance state
- Advanced submicron CMOS technology
- Available in the 32-pin plastic leaded chip carrier (PLCC)
- All devices, except the 72251, are available in the ceramic leadless chip carrier (LCC) and 32-pin Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)
- For through-hole product please see the IDT72420/72200/72210/72220/72230/72240 data sheet
- Military product compliant to MIL-STD-883, Class B
- Industrial temperature range (-40°C to +85°C) is available (plastic packages only)

DESCRIPTION:

The IDT72421/72201/72211/72221/72231/72241/72251 SyncFIFO™ are very high-speed, low-power First-In, First-

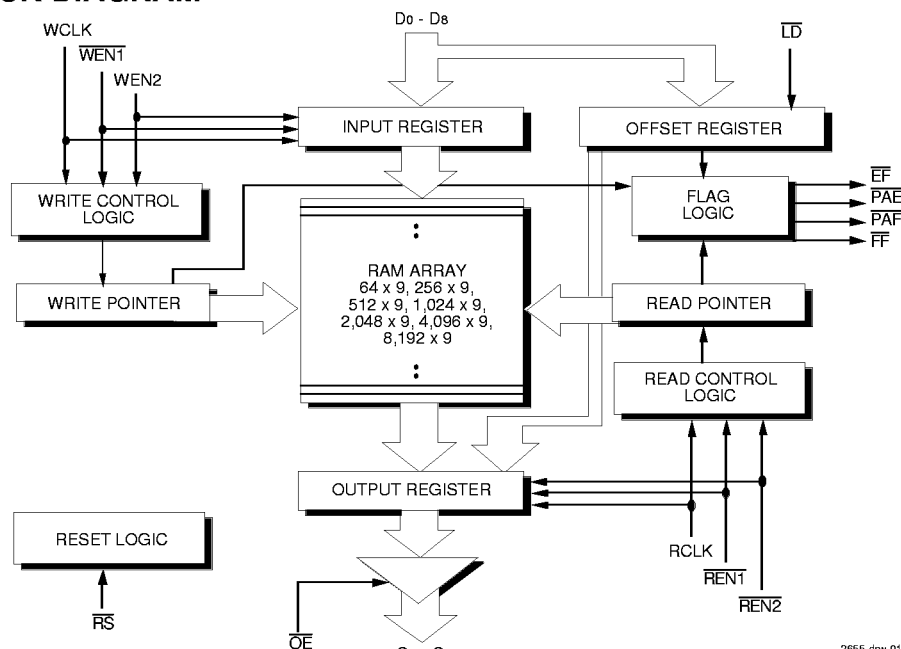
Out (FIFO) memories with clocked read and write controls. These devices have a 64, 256, 512, 1,024, 2,048, 4,096, and 8,192 x 9-bit memory array, respectively. These FIFOs are applicable for a wide variety of data buffering needs such as graphics, local area networks and interprocessor communication.

These FIFOs have 9-bit input and output ports. The input port is controlled by a free-running clock (WCLK), and two write enable pins (WEN1, WEN2). Data is written into the Synchronous FIFO on every rising clock edge when the write enable pins are asserted. The output port is controlled by another clock pin (RCLK) and two read enable pins (REN1, REN2). The read clock can be tied to the write clock for single clock operation or the two clocks can run asynchronous of one another for dual-clock operation. An output enable pin (OE) is provided on the read port for three-state control of the output.

The Synchronous FIFOs have two fixed flags, Empty (EF) and Full (FF). Two programmable flags, Almost-Empty (PAE) and Almost-Full (PAF), are provided for improved system control. The programmable flags default to Empty+7 and Full-7 for PAE and PAF, respectively. The programmable flag offset loading is controlled by a simple state machine and is initiated by asserting the load pin (LD).

These FIFOs are fabricated using IDT's high-speed submicron CMOS technology. Military grade product is manufactured in compliance with the latest revision of MIL-STD-883, Class B.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

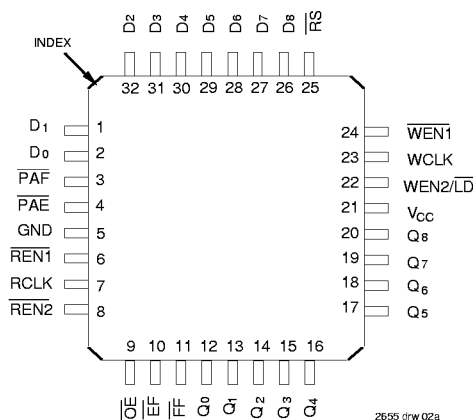


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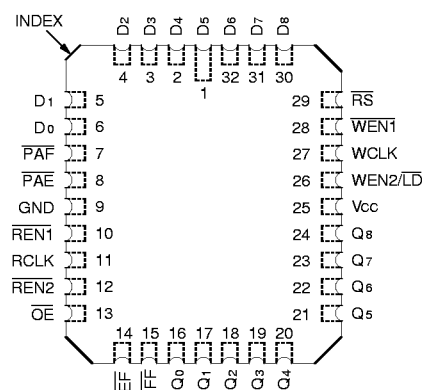
MILITARY, INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL TEMPERATURE RANGES

JANUARY 1998

PIN CONFIGURATION



TQFP⁽¹⁾ (PR32-1, order code: PF)
TOP VIEW



PLCC (J32-1, order code: J)
LCC⁽²⁾ (L32-1, order code: L)
TOP VIEW

NOTES:

1. The TQFP is not available for the 72251 nor is it available for the 35ns speed grade.
2. The LCC is not available for the 72251 nor is it available for devices tested to the industrial temperature range.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Symbol	Name	I/O	Description
D0-D8	Data Inputs	I	Data inputs for a 9-bit bus.
\overline{RS}	Reset	I	When \overline{RS} is set LOW, internal read and write pointers are set to the first location of the RAM array, \overline{FF} and \overline{PAF} go HIGH, and \overline{PAE} and \overline{EF} go LOW. A reset is required before an initial WRITE after power-up.
WCLK	Write Clock	I	Data is written into the FIFO on a LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK when the Write Enable(s) are asserted.
$\overline{WEN1}$	Write Enable 1	I	If the FIFO is configured to have programmable flags, $\overline{WEN1}$ is the only write enable pin. When $\overline{WEN1}$ is LOW, data is written into the FIFO on every LOW-to-HIGH transition WCLK. If the FIFO is configured to have two write enables, $\overline{WEN1}$ must be LOW and $\overline{WEN2}$ must be HIGH to write data into the FIFO. Data will not be written into the FIFO if the \overline{FF} is LOW.
$\overline{WEN2/LD}$	Write Enable 2/ Load	I	The FIFO is configured at reset to have either two write enables or programmable flags. If $\overline{WEN2/LD}$ is HIGH at reset, this pin operates as a second write enable. If $\overline{WEN2/LD}$ is LOW at reset, this pin operates as a control to load and read the programmable flag offsets. If the FIFO is configured to have two write enables, $\overline{WEN1}$ must be LOW and $\overline{WEN2}$ must be HIGH to write data into the FIFO. Data will not be written into the FIFO if the \overline{FF} is LOW. If the FIFO is configured to have programmable flags, $\overline{WEN2/LD}$ is held LOW to write or read the programmable flag offsets.
Q0-Q8	Data Outputs	O	Data outputs for a 9-bit bus.
RCLK	Read Clock	I	Data is read from the FIFO on a LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK when $\overline{REN1}$ and $\overline{REN2}$ are asserted.
$\overline{REN1}$	Read Enable 1	I	When $\overline{REN1}$ and $\overline{REN2}$ are LOW, data is read from the FIFO on every LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK. Data will not be read from the FIFO if the \overline{EF} is LOW.
$\overline{REN2}$	Read Enable 2	I	When $\overline{REN1}$ and $\overline{REN2}$ are LOW, data is read from the FIFO on every LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK. Data will not be read from the FIFO if the \overline{EF} is LOW.
\overline{OE}	Output Enable	I	When \overline{OE} is LOW, the data output bus is active. If \overline{OE} is HIGH, the output data bus will be in a high-impedance state.
\overline{EF}	Empty Flag	O	When \overline{EF} is LOW, the FIFO is empty and further data reads from the output are inhibited. When \overline{EF} is HIGH, the FIFO is not empty. \overline{EF} is synchronized to RCLK.
\overline{PAE}	Programmable Almost-Empty Flag	O	When \overline{PAE} is LOW, the FIFO is almost empty based on the offset programmed into the FIFO. The default offset at reset is Empty+7. \overline{PAE} is synchronized to RCLK.
\overline{PAF}	Programmable Almost-Full Flag	O	When \overline{PAF} is LOW, the FIFO is almost full based on the offset programmed into the FIFO. The default offset at reset is Full-7. \overline{PAF} is synchronized to WCLK.
\overline{FF}	Full Flag	O	When \overline{FF} is LOW, the FIFO is full and further data writes into the input are inhibited. When \overline{FF} is HIGH, the FIFO is not full. \overline{FF} is synchronized to WCLK.
VCC	Power		One +5 volt power supply pin.
GND	Ground		One 0 volt ground pin.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Rating	Com'l & Ind'l	Mil.	Unit
VTERM	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to +7.0	-0.5 to +7.0	V
TSTG	Storage Temperature	-55 to +125	-65 to +135	°C
IOUT	DC Output Current	-50 to +50	-50 to +50	mA

NOTE:

- Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
VCC	Supply Voltage Com'l/Ind'l/Mil.	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
GND	Supply Voltage	0	0	0	V
VIH	Input High Voltage Com'l/Ind'l	2.0	—	—	V
VIH	Input High Voltage Military	2.2	—	—	V
VIL	Input Low Voltage Com'l/Ind'l/Mil.	—	—	0.8	V
TA	Operating Temperature Commercial	0	—	70	°C
TA	Operating Temperature Industrial	-40	—	85	°C
TA	Operating Temperature Military	-55	—	125	°C

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Commercial: VCC = 5V ± 10%, TA = 0°C to +70°C; Industrial: VCC = 5V ± 10%, TA = -40°C to +85°C; Military: VCC = 5V ± 10%, TA = -55°C to +125°C)

Symbol	Parameter	IDT72421 IDT72201 IDT72211 IDT72221 IDT72231 IDT72241 Com'l and Ind'l ⁽¹⁾ tCLK = 10, 12, 15, 25, 35 ns			IDT72251 Com'l and Ind'l ⁽¹⁾ tCLK = 15, 20, 25, 35 ns			IDT72421 IDT72201 IDT72211 IDT72221 IDT72231 IDT72241 Military tCLK = 20, 25, 50 ns			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
ILI ⁽²⁾	Input Leakage Current (Any Input)	-1	—	1	-1	—	1	-10	—	10	μA
ILO ⁽³⁾	Output Leakage Current	-10	—	10	-10	—	10	-10	—	10	μA
VOH	Output Logic "1" Voltage, IOH = -2mA	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	V
VOL	Output Logic "0" Voltage, IOL = 8mA	—	—	0.4	—	—	0.4	—	—	0.4	V
ICC1 ^(4,5,6,8)	Active Power Supply Current	—	—	35	—	—	50	—	—	40	mA
ICC2 ^(4,7,8)	Standby Current	—	—	5	—	—	5	—	—	5	mA

NOTES:

- Industrial temperature range product for the 25 ns speed grade is available as a standard device. All other speed grades are available by special order.
- Measurements with $0.4 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$.
- $OE \geq V_{IH}$, $0.4 \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$.
- Tested with outputs open ($I_{OUT} = 0$).
- RCLK and WCLK toggle at 20 MHz and data inputs switch at 10 MHz.
- Typical $ICC1 = 1.7 + 0.7 \cdot f_s + 0.02 \cdot C_L \cdot f_s$ (in mA).
These equations are valid under the following conditions:
 $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, $f_s =$ WCLK frequency = RCLK frequency (in MHz, using TTL levels), data switching at $f_s/2$, $C_L =$ capacitive load (in pF).
- All Inputs = $V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $GND + 0.2V$, except RCLK and WCLK, which toggle at 20 MHz.
- The $ICC1$ and $ICC2$ parameters are improved as compared to previous data sheets. **To order product for new designs that require the measurements shown in this data sheet, please specify die revision "W" (see Ordering Information).**

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Commercial: $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $+70^\circ C$; Industrial: $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$; Military: $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -55^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$)

Commercial: VCC = 5V ± 10%, TA = 0 °C to +70 °C, Industrial: VCC = 5V ± 10%, TA = -40 °C to +65 °C, Military: VCC = 5V ± 10%, TA = -55 °C to +125 °C																
Symbol	Parameter	Commercial			Military		Com'l, Ind'l ⁽¹⁾ & Military		Com'l		Military		Unit			
		72421L10	72421L12	72421L15	72421L20	72421L25	72421L35	72421L50								
		72201L10	72201L12	72201L15	72201L20	72201L25	72201L35	72201L50								
		72211L10	72211L12	72211L15	72211L20	72211L25	72211L35	72211L50								
		72221L10	72221L12	72221L15	72221L20	72221L25	72221L35	72221L50								
72231L10	72231L12	72231L15	72231L20	72231L25	72231L35	72231L50										
72241L10	72241L12	72241L15	72241L20	72241L25	72241L35	72241L50										
			72251L15	Commercial	Com'l and Ind'l ⁽¹⁾		72251L35									
				72251L20	72251L25											
Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.					
fs	Clock Cycle Frequency	—	100	83.3	—	66.7	—	50	—	40	—	28.6	—	20	MHz	
tA	Data Access Time	2	6.5	2	8	2	10	2	12	2	15	2	20	3	25	ns
tCLK	Clock Cycle Time	10	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	25	—	35	—	50	—	ns
tCLKH	Clock High Time	4.5	—	5	—	6	—	8	—	10	—	14	—	20	—	ns
tCLKL	Clock Low Time	4.5	—	5	—	6	—	8	—	10	—	14	—	20	—	ns
tDS	Data Set-up Time	3	—	3	—	4	—	5	—	6	—	7	—	10	—	ns
tDH	Data Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	2	—	2	—	ns
tENS	Enable Set-up Time	3	—	3	—	4	—	5	—	6	—	7	—	10	—	ns
tENH	Enable Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	2	—	2	—	ns
trS	Reset Pulse Width ⁽²⁾	10	—	12	—	15	—	15	—	15	—	35	—	50	—	ns
trSS	Reset Set-up Time	8	—	9	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	30	—	ns
trSR	Reset Recovery Time	8	—	9	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	30	—	ns
trSF	Reset to Flag and Output Time	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	25	—	35	—	50	ns
tOLZ	Output Enable to Output in Low-Z ⁽³⁾	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tOE	Output Enable to Output Valid	3	6	3	7	3	8	3	10	3	13	3	15	3	28	ns
tOHZ	Output Enable to Output in High-Z ⁽³⁾	3	6	3	7	3	8	3	10	3	13	3	15	3	28	ns
twFF	Write Clock to Full Flag	—	6.5	—	8	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	30	ns
tREF	Read Clock to Empty Flag	—	6.5	—	8	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	30	ns
tPAF	Write Clock to Programmable Almost-Full Flag	—	6.5	—	8	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	30	ns
tPAE	Read Clock to Programmable Almost-Empty Flag	—	6.5	—	8	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	30	ns
tSKEW1	Skew time between Read Clock & Write Clock for Empty Flag & Full Flag	5	—	5	—	6	—	8	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	ns
tSKEW2	Skew time between Read Clock & Write Clock for Almost-Empty Flag & Programmable Almost-Full Flag	14	—	14	—	15	—	16	—	18	—	20	—	22	—	ns

NOTES:

1. Industrial temperature range is available by special order for speed grades faster than 25ns.
2. Pulse widths less than minimum values are not allowed.
3. Values guaranteed by design, not currently tested.

AC TEST CONDITIONS

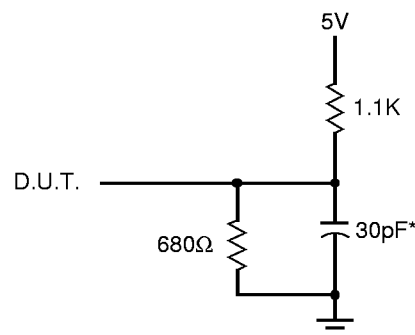
In Pulse Levels	GND to 3.0V
Input Rise/Fall Times	3ns
Input Timing Reference Levels	1.5V
Output Reference Levels	1.5V
Output Load	See Figure 1

CAPACITANCE ($T_A = +25^\circ C$, $f = 1.0MHz$)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Unit
C _{IN} ⁽²⁾	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 0V	10	pF
C _{OUT} ^(1,2)	Output Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0V	10	pF

NOTES:

1. With output deselected ($\overline{OE} \geq V_{IH}$).
2. Characterized values, not currently tested.



2655 drw 03

or equivalent circuit

Figure 1. Output Load

*Includes jig and scope capacitances.

INPUTS:

Data In (D0 - D8) — Data inputs for 9-bit wide data.

CONTROLS:

Reset (RS) — Reset is accomplished whenever the Reset (RS) input is taken to a LOW state. During reset, both internal read and write pointers are set to the first location. A reset is required after power-up before a write operation can take place. The Full Flag (FF) and Programmable Almost-Full Flag (PAF) will be reset to HIGH after tRSF. The Empty Flag (EF) and Programmable Almost-Empty Flag (PAE) will be reset to LOW after tRSF. During reset, the output register is initialized to all zeros and the offset registers are initialized to their default values.

Write Clock (WCLK) — A write cycle is initiated on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the write clock (WCLK). Data set-up and hold times must be met in respect to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the write clock (WCLK). The Full Flag ($\overline{\text{FF}}$) and Programmable Almost-Full Flag ($\overline{\text{PAF}}$) are synchronized with respect to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the write clock (WCLK).

The write and read clocks can be asynchronous or coincident.

Write Enable 1 ($\overline{\text{WEN1}}$) — If the FIFO is configured for programmable flags, Write Enable 1 ($\overline{\text{WEN1}}$) is the only enable control pin. In this configuration, when Write Enable 1 ($\overline{\text{WEN1}}$) is LOW, data can be loaded into the input register and RAM array on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of every write clock (WCLK). Data is stored in the RAM array sequentially and independently of any on-going read operation.

In this configuration, when Write Enable 1 ($\overline{\text{WEN1}}$) is HIGH, the input register holds the previous data and no new data is allowed to be loaded into the register.

If the FIFO is configured to have two write enables, which allows for depth expansion, there are two enable control pins. See Write Enable 2 paragraph below for operation in this configuration.

To prevent data overflow, the Full Flag ($\overline{\text{FF}}$) will go LOW, inhibiting further write operations. Upon the completion of a valid read cycle, the Full Flag ($\overline{\text{FF}}$) will go HIGH after twFF, allowing a valid write to begin. Write Enable 1 ($\overline{\text{WEN1}}$) is ignored when the FIFO is full.

Read Clock (RCLK) — Data can be read on the outputs on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the read clock (RCLK). The Empty Flag ($\overline{\text{EF}}$) and Programmable Almost-Empty Flag ($\overline{\text{PAE}}$) are synchronized with respect to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the read clock (RCLK).

The write and read clocks can be asynchronous or coincident.

Read Enables ($\overline{\text{REN1}}$, $\overline{\text{REN2}}$) — When both Read Enables ($\overline{\text{REN1}}$, $\overline{\text{REN2}}$) are LOW, data is read from the RAM array to the output register on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the read clock (RCLK).

When either Read Enable ($\overline{\text{REN1}}$, $\overline{\text{REN2}}$) is HIGH, the output register holds the previous data and no new data is allowed to be loaded into the register.

When all the data has been read from the FIFO, the Empty Flag (EF) will go LOW, inhibiting further read operations. Once a valid write operation has been accomplished, the Empty Flag ($\overline{\text{EF}}$) will go HIGH after tREF and a valid read can begin. The Read Enables ($\overline{\text{REN1}}$, $\overline{\text{REN2}}$) are ignored when the FIFO is empty.

Output Enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) — When Output Enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) is enabled (LOW), the parallel output buffers receive data from the output register. When Output Enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) is disabled (HIGH), the Q output data bus is in a high-impedance state.

Write Enable 2/Load ($\overline{\text{WEN2/LD}}$) — This is a dual-purpose pin. The FIFO is configured at Reset to have programmable flags or to have two write enables, which allows depth expansion. If Write Enable 2/Load ($\overline{\text{WEN2/LD}}$) is set HIGH at Reset ($\overline{\text{RS}} = \text{LOW}$), this pin operates as a second write enable pin.

If the FIFO is configured to have two write enables, when Write Enable ($\overline{\text{WEN1}}$) is LOW and Write Enable 2/Load ($\overline{\text{WEN2/LD}}$) is HIGH, data can be loaded into the input register and RAM array on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of every write clock (WCLK). Data is stored in the RAM array sequentially and independently of any on-going read operation.

In this configuration, when Write Enable ($\overline{\text{WEN1}}$) is HIGH and/or Write Enable 2/Load ($\overline{\text{WEN2/LD}}$) is LOW, the input register holds the previous data and no new data is allowed to be loaded into the register.

To prevent data overflow, the Full Flag ($\overline{\text{FF}}$) will go LOW, inhibiting further write operations. Upon the completion of a valid read cycle, the Full Flag ($\overline{\text{FF}}$) will go HIGH after twFF, allowing a valid write to begin. Write Enable 1 ($\overline{\text{WEN1}}$) and Write Enable 2/Load ($\overline{\text{WEN2/LD}}$) are ignored when the FIFO is full.

The FIFO is configured to have programmable flags when the Write Enable 2/Load ($\overline{\text{WEN2/LD}}$) is set LOW at Reset ($\overline{\text{RS}} = \text{LOW}$). The IDT72421/72201/72211/72221/72231/72241/72251 devices contain four 8-bit offset registers which can be loaded with data on the inputs, or read on the outputs. See Figure 3 for details of the size of the registers and the default values.

If the FIFO is configured to have programmable flags when the Write Enable 1 ($\overline{\text{WEN1}}$) and Write Enable 2/Load ($\overline{\text{WEN2/LD}}$) are set LOW, data on the inputs D is written into the Empty (Least Significant Bit) offset register on the first LOW-to-HIGH transition of the write clock (WCLK). Data is written into the Empty (Most Significant Bit) offset register on the second LOW-to-HIGH transition of the write clock (WCLK), into the Full (Least Significant Bit) offset register on the third transition, and into the Full (Most Significant Bit) offset register on the fourth transition. The fifth transition of the write clock (WCLK) again writes to the Empty (Least Significant Bit) offset register.

However, writing all offset registers does not have to occur at one time. One or two offset registers can be written and then by bringing the Write Enable 2/Load ($\overline{\text{WEN2/LD}}$) pin HIGH, the FIFO is returned to normal read/write operation. When the

Write Enable 2/Load ($\overline{\text{WEN2/LD}}$) pin is set LOW, the Write Enable 1 ($\overline{\text{WEN1}}$) is LOW, the next offset register in sequence is written.

The contents of the offset registers can be read on the output lines when the Write Enable 2/Load ($\overline{\text{WEN2/LD}}$) pin is set LOW and both Read Enables ($\overline{\text{REN1}}$, $\overline{\text{REN2}}$) are set LOW. Data can be read on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the read clock (RCLK).

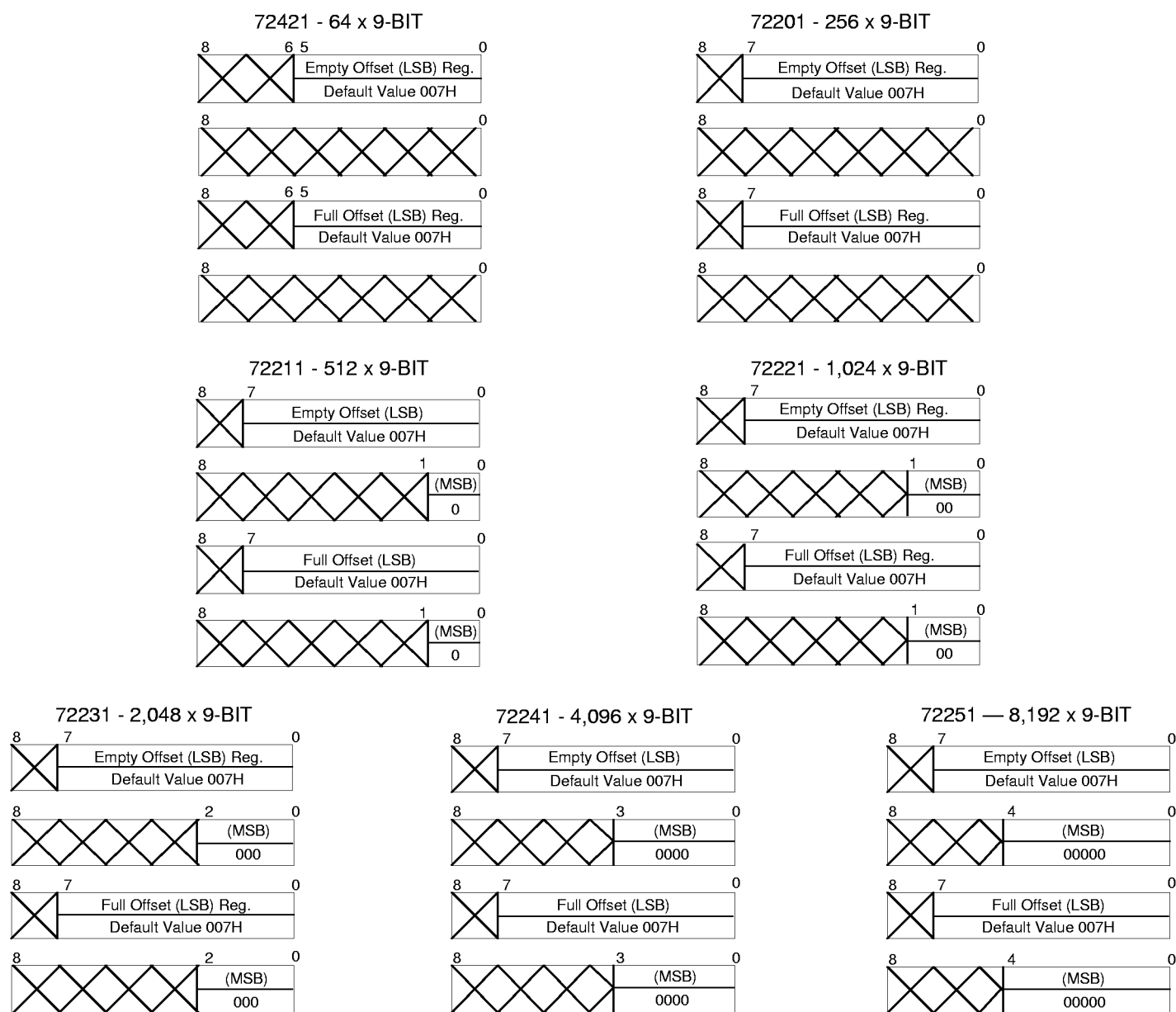
A read and write should not be performed simultaneously to the offset registers.

$\overline{\text{LD}}$	$\overline{\text{WEN1}}$	WCLK	Selection
0	0		Empty Offset (LSB) Empty Offset (MSB) Full Offset (LSB) Full Offset (MSB)
0	1		No Operation
1	0		Write Into FIFO
1	1		No Operation

NOTE:

- For the purposes of this table, $\text{WEN2} = V_{IH}$.
- The same selection sequence applies to reading from the registers. $\overline{\text{REN1}}$ and $\overline{\text{REN2}}$ are enabled and read is performed on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK.

Figure 2. Write Offset Register



2655 drw 05

Figure 3. Offset Register Location and Default Values

OUTPUTS:

Full Flag (\overline{FF}) — The Full Flag (\overline{FF}) will go LOW, inhibiting further write operation, when the device is full. If no reads are performed after Reset (\overline{RS}), the Full Flag (\overline{FF}) will go LOW after 64 writes for the IDT72421, 256 writes for the IDT72201, 512 writes for the IDT72211, 1,024 writes for the IDT72221, 2,048 writes for the IDT72231, 4,096 writes for the IDT72241, and 8,192 writes for the IDT72251.

The Full Flag (\overline{FF}) is synchronized with respect to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the write clock (WCLK).

Empty Flag (\overline{EF}) — The Empty Flag (\overline{EF}) will go LOW, inhibiting further read operations, when the read pointer is equal to the write pointer, indicating the device is empty.

The Empty Flag (\overline{EF}) is synchronized with respect to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the read clock (RCLK).

Programmable Almost-Full Flag (\overline{PAF}) — The Programmable Almost-Full Flag (\overline{PAF}) will go LOW when the FIFO reaches the Almost-Full condition. If no reads are performed after Reset (\overline{RS}), the Programmable Almost-Full Flag (\overline{PAF}) will go LOW after (64-m) writes for the IDT72421, (256-m) writes for the IDT72201, (512-m) writes for the IDT72211, (1,024-m) writes for the IDT72221, (2,048-m)

writes for the IDT72231, (4,096-m) writes for the IDT72241, and (8,192-m) writes for the IDT72251. The offset "m" is defined in the Full offset registers.

If there is no Full offset specified, the Programmable Almost-Full Flag (\overline{PAF}) will go LOW at Full-7 words.

The Programmable Almost-Full Flag (\overline{PAF}) is synchronized with respect to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the write clock (WCLK).

Programmable Almost-Empty Flag (\overline{PAE}) — The Programmable Almost-Empty Flag (\overline{PAE}) will go LOW when the read pointer is "n+1" locations less than the write pointer. The offset "n" is defined in the Empty offset registers. If no reads are performed after Reset the Programmable Almost-Empty Flag (\overline{PAE}) will go HIGH after "n+1" for the IDT72421/72201/72211/72221/72231/72241/72251.

If there is no Empty offset specified, the Programmable Almost-Empty Flag (\overline{PAE}) will go LOW at Empty+7 words.

The Programmable Almost-Empty Flag (\overline{PAE}) is synchronized with respect to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the read clock (RCLK).

Data Outputs (Q_0 - Q_8) — Data outputs for a 9-bit wide data.

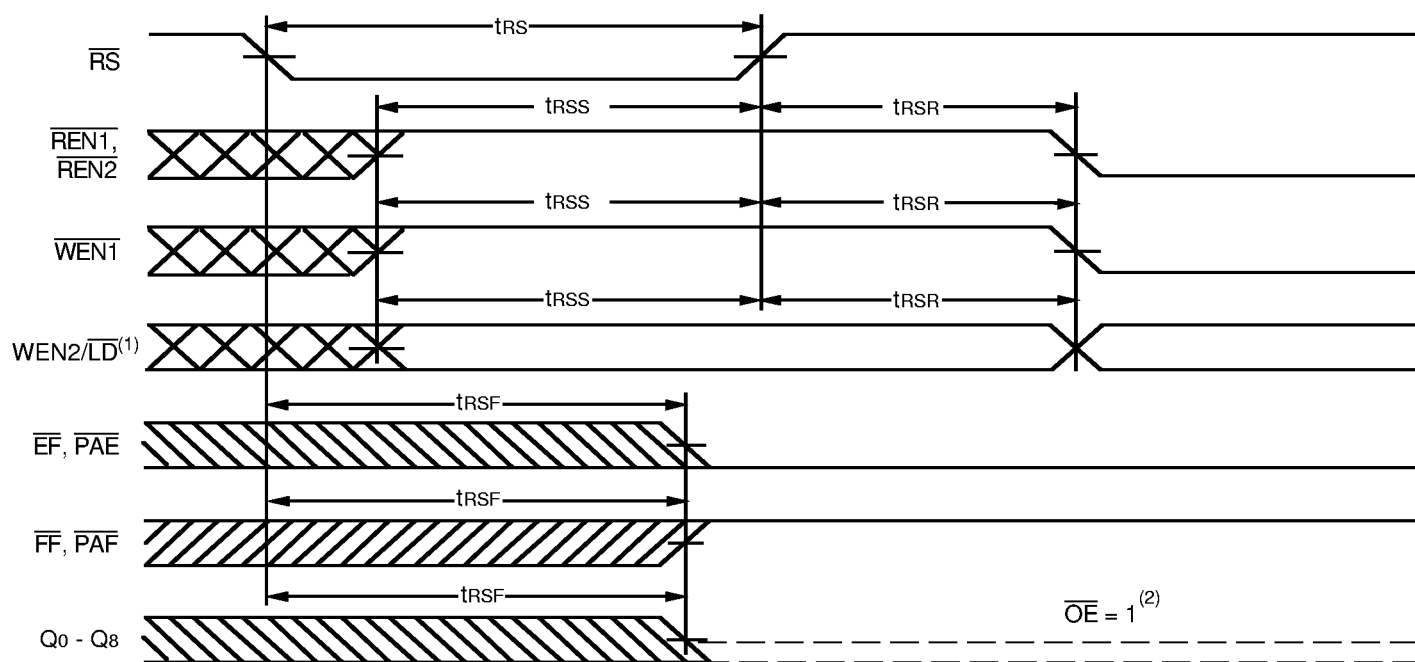
TABLE 1: STATUS FLAGS

NUMBER OF WORDS IN FIFO			\overline{FF}	\overline{PAF}	\overline{PAE}	\overline{EF}
72421	72201	72211				
0	0	0	H	H	L	L
1 to $n^{(1)}$	1 to $n^{(1)}$	1 to $n^{(1)}$	H	H	L	H
(n+1) to (64-(m+1))	(n+1) to (256-(m+1))	(n+1) to (512-(m+1))	H	H	H	H
(64-m) ⁽²⁾ to 63	(256-m) ⁽²⁾ to 255	(512-m) ⁽²⁾ to 511	H	L	H	H
64	256	512	L	L	H	H

NUMBER OF WORDS IN FIFO				\overline{FF}	\overline{PAF}	\overline{PAE}	\overline{EF}
72221	72231	72241	72251				
0	0	0	0	H	H	L	L
1 to $n^{(1)}$	1 to $n^{(1)}$	1 to $n^{(1)}$	1 to $n^{(1)}$	H	H	L	H
(n+1) to (1,024-(m+1))	(n+1) to (2,048-(m+1))	(n+1) to (4,096-(m+1))	(n+1) to (8,192-(m+1))	H	H	H	H
(1,024-m) ⁽²⁾ to 1,023	(2,048-m) ⁽²⁾ to 2,047	(4,096-m) ⁽²⁾ to 4,095	(8,192-m) ⁽²⁾ to 8,191	H	L	H	H
1,024	2,048	4,096	8,192	L	L	H	H

NOTES:

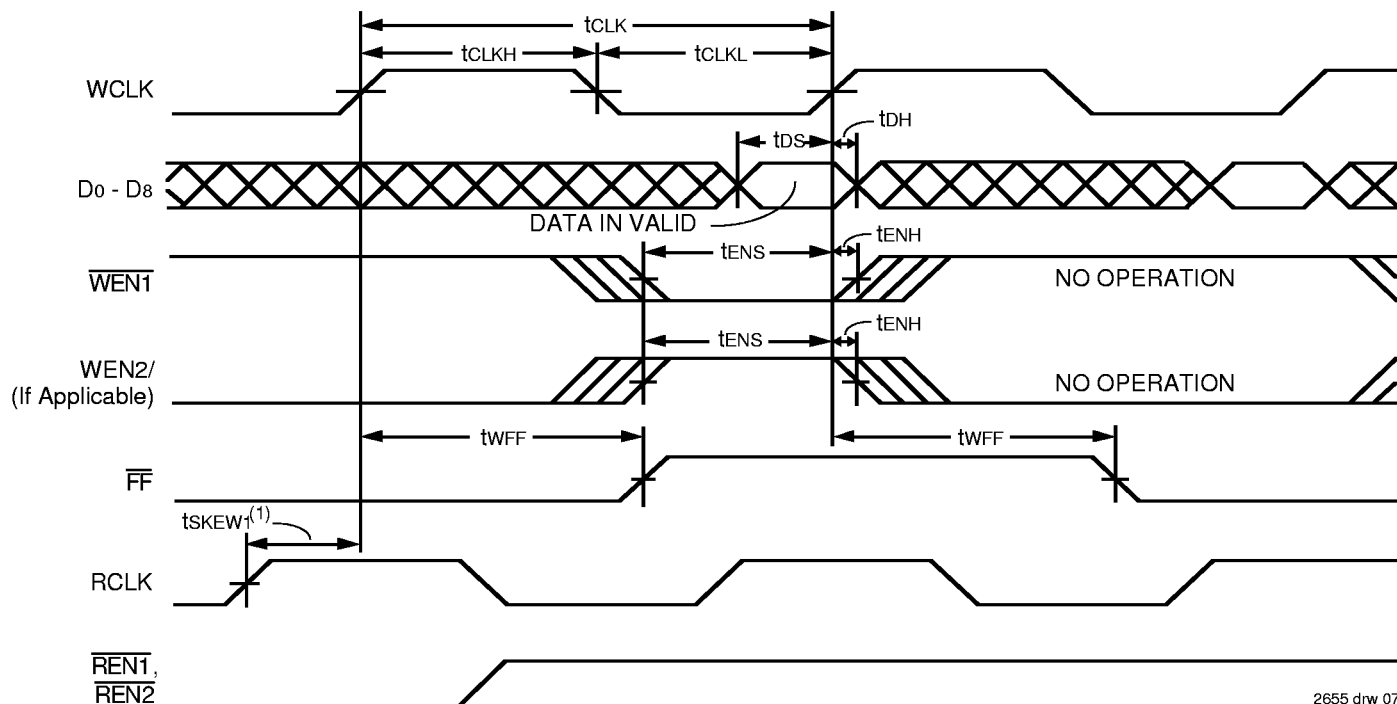
1. n = Empty Offset (n = 7 default value)
2. m = Full Offset (m = 7 default value)



NOTES:

1. Holding WEN2/LD HIGH during reset will make the pin act as a second write enable pin. Holding WEN2/LD LOW during reset will make the pin act as a load enable for the programmable flag offset registers.
2. After reset, the outputs will be LOW if $\overline{OE} = 0$ and tri-state if $\overline{OE} = 1$.
3. The clocks (RCLK, WCLK) can be free-running during reset.

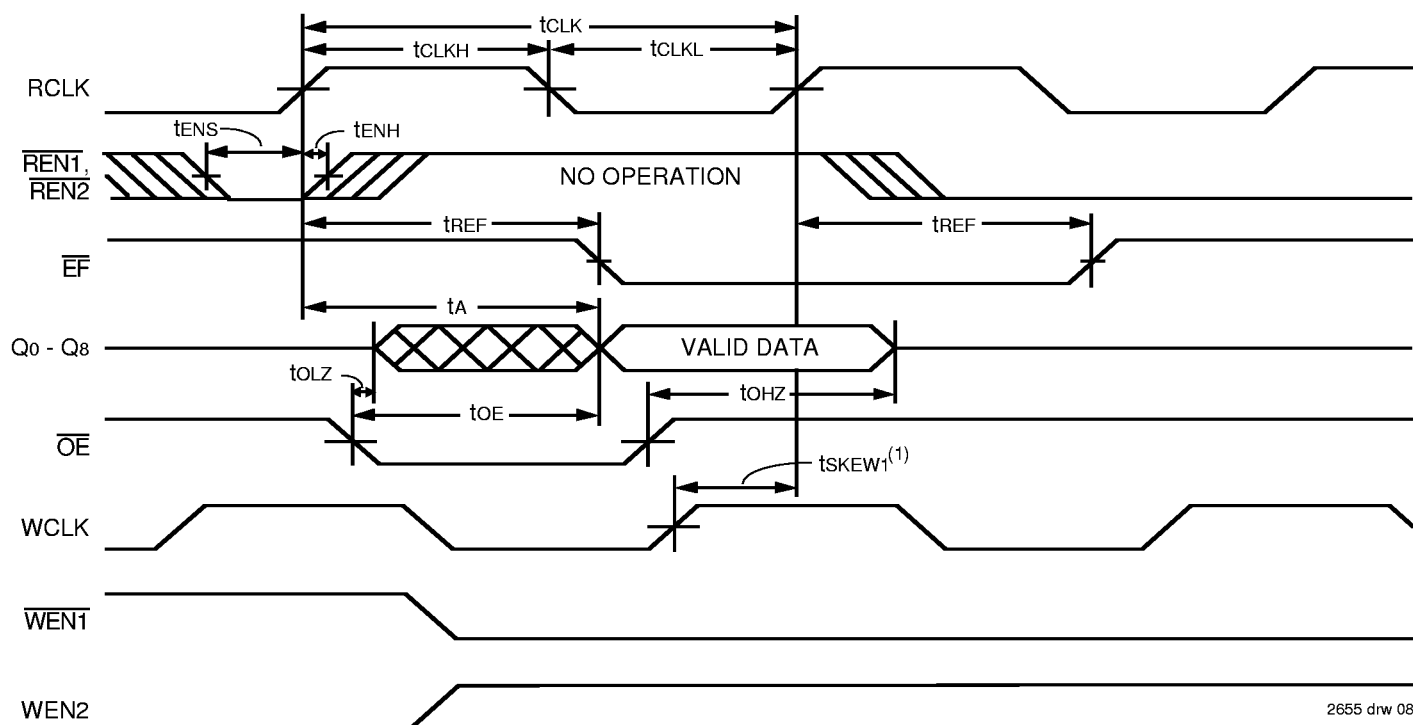
Figure 4. Reset Timing



NOTE:

1. t_{SKEW1} is the minimum time between a rising RCLK edge and a rising WCLK edge for FF to change during the current clock cycle. If the time between the rising edge of RCLK and the rising edge of WCLK is less than t_{SKEW1} , then FF may not change state until the next WCLK edge.

Figure 5. Write Cycle Timing

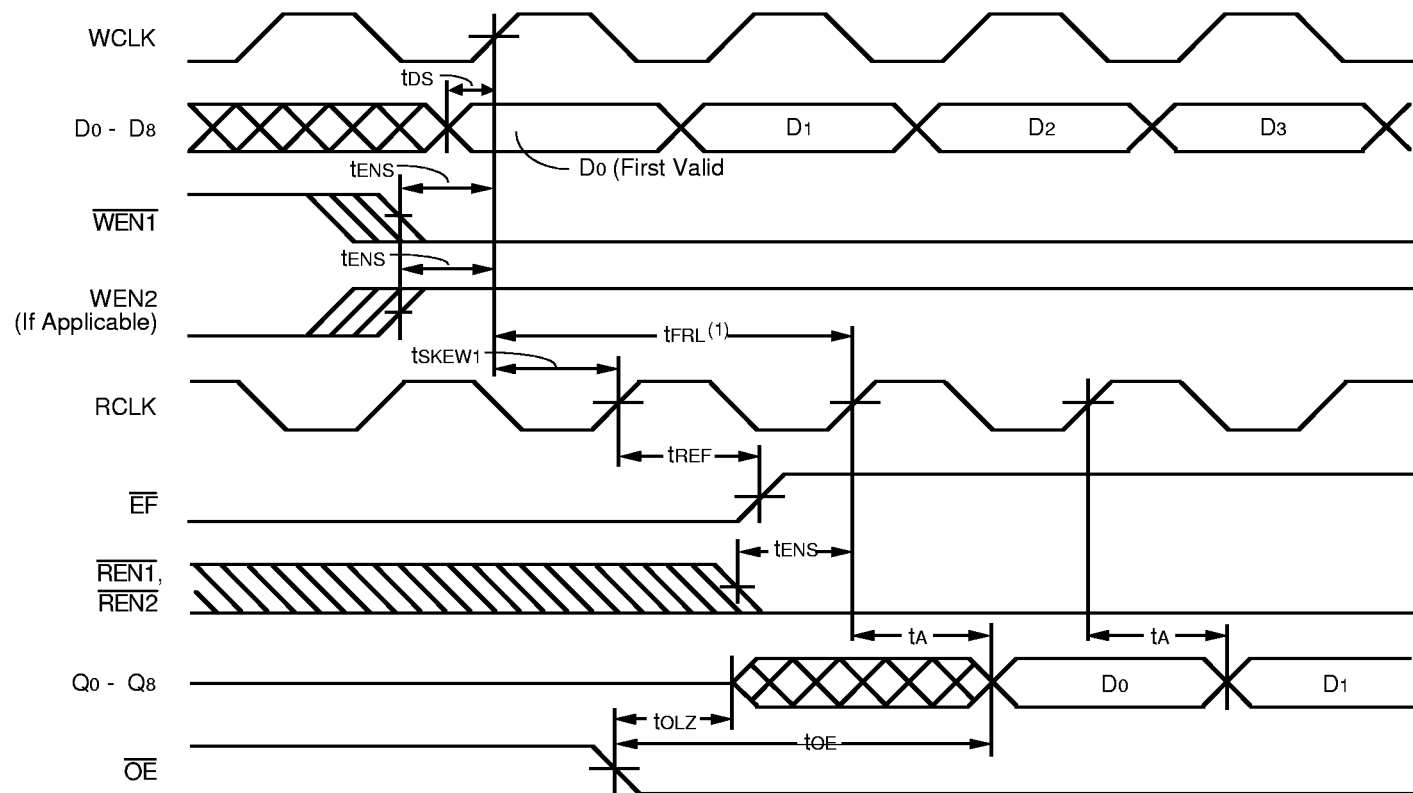


2655 drw 08

NOTE:

1. t_{SKEW1} is the minimum time between a rising WCLK edge and a rising RCLK edge for \overline{EF} to change during the current clock cycle. If the time between the rising edge of RCLK and the rising edge of WCLK is less than t_{SKEW1} , then \overline{EF} may not change state until the next RCLK edge.

Figure 6. Read Cycle Timing

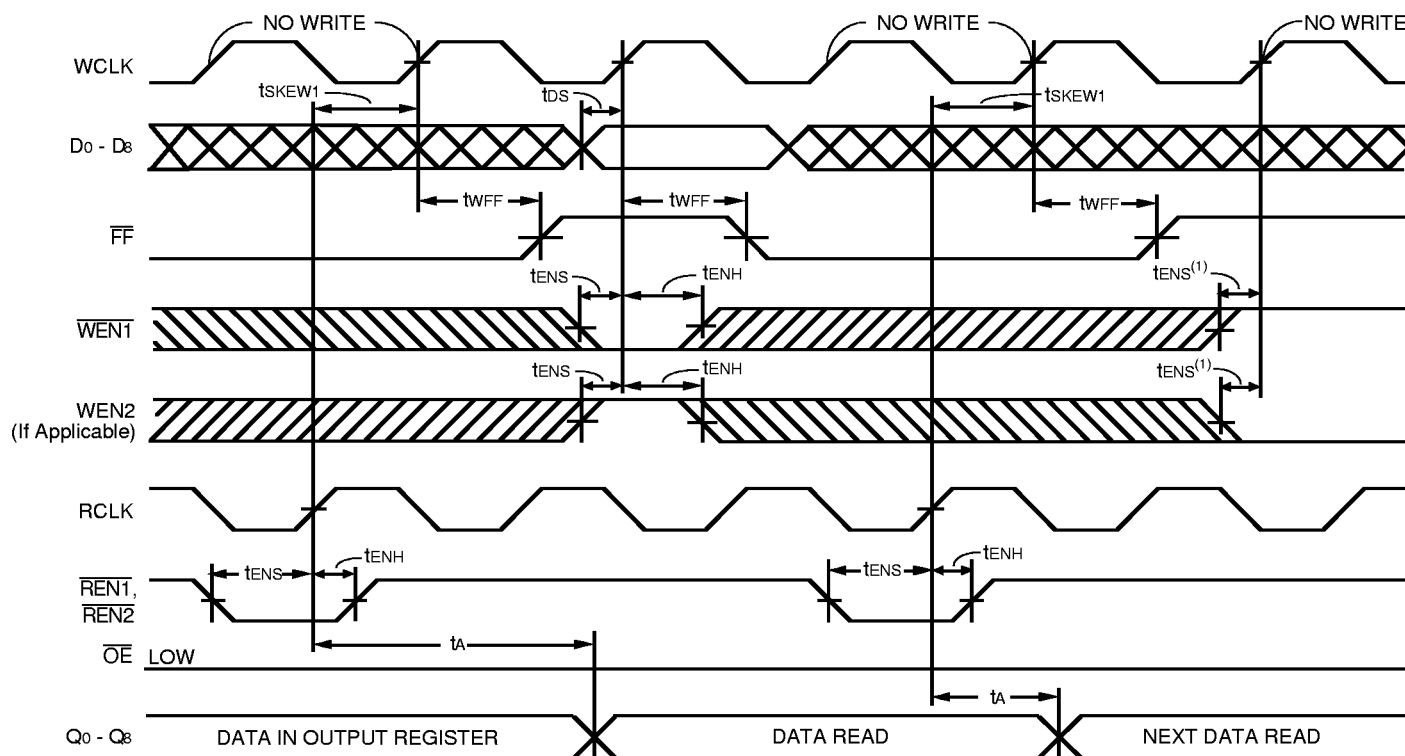


2655 drw 09

NOTE:

1. When $t_{SKEW1} \geq$ minimum specification, $t_{FRL} = t_{CLK} + t_{SKEW1}$
 $t_{SKEW1} <$ minimum specification, $t_{FRL} = 2t_{CLK} + t_{SKEW1}$ or $t_{CLK} + t_{SKEW1}$
The Latency Timings apply only at the Empty Boundary ($\overline{EF} = \text{LOW}$).

Figure 7. First Data Word Latency Timing

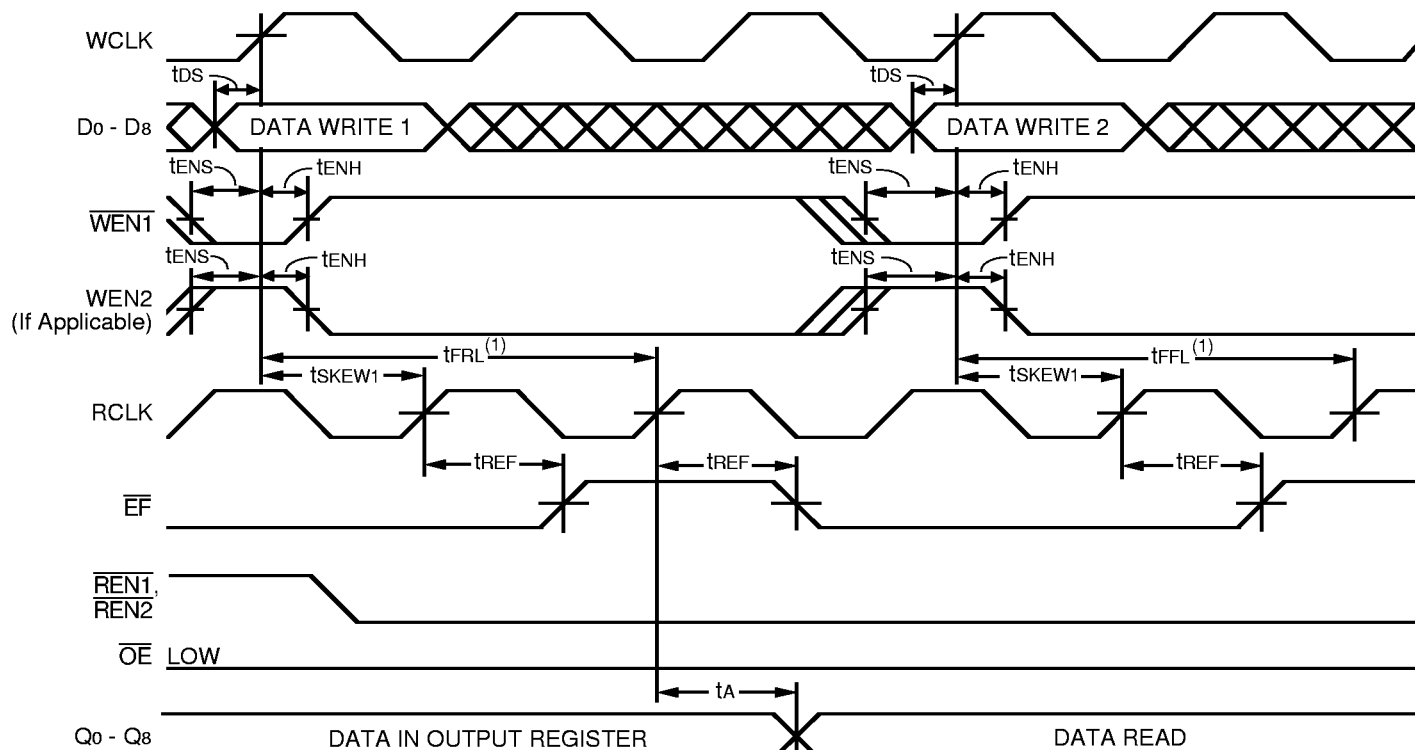


2655 drw 10

NOTE:

1. Only one of the two write enable inputs, $\overline{WEN1}$ or $\overline{WEN2}$, needs to go inactive to inhibit writes to the FIFO.

Figure 8. Full Flag Timing

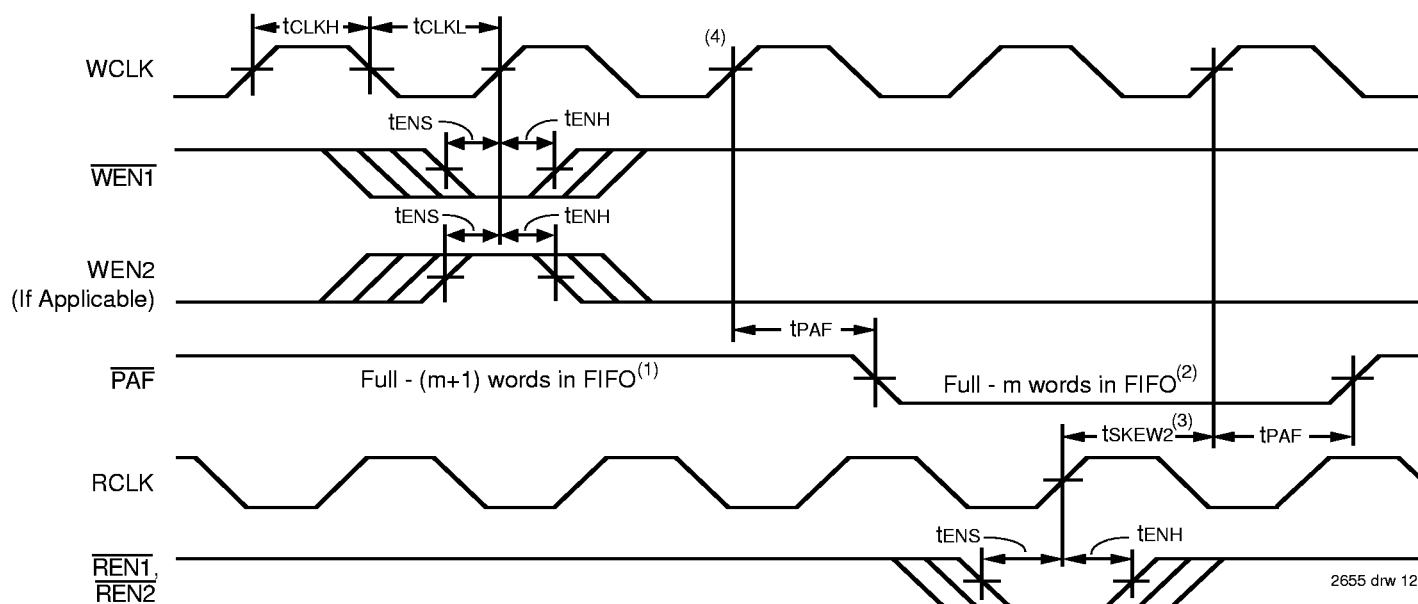


2655 drw 11

NOTE:

1. When $t_{SKW1} \geq$ minimum specification, t_{FRL} maximum = $t_{CLK} + t_{SKW1}$
 $t_{SKW1} <$ minimum specification, t_{FRL} maximum = $2t_{CLK} + t_{SKW1}$ or $t_{CLK} + t_{SKW1}$
 The Latency Timings apply only at the Empty Boundary ($\overline{EF} = \text{LOW}$).

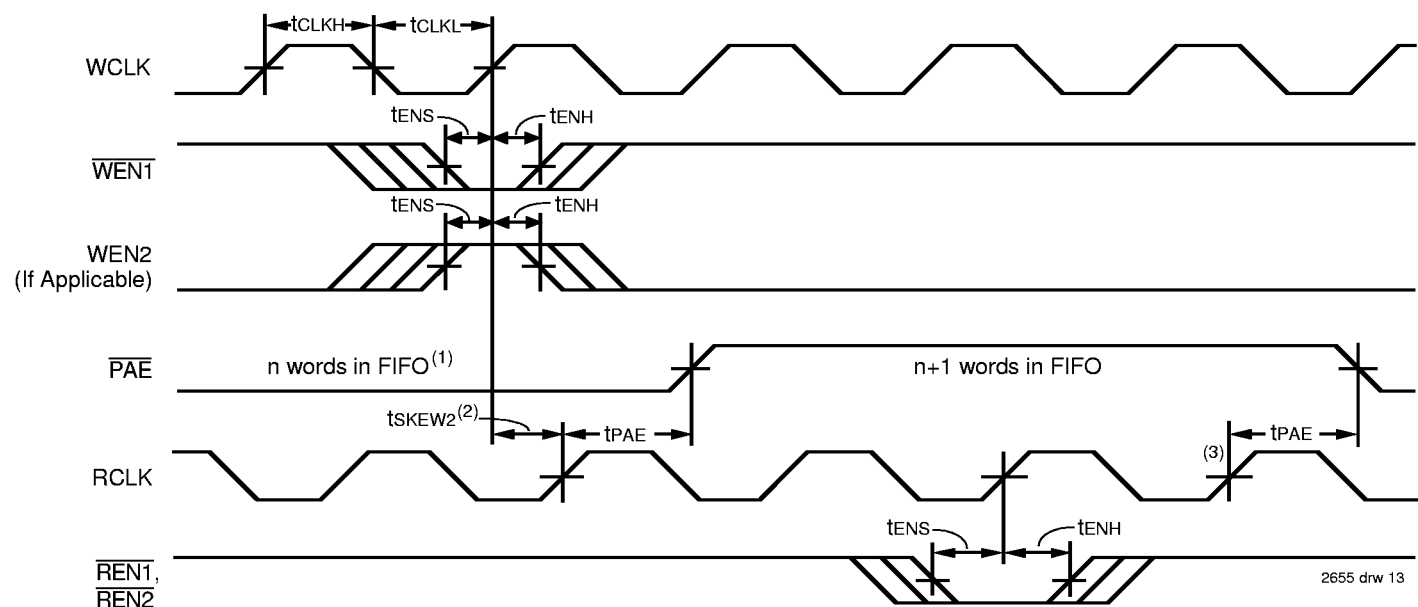
Figure 9. Empty Flag Timing



NOTES:

1. $m = \overline{PAF}$ offset.
2. 64-m words in FIFO for IDT72421, 256-m words for IDT72201, 512-m words for IDT72211, 1,024-m words for IDT72221, 2,048-m words for IDT72231, 4,096-m words for IDT72241, and 8,192-m words for IDT72251.
3. t_{SKEW2} is the minimum time between a rising RCLK edge and a rising WCLK edge for \overline{PAF} to change during that clock cycle. If the time between the rising edge of RCLK and the rising edge of WCLK is less than t_{SKEW2} , then \overline{PAF} may not change state until the next WCLK rising edge.
4. If a write is performed on this rising edge of the write clock, there will be Full - (m-1) words in the FIFO when \overline{PAF} goes LOW.

Figure 10. Programmable Full Flag Timing



NOTES:

1. $n = \overline{PAE}$ offset.
2. t_{SKEW2} is the minimum time between a rising WCLK edge and a rising RCLK edge for \overline{PAE} to change during that clock cycle. If the time between the rising edge of WCLK and the rising edge of RCLK is less than t_{SKEW2} , then \overline{PAE} may not change state until the next RCLK rising edge.
3. If a read is performed on this rising edge of the read clock, there will be Empty + (n-1) words in the FIFO when \overline{PAE} goes LOW.

Figure 11. Programmable Empty Flag Timing

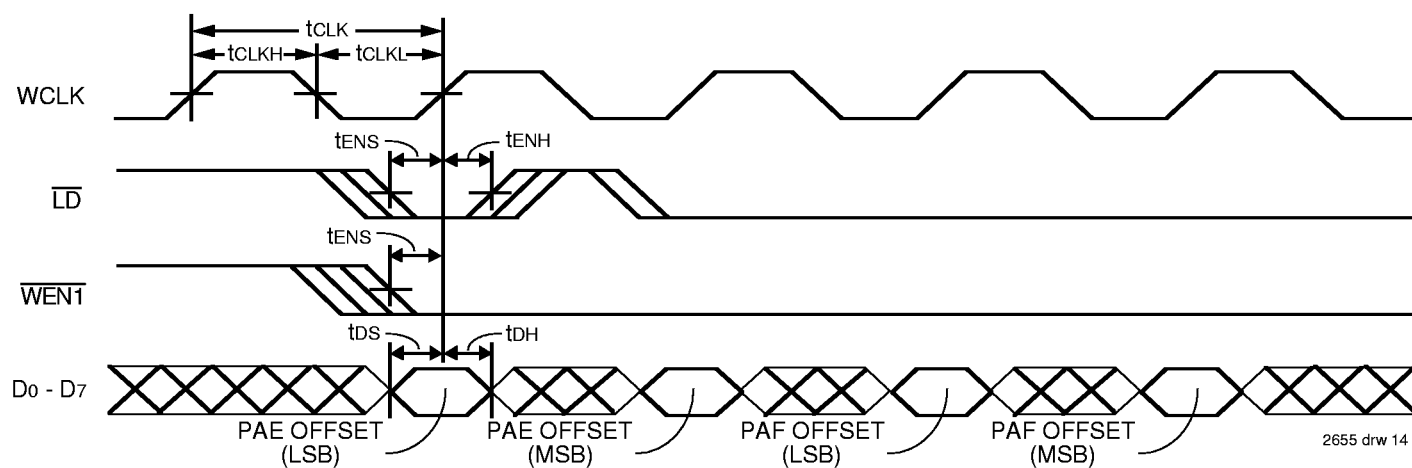


Figure 12. Write Offset Registers Timing

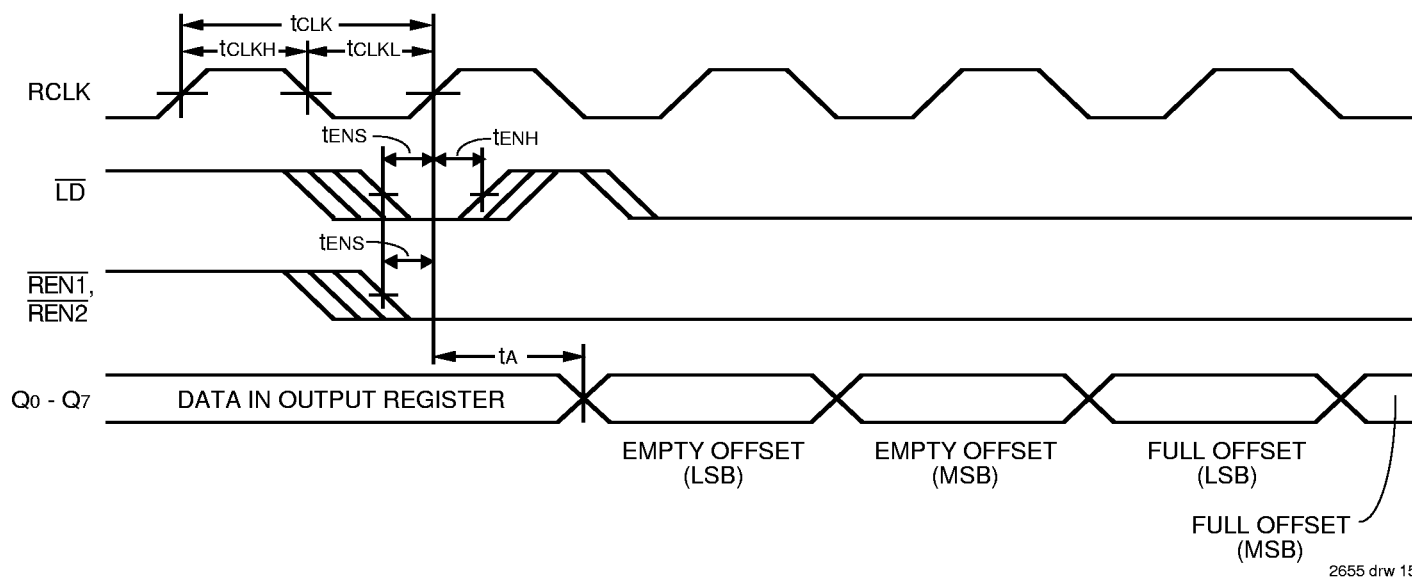
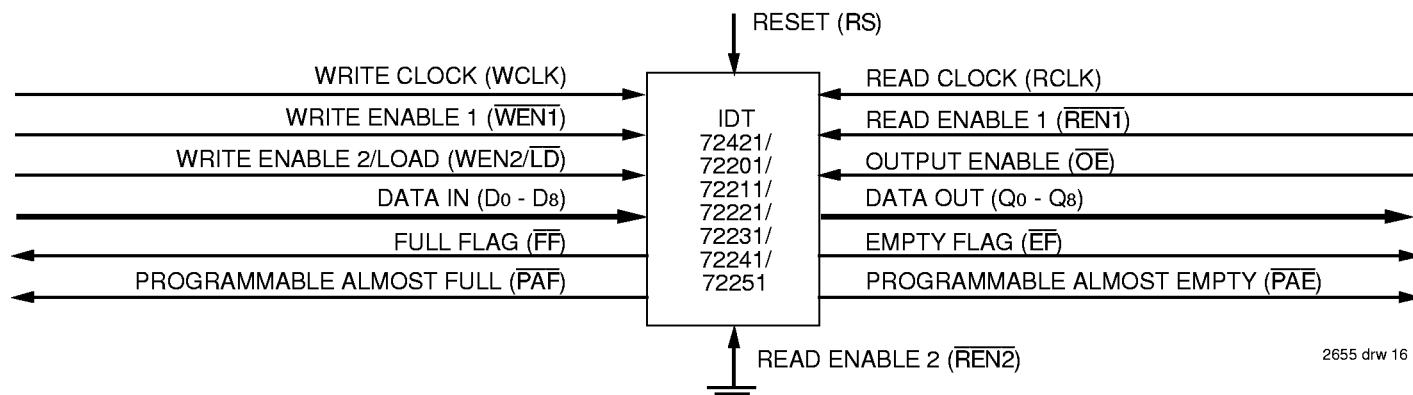


Figure 13. Read Offset Registers Timing

OPERATING CONFIGURATIONS

SINGLE DEVICE CONFIGURATION - A single IDT72421/72201/72211/72221/72231/72241/72251 may be used when the application requirements are for 64/256/512/1,024/2,048/4,096/8,192 words or less. When these FIFOs are in a Single

Device Configuration, the Read Enable 2 ($\overline{\text{REN2}}$) control input can be grounded (see Figure 14). In this configuration, the Write Enable 2/Load (WEN2/LD) pin is set LOW at Reset so that the pin operates as a control to load and read the programmable flag offsets.



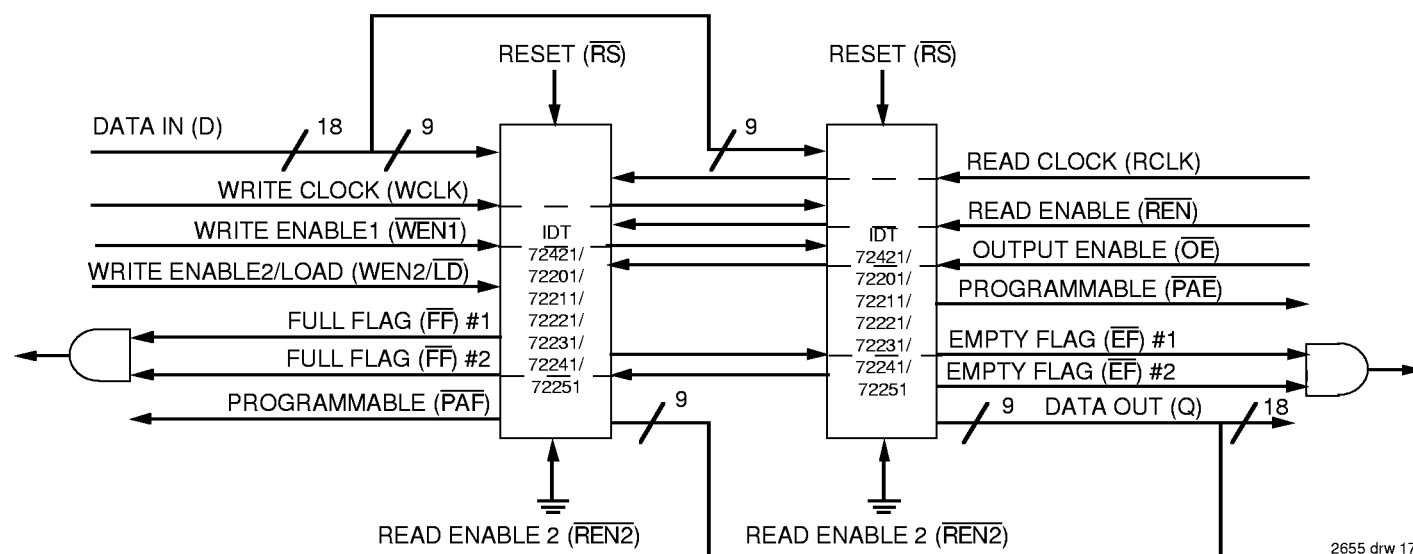
2655 drw 16

Figure 14. Block Diagram of Single 64 x 9, 256 x 9, 512 x 9, 1,024 x 9, 2,048 x 9, 4,096 x 9, 8,192 x 9 Synchronous FIFO

WIDTH EXPANSION CONFIGURATION - Word width may be increased simply by connecting the corresponding input controls signals of multiple devices. A composite flag should be created for each of the end-point status flags ($\overline{\text{EF}}$ and $\overline{\text{FF}}$). The partial status flags ($\overline{\text{AE}}$ and $\overline{\text{AF}}$) can be detected from any one device. Figure 15 demonstrates a 18-bit word width by using two IDT72421/72201/72211/72221/72231/72241/

72251s. Any word width can be attained by adding additional IDT72421/72201/72211/72221/72231/72241/72251s.

When these FIFOs are in a Width Expansion Configuration, the Read Enable 2 ($\overline{\text{REN2}}$) control input can be grounded (see Figure 15). In this configuration, the Write Enable 2/Load (WEN2/LD) pin is set LOW at Reset so that the pin operates as a control to load and read the programmable flag offsets.



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Figure 15. Block Diagram of 64 x 18, 256 x 18, 512 x 18, 1,024 x 18, 2,048 x 18, 4,096 x 18, 8,192 x 18 Synchronous FIFO Used in a Width Expansion Configuration

DEPTH EXPANSION - The IDT72421/72201/72211/72221/72231/72241/72251 can be adapted to applications when the requirements are for greater than 64/256/512/1,024/2,048/4,096/8,192 words. The existence of two enable pins on the read and write port allow depth expansion. The Write Enable 2/Load pin is used as a second write enable in a depth expansion configuration thus the Programmable flags are set to the default values. Depth expansion is possible by using one enable input for system control while the other enable input is controlled by expansion logic to direct the flow of data.

A typical application would have the expansion logic alternate data access from one device to the next in a sequential manner. These devices operate in the Depth Expansion configuration when the following conditions are met:

1. The WEN2/LD pin is held HIGH during Reset so that this pin operates a second Write Enable.
2. External logic is used to control the flow of data.

Please see the Application Note "DEPTH EXPANSION OF IDT'S SYNCHRONOUS FIFOs USING THE RING COUNTER APPROACH" for details of this configuration.

ORDERING INFORMATION

IDT	XXXXXX	X	XX	X	X	
	Device Type	Power	Speed	Package	Process/ Temperature Range	
					BLANK	Commercial (0°C to +70°C)
					I ⁽¹⁾	Industrial (-40 to +85°C)
					B	Military (-55°C to +125°C)
						Compliant to MIL-STD-883, Class B
					J	Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC, J32-1)
					L ⁽²⁾	Leadless Chip Carrier (LCC, L32-1)
					PF ⁽³⁾	Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP, PR32-1)
					10 ⁽⁴⁾	Commercial Only
					12 ⁽⁴⁾	Commercial Only
					15	Commercial Only
					20 ⁽⁴⁾	Commercial & Military
					25	Commercial, Industrial and Military
					35	Commercial Only
					50	Military
					L	Low Power
					72421	64 x 9 SyncFIFO
					72201	256 x 9 SyncFIFO
					72211	512 x 9 SyncFIFO
					72221	1,024 x 9 SyncFIFO
					72231	2,048 x 9 SyncFIFO
					72241	4,096 x 9 SyncFIFO
					72251	8,192 x 9 SyncFIFO

Clock Cycle Time (tCLK)
Speed in Nanoseconds

Note 5

2655 drw 18

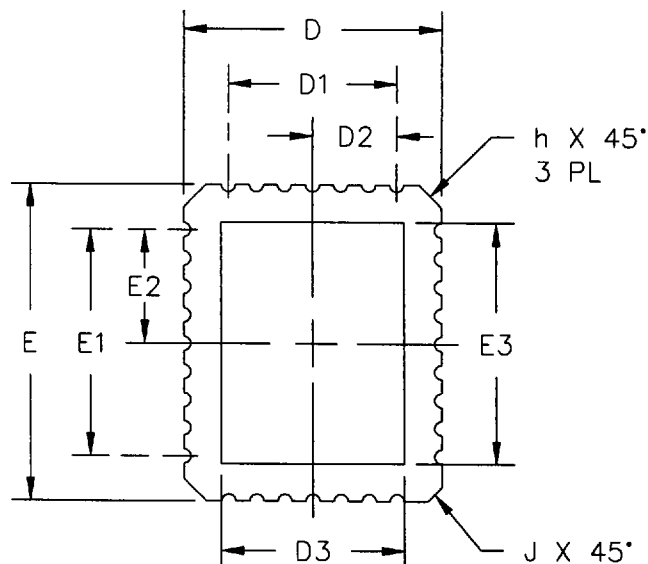
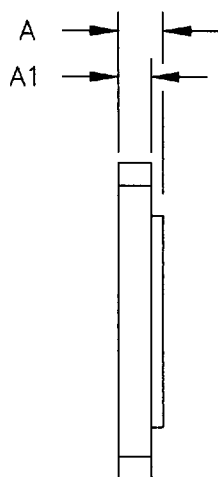
NOTES:

1. Industrial temperature range is available for plastic packages by special order for speed grades faster than 25ns.
2. The LCC is not available for the 72251 nor is it available for devices tested to the industrial temperature range.
3. The TQFP is not available for the 72251 nor is it available for the 35ns speed grade.
4. The 20 ns commercial speed grade is only available for the 72251; however, this device is not available in the 10 ns or 12 ns speed grade.
5. To order die revision "W" (improved lcc specs), please specify SCDS-W after the part number.

PACKAGE DIAGRAM OUTLINES

LEADLESS CHIP CARRIER (Continued)

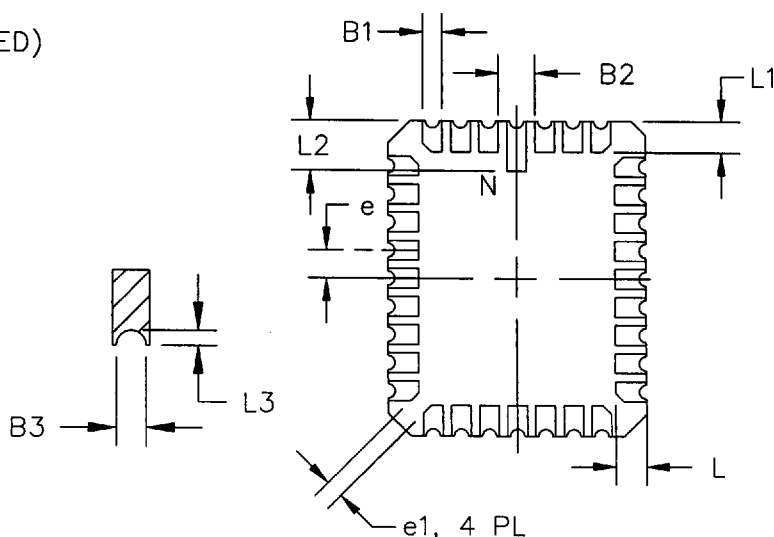
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17285	04	UPDATE TO STANDARDIZE DRAWING		

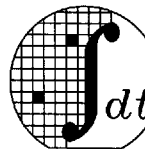


NOTES: (UNLES OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES.
2. BSC - BASIC LEAD SPACING BETWEEN CENTERS.

DWG #	L32-1	
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX
A	.060	.120
A1	.050	.088
B1	.022	.028
B2	.072 REF	
B3	.006	.022
D	.442	.460
D1	.300 BSC	
D2	.150 REF	
D3	-	.458
E	.540	.560
E1	.400 BSC	
E2	.200 REF	
E3	-	.558
e	.050 BSC	
e1	.015	-
h	.040 REF	
J	.020 REF	
L	.045	.055
L1	.045	.055
L2	.077	.093
L3	.003	.015
ND	7	
NE	9	
N	32	

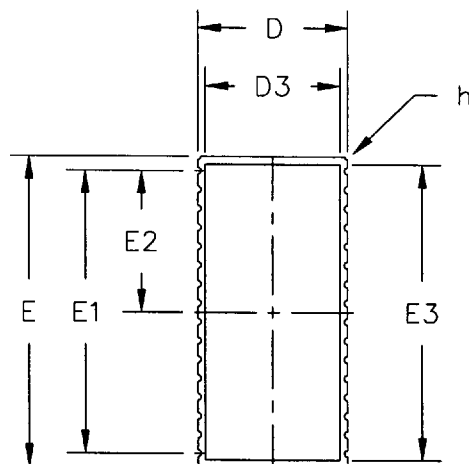
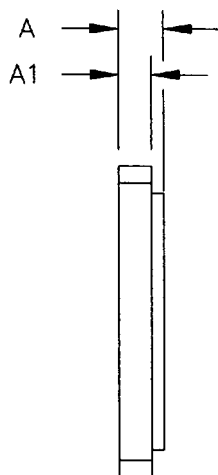


		CONFIGURATION	EXCEPTIONS
MIL-M-38510		C-12	NONE
JEDEC		NOT REGISTERED	
TOLERANCES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED FRAC DEC ANGLES ± - ± - ± -		 Integrated Device Technology, Inc. 3236 Scott Blvd., Santa Clara, CA 95051 (408) 727-6116 FAX: (408) 727-2328	
APPROVALS	DATE		
DRAWN <i>AA</i>	02/90		
CHECKED			
		32 PIN LEADLESS CHIP CARRIER MKT DWG (RECT.)	
		SCALE	SIZE
		N/A	A
		DRAWING NO.	REV
		PSC-2002	04
		DO NOT SCALE DRAWING	
		SHEET	23

PACKAGE DIAGRAM OUTLINES

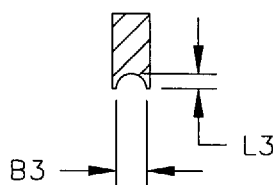
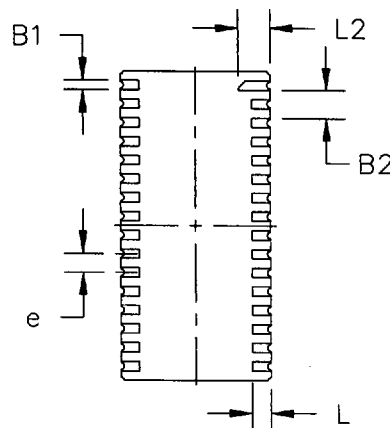
LEADLESS CHIP CARRIER (Continued)

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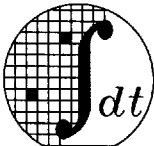


NOTES: (UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES.
2. BSC - BASIC LEAD SPACING BETWEEN CENTERS.

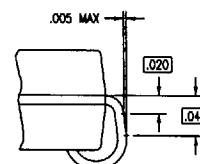
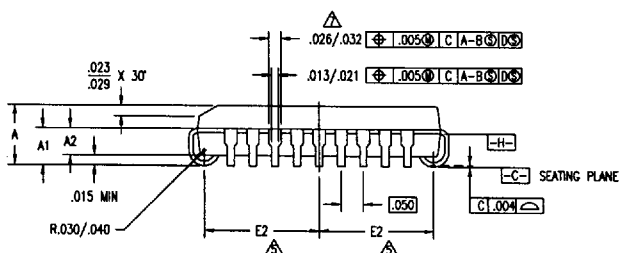
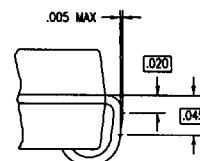
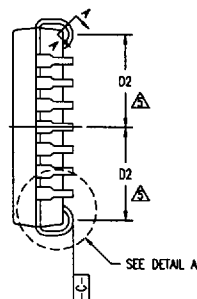
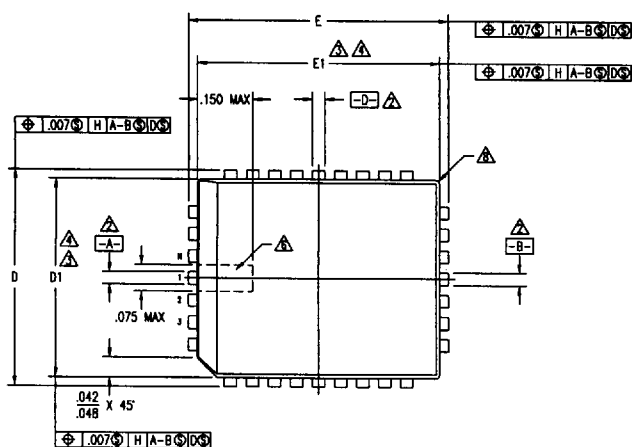


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A	.080	.100
A1	.060	.090
B1	.022	.028
B2	.072 REF	
B3	.006	.022
D	.392	.408
D3	-	.400
E	.800	.840
E1	.750 BSC	
E2	.375 BSC	
E3	-	.820
e	.050 BSC	
h	.008R REF	
L	.040	.060
L2	.075	.095
L3	.003	.015
N	32	

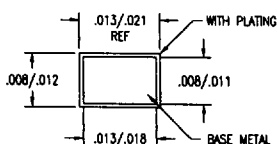
		CONFIGURATION		EXCEPTIONS	
MIL-M-38510		DL-2			
JEDEC		MO-126-AB			
<div>TOLERANCES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED</div> <div>FRAC DEC ANGLES</div> <div>± - ± - ± -</div>		<div> Integrated Device Technology, Inc.</div> <div>3236 Scott Blvd., Santa Clara, CA 95051</div> <div>(408) 727-6116 FAX: (408) 727-2328</div>			
APPROVALS	DATE	32 PIN SMALL OUTLINE LEADLESS CHIP CARRIER MARKETING DRAWING			
DRAWN <i>DD</i>	6/5/91				
CHECKED					
		SCALE	SIZE	DRAWING NO.	REV
		N/A	A	PSC-2094	00
		DO NOT SCALE DRAWING			SHEET 24

PACKAGE DIAGRAM OUTLINES
PLCC (Continued)

REVISIONS				
DCN	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
27846	07	REDRAW TO JEDEC FORMAT	03/15/95	



DETAIL A



SECTION A-A

TOLERANCES UNLESS SPECIFIED		Integrated Device Technology, Inc. 2975 Stoner Way, Santa Clara, CA 95054 PHONE: (408) 727-8118 FAX: (408) 482-8674 TWE 910-338-2070	
DECIMAL	ANGULAR		
.001	± .001	TITLE PL PACKAGE OUTLINE RECTANGULAR PLCC .050 PITCH	
.001	± .001		
APPROVALS	DATE	SIZE	REV
DRN	08/15/90	C	07
CHECKED		DRAWING No.	PSC-4013
DO NOT SCALE DRAWING			

PACKAGE DIAGRAM OUTLINES

PLCC (Continued)

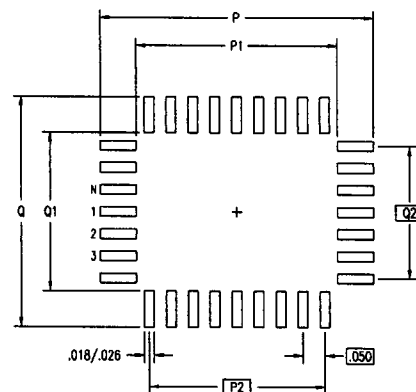
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SYMBOL	JEDEC VARIATION			NOTE
	AE			
	MIN	NOM	MAX	
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A1	.075	.078	.095	
A2	.053	—	.068	
D	.485	.490	.495	
D1	.449	.451	.453	3,4
D2	.195	.205	.215	5
E	.585	.590	.595	
E1	.549	.551	.553	3,4
E2	.245	.255	.265	5
ND	7			
NE	9			
N	32			

NOTES:

- 1 ALL DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ANSI Y14.5M-1982
- △ DATUMS [A-B] AND [D-] TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE [H-]
- △ DIMENSIONS D1 AND E1 ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE [H-]
- △ DIMENSIONS D1 AND E1 DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE MOLD PROTRUSION IS .010 PER SIDE. D1 AND E1 ARE BODY SIZE DIMENSIONS INCLUDING MOLD MISMATCH
- △ DIMENSIONS D2 AND E2 ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT SEATING PLANE [C-] CONTACT POINT
- △ DETAIL OF PIN 1 IDENTIFIER IS OPTIONAL BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED
- △ LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION IS .007 TOTAL MAXIMUM PER LEAD
- △ EXACT SHAPE OF EACH CORNER IS OPTIONAL
- △ THESE DIMENSIONS DETERMINE THE MAXIMUM ANGLE OF THE LEAD FOR SOCKET APPLICATIONS
- 10 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
- 11 THIS OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC PUBLICATION 95 REGISTRATION MS-016, VARIATION AE

REVISIONS				
DCN	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
27646	07	REDRAW TO JEDEC FORMAT	03/15/95	

LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS



	MIN	MAX
P	.620	.628
P1	.454	.462
P2	.400 BSC	
Q	.520	.562
Q1	.354	.362
Q2	.300 BSC	
N	32	

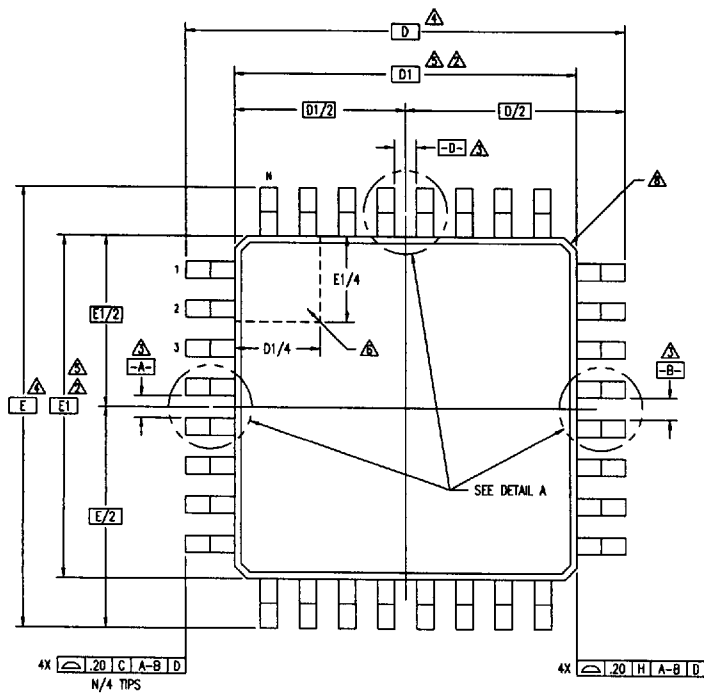
TOLERANCES UNLESS SPECIFIED		Integrated Device Technology, Inc. 2975 Stoner Way, Santa Clara, CA 95054 PHONE: (408) 727-8118 FAX: (408) 492-8674 TWC 810-338-2070	
DECIMAL	ANGULAR		
XXX.X	±		
XXXX.XX			
APPROVALS	DATE	TITLE PL PACKAGE OUTLINE	
DRAWN	08/15/90	RECTANGULAR PLCC	
CHECKED		.050 PITCH	
SIZE		DRAWING No.	REV
C		PSC-4013	07
DO NOT SCALE DRAWING			

4825771 0021956 945

87

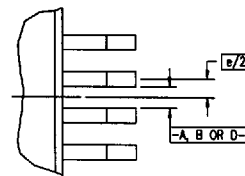
PACKAGE DIAGRAM OUTLINES

TQFP (Continued)

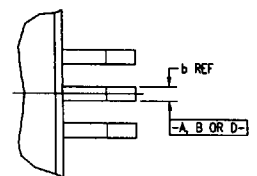


REVISIONS				
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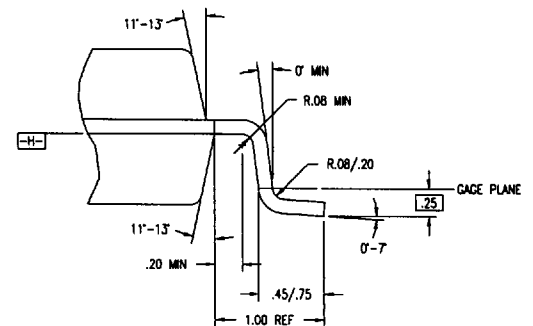
EVEN LEAD SIDES



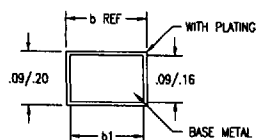
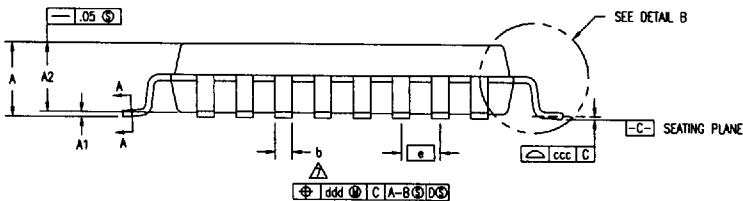
ODD LEAD SIDES



DETAIL A



DETAIL B



SECTION A-A

TOLERANCES UNLESS SPECIFIED		INTEGRATED DEVICE TECHNOLOGY, Inc.	
DECIMAL	ANGULAR	2975 Slender Way, Santa Clara, CA 95054	
XXX.X	±	PHONE: (408) 727-8118	
XXXX.X		FAX: (408) 492-8674	
XXXX.X		TWC: 810-338-2070	
APPROVALS	DATE	TITLE	REV
DRANN 373	10/15/95	PR PACKAGE OUTLINE	00
CHECKED		7.0 X 7.0 X 1.4 mm TQFP	
		1.00/.10 FORM	
		SIZE C	
		DRAWING No. PSC-4052	
		DO NOT SCALE DRAWING	

PACKAGE DIAGRAM OUTLINES

TQFP (Continued)

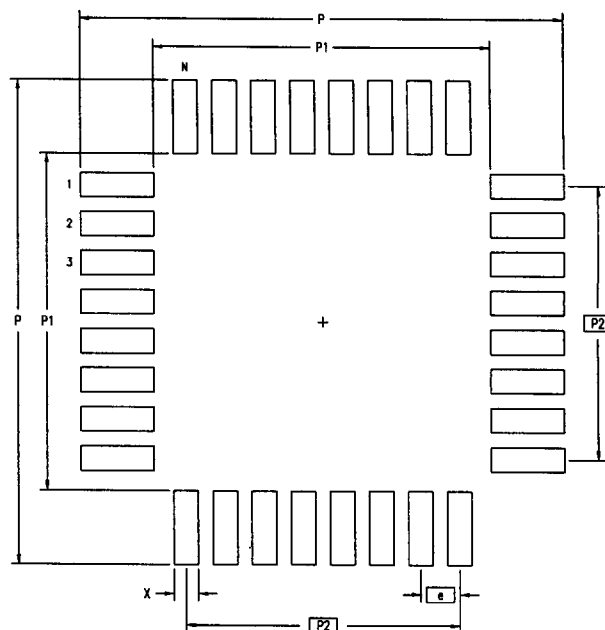
DWG #		PR32-1		
SYMBOL	JEDEC VARIATION			PINS
	BBA			
	MIN	NOM	MAX	
A	-	-	1.60	
A1	.05	.10	.15	
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45	
D	9.00 BSC			4
D1	7.00 BSC			5,2
E	9.00 BSC			4
E1	7.00 BSC			5,2
N	32			
e	.80 BSC			
b	.30	.37	.45	7
b1	.30	.35	.40	
ccc	-	-	.10	
ddd	-	-	.20	

NOTES:

- ALL DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ANSI Y14.5M-1982
- TOP PACKAGE MAY BE SMALLER THAN BOTTOM PACKAGE BY .15 mm
- DATUMS [A-B] AND [-D-] TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE [-H-]
- DIMENSIONS D AND E ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT SEATING PLANE [-C-]
- DIMENSIONS D1 AND E1 DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE MOLD PROTRUSION IS .25 mm PER SIDE. D1 AND E1 ARE MAXIMUM BODY SIZE DIMENSIONS INCLUDING MOLD MISMATCH
- DETAILS OF PIN 1 IDENTIFIER IS OPTIONAL BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED
- DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION IS .08 mm IN EXCESS OF THE b DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADIUS OR THE FOOT.
- EXACT SHAPE OF EACH CORNER IS OPTIONAL
- THESE DIMENSIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN .10 AND .25 mm FROM THE LEAD TIP
- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
- THIS OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC PUBLICATION 95 REGISTRATION MS-026, VARIATION BBA

REVISIONS				
DCN	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
28215	00	INITIAL RELEASE	10/15/95	

LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS



	MIN	MAX
P	9.80	10.00
P1	6.80	7.00
P2	5.60 BSC	
X	.40	.60
e	.80 BSC	
N	32	

TOLERANCES UNLESS SPECIFIED		Integrated Device Technology, Inc.	
DECIMAL	ANGULAR	2975 Stoner Way, Santa Clara, CA 95054	
XX±	±	PHONE: (408) 727-8118	
XX±		FAX: (408) 492-8674 TWC 910-338-2070	
XX±			
XX±			
APPROVALS	DATE	TITLE	
DRAWN JY	10/15/95	PR PACKAGE OUTLINE	
CHECKED		7.0 X 7.0 X 1.4 mm TQFP	
		1.00/.10 FORM	
		SIZE	DRAWING No.
		C	PSC-4052
			REV
			00
DO NOT SCALE DRAWING			