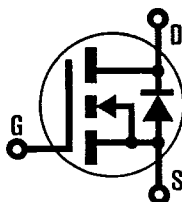


INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER



HEXFET® TRANSISTORS IRFF120

**N-CHANNEL
POWER MOSFETs
TO-39 PACKAGE**



IRFF121

IRFF122

IRFF123

100 Volt, 0.30 Ohm HEXFET®

The HEXFET® technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry and unique processing of the HEXFET design achieve very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance and great device ruggedness.

The HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling, and temperature stability of the electrical parameters.

They are well suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers, and high energy pulse circuits.

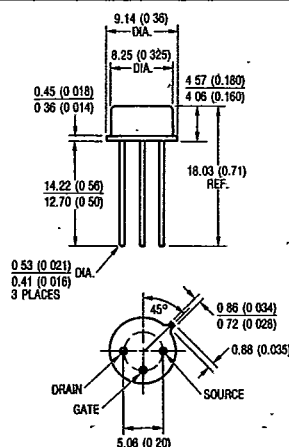
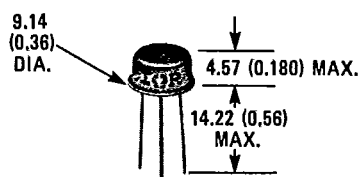
Features:

- Fast Switching
- Low Drive Current
- Ease of Paralleling
- Excellent Temperature Stability

Product Summary

Part Number	V _{DS}	R _{DS(on)}	I _D
IRFF120	100V	0.30Ω	6.0A
IRFF121	60V	0.30Ω	6.0A
IRFF122	100V	0.40Ω	5.0A
IRFF123	60V	0.40Ω	5.0A

CASE STYLE AND DIMENSIONS



Conforms to JEDEC Outline TO-205AF (TO-39)
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

IRFF120, IRFF121, IRFF122, IRFF123 Devices

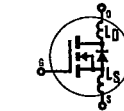
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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	IRFF120	IRFF121	IRFF122	IRFF123	Units
V_{DS} Drain - Source Voltage ①	100	60	100	60	V
V_{DGR} Drain - Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20\text{ k}\Omega$) ①	100	60	100	60	V
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	A
I_{DM} Pulsed Drain Current ③	24	24	20	20	A
V_{GS} Gate - Source Voltage	± 20				V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Max. Power Dissipation	20 (See Fig. 14)				W
Linear Derating Factor	0.16 (See Fig. 14)				W/K ④
I_{LM} Inductive Current, Clamped	(See Fig. 15 and 16) $L = 100\mu\text{H}$				A
T_J Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150				$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s)				$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS} Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage	IRFF120	100	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
	IRFF122	—	—	—	V	
	IRFF121 IRFF123	60	—	—	V	
$V_{GS(th)}$ Gate Threshold Voltage	ALL	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
I_{GSS} Gate-Source Leakage Forward	ALL	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$
I_{GSS} Gate-Source Leakage Reverse	ALL	—	—	-100	nA	$V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$
I_{DSS} Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	ALL	—	—	250	μA	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	1000	μA	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating} \times 0.8, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{D(on)}$ On-State Drain Current ②	IRFF120	6.0	—	—	A	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)} \text{ max.}, V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$
	IRFF121	—	—	—	A	
	IRFF122 IRFF123	5.0	—	—	A	
$R_{DS(on)}$ Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance ②	IRFF120	—	0.25	0.30	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 3.0\text{A}$
	IRFF121	—	—	—	Ω	
	IRFF122 IRFF123	—	0.30	0.40	Ω	
g_{fs} Forward Transconductance ②	ALL	1.5	2.9	—	S (U)	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)} \text{ max.}, I_D = 3.0\text{A}$
C_{iss} Input Capacitance	ALL	—	450	600	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 25\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$
C_{oss} Output Capacitance	ALL	—	200	400	pF	See Fig. 10
C_{rss} Reverse Transfer Capacitance	ALL	—	50	100	pF	
$t_{d(on)}$ Turn-On Delay Time	ALL	—	20	40	ns	$V_{DD} = 0.5 BV_{DSS}, I_D = 3.0\text{A}, Z_o = 50\Omega$
t_r Rise Time	ALL	—	37	70	ns	See Fig. 17
$t_{d(off)}$ Turn-Off Delay Time	ALL	—	50	100	ns	(MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature.)
t_f Fall Time	ALL	—	35	70	ns	
Q_g Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source Plus Gate-Drain)	ALL	—	10	15	nC	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 10\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0.8 \text{ Max. Rating.}$ See Fig. 18 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)
Q_{gs} Gate-Source Charge	ALL	—	6.0	—	nC	
Q_{gd} Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	ALL	—	4.0	—	nC	
L_D Internal Drain Inductance	ALL	—	5.0	—	nH	Measured from the drain lead, 5 mm (0.2 in.) from header to center of die.
L_S Internal Source Inductance	ALL	—	15	—	nH	Measured from the source lead, 5mm (0.2 in.) from header to source bonding pad.


Thermal Resistance

R_{thJC} Junction-to-Case	ALL	—	—	6.25	K/W ④	
R_{thJA} Junction-to-Ambient	ALL	—	—	175	K/W ④	Typical socket mount

IRFF120, IRFF121, IRFF122, IRFF123 Devices

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Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	IRFF120	—	—	6.0	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junction rectifier.	T-39-09
		IRFF121	—	—	5.0	A		
I_{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ③	IRFF120	—	—	24	A		
		IRFF121	—	—	20	A		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ②	IRFF120	—	—	2.5	V	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 6.0\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	
		IRFF121	—	—	2.3	V		
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	ALL	—	230	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 6.0\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovered Charge	ALL	—	1.2	—	μC	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 6.0\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	
t_{on}	Forward Turn-on Time	ALL	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.					

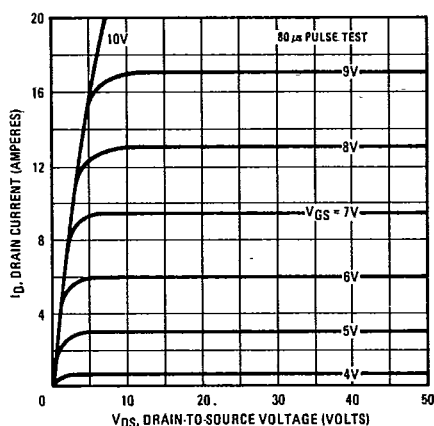
① $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C . ② Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.④ $K/W = ^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
 $W/K = \text{W}/^\circ\text{C}$ ③ Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited
by max. junction temperature.
See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Fig. 5).

Fig. 1 – Typical Output Characteristics

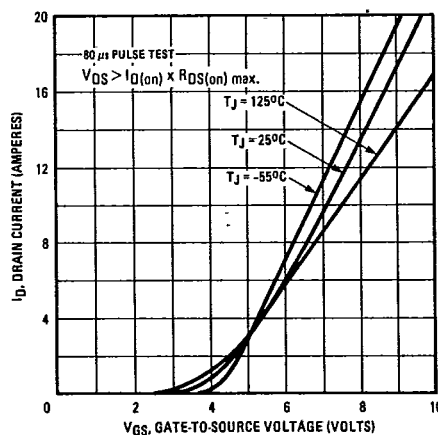


Fig. 2 – Typical Transfer Characteristics

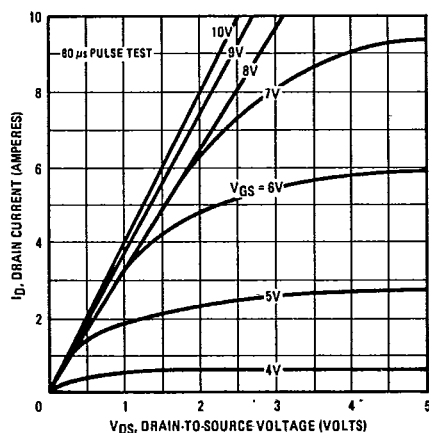


Fig. 3 – Typical Saturation Characteristics

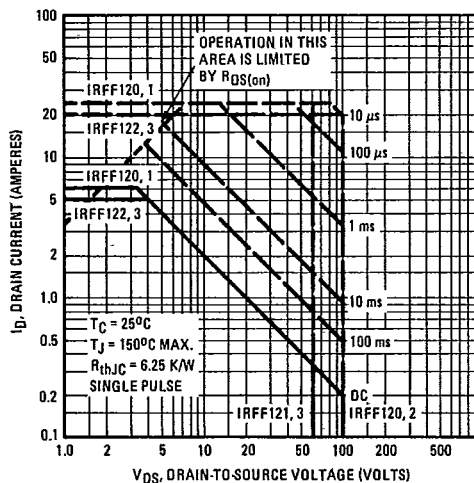


Fig. 4 – Maximum Safe Operating Area

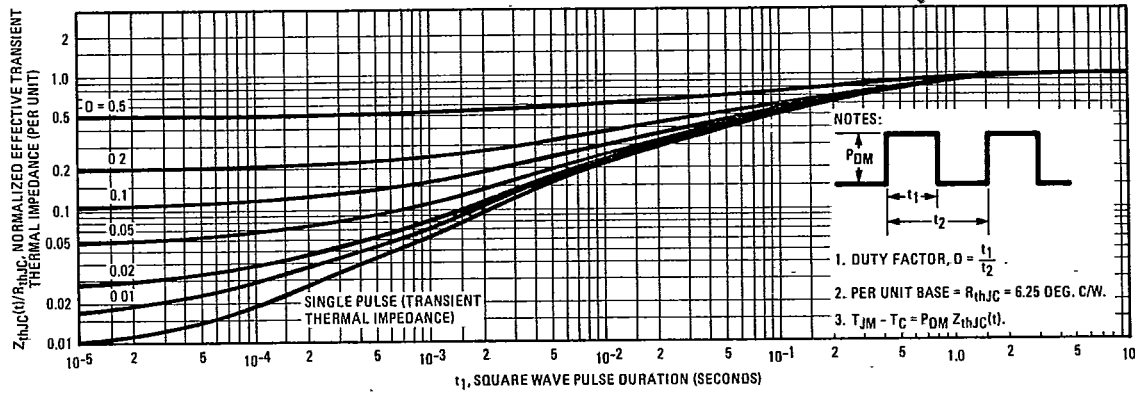


Fig. 5 – Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

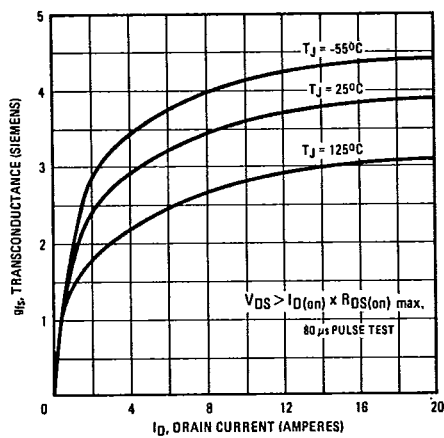


Fig. 6 – Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

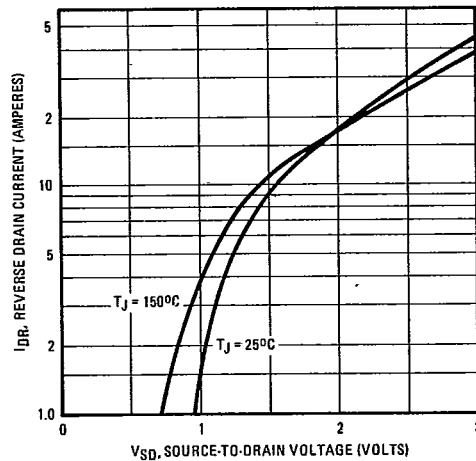


Fig. 7 – Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

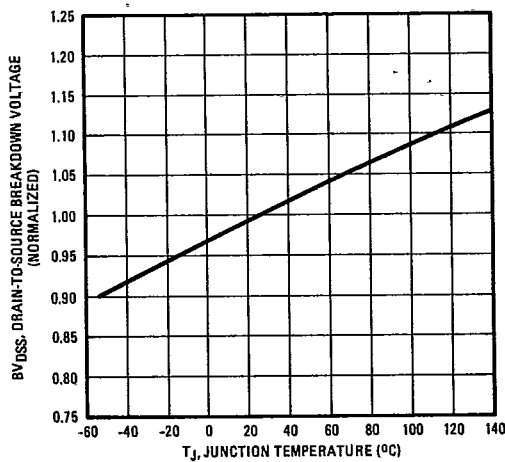


Fig. 8 – Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

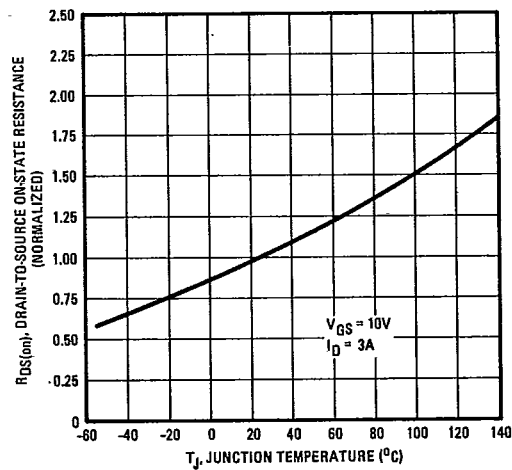
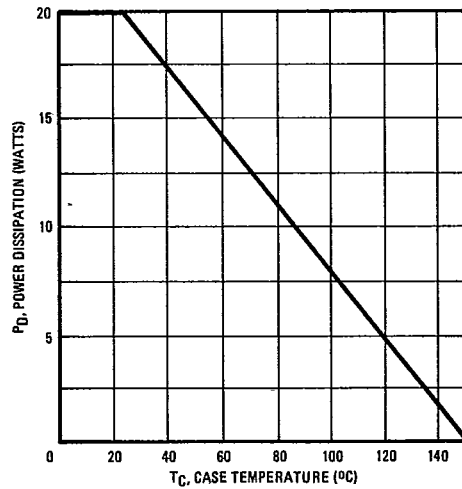
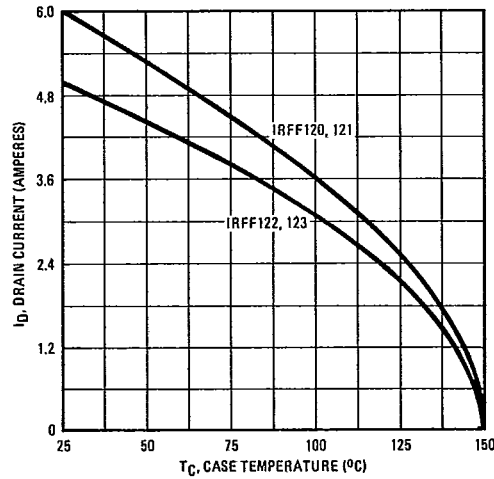
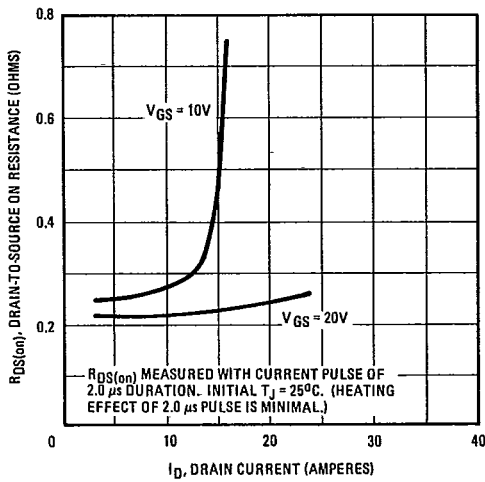
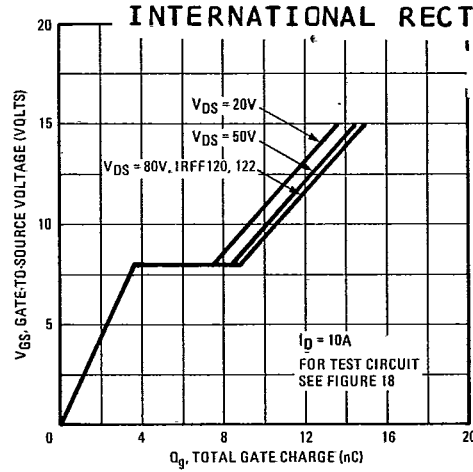
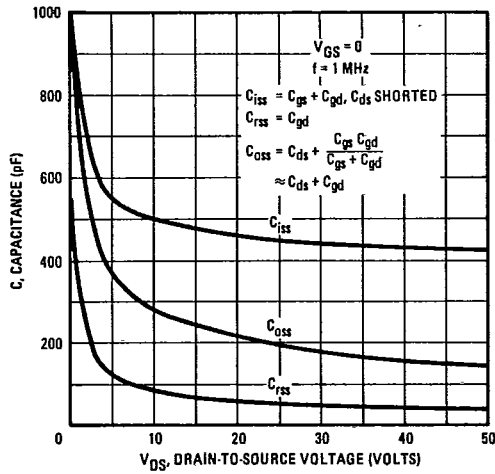


Fig. 9 – Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

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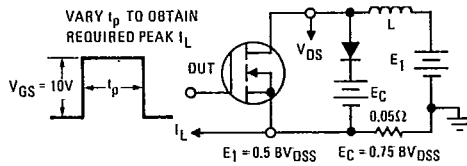


Fig. 15 - Clamped Inductive Test Circuit

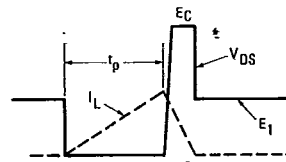


Fig. 16 - Clamped Inductive Waveforms

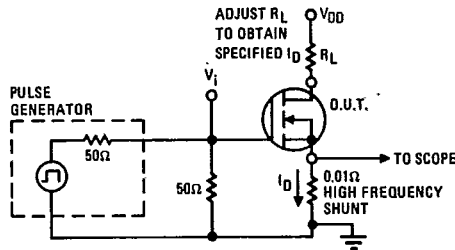


Fig. 17 - Switching Time Test Circuit

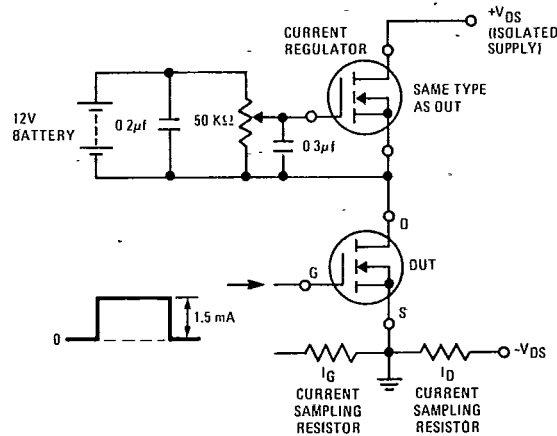
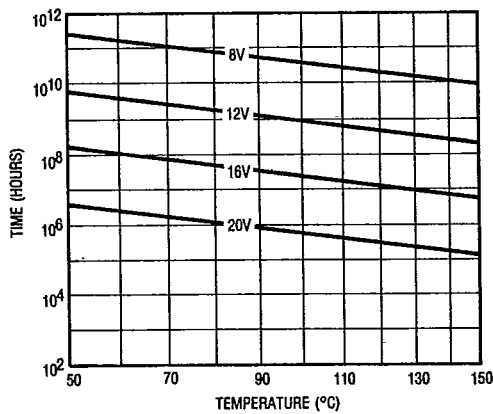


Fig. 18 - Gate Charge Test Circuit



*Fig. 19 - Typical Time to Accumulated 1% Gate Failure

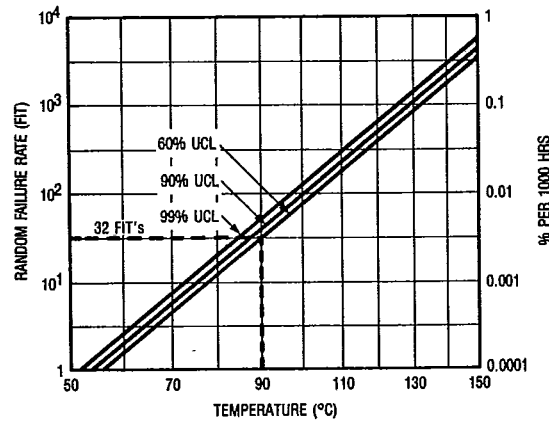


Fig. 20 - Typical High Temperature Reverse Bias (HTRB) Failure Rate

*The data shown is correct as of April 15, 1987. This information is updated on a quarterly basis; for the latest reliability data, please contact your local IR field office.