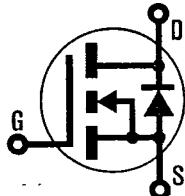


INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER

**HEXFET® TRANSISTORS IRFF220**

**N-CHANNEL
POWER MOSFETs
TO-39 PACKAGE**



IRFF221
IRFF222
IRFF223

200 Volt, 0.8 Ohm HEXFET

The HEXFET® technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry and unique processing of the HEXFET design achieve very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance and great device ruggedness.

The HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling, and temperature stability of the electrical parameters.

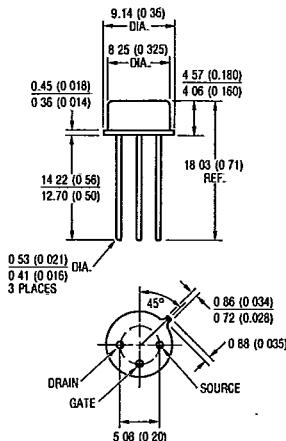
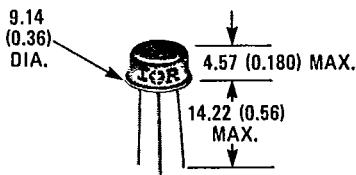
They are well suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers, and high energy pulse circuits.

Features:

- Fast Switching
- Low Drive Current
- Ease of Paralleling
- Excellent Temperature Stability

Product Summary

| Part Number | V _{DS} | R _{DS(on)} | I _D |
|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|
| IRFF220 | 200V | 0.8Ω | 3.5A |
| IRFF221 | 150V | 0.8Ω | 3.5A |
| IRFF222 | 200V | 1.2Ω | 3.0A |
| IRFF223 | 150V | 1.2Ω | 3.0A |

CASE STYLE AND DIMENSIONS

TO-39

Conforms to JEDEC Outline TO-205AF (TO-39)
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

IRFF220, IRFF221, IRFF222, IRFF223 Devices

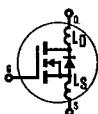
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Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | IRFF220 | IRFF221 | IRFF222 | IRFF223 | Units |
|---|---------|---------|---|---------|------------------|
| V_{DS} Drain - Source Voltage ① | 200 | 150 | 200 | 150 | V |
| V_{DGR} Drain - Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20\text{ k}\Omega$) ① | 200 | 150 | 200 | 150 | V |
| $I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | A |
| I_{DM} Pulsed Drain Current ③ | 14 | 14 | 12 | 12 | A |
| V_{GS} Gate - Source Voltage | | | ± 20 | | V |
| $P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Max. Power Dissipation | | | 20 (See Fig. 14) | | W |
| Linear Derating Factor | | | 0.16 (See Fig. 14) | | W/K ④ |
| I_{LM} Inductive Current, Clamped | | | (See Fig. 15 and 16) $L = 100\mu\text{H}$ | | A |
| T_J T_{stg} Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range | 14 | 14 | 12 | 12 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Lead Temperature | | | 300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s) | | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

| Parameter | Type | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions |
|---|---------|------|------|------|---------------|---|
| BV_{DSS} Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage | IRFF220 | 200 | — | — | V | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ |
| | IRFF222 | 150 | — | — | V | $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ |
| $V_{GS(\text{th})}$ Gate Threshold Voltage | ALL | 2.0 | — | 4.0 | V | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ |
| I_{GSS} Gate - Source Leakage Forward | ALL | — | — | 100 | nA | $V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$ |
| I_{GSS} Gate - Source Leakage Reverse | ALL | — | — | -100 | nA | $V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$ |
| I_{DSS} Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | ALL | — | — | 250 | μA | $V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ |
| | ALL | — | — | 1000 | μA | $V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating} \times 0.8, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $I_{D(\text{on})}$ On-State Drain Current ② | IRFF220 | 3.5 | — | — | A | $V_{DS} > I_{D(\text{on})} \times R_{DS(\text{on})} \text{ max.}, V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ |
| | IRFF221 | 3.0 | — | — | A | |
| $R_{DS(\text{on})}$ Static Drain - Source On-State Resistance ② | IRFF220 | — | 0.5 | 0.8 | Ω | $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 2.0\text{A}$ |
| | IRFF221 | — | 0.8 | 1.2 | Ω | |
| G_{fs} Forward Transconductance ② | ALL | 1.5 | 2.25 | — | S (U) | $V_{DS} > I_{D(\text{on})} \times R_{DS(\text{on})} \text{ max.}, I_D = 2.0\text{A}$ |
| C_{iss} Input Capacitance | ALL | — | 450 | 600 | pF | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 25\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ See Fig. 10 |
| C_{oss} Output Capacitance | ALL | — | 150 | 300 | pF | |
| C_{rss} Reverse Transfer Capacitance | ALL | — | 40 | 80 | pF | |
| $t_{d(on)}$ Turn-On Delay Time | ALL | — | 20 | 40 | ns | $V_{DD} = 0.5 BV_{DSS}, I_D = 2.0\text{A}, Z_0 = 50\Omega$ See Fig. 17 |
| t_r Rise Time | ALL | — | 30 | 60 | ns | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ Turn-Off Delay Time | ALL | — | 50 | 100 | ns | |
| t_f Fall Time | ALL | — | 30 | 60 | ns | |
| Q_g Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source Plus Gate-Drain) | ALL | — | 11 | 15 | nC | $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 7.0\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0.8\text{V}$ Max. Rating. See Fig. 18 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.) |
| Q_{gs} Gate-Source Charge | ALL | — | 5.0 | — | nC | |
| Q_{gd} Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge | ALL | — | 6.0 | — | nC | |
| L_D Internal Drain Inductance | ALL | — | 5.0 | — | nH | Measured from the drain lead, 5mm (0.2 in.) from header to center of die. |
| L_S Internal Source Inductance | ALL | — | 15 | — | nH | Measured from the source lead, 5mm (0.2 in.) from header to source bonding pad. |



Thermal Resistance

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|---|---|------|-------|----------------------|
| R_{thJC} Junction-to-Case | ALL | — | — | 6.25 | K/W ④ | |
| R_{thJA} Junction-to-Ambient | ALL | — | — | 175 | K/W ④ | Typical socket mount |

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Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

| | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|--------------------|--|-----|-----|---------------|---|
| I_S | Continuous Source Current (Body Diode) | IRFF220 IRFF221 | — | — | 3.5 | A | Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junction rectifier.. |
| | | IRFF222 IRFF223 | — | — | 3.0 | A | |
| | | IRFF220 IRFF221 | — | — | 14 | A | |
| I_{SM} | Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ② | IRFF222 IRFF223 | — | — | 12 | A |  |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage ② | IRFF220 IRFF221 | — | — | 2.0 | V | |
| | | IRFF222 IRFF223 | — | — | 1.8 | V | |
| t_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Time | ALL | — | 350 | — | ns | $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 3.5\text{A}, dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ |
| Q_{RR} | Reverse Recovered Charge | ALL | — | 2.3 | — | μC | $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 3.5\text{A}, dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ |
| t_{on} | Forward Turn-on Time | ALL | Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$. | | | | |

① $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C .② Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.

③ Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited

by max. junction temperature.

See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Fig. 5).

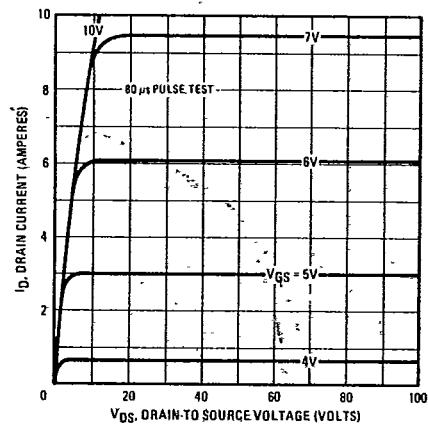


Fig. 1.—Typical Output Characteristics

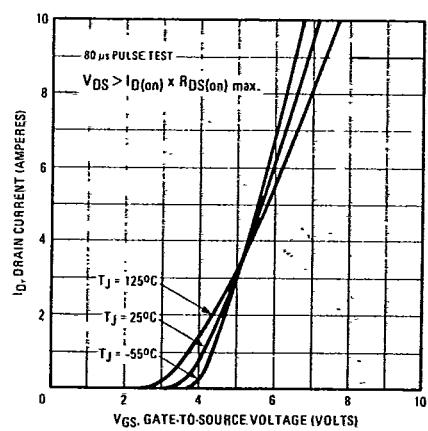


Fig. 2 — Typical Transfer Characteristics

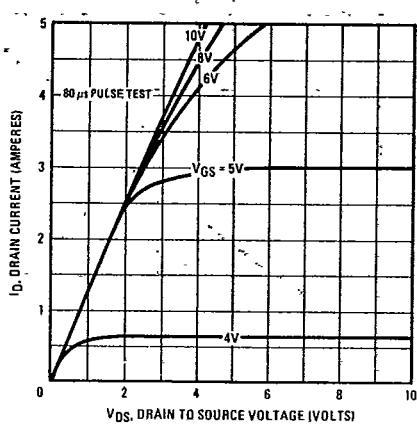


Fig. 3 — Typical Saturation Characteristics

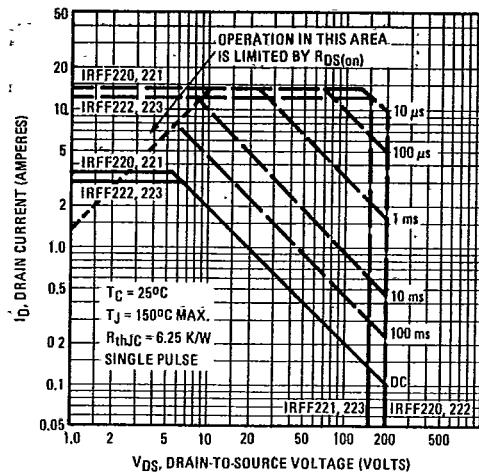


Fig. 4 — Maximum Safe Operating Area

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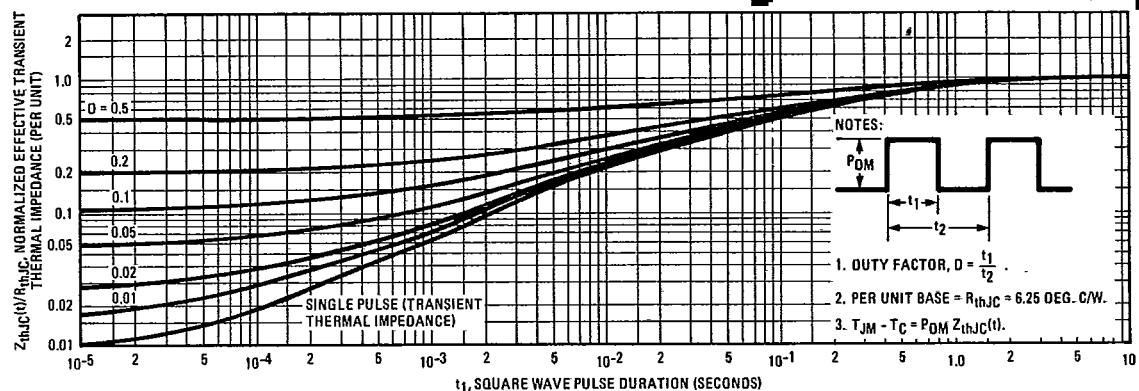


Fig. 5 – Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

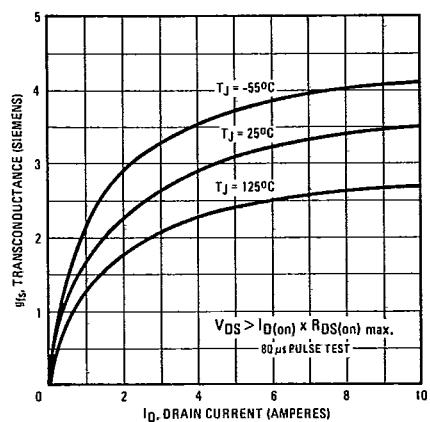


Fig. 6 – Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

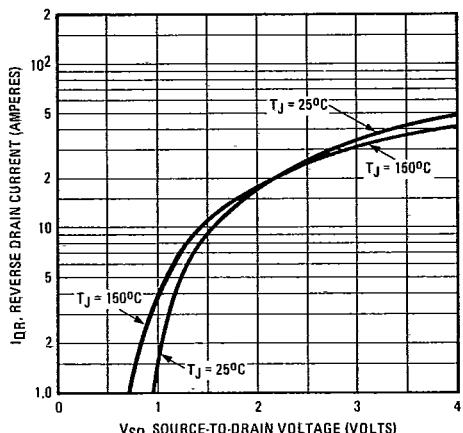


Fig. 7 – Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

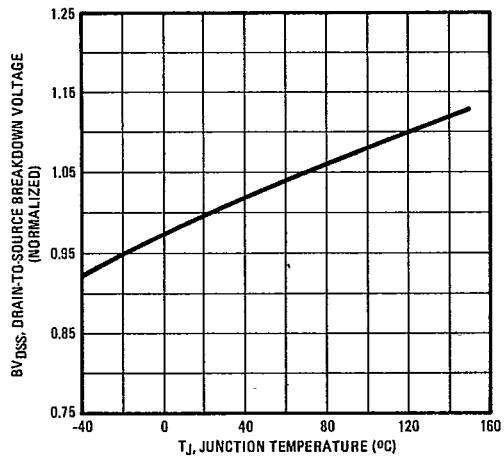


Fig. 8 – Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

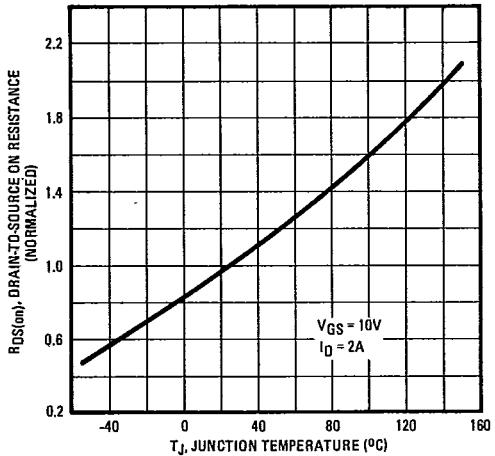


Fig. 9 – Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

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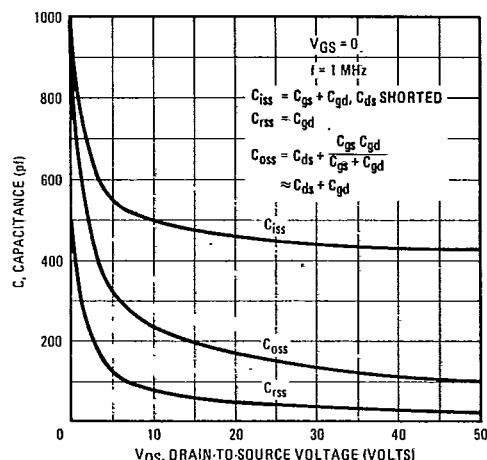


Fig. 10 – Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

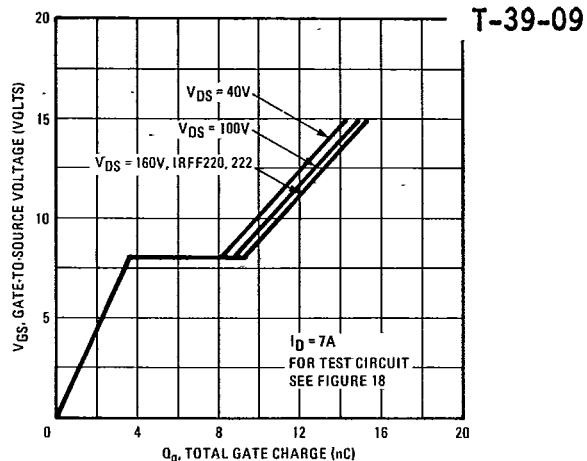


Fig. 11 – Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

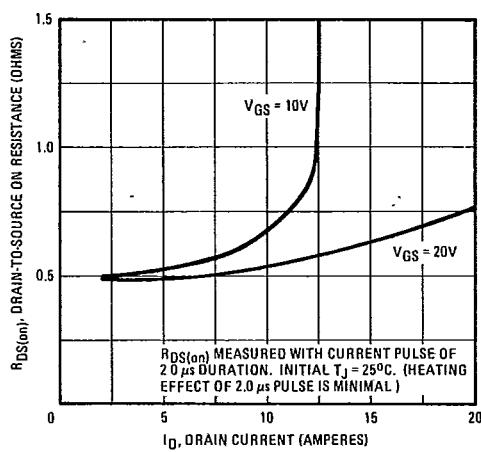


Fig. 12 – Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

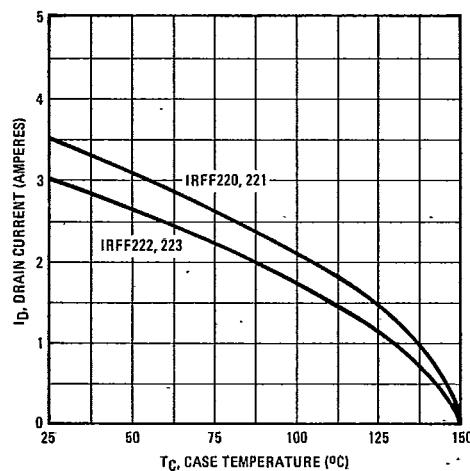


Fig. 13 – Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

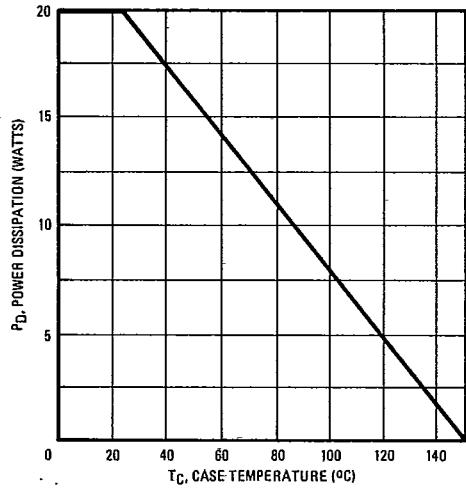


Fig. 14 – Power Vs. Temperature Derating Curve

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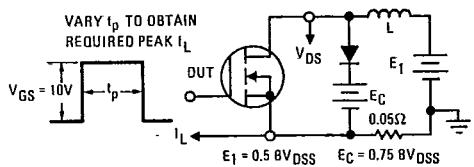


Fig. 15 — Clamped Inductive Test Circuit

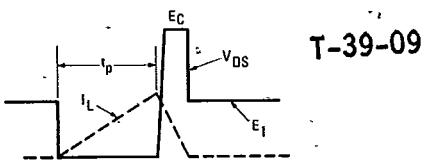


Fig. 16 — Clamped Inductive Waveforms

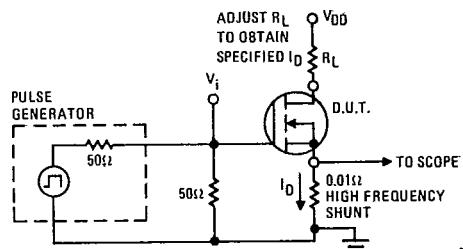


Fig. 17 — Switching Time Test Circuit

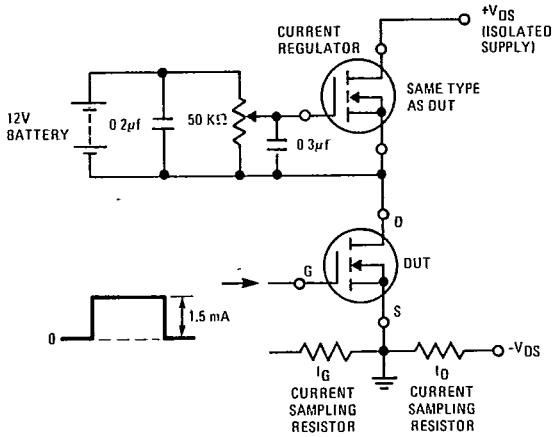
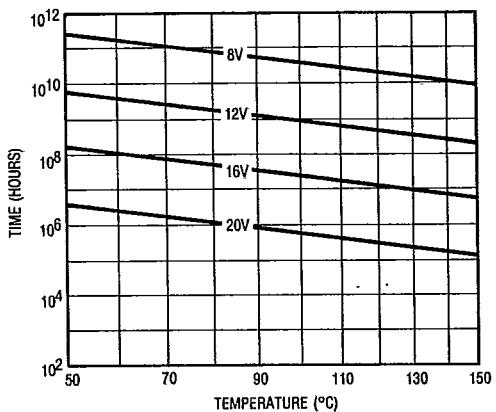


Fig. 18 — Gate Charge Test Circuit



*Fig. 19 — Typical Time to Accumulated 1% Gate Failure

The data shown is correct as of April 15, 1987. This information is updated on a quarterly basis; for the latest reliability data, please contact your local IR field office.

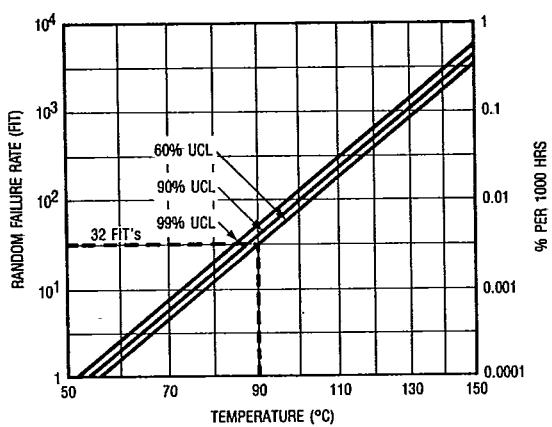


Fig. 20 — Typical High Temperature Reverse Bias (HTRB) Failure Rate